

To: **BDO UNIBANK, INC. HONG KONG BRANCH (the Bank)**  
Suite 1001, 10th Floor, Central Tower 28 Queens Road, Central, Hong Kong

Ref. No.:

### Self-Certification Form – Controlling Person

**Important Notes:**

- This is a self-certification form provided by a Controlling Person to the Bank for the purpose of automatic exchange of financial account information. The data collected may be transmitted by the Bank to the Inland Revenue Department for transfer to the tax authority of another jurisdiction.
- A Controlling Person should report all changes in his/her tax residency status to the Bank.
- All parts of the form must be completed (unless not applicable or otherwise specified). If space provided is insufficient, continue on additional sheet(s). Information in fields/parts marked with an asterisk (\*) are required to be reported by the Bank to the Inland Revenue Department.
- As a financial institution, the Bank does not provide tax advice to its customers. If you have any questions about whether you are a tax resident in any particular country, please contact your tax advisor.

#### Part 1 Identification of Controlling Person

(1) **Name of Controlling Person**

Title (e.g. Mr., Mrs., Ms., Miss) \_\_\_\_\_

Last Name or Surname \* \_\_\_\_\_

First or Given Name \* \_\_\_\_\_

Middle Name(s) \_\_\_\_\_

(2) **Hong Kong Identity Card or Passport Number** \_\_\_\_\_

(3) **Current Residence Address**

Line 1 (e.g. Suite, Floor, Building, Street, District) \_\_\_\_\_

Line 2 (City) \* \_\_\_\_\_

Line 3 (e.g. Province, State) \_\_\_\_\_

Country/Jurisdiction \* \_\_\_\_\_

Post Code/ZIP Code \_\_\_\_\_

(4) **Mailing Address** *(Complete only if different to the Current Residence Address above)*

Line 1 (e.g. Suite, Floor, Building, Street, District) \_\_\_\_\_

Line 2 (City) \* \_\_\_\_\_

Line 3 (e.g. Province, State) \_\_\_\_\_

Country/Jurisdiction \_\_\_\_\_

Post Code/ZIP Code \_\_\_\_\_

(5) **Date of Birth** \* (dd/mm/yyyy) \_\_\_\_\_

(6) **Place of Birth** (Not compulsory)

Town/City \_\_\_\_\_

Province/State \_\_\_\_\_

Country \_\_\_\_\_

## Part 2 The Entity Account Holder(s) of which you are a controlling person

Enter the name of the entity account holder of which you are a controlling person.

Entity	Name of the Entity Account Holder
(1)	
(2)	
(3)	

## Part 3 Jurisdiction of Residence and Taxpayer Identification Number or its Functional Equivalent (“TIN”) \*

Complete the following table indicating (a) jurisdiction of residence (including Hong Kong Special Administrative Region) where the controlling person is a **resident for tax purposes** and (b) the controlling person’s TIN for each country/jurisdiction indicated. Indicate **ALL** (not restricted to five) countries/ jurisdictions of residence. If the Controlling Person is a tax resident of more than five countries/jurisdictions, please use a separate sheet.

If the controlling person is a tax resident of Hong Kong Special Administrative Region, the TIN is the Hong Kong Identity Card Number (HKIC)<sup>1</sup>.

If a TIN is unavailable, provide the appropriate reason A, B or C:

**Reason A** – The country/jurisdiction where the controlling person is a resident for tax purposes does not issue TINs to its residents.

**Reason B** – The controlling person is unable to obtain a TIN. Explain why the controlling person is unable to obtain a TIN if you have selected this reason.

**Reason C** – TIN is not required. Select this reason only if the authorities of the jurisdiction of residence do not require the TIN to be disclosed.

Country/Jurisdiction of Residence	TIN	Enter Reason A, B or C if no TIN is available	Explain why the controlling person is unable to obtain a TIN if you have selected Reason B
(1)			
(2)			
(3)			
(4)			
(5)			

## Part 4 Type of Controlling Person

Tick the appropriate box to indicate the type of controlling person for each entity stated in Part 2.

Type of Entity	Type of Controlling Person	Entity (1)	Entity (2)	Entity (3)
Legal Person	Individual who has a controlling ownership interest (i.e. more than the specified percentage <sup>^</sup> of issued share/capital/profits)	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
	Individual who exercises control/is entitled to exercise control through other means (i.e. more than the specified percentage <sup>^</sup> of voting rights)	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
	Individual who holds the position of senior managing official/exercises ultimate control over the management of the entity	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Trust	Settlor	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
	Trustee	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
	Protector	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
	Beneficiary or member of the class of beneficiaries	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
	Other (e.g. individual who exercises control over another entity being the settlor/trustee/protector/beneficiary)	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Legal Arrangement other than Trust	Individual in a position equivalent/similar to settlor	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
	Individual in a position equivalent/similar to trustee	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
	Individual in a position equivalent/similar to protector or enforcer	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
	Individual in a position equivalent/similar to beneficiary or member of the class of beneficiaries	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
	Other (e.g. individual who exercises control over another entity being equivalent/similar to settlor/trustee/protector or enforcer/beneficiary)	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

<sup>1</sup>The HKIC number is shown at the bottom right-hand corner of the HKIC.

**Part 5 Declarations and Signature**

I acknowledge and agree that (i) the information contained in this form is collected and may be kept by the Bank for the purpose of automatic exchange of financial account information, and (ii) such information and information regarding the controlling person and any reportable account(s) may be reported by the Bank to the Inland Revenue Department of the Government of the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region and exchanged with tax authorities of another country/jurisdiction or countries/jurisdictions in which the controlling person may be resident for tax purposes pursuant to the legal provisions for exchange of financial account information provided under the Inland Revenue Ordinance (Cap.112) .

I certify that I am the controlling person (or I am authorized to sign for the controlling person) of all the account(s) held by the entity account holder(s) to which this form relates.

I undertake to advise the Bank of any change in circumstances which affects the tax residency status of the individual identified in Part 1 of this form or causes the information contained herein to become incorrect, and to provide the Bank with a suitably updated self-certification form **within 30 days of such change** in circumstances.

**I declare that the information given and statements made in this form are, to the best of my knowledge and belief, true, correct and complete.**

\_\_\_\_\_  
**Signature**

\_\_\_\_\_  
**Date (dd/mm/yyyy)**

\_\_\_\_\_  
**Printed Name**

\_\_\_\_\_  
**Capacity**

*Please indicate the capacity if you are not the individual identified in Part 1.  
If signing under a power of attorney, attach a certified copy of power of attorney.*

^ With effect from 1 January 2021, the specified percentage is 25% in relation to a corporation; and 0% in relation to a partnership.

**WARNING: It is an offence under section 80(2E) of the Inland Revenue Ordinance if any person, in making a self-certification, makes a statement that is misleading, false or incorrect in a material particular AND knows, or is reckless as to whether, the statement is misleading, false or incorrect in a material particular. A person who commits the offence is liable on conviction to a fine at level 3 (i.e. \$10,000).**

## Appendix to Meaning of the terms and expressions used in Self-Certification Forms

The following definitions have been provided to assist you in completing this form. Please contact your legal adviser or applicable tax authority for the substantive tax principles if you have any question.

### “Account Holder”

- Refers to the person listed or identified as the holder of a financial account by the Financial Institution that maintains the account. This is regardless of whether such person is a flow-through Entity. Thus, for example, if a trust or an estate is listed as the holder or owner of a financial account, the trust or estate is the Account Holder, rather than the trustee or the trust’s owners or beneficiaries. Similarly, if a partnership is listed as the holder or owner of a financial account, the partnership is the Account Holder, rather than the partners in the partnership.
- An account holder should report all changes in his/her tax residency status to the reporting financial institution.
- A person, other than a Financial Institution, holding a financial account for the benefit or account of another person as agent, custodian, nominee, signatory, investment advisor, intermediary, or legal guardian, is not treated as the Account Holder. In these circumstances that other person is the Account Holder. For example in the case of a parent/child relationship where the parent is acting as a legal guardian, the child is regarded as the Account Holder.
- With respect to a jointly held account, each joint holder is treated as an Account Holder.

### “Active NFE”

- An NFE is an Active NFE if it meets any of the criteria listed below. In summary, those criteria refer to:
  - a. active NFEs by reason of income and assets;
  - b. publicly traded NFEs;
  - c. Governmental Entities, International Organisations, Central Banks, or their wholly owned Entities;
  - d. holding NFEs that are members of a nonfinancial group;
  - e. start-up NFEs;
  - f. NFEs that are liquidating or emerging from bankruptcy;
  - g. treasury centres that are members of a nonfinancial group; or
  - h. non-profit NFEs.
- An entity will be classified as Active NFE if it meets any of the following criteria:
  - a. less than 50% of the NFE’s gross income for the preceding calendar year or other appropriate reporting period is passive income and less than 50% of the assets held by the NFE during the preceding calendar year or other appropriate reporting period are assets that produce or are held for the production of passive income;
  - b. the stock of the NFE is regularly traded on an established securities market or the NFE is a Related Entity of an Entity the stock of which is regularly traded on an established securities market;
  - c. the NFE is a governmental Entity, an international organisation, a central bank, or an Entity wholly owned by one or more of the foregoing;
  - d. substantially all of the activities of the NFE consist of holding (in whole or in part) the outstanding stock of, or providing financing and services to, one or more subsidiaries that engage in trades or businesses other than the business of a Financial Institution, except that an Entity does not qualify for this status if the Entity functions (or holds itself out) as an investment fund, such as a private equity fund, venture capital fund, leveraged buyout fund, or any investment vehicle whose purpose is to acquire or fund companies and then hold interests in those companies as capital assets for investment purposes;
  - e. the NFE is not yet operating a business and has no prior operating history, (a “start-up NFE”) but is investing capital into assets with the intent to operate a business other than that of a Financial Institution, provided that the NFE does not qualify for this exception after the date that is 24 months after the date of the initial organisation of the NFE;
  - f. the NFE was not a Financial Institution in the past five years, and is in the process of liquidating its assets or is reorganising with the intent to continue or recommence operations in a business other than that of a Financial Institution;
  - g. the NFE primarily engages in financing and hedging transactions with, or for, Related Entities that are not Financial Institutions, and does not provide financing or hedging services to any Entity that is not a Related Entity, provided that the group of any such Related Entities is primarily engaged in a business other than that of a Financial Institution; or
  - h. the NFE meets all of the following requirements (a “non-profit NFE”):

- i. it is established and operated in its jurisdiction of residence exclusively for religious, charitable, scientific, artistic, cultural, athletic, or educational purposes; or it is established and operated in its jurisdiction of residence and it is a professional organisation, business league, chamber of commerce, labour organisation, agricultural or horticultural organisation, civic league or an organisation operated exclusively for the promotion of social welfare;
- ii. it is exempt from income tax in its jurisdiction of residence;
- iii. it has no shareholders or members who have a proprietary or beneficial interest in its income or assets;
- iv. the applicable laws of the NFE’s jurisdiction of residence or the NFE’s formation documents do not permit any income or assets of the NFE to be distributed to, or applied for the benefit of, a private person or non-charitable Entity other than pursuant to the conduct of the NFE’s charitable activities, or as payment of reasonable compensation for services rendered, or as payment representing the fair market value of property which the NFE has purchased; and
- v. the applicable laws of the NFE’s jurisdiction of residence or the NFE’s formation documents require that, upon the NFE’s liquidation or dissolution, all of its assets be distributed to a governmental entity or other non-profit organisation, or escheat to the government of the NFE’s jurisdiction of residence or any political subdivision.

### “Control”

- “Control” over an Entity is generally exercised by the natural person(s) who ultimately has a controlling ownership interest (typically on the basis of a certain percentage in the Entity).
- Where no natural person(s) exercises control through ownership interests, the Controlling Person(s) of the Entity will be the natural person(s) who exercises control of the Entity through other means.
- Where no natural person(s) is/are identified as exercising control of the Entity through ownership interests, the Controlling Person of the Entity is deemed to be the natural person who holds the position of senior managing official or exercises ultimate control over the management of the Entity.

### “Controlling Person(s)”

- “Controlling Persons” are the natural person(s) who exercise control over an Entity.
- In the case of a trust, the Controlling Person(s) are the settlor(s), the trustee(s), the protector(s) or enforcer(s) (if any), the beneficiary(ies) or class(es) of beneficiaries, or any other natural person(s) exercising ultimate effective control over the trust (including through a chain of control or ownership). The settlor(s), the trustee(s), the protector(s) or enforcer(s) (if any), and the beneficiary(ies) or class(es) of beneficiaries, must always be treated as Controlling Persons of a trust, regardless of whether or not any of them exercises control over the activities of the trust.
- Where the settlor, trustee, protector or enforcer, or beneficiary of a trust are themselves Entities then the Controlling Persons of the settlor, trustee, protector or enforcer, or beneficiary must be treated as Controlling Persons of the trust.
- In the case of a legal arrangement other than a trust, “Controlling Person(s)” means persons in equivalent or similar positions to those of a trust.

### “Custodial Institution”

- The term “Custodial Institution” means any Entity that holds, as a substantial portion of its business, financial assets for the account of others. This is where the Entity’s gross income attributable to the holding of financial assets and related financial services equals or exceeds 20% of the Entity’s gross income during the shorter of: (i) the three-year period that ends on 31 December (or the final day of a non-calendar year accounting period) prior to the year in which the determination is being made; or (ii) the period during which the Entity has been in existence.

### “Depository Institution”

- The term “Depository Institution” means an authorized institution as defined by section 2(1) of the Banking Ordinance (Cap. 155) or any Entity that accepts deposits in the ordinary course of a banking or similar business.

#### **“Entity”**

- The term “Entity” means a legal person or a legal arrangement, such as a corporation, organisation, partnership, trust or foundation.
- This term covers any person other than an individual (i.e. a natural person).

#### **“Financial Institution”**

- The term “Financial Institution” means a “Custodial Institution”, a “Depository Institution”, an “Investment Entity”, or a “Specified Insurance Company”.

#### **“Investment Entity”**

- The term “Investment Entity” means:
  - a. a corporation licensed under the Securities and Futures Ordinance (Cap. 571) to carry out one or more of the following regulated activities –
    - i. dealing in securities;
    - ii. trading in futures contracts;
    - iii. leveraged foreign exchange trading;
    - iv. asset management;
  - b. an institution registered under the Securities and Futures Ordinance (Cap. 571) to carry out one or more of the following regulated activities –
    - i. dealing in securities;
    - ii. trading in futures contracts;
    - iii. asset management;
  - c. a collective investment scheme authorized under the Securities and Futures Ordinance (Cap. 571);
  - d. an Entity that primarily conducts as a business one or more of the following activities or operations for or on behalf of a customer:
    - i. trading in money market instruments (cheques, bills, certificates of deposit, derivatives, etc.); foreign exchange; exchange, interest rate and index; instruments; transferable securities; or commodity futures trading;
    - ii. individual and collective portfolio management; or
    - iii. otherwise investing, administering, or managing Financial Assets or money on behalf of other entity or individual. Such activities or operations do not include rendering non-binding investment advice to a customer.
  - e. the second type of “Investment Entity” (“Investment Entity managed by another Financial Institution”) is any Entity the gross income of which is primarily attributable to investing, reinvesting, or trading in financial assets where the Entity is managed by another Entity that is a Depository Institution, a Custodial Institution, a Specified Insurance Company, or an Investment Entity described in (a), (b), (c) or (d) above.

#### **“Investment Entity managed by another Financial Institution and located in a Non-Participating Jurisdiction”**

- Refers to any Entity the gross income of which is primarily attributable to investing, reinvesting, or trading in financial assets if the Entity is
  - a. managed by a Financial Institution and
  - b. not a Participating Jurisdiction Financial Institution.

#### **“Investment Entity managed by another Financial Institution”**

- An Entity is “managed by” another Entity if the managing Entity performs, either directly or through another service provider on behalf of the managed Entity, any of the activities or operations described in paragraph (d) above in the definition of “Investment Entity”.
- An Entity only manages another Entity if it has discretionary authority to manage the other Entity’s assets (either in whole or part). Where an Entity is managed by a mix of Financial Institutions, NFEs or individuals, the Entity is considered to be managed by another Entity that is a Depository Institution, a Custodial Institution, a Specified Insurance Company, or an Investment Entity described in (a), (b), (c) or (d) above, if any of the managing Entities is such another Entity.

#### **“NFE”**

- An “NFE” is any Entity that is not a Financial Institution.

#### **“Participating Jurisdiction”**

- A “Participating Jurisdiction” means a jurisdiction outside Hong Kong Special Administrative Region that is specified in Part 2 of Schedule 17E of the Inland Revenue Ordinance (Cap. 112).

#### **“Participating Jurisdiction Financial Institution”**

- The term “Participating Jurisdiction Financial Institution” means
  - a. any Financial Institution that is tax resident in a Participating Jurisdiction, but excludes any branch of that Financial Institution that is located outside of that jurisdiction, and
  - b. any branch of a Financial Institution that is not tax resident in a Participating Jurisdiction, if that branch is located in such Participating Jurisdiction.

#### **“Passive NFE”**

- A “Passive NFE” means any:
  - a. NFE that is not an Active NFE; and
  - b. Investment Entity located in a Non-Participating Jurisdiction and managed by another Financial Institution.

#### **“Related Entity”**

- An Entity is a “Related Entity” of another Entity if either Entity controls the other Entity, or the two Entities are under common control. For this purpose control includes direct or indirect ownership of more than 50% of the vote and value in an Entity.

#### **“Resident for tax purposes”**

- Generally, an Entity will be resident for tax purposes in a jurisdiction if, under the laws of that jurisdiction (including tax conventions), it pays or should be paying tax therein by reason of his domicile, residence, place of management or incorporation, or any other criterion of a similar nature, and not only from sources in that jurisdiction. An Entity such as a partnership, limited liability partnership or similar legal arrangement that has no residence for tax purposes shall be treated as resident in the jurisdiction in which its place of effective management is situated. A trust is treated as resident where one or more of its trustees is resident.
- For additional information on tax residence, please talk to your tax adviser or refer to the OECD Automatic Exchange Portal at the following link: <http://www.oecd.org/tax/automatic-exchange/crs-implementation-and-assistance/>.

#### **“Specified Insurance Company”**

- The term “Specified Insurance Company” means any Entity that is an insurance company (or the holding company of an insurance company) that issues, or is obliged to make payments with respect to, a Cash Value Insurance Contract or an Annuity Contract.

#### **“TIN” (including “functional equivalent”)**

- The term “TIN” means Taxpayer Identification Number or a functional equivalent in the absence of a TIN. A TIN is a unique combination of letters or numbers assigned by a jurisdiction to an individual or an Entity and used to identify the individual or Entity for the purposes of administering the tax laws of such jurisdiction.
- Further details of acceptable TINs can be found at the OECD Automatic Exchange Portal at the following link: <http://www.oecd.org/tax/automatic-exchange/crs-implementation-and-assistance/>.
- Some jurisdictions do not issue a TIN. However, these jurisdictions often utilise some other high integrity number with an equivalent level of identification (a “functional equivalent”). Examples of that type of number include –
  - a. (for individuals) a social security/insurance number, citizen/personal identification/service code/number, and resident registration number.
  - b. (for entities) a Business/company registration code/number.