

REDEFINING BANKING



BDO 2023 ANNUAL REPORT FINANCIAL SUPPLEMENTS

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Our Purpose

Corporate Mission

To be the preferred bank in every market we serve.

Corporate Vision

To be the leading Philippine bank and financial services company that empowers customers to achieve their goals and aspirations, combining our entrepreneurial spirit, international perspective, and intense customer focus to deliver a personalized banking experience that is easy, straightforward, and convenient, while taking pride in building long-term relationships and finding better ways to deliver offerings of the highest standard.

Core Values

Commitment to Customers. We are committed to delivering products and services that surpass customer expectations in value and every aspect of customer service, while remaining prudent and trustworthy stewards of their wealth.

Commitment to a Dynamic and Efficient Organization. We are committed to creating an organization that is flexible, responds to change, and encourages innovation and creativity; we are committed to the process of continuous improvement in everything we do.

Commitment to Employees. We are committed to our employees' growth and development and we will nurture them in an environment where excellence, integrity, teamwork, professionalism, and performance are valued above all else.

Commitment to Shareholders. We are committed to providing our shareholders with superior returns over the long-term.

Corporate Profile

BDO is a full-service universal bank in the Philippines, providing a complete array of industry-leading products and services including Lending (corporate and consumer), Deposit-taking, Foreign Exchange, Brokering, Trust and Investments, Credit Cards, Retail Cash Cards, Corporate Cash Management, and Remittances. Through its local subsidiaries, the Bank offers Investment Banking, Private Banking, Leasing and Finance, Rural Banking, Life Insurance, Property and Casualty Insurance Brokerage, and Online and Traditional Stock Brokerage Services.

BDO's institutional strengths and value-added products and services hold the key to its successful business relationships with customers. Its branches remain at the forefront of setting high standards as a sales- and service-oriented, customer-focused force. The Bank has the largest distribution network with over 1,700 operating branches and more than 5,500 teller machines nationwide. BDO has 16 international offices (including full-service branch offices in Hong Kong and Singapore) spread across Asia, Europe, North America, and the Middle East.

The Bank also offers digital banking solutions to make banking easier, faster, and more secure for its clients.

Through selective acquisitions and organic growth, BDO has positioned itself for increased balance sheet strength and continued expansion into new markets. As of December 31, 2023, BDO is the country's largest bank in terms of total resources, customer loans, deposits, assets under management and capital, as well as branch and ATM network nationwide.

BDO is a member of the SM Group, one of the country's largest and most successful conglomerates with businesses spanning retail, mall operations, property development (residential, commercial, hotels and resorts), and financial services. Although part of a conglomerate, BDO's day-to-day operations are handled by a team of professional managers and bank officers. Further, the Bank has one of the industry's strongest Board of Directors, composed of professionals with extensive experience in various fields that include banking and finance, accounting, law, and business.



Financial Highlights

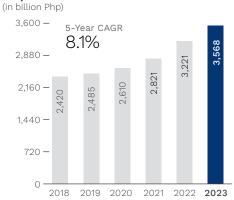
Resources



Gross Customer Loans



Deposit Liabilities



Capital Funds



Net Income*



* attributable to shareholders of the parent bank

2023 NET INCOME

₱73.4 billion Up 29% YoY

FINANCIAL & OPERATING HIGHLIGHTS	C	ONSOLIDATE	D	Р	ARENT BANK	<
	2023	2022	Change	2023	2022	Change
BALANCE SHEET (in billion Php)			_			
Resources	4,477.7	4,074.7	10%	4,262.6	3,900.3	9%
Trading and Investment Securities	931.9	722.8	29%	787.7	606.8	30%
Liquid Assets	1,541.7	1,394.0	11%	1,383.4	1,266.2	9%
Gross Customer Loans	2,851.4	2,613.8	9%	2,775.5	2,537.6	9%
Deposits	3,567.6	3,220.9	11%	3,476.9	3,141.0	11%
Equity ^{1/}	518.6	461.5	12%	510.2	459.9	11%
INCOME STATEMENT (in billion Php)						
Net Interest Income	186.4	149.2	25%	175.3	139.9	25%
Non-Interest Income	84.0	71.5	17%	57.3	50.1	14%
Gross Operating Income	270.4	220.8	22%	232.6	190.0	22%
Operating Expenses	156.8	131.2	20%	128.9	104.1	24%
Pre-provision Profit	113.6	89.6	27%	103.7	85.9	21%
Allowance for Credit Losses	16.4	16.4	0%	15.6	15.6	0%
Net Profit ^{2/}	73.4	57.1	29%	67.2	57.0	18%
FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE INDICATORS						
Profitability						
Return on Average Common Equity	15.2%	13.0%		14.0%	13.0%	
Return on Average Equity	15.0%	12.9%		13.9%	12.9%	
Return on Average Assets	1.7%	1.5%		1.6%	1.5%	
Margins and Liquidity						
Net Interest Margin	4.6%	4.1%		4.6%	4.1%	
Gross Customer Loans to Deposit Ratio	79.9%	81.2%		79.8%	80.8%	
Liquid Assets to Total Assets	34.4%	34.2%		32.5%	32.5%	
Liquidity Coverage Ratio	123.2%	140.7%		123.5%	141.2%	
Net Stable Funding Ratio	124.1%	123.9%		123.8%	123.5%	
Cost Efficiency	12 11170	120.070		120.070	120.070	
Cost to Income Ratio	58.0%	59.4%		55.4%	54.8%	
Cost to Average Assets Ratio	3.7%	3.4%		3.2%	2.8%	
Asset Quality	0.170	0.170		0.270	2.070	
NPL Ratio ^{3/}	1.85%	1.95%		1.79%	1.89%	
NPL Cover ^{4/}	184.8%	166.7%		191.2%	170.9%	
Capital and Leverage	104.070	100.170		101.270	110.070	
CET 1 Ratio ^{5/}	13.8%	13.4%		13.3%	12.8%	
Tier 1 Ratio ^{5/}	14.0%	13.6%		13.5%	13.0%	
Capital Adequacy Ratio ^{5/}	14.9%	14.5%		14.4%	14.0%	
Countercyclical Buffer ^{6/}	0.0%	0.0%		0.0%	0.0%	
Basel III Leverage Ratio	9.9%	9.8%		9.4%	9.4%	
Assets to Equity	8.6x	8.8x		8.4x	8.5x	
DISTRIBUTION NETWORK AND MANPOWER	0.0x	0.00		0.47	0.5%	
Branches and Offices	1,722	1,652	4%	1,208	1,199	1%
Teller Machines	5,514	5,303	4%	5,514	5,303	4%
Employees	41,647	39,323	6%	34,183	32,304	6%
Officers	21,685	20,275	7%	16,437		7%
Staff	19,962			17,746	15,293	
	19,962	19,048	5%	17,740	17,011	4%
SHAREHOLDER INFORMATION						
Market Value	100 50	105 70	0.20/			
Share Price (in Php)	130.50	105.70	23%			
Market Capitalization (in billion Php)	687.52	556.42	24%			
Valuation Pagin Farnings per Chara (in Php)	10.00	10 77	000/			
Basic Earnings per Share (in Php)	13.86	10.77	29%			
Diluted Earnings per Share (in Php)	13.82	10.72	29%			
Book Value per Share (in Php)	96.75	86.08	12%			
Price-Earnings Ratio	9.4x	9.8x				
Price to Book Value	1.3x	1.2x				
Dividends						
Cash Dividends Paid to Common Shareholders	15.8	9.9		15.8	9.9	
(in billion Php)						
Cash Dividends per Common Share (in Php)	3.00	2.20				
Stock Dividends Paid to Shareholders	0.0%	20.0%				
Dividend Payout Ratio ^{7/}	21.5%	17.4%				
Dividend Yield ^{8/}	2.3%	1.8%				

- Notes:

 All financial data are based on SEC format unless otherwise indicated

 Total capital accounts, inclusive of non-controlling interest and preferred shares

 Net Income attributable to shareholders of the parent bank

 Per BSP Circular 941

 Per BSP Circular 1011

 Based on audited financial statements

 Currently set at 0% by the BSP per Circular 1024 Section 1

 Cash dividends paid during the year divided by net profit for the year

 Cash dividends per common share paid during the year divided by average daily closing price for the year

Financial Statements

Report of the Board Audit Committee to the Board of Directors

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

Empowered by the Board to oversee the financial reporting process, internal control and risk management systems, internal and external audit functions, and compliance with applicable laws and regulations, the Board Audit Committee (BAC) discharged its oversight functions independently in accordance with its Terms of Reference which is annually reviewed and updated, when necessary. The BAC is composed of two (2) independent directors and one (1) non-executive director, supported by four (4) advisors, one (1) of whom is an independent director. The BAC had twelve (12) meetings in 2023.

In 2023, the BAC accomplished the following:

- 1. On financial reporting, the Board Audit Committee (BAC) reviewed and recommended for approval of the Board the Bank's quarterly unaudited and annual audited financial statements ensuring compliance with accounting standards and tax regulations. On February 22, 2023, it endorsed for approval of the Board the Bank's audited financial statements as of December 31, 2022 including the Notes to the Financial Statements. This was approved by the Board on February 24, 2023 and disclosed to the public on February 27, 2023, 58 days from the financial year-end, following the best practice requirement of the ASEAN Corporate Governance Scorecard (ACGS). It believes that the financial statements are fairly presented in conformity with the relevant financial reporting standards in all material aspects. The related internal controls on financial reporting process and compliance with accounting standards were likewise reviewed.
- 2. In overseeing the internal audit function, it reviewed and approved the 2023 Internal Audit Policy Statement and the 2023 and 2024 Internal Audit risk-based audit plans after a thorough review of their scope, as well as changes to the plan, audit methodology, manpower resources and the appointments/assignments of key audit officers during the year. It reviewed audit reports focusing on high and moderate risk findings relating to operational, financial and compliance controls including risk assessment systems with impact to financial, reputation and information security. It regularly tracked the timely resolution of findings and asked for Management's action plans on items that needed to be addressed. It also assessed the performance of the Chief Internal Auditor and the internal audit function. It ensured the Internal Audit's independence and unfettered access to all records, properties and information to be able to fully carry out its function. The Committee is satisfied that the internal audit function has adequate resources to perform its function effectively.
- 3. On external audit, it reviewed and approved the 2023 Audit Plans of the external auditor to ensure the adequacy of its scope and coverage and appropriateness of the timelines. On March 22, 2023, it approved and endorsed for approval of the Board the engagement with the Bank's external auditor for its non-audit role as Board of Canvassers in the voting in the bank's Annual Stockholders Meeting on April 19, 2023. It reviewed and discussed the content of the engagement letter, scope of work, composition of engagement team among others, prior to the

commencement of the non-audit work. It comprehensively discussed the external audit reports, focusing on internal controls, risk management, governance and matters with financial impact particularly on the changes in accounting and reporting standards. It reviewed Management's Letter as well as Management's response and action taken on the external auditor's findings and recommendations.

4. In overseeing the compliance function, it reviewed and approved the new and/or updates to Compliance Guidelines, annual compliance plans, and independent compliance testing roadmaps of the Compliance and Anti-Money Laundering (AML) departments. It monitored the progress and reviewed the status of the annual compliance plans, results of the independent compliance and AML testing, timely submission of regulatory and prudential reports, compliance to mandatory ratios, as well as continuous improvement of the compliance and AML systems. It conducted the annual appraisal of the performance of the Chief Compliance Officer for 2022. It discussed in detail the Bangko Sentral ng Pilipinas and Anti-Money Laundering Council Reports of Examination including the results of regulatory examinations of the Bank's foreign subsidiaries and reviewed Management's replies and its periodic updates to the regulators, thereby ensuring implementation of corrective actions. It also reviewed and provided guidance to Management in its replies to concerns of the regulators to ensure that the Bank's position is appropriately presented. It approved in 2023 the Guidelines on Subsidiaries Updates for Escalation to the BAC and the updates to the Trust Compliance Management Guidelines. In 2023, the BAC also devoted time to understand emerging AML trends on Money Service Business and Trade Products/ Transactions. To further equip the Committee on their AML oversight of AML risks of the Bank, the BAC also assessed the performance of the Chief Compliance Officer and the compliance function. The Committee is satisfied that the compliance function was able to effectively carry out its plans and programs and fulfill its role as the central point of contact of regulators.

Reports on cases in operations, whistle blower accounts as well as non-loan related cases with impact to financials, internal controls, information systems and reputation were deliberated on focusing on risk assessment, legal handling, and fraud prevention.

As part of its commitment to excellent corporate governance, the Committee conducted a self-assessment for its 2022 performance based on its Terms of Reference. The BAC likewise evaluated the performance of Internal Audit, Compliance and AML departments, and External Audit to ensure their effectiveness and achievement of their objectives.

The BAC reports its evaluation of the effectiveness of the internal controls, financial reporting process, risk management systems of the Bank, based on the report and unqualified opinion obtained from the External Auditor, the overall assurance provided by the Chief Internal Auditor and additional reports and information requested from Senior Management, and found these to be generally adequate across BDO.

Statement of Management's Responsibility for Financial Statements

The management of BDO Unibank, Inc. and Subsidiaries (the BDO Unibank Group) and of BDO Unibank, Inc. (the Parent Bank) is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements including the schedules attached therein, for the years ended December 31, 2023, 2022 and 2021, in accordance with the prescribed financial reporting framework indicated therein, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the BDO Unibank Group and the Parent Bank's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the BDO Unibank Group and the Parent Bank or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors is responsible for overseeing the BDO Unibank Group and the Parent Bank's financial reporting process.

The Board of Directors reviews and approves the financial statements including the schedules attached therein, and submits the same to the stockholders or members.

Punongbayan & Araullo, the independent auditor appointed by the stockholders, has audited the financial statements of the BDO Unibank Group and the Parent Bank in accordance with Philippine Standards on Auditing, and in its report to the stockholders or members, has expressed its opinion on the fairness of presentation upon completion of such audit.

Teresita T. Sy

Chairperson of the Board

Nestor V. Tan

President &

Chief Executive Officer

Dalmacio D. Martin

Treasurer

Signed this 24th day of February 2024

SUBSCRIBED and SWORN to before me this 24th day of February, 2024 affiants exhibiting to me their Competent Evidence of Identity (CEI), as follows:

Name CEI Number Date Issued/Place Issued/Expiration Date

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1. Teresita T. Sy Passport No. – P6453728B 03.09.2021/DFA NCR East/03.08.2031 SSS No. – 03-2832705-4

2. Nestor V. Tan Passport No. – P5830111B 11.23.2020/ DFA NCR East/11.22.2030 CTC No. – 12530247 01.16.2024/Makati City

01.10.2024/ Makan City

3. Dalmacio D. Martin Passport No. – P9695951B 04.21.2022/ DFA Manila/04.20.2032

CTC No. – 12509504 01.05.2024/Makati City

WITNESS BY HAND AND SEAL on the day first above-mentioned at Makati City.

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Series of 2024

ATTY, SYLVIA M. MARFIL-CADAPAN Appointment No. M-323/Moleati City Notary Public until December 31, 2024 In Floor BDO Towers Valero, Salcedo Village Makati City

Makati City

IBP No. 390372, 01/03/34/ Laguna

PTR No. 10075835; 01/03/24; Makati City/ Roll No. 43222

MCLE Compliance No. VII-0014613; until 04/14/2025



Report of Independent Auditors

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS AND STOCKHOLDERS BDO UNIBANK, INC.

BDO Towers Valero 8741 Paseo de Roxas, Salcedo Village Makati City, Philippines

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of BDO Unibank, Inc. and subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the BDO Unibank Group) and of BDO Unibank, Inc. (the Parent Bank), which comprise the statements of financial position as at December 31, 2023 and 2022, and the statements of income, statements of comprehensive income, statements of changes in equity and statements of cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2023, and notes to financial statements, including material accounting policy information.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the BDO Unibank Group and of the Parent Bank as at December 31, 2023 and 2022, and their financial performance and their cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2023 in accordance with Philippine Financial Reporting Standards (PFRS).

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audits in accordance with Philippine Standards on Auditing (PSA). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditors' Responsibilities* for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the BDO Unibank Group and of the Parent Bank in accordance with the Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants in the Philippines (Code of Ethics) together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audits of the financial statements in the Philippines, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.



Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

The following are the key audit matters identified in our audit of the financial statements of the BDO Unibank Group and the Parent Bank:

(a) Valuation of Loans and Other Receivables

Description of the Matter

The BDO Unibank Group and the Parent Bank are required to recognize allowance for impairment on their loans and other receivables using the expected credit loss (ECL) model in accordance with PFRS 9, *Financial Instruments*. As of December 31, 2023, the BDO Unibank Group and the Parent Bank had loans and other receivables amounting to P2,886,028 million and P2,809,547 million, respectively, net of allowance for impairment of P85,849 million and P83,370 million, respectively. Loans and other receivables are the most significant resources of the BDO Unibank Group and the Parent Bank which account for 64% and 66% of the BDO Unibank Group and the Parent Bank's total resources, respectively.

The allowance for impairment of loans and other receivables is considered to be a matter of significance as it requires the application of critical management judgment and use of subjective estimates in determining how much impairment loss is required to be recognized in the financial statements. These judgment and estimates are disclosed in the BDO Unibank Group's and the Parent Bank's accounting policies in Notes 2 and 3 to the financial statements.

The BDO Unibank Group and the Parent Bank use an ECL model in determining the impairment of their loans and other receivables. The assessment of credit risk of a portfolio of assets entails estimations as to the likelihood of defaults occurring, the associated loss ratios and of default correlations of the related counterparties. Furthermore, the BDO Unibank Group and the Parent Bank incorporated forward-looking information into both the assessment of whether the credit risk of an instrument has increased significantly from its initial recognition and the measurement of ECL. The BDO Unibank Group and the Parent Bank have identified and documented key drivers of credit risk and credit losses for each loan portfolio and, using an analysis of historical data, have estimated relationships between macro-economic variables, credit risk and credit losses.



The disclosures of the BDO Unibank Group and the Parent Bank on the allowance for impairment of loans and other receivables, and the related credit risk are included in Notes 4 and 11 to the financial statements.

How the Matter was Addressed in the Audit

Our audit procedures to address the risk of material misstatement relating to the adequacy of allowance for impairment of loans and other receivables, which was considered to be a significant risk, included:

- testing the design and operating effectiveness of relevant IT general and application controls across the processes, as assisted by our own Information Technology specialists, over the loan classification into stages, and the calculation and recognition of the allowance for impairment;
- evaluating appropriateness of the BDO Unibank Group's and the Parent Bank's credit policy and loan impairment process as approved by the Board of Directors;
- on a sample basis, evaluating the appropriateness of the credit risk ratings of loans to assess appropriateness of credit risk monitoring;
- assessing the appropriateness of the BDO Unibank Group's and the Parent Bank's design of the ECL impairment model;
- evaluating the inputs and assumptions, as well as the formulas used in the
 development of the ECL models for each of the loan portfolio. This includes assessing
 the completeness and appropriateness of the formula and inputs used in determining
 the probability of default, loss given default and exposure at default;
- for forward-looking information used, evaluating whether the forecasted
 macro-economic factors, which include gross domestic product growth, unemployment
 rates and core inflation rates were appropriate. In addition, assessing the level of
 significance of correlation of selected macro-economic factors to the default rates as
 well as the impact of these variables to the ECL;
- assessing the borrowers' repayment abilities by examining payment history for selected loan accounts; and,
- on selected non-performing loan accounts, evaluating the management's forecast of recoverable cash flows based on agreed restructuring agreement, actual payment pattern after the restructuring, valuation of collaterals and estimates of recovery from other sources of collection.



(b) Valuation of Financial Instruments

Description of the Matter

In general, the fair valuation of the financial instruments of the BDO Unibank Group and the Parent Bank is computed with reference to external sources and readily available market value. The fair valuation of financial instruments of the BDO Unibank Group and the Parent Bank is considered a key area of focus in our audit due to the use of inputs from external sources in computing the market value of some financial instruments with no readily available market value. To the extent practicable, certain financial instruments are measured using models with observable data; however, areas such as credit risk (both own and counterparty), volatilities and correlations require management to make estimates.

As of December 31, 2023, the derivative financial assets and derivatives with negative fair values of the BDO Unibank Group that are carried at fair value amounted to P6,070 million and P5,139 million, respectively, while that of the Parent Bank amounted to P2,157 million and P1,859 million, respectively. The unquoted debt and equity investments amounted to P154 million for the BDO Unibank Group and P100 million for the Parent Bank, respectively.

The disclosures of the BDO Unibank Group and the Parent Bank on exposure to financial instruments valuation risk are included in Note 4 to the financial statements.

How the Matter was Addressed in the Audit

Our audit procedures, included among others, the following:

- testing of design and operating effectiveness of relevant controls over the valuation process including the valuation method and assumptions used by the BDO Unibank Group and the Parent Bank on the financial instruments, particularly the measurement of derivative financial instruments as assisted by our own Information and Technology specialists;
- evaluating whether fair value prices used were appropriate by testing the inputs against reliable market sources;
- recomputing the fair values based on the inputs and compared with the market values reported by the BDO Unibank Group and the Parent Bank; and,
- reviewing the appropriateness of the method used in fair market valuation.

(c) Valuation of Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets with Indefinite Useful Lives

Description of the Matter

The BDO Unibank Group has goodwill of P4,535 million, with allowance for impairment of P1,514 million, as of December 31, 2023, and the significant portion of which relates to the acquisition of BDO Network Bank, Inc. (BDO Network). Furthermore, the BDO Unibank Group and the Parent Bank have other intangible assets with indefinite useful lives amounting to P3,525 million and P3,522 million, respectively.



This annual impairment testing of goodwill and other intangible assets with indefinite useful lives is considered to be a key audit matter because the management's process in assessing the recoverability of the intangible assets is complex. In addition, the assumptions used in determining the cash generating units (CGUs) where the goodwill and other intangible assets with indefinite useful lives are allocated and estimating the recoverable amount involves significant judgment. The recoverable amount of the CGUs has been computed using discounted cash flows method. This valuation method uses several key assumptions, including estimates for forecasted statement of financial position and net profit of CGUs, terminal value growth rates and discount rate.

The BDO Unibank Group's disclosures about goodwill and other intangible assets are included in Notes 2, 3 and 16 to the financial statements.

How the Matter was Addressed in the Audit

Our audit procedures to address the risk of material misstatement relating to impairment of goodwill and other intangible assets with indefinite useful lives included, among others, evaluating the appropriateness of assumptions and methodologies used by the management, in particular, those relating to the forecasted statement of financial position and statement of income or financial performance as well as the discount and growth rates used. We have involved our Firm valuation specialist to assist in evaluating the appropriateness of assumptions used in estimating the recoverable amount of CGUs. In addition, we recalculated the value-in-use of the CGUs and compared it with the carrying amount. We also reviewed the BDO Unibank Group's disclosures about those assumptions to which the outcome of the impairment test is most sensitive; specifically, those that have the most significant effect on the determination of the recoverable amount of goodwill and other intangible assets with indefinite useful lives. Furthermore, our audit of the financial statements of BDO Network as of and for the year ended December 31, 2023 did not identify events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on BDO Network's ability to continue as a going concern.

(d) Accounting for Business Combination

Description of the Matter

In 2022, the BDO Unibank Group has an outstanding 50% equity investment in SM Keppel Land, Inc. (SMKL). On December 22, 2023, the BDO Unibank Group acquired the remaining 50% of the issued and outstanding capital stock of SMKL for cash consideration amounting to P8,161 million, making the latter a wholly-owned subsidiary of the former. BDO Unibank Group applied the acquisition method to account for this business combination achieved in stages. In accordance with PFRS 3, Business Combinations, BDO Unibank Group recognized a gain on bargain purchase or negative goodwill amounting to P169 million from the excess of the acquisition-date fair value of the identifiable resources acquired and the liabilities assumed from SMKL over the aggregate of the acquisition-date fair values of consideration transferred and the previously-held equity interest. Moreover, the transaction involved remeasurement of BDO Unibank Group's previously-held equity interest in SMKL and the valuation of its net assets at their acquisition-date fair values where significant estimates were applied. The remeasurement of the previously-held interest in SMKL at its acquisition-date fair value resulted in the recognition of fair value gain amounting to P6,107 million. We, therefore, considered the business combination to be a key audit matter due to the significance of the amount involved, complexity of the accounting for business combination achieved in stages and estimation involved in determination of fair values.

The BDO Unibank Group's disclosures of the business combination are included in Note 30.4 to the financial statements.



How the Matter was Addressed in the Audit

Our audit procedures, included among others, the following:

- obtaining an understanding of the terms of the transaction by reading the relevant minutes of meeting and executed share purchase agreement;
- testing the reasonableness of the fair value of the identifiable assets liabilities of SMKL and the previously-held equity interest at acquisition date;
- examining the supports for the cash consideration transferred by BDO Unibank Group to the former stockholders of SMKL; and.
- recalculating the resulting fair value gain on the remeasurement of the previous-held interest in SMKL and the gain on acquisition or negative goodwill by comparing the aggregate of the cash consideration transferred and acquisition-date fair value of the previously-held interest against the acquisition-date fair value of the net assets of SMKL.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the BDO Unibank Group's Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) Form 20-IS (Definitive Information Statement) and SEC Form 17-A, and Annual Report for the year ended December 31, 2023, but does not include the financial statements and our auditors' report thereon. The SEC Form 20-IS (Definitive Information Statement), SEC Form 17-A and Annual Report for the year ended December 31, 2023 are expected to be made available to us after the date of this auditors' report.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we will not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audits of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information identified above when it becomes available and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audits, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with PFRS, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the BDO Unibank Group's and the Parent Bank's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the BDO Unibank Group and the Parent Bank or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the BDO Unibank Group's and the Parent Bank's financial reporting process.



Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with PSA will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with PSA, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether
 due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and
 obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.
 The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for
 one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions,
 misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing
 an opinion on the effectiveness of the BDO Unibank Group's and the Parent Bank's internal
 control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the BDO Unibank Group's and the Parent Bank's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the BDO Unibank Group and the Parent Bank to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the
 entities or business activities within the BDO Unibank Group and the Parent Bank to
 express an opinion on the financial statements. We are responsible for the direction,
 supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our
 audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.



From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditors' report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

Our audits were conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. As discussed in Note 31 to the financial statements, the Parent Bank presented the supplementary information required by the Bureau of Internal Revenue (BIR) under Revenue Regulations (RR) No. 15-2010 in a supplementary schedule filed separately from the basic financial statements. RR No. 15-2010 requires the supplementary information to be presented in the notes to the financial statements. The supplementary information for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022 required by the Bangko Sentral ng Pilipinas (BSP) as disclosed in Note 35 to the financial statements is presented for purposes of additional analysis. Such supplementary information required by BIR and BSP is the responsibility of management. The supplementary information is not a required part of the basic financial statements prepared in accordance with PFRS; it is neither a required disclosure under the Revised Securities Regulation Code Rule 68 of the SEC.

The engagement partner on the audits resulting in this independent auditors' report is Romualdo V. Murcia III.

PUNONGBAYAN & ARAULLO

By: Romualdo V. Murcia III

Partner

CPA Reg. No. 0095626 TIN 906-174-059

PTR No. 10076147, January 3, 2024, Makati City

SEC Group A Accreditation

Partner - No. 95626-SEC (until financial period 2026)

Firm - No. 0002 (until Dec. 31, 2024)

BIR AN 08-002511-022-2022 (until Oct. 13, 2025)

Firm's BOA/PRC Cert. of Reg. No. 0002 (until Aug. 27, 2024)

Statements of Financial Position

BDO UNIBANK, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

DECEMBER 31, 2023 AND 2022 (Amounts in Millions of Philippine Pesos)

			BDO Unib	ank Gro	oup		Paren	t Bank	
	Notes		2023		2022		2023		2022
RESOURCES									
CASH AND OTHER CASH ITEMS	8	P	94,278	P	82,944	P	91,635	P	80,666
DUE FROM BANGKO SENTRAL NG PILIPINAS	8		335,076		385,779		332,428		382,210
DUE FROM OTHER BANKS - Net	9		85,974		60,455		76,791		51,434
TRADING AND INVESTMENT SECURITIES - Net	10		931,885		722,830		787,691		606,789
LOANS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES - Net	11		2,886,028		2,696,901		2,809,547		2,621,221
PREMISES, FURNITURE, FIXTURES AND EQUIPMENT - Net	12, 13		48,085		46,471		43,878		42,394
INVESTMENT PROPERTIES - Net	14		46,810		21,158		13,408		13,173
EQUITY INVESTMENTS - Net	15		3,879		5,501		70,832		56,115
OTHER RESOURCES - Net	16		45,646		52,669		36,437		46,321
TOTAL RESOURCES		<u>P</u>	4,477,661	<u>P</u>	4,074,708	<u>P</u>	4,262,647	<u>P</u>	3,900,323
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY									
DEPOSIT LIABILITIES	18	P	3,567,550	P	3,220,883	P	3,476,867	P	3,141,016
BILLS PAYABLE	19		189,582		198,891		167,988		188,872
INSURANCE CONTRACT LIABILITIES	20		77,210		64,363		-		-
OTHER LIABILITIES	21		124,765		129,114		107,595		110,536
Total Liabilities			3,959,107		3,613,251	-	3,752,450		3,440,424
EQUITY	22								
Attributable to: Shareholders of the Parent Bank Non-controlling Interests			515,916 2,638		459,332 2,125		510,197		459,899
			518,554		461,457		510,197		459,899
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND EQUITY		P	4,477,661	P	4,074,708	<u>P</u>	4,262,647	P	3,900,323

Statements of Income

(Amounts in Millions of Philippine Pesos Except Per Share Data) **BDO UNIBANK, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES**FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023, 2022 AND 2021

				BDO Un	BDO Unibank Group					Pare	Parent Bank		
	Notes		2023		2022		2021		2023		2022	2021	1.
INTEREST INCOME	23	Ы	240,196	Ы	169,071	Ь	144,879	Ы	226,389	Ъ	158,632	Д	136,772
INTEREST EXPENSE	24		53,809		19,839		13,533		51,111		18,728		12,906
NET INTEREST INCOME			186,387		149,232		131,346		175,278		139,904		123,866
IMPAIRMENT LOSSES (RECOVERY) - Net Financial Assets Non-Financial Assets Others	17 10, 11, 16 16 21		16,421 44)		16,564 203)		16,942 93 28		15,665 44)		15,815 232)		16,745 56 28
			16,396		16,366		17,063		15,640		15,588		16,829
NET INTEREST INCOME AFTER IMPAIRMENT LOSSES			169,991		132,866		114,283		159,638		124,316		107,037
OTHER OPERATING INCOME	25		84,017		71,535		61,354		57,314		50,129		40,635
OTHER OPERATING EXPENSES	25		156,827		131,208		119,875		128,942		104,119		93,613
PROFIT BEFORE TAX			97,181		73,193		55,762		88,010		70,326		54,059
TAX EXPENSE	31		23,621		15,959		12,907		20,811		13,333		11,378
NET PROFIT		۵	73,560	Ы	57,234	ы	42,855	А	62,199	Ы	56,993	۵	42,681
Attributable to: Shareholders of the Parent Bank Non-controlling Interests		<u>م</u>	73,411	ď	57,054	Д.	42,791						
		<u>a</u>	73,560	Ы	57,234	Ы	42,855						
Earnings Per Share: Basic Diluted	32	<u>a</u> a	13.86	<u>a</u> a	10.77	요 요	8.07						

See Notes to Financial Statements.

Statements of Comprehensive Income

BDO UNIBANK, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIESFOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023, 2022 AND 2021

(Amounts in Millions of Philippine Pesos)

				BDO Uni	BDO Unibank Group					Pare	Parent Bank			
	Notes		2023		2022		2021		2023	2	2022		2021	
NET PROFIT		Ы	73,560	Ь	57,234	Ы	42,855	4	67,199	Ь	56,993	Ы	42,681	
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)														
Items that are or will be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss: Net unrealized gains (losses) on debt investments at fair value through other														
comprehensive income (FVOCI), net of tax Transfer of realized losses (gains) on disposed debt investments at FVOCI to	10		7,487	$\overline{}$	17,959)	$\overline{}$	5,394)		7,459	$\overline{}$	17,883)	$\overline{}$	5,365)	
statements of income, net of tax			19		11	$\overline{}$	275)		20		11	\cup	275)	
Impairment losses (recoveries) on debt investments at FVOCI	10		108		29	J	87)		108		29		87)	
Net gains (losses) on FVOCI securities, net of tax Translation adjustment related to foreign operations			7,614		17,881)		5,756)		7,587		17,805)		5,727)	
			7,630		17,886)		5,664)		7,612		17,815)		5,627)	
Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss: Remeasurement on life insurance reserves		J	4,072)		9,620		5,686	J	4,072)		9,620		5,686	
Actuarial Josses on remeasurement of retrement benefit obligation, net of tax Reversal of revaluation increment	26	\smile	5,517)	\smile	1,097)	$\overline{}$	6,022)	\smile	5,487)	\smile	1,101)	$\overline{}$	6,005)	
Unrealized gains (losses) on equity investments at FVOCI, net of tax	10		160		498)		135		160		498)		135	
			9,429)		8,025		146)		9,399)		8,021		129)	
Other Comprehensive Loss, net of tax			1,799)		9,861)		5,810)		1,787)		9,794)		5,756)	
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME		А	71,761	ď	47,373	Ъ	37,045	۵	65,412	Ы	47,199	Ь	36,925	
Attributable to: Shareholders of the Parent Bank Non-controlling Interests		<u>~</u>	71,615	۵	47,265	Д	37,028							
		а	71,761	Ы	47,373	Ь	37,045							

Statements of Changes in Equity

BDO UNIBANK, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIESFOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023, 2022 AND 2021 (Amounts in Millions of Philippine Pesos)

Notice Common State Preferred State Pref	Additional Patche Capital Substitution (1920)	Treasury	25.131 (P 76) 25.131 (P 76) 3.903 (C 2000 2.209 (C 2000 2.209 (C 2000 2.209 (C 2000 2.209	Net Page P	Directable		Revaluation R Revaluation R Instrument	Remeasurement on Life Insurance Reserver	Accumulated Translation Adjustment P 38 (Accommendate of the control of the c	Total Attributable O Shareholders O Shareholders	Non-controlling Interests	Toni Equity P 461.457 S 461.457 S 461.457 S 461.457 S 451.458
22 43	Substitution Subs			178.837 1.6.2007 1.6.2007 1.6.2007 1.6.2007 1.0.2009 1.0.200			Ŭ Ŭ		86		16 16 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17	P 2,115 146 1 146 1 146 1 1 146 1	9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9
22 43	280	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	\cup			15 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	367 146	162 163 164 164 164 164 164 164 164 164
22						· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	_			15 1 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 2	367 146 1614 1614 1614 1616	162 162 163 164
22				(5.07) 16.207 16.207 19.411 19.207 2.080 2.080 2.080 2.080 2.33.89		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	_						2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2
22, 28 29 20 20 21 22 23 24 24 24 25 26 27 28 27 27 28, 776 27 28, 776 27 28, 776 27 28, 776 27 28, 776 28, 776 27 28, 776 27 28, 776 27 28, 776 27 28, 776 28, 777 28	P 23u,45			16.207 73.411 26.2 2.090, 2.379 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7			<u> </u>		91			367 146	11.51.
22.28 23 24 25 25 26 27 27 28,776 27 28,776 27 28,776 27 28,776 27 28,776 27 28,776 27 28,776 27 28,776 28,776 28,776 28,776 28,776 28,776 28,776	P 230446 105.36 105.404 105.40			262) 2090) 2090) 210) 217) 23190) 233,369 249,743 249,743 115,171) 115,171)		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	<u> </u>			§ 		H66	518.5 4 4 424.5 10.2 2
22.28 23 24 25 26 27 27 28,775 28,775 27 28,775 27 28,775 27 28,775 27 28,775 27 28,775 27 28,775 27 28,775 27 28,775 27 28,775 27 28,775 27 28,775 27 28,775 27 28,775 28,	P 230444 134444 105.36	2		262) 2,090) 27) 27) 2,3190) 2,34360 2,34360 2,343743 2,34360 1,5,171) 1,15,171) 1,15,171)		The state of the s	$\overline{\smile}$					7 367 1 1.614	4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4
22	P 238444	2		2,000, 2,000) 2,000) 2,000, 2,		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	$\overline{\smile}$					7 367 1 1,614	5185 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2
22	P 230454 P 124444 P 125456 P 125456 P 125456 P 125556 P 125566 P 125666	2		2,379) 2,339) 2,33,36) 2,49,743		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	$\overline{\smile}$					367 367 1614 5	- 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4
22 P SSA644	139444 105.404 105.404	2	, , , , , , , ,	2,378) 233,369 234,743		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	$\overline{\smile}$					367 P 2.638	51855 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2
22 P 43,855 P - 13 8 8,775 P - 13 8,775 P - 13 P -	P 230,45 P 124,44 P 124,44 P 12,4,44 P 12,4,44 P 12,4,44	, , d d		233,369 249,743 		* *	<u> </u>		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	10)		P 2,638	518.5 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4
2023 P 43,855 P P 21,684 P P 21,684 P P 22,684 P P P 22,684 P P P 22,684 P P P P P P P P P P P P P P P P P P P	P 230,45 P 124,44 P 105,36		<u>a</u> <u>a</u>	23,369 249,743 		· ·	$\overline{}$			10 10		367 P 2,638 P 1,614	518.5 424.5 1 1 9 9 9 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2
22 P 43.855 P 2 13 C 1	P 230,45 P 124,44 105,36		<u>a</u>	233,369 249,743 			$\overline{\smile}$		4 6 6 4 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6	10)		P 2,638	424.5 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2
22 P 44,855 P 13	P 124,44		a	249,743 115,171) 10,252) 125,423)		· ·	_		43	[9]		P 1,614	1 9 9 2 2 2 10.2
22 13 13 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14	13,4,44		<u>.</u>	249,743 			~			(Q)		101	1 2 2 2 10,2
star 2.2 13 star 8.773 8.778 8.778 8.778 8.778					18303)								144 947 294 10,254
8,773			294 (18.303)						144		947
8,773				. (115,171) (10,252) (125,423) (125,423)	18.303)						947)		10,254
8.786) (83	(10,252) (125,423) (57,054 (18.303) (294		10,25
8,786) - (88)	57,054 (18.303) (10,252)	2)(
22.28				57,054 (18.303)(10,762) (10,764
22.28						1,112)		9,620	5)	П	47,265	108	47,373
22. 28													
	i	- 2	251 - ((251)				i					
Reversal of appropriation Appropriation of excess GLLP over ECL		2.4	14) - (41	2.475)									
Other reserves			((142)									
		2,8	2,854	2,854)									
Disposals of equity securities dassified as FVOCI				17 (17)								
Other adjustments Additional capital contribution to a subsidiary			(105)								105)	405	300
BALANCE AT DECEMBER 31, 2022 P 52,641 P 6,180	0 P 229,946 (I	P 1) P 22,131	131 (P 76)	Р 178,537 (Р	19,950) (P	17,566) P	1,010 P	6,447	Р 38 ((P 5) P	Р 459,332	Р 2,125 Р	461,457
V21.5 d. C/O C/F d. Province and American Company of the Company o	5	9000	e 250	914.636	4 6000	9	4 , 350	u 7.000 o	9	ĝ	201 403	9	200
2.2	120,721		-	676,517	9004					a l		0.651	
ng the year	120		,				,	,	,		133	,	13.
Options transferred during the year Options expensed during the wear			273 -								273		273
Cash dividends				(5,602)						-	5,602) (0 (1	5,60
13	120		317	5,602)							5,152)(100	5,153)
Total comprehensive income (loss)				42,791 () (\$65'\$	(\$66'\$	55	2,686	92 ((9)	37,028	17	37,045
Transfer from Surplus Free 22.28		-	,	263.)									
of excess GLLP over ECL	•	- 1,3	1,337 - ((1,337)									
Other reserves 22 -			. 649	1649)		. .							
Dismonts of centry securities dassified as IVOCI				322) (43)						365)		365)

See Notes to Financial Statements.

Statements of Changes in Equity

BDO UNIBANK, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023, 2022 AND 2021

(Amounts in Millions of Philippine Pesos)

Note that the part of the pa	Notes Common Stock Preferred	Additional Paid-in Capital 9 229,927 (506 607 708 709 70	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1			Fair Value lins (Losses) FVOCT	Year Acti	P 1,007 P	Translation Adjustment Adjustment Adjustment	Comprehensive come (Loss) of the Comprehensive come (Loss) of the biddin/rics and	Total Equity P 459,899 349 349 384
130 140	Y 1, 2023 P 52,641 P P P P P P P P P	P 229/927			178,300 16,207 16,207 16,207 19,860 19,860 23,01 22,271 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17	<u>C</u>		P 1,007	38 38 39 39 39 39 39 39	435 8	
Fig. 1979 Fig.	ing the year and t	\$06 \$06 \$06 \$06 \$07 \$08				, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		P 1,0007	36 38 38 39 38 39 39 30 30 30 30 30 30	427 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	
Charles Char	ring the year and get by year	506 - 506 - 124,428 - 105,368						1,007	39 39 39 39 39 39 39 30 30	(P 427)	
Checker Chec	ing the year are the control of the year are the control of the year are the control of the year are the year	806 						P 1,007	36 36		
Charles 21,23 Charles Charle	me (loss) e c 22.28 s GLIP over ECL 22 28 is classified as FVOCI THER 31, 2023 Y 1, 2022 22 P 43,855 me (loss) e c GLIP over ECL 22 13 8,773 e d GLIP over ECL 22 22 P 43,855 P 8,773 e c 22, 28 c 27, 28	506 			16.207 16.207 16.207 16.207 16.207 16.207 1.986 1.986 2.271	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		P 1,0007	36 36 38		
CID meter; 22.23	me (loss) e s GILP over ECL 22, 28 is c lussified as FVOCI The result of the year ing the year	506 		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	16.207 67.1199 26.319 1.98(s) 1.98(s) 2.271 2.271 2.271 2.27,028	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		4 1,007	39 39	(P 427) (P 438) (P 438) (P 438) (P 438)	
Component Comp	me (loss) e s GLLP over ECL 22 is classified as FVOCI 18ER 31, 2023 Y 1, 2022 22 P 43,855 P 43,855 P 6,8773 me (loss) e s GLLP over ECL 22, 28 8,773 e s GLLP over ECL 22, 28	P 230,433			202) 1,986) 2,273) 2,273) 2,2740 2,249,407	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		4 1,007	39 39	(P 4327)	
Class Clas	rec (toss) s GLIP over ECL 22, 28 s GLIP over ECL 22 is c lassified as PVOC1 Y 1, 2022 Y 1, 2022 22 P 43,855 P 43,855 P 6 8,773 rec (toss) s GLIP over ECL 22, 28 s GLIP over ECL 23, 28 s GLIP over ECL 24, 28, 28, 28 s GLIP over ECL 25, 28 s GLIP over ECL 26, 28, 28, 28 s GLIP over ECL 27, 28 s GLIP over ECL 27, 28 s GLIP over ECL 27, 28 s GLIP over ECL 28, 28, 28, 28, 28, 28, 28, 28, 28, 28,	P 230,433 P 124,428 - 131 - 105,368			267.09 262.0 1,986.0 23.0 2.271.0 7 227.08 249,407 	ر ا من ا من			36 36	(P 435)	
Comparison Com	e s GLIP over ECL 22	P 234,433 P 124,428 P 131 P 105,368			262) 1,986) 23) 2,271 7 227,028 249,407			P 1,0007		(P 3,358)	
Compared to Proceeding Compared to Proceed	s GLLP over ECL 22.28	P 230,433 P 124,428			202) 23 230 23			P 1,007	39		
State Colored Res. 23 Colored Res. 24 Colored Res. 2	ise classified as FVOCI IBER 31, 2023 Y 1, 2022 Y 1, 2022 Y 1, 2022 Z 2 P 43,855 P P 43,855 P P 8,706 Ing the year ing the year P 8,773 P P 8,786 In the year P 8,778 In the year P 8,778 In the year P 8,778 In the year P P 8,786 In the year P P 8,786 In the year P P 8,786 In the year P P P 8,786 In the year P P P P P P P P P P P P P P P P P P P	P 230.433 P 124.428			249,407 - 249,407 - 115,171) 10,252) 125,423			P 1,0007	3 9	(P 445)	
1,302 2,104 2,10	ise classified as FVOCI 19ER 31, 2023 1 1, 2022 2 2 43.855 1 2 6 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	P 230,433		, ,	22710) 7 227,018 229,407	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		P 1,007	() () () () () () () () () ()	(P 4358)	
Fig. 1972 Fig.	HBER 31, 2023 P S2,684 P S1, 2022 P 43,855 P S1, 2022 P 43,855 P S1, 2022 P S2,684 P P P S2,684 P P S2,684 P P P S2,684 P P P P P P P P P P P P P P P P P P P	P 234,433 P 124,428 - 131 - 105,368 - 105,499			227,028 249,407 	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		P 1,007	39 39	(P 4358)	
1,002	HBER 31, 2023 P 52,684 P 51,2022 P 43,885 P 71,2022 P 43,885 P 71,2022 P 43,885 P 71,2022 P 43,885 P 71,2022 P 71,20	P 230,433			227,028 249,407 - - 115,171 10,252 125,423	, , , , , ,		P 1,007		(b 3,338)	
Hearth (1972) Part of States Part	HERR 31, 2023 Y 1, 2022 Y 1, 2022 22 R 43,855 P 43,855 P 43,855 P 8,773 R 13 R 13	P 230,433 P 124,428 . 131			249,407 249,407 - - 115,171 10,252 125,423	σί 		P 1,007	36	(P 435)	
1,002 2	Y 1, 2022 22 13 143,855 15 16 17 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18	P 124428 131 . 105,368 (249,407 - - 115,171) 10,252)			P 1,007	36	(PP 3,358)	·
1,302 22	Y 1, 2022 22 22 13 ing the year ing the year ing the year 8,773 8,773 8,773 c 5 GLLP over ECL 22, 28 22, 28 22, 28	P 124428 131 105.568 (105.499 (249,407			P 1,007	36	(P 3,358)	
Chick year St. 22, 23 St. 22, 24 St. 22, 25 St.	22 13 ing the year ing the year ing the year 8,773 8,774 8,778 e 22,28 s GLLP over ECL 22,28			289							144 941, 289 10,252
Color Colo	Ing the year ing t			941)	- - 115,171) 10,252)						144 941) 289 289 1) 10,252
(box) (c) (c) (c) (d) (d) (d) (d) (d	8,773			941) 289 .	115,171) 10,252) 125,423)						941 289 10,252
State Stat	8.773				115,171) 10,252)						1 10,252
(1508) (1508) (1509) (1	8.786		. (1		10,252)	,					10,252
CLIP over ECL 22.38	8.786		1) (125,423)			-		-	192 01
Collection (2.23) Collection (2.24) Collection (2	wer ECL			652)(,			10,,01
GLIP over ECL 22,28 :	wer ECL				56,993 (11,873) ((19)		47,199
CILIP over ECL. 22 2311 (2311)	GLLP over ECL										
CILID over ECL. 23 1	of excess GLLP over ECL	,		251 (251)			,			
so classified as PVOCI 1.2021 2.204 1.2021 2.204 2.20				2,311 (2,311)						
Se classified as FVOCT 1, 2021 1, 202				13.2	132)						
R 31, 202 P 52,641 P 6,180 P 229,927 (P 1) P 210,011 P 178,300 (P 12,228) (P 16,902) P 1,007 (P 25) (P 14,010 P 4,842) P 4,842 P 5,150 P 124,308 P 1 170,085 P 214,207 P 2,459 (P 10,012) P 952 (P 14,01) P 4, 110,012 P 952 (P 14,010 P 5,923) P 39 P 4,842 P 1,021 P				2,694 (2,694)						
1,2021 P	sposals of equity securities classified as FVOCI				17 (7)				(10)	
1,2021 22 14 43,8442 15 5,150 15 12 43,8842 16 12,4308 17 12,881 18 12 120 18 12,4308 19 11,0885 19 11,0	P 52,641 P	P 229,927 (-		178,300 (Ы	P 1,007 (Р 459,899
1, 2021 2 P 43,842 P 5,150 P 124,308 P 17,085 P 214,207 P 2,459 (P 10,012) P 952 (P 14) (P 5,923) P 3 g by search the byte of											
22 step year 13	P 43,842 P	P 124,308			214,207	2,459 (Ь		5,923)	P 392,054
the year 13 - 120 - 65	22										
gibb year 5 the year 5		120									133
Clib over ECL 22,28	Options transferred during the year			69 (3)							69
GLIDA OVET ECL 22,28	Options expensed during the year Cash dividends			757	5.602)						5.602
CGLIP over ECL 22.28		120	 - 	317 (5 602						5 152
GLIP over ECL. 22.28	to Journal aneitra income (Jace)				42 681	2 785) (\$ 663	5.5	9	7 587	36925
GLIP over ECL 22, 28	our comparation meeting (1999)										
22) 191	763.)	,	,		,		
22	0.00			1,250	1,250)						
				44 ((44)			,			
. (322) (22) (22) (23) (22) (23) (23) (23) (23) (23) (23) (23) (23)				1,557 (1,557)						
4 (955) 4 (170) 4 (252) 4 (170) 6 (170) 70 (170) 70 (170) 4 (170) 70 (170) 4 (170) 70 (170) 7	sposals of equity securities classified as FVOCI			-	322) (22)		,	,	(22) (396
	n 42.055	0	4		240.407		2	D 1 007		(B 3358)	D 473.461

See Notes to Financial Statements.

Statements of Cash Flows

BDO UNIBANK, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIESFOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023, 2022 AND 2021 (Amounts in Millions of Philippine Pesos)

NCTIVITIES Notes					BDO Ur	BDO Unibank Group					P	Parent Bank		
10		Notes		2023		2022		2021		2023		2022		2021
Part	CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES													
10, 11, 15, 16, 16, 16, 17, 16, 144, 17, 19, 16, 18, 19, 19, 19, 18, 19, 19, 19, 19, 19, 19, 19, 19, 19, 19	Profit before tax		Ь	97,181	Ь	73,193	Ь	55,762	Ь	88,010	Ь	70,326	Ь	54,059
1,000 1,00	Adjustments for:													
10, 11, 15, 16 48, 193 166,954 147,093	Interest income	23	_	240,196)	_	169,071)	_	144,879)	_	226,389)	\cup	158,632)	_	136,772)
10 1, 15, 16 16,360 15,630 15,030 15	Interest received			237,732		166,954		147,093		223,260		156,703		140,391
10, 11, 15, 16	Interest expense	4 7		53,809	,	19,839	,	13,333	,	111,16	,	18,728	,	12,906
10, 11, 15, 16 16,366 17,063 17,063 17,063 17,063 17,063 17,063 17,063 17,063 17,063 17,063 17,063 17,063 17,063 17,063 17,063 17,063 17,063 17,064 17	Interest paid		_	48,193)	_	16,862)	_	15,039)	_	46,2/8)	_	(266,51	_	15,050)
12, 14, 15 18, 12, 15 18, 10 19 11, 14, 15 18, 10 1	Impairment losses	10, 11, 15, 16		16,396		16,366		17,063		15,640		15,588		16,829
15 (6.276)	Depreciation and amortization	12, 14, 15		12,820		9,920		9,198		11,449		8,715		8,035
15	Gain on acquisition of a subsidiary	30	_	6,276)										
t fair value 11, 1967 11	Share in net profit of subsidiaries and associates	15	_	1,273)	_	849)	_	814)	_	8,378)	_	8,710)	_	6,350)
This value	Fair value losses (gains)		_	288		629	\cup	293)	_	526)		198	\cup	221)
11.087	Foreign exchange loss (gain) unrealized			544	\cup	15,457)	$\overline{}$	7,614)		269	\cup	13,859)	\cup	6,714)
31 (8) (278)	Loss (gain) from the disposal of financial assets at fair value													
amortized cost	through other comprehensive income (FVOCI)			31	_	8	_	278)		3	J	13)	\cup	(161
s and labilities c through profit or loss (Gain from the disposal of investment securities at amortized cost					18)		156)				18)		108
e through profit or loss (Operating profit before changes in operating resources and liabilities			121,987		84,686		75,576		108,171		73,034		68,814
1,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,0	Decrease (increase) in financial assets at fair value through profit or loss		J	1.910)		2,708	_	10.287)	_	2.045)	J	1.431)		39
1,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,0	Increase in loans and other receivables		_	259,692)	J	233,423)	<i>-</i>	145.077)	<i>-</i>	253.277)	<i>-</i>	203.542)	J	135.533)
1,9446 19,653 13,928 13,928 13,928 14,3249 38,047 210,839 12,604 19,4579 14,399 141,399 14	Increase in investment properties		<i>-</i> _	2.237)	<i>-</i>	3,864)	<i>-</i> _	4.291)	<i>-</i> _	1,613)	_	2.599)	_	(928)
174,603 398,047 210,839 398,047 210,839 398,047 210,839 398,047 210,839 398,047 210,839 398,047 210,839 398,047 210,839 398,047 210,839 398,047 31,213 (Increase in other resources		_	24.646)	<i>-</i>	19.653)	<i>-</i>	13.928)		19,588)		16.889)	-	9.535)
8,775 8,655 12,604 9,153 29,034 15,965 194,679 26,190 141,399 (Increase in denosit liabilities		_	343,249	,	398 047		210 839	_	332.613	,	387387	,	203,574
9.153	Increase in insurance contract liabilities			8.775		8 655		12,604						
194,679 266,190 141,399 15,040 141,399 174,603 13,040 141,399 174,603 13,040 141,399 174,603 128,186 174,090 170,990	Increase in other liabilities			9.153		29,034		15.963		9.724		22.838		13.629
174,603	Cach converted from overetime			104 670		266 190		141 300		173 085		358 708		140 330
174,603 252,550 128,186 128,187,614 140,241 127,859 128,186 128,186 128,186 128,187,186 128,18	Cash gairiated Ifoin operations		,	20.076)	,	13 640)	,	141,399	,	17,358)	,	11 242)	,	12 140)
174,603 252,550 128,186 128,186 1	Cash part for income tax			70,010)		13,040		(617,61	_	0000		717,11	_	12,110
t 10 (906,674) (285,428) (476,166) (770,990	Net Cash From Operating Activities			174,603		252,550		128,186		156,627		247,556		128,190
10 (906,674) (285,428) (476,166) (770,990	CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES													
t 10 (115,310 (161,048) (169,502) (161,048) (169,502) (161,048) (169,502) (161,048) (169,502) (161,048) (169,502) (161,048) (161,048) (169,502) (161,048) (1	Acquisitions of financial assets at FVOCI	10	$\overline{}$	906,674)	$\overline{}$	285,428)	\cup	476,166)	J	872,261)	\cup	258,499)	\cup	446,867)
st 10 (115,310) (161,048) (169,502) (100	Proceeds from disposals of financial assets at FVOCI			770,990		279,524		490,264		760,430		259,560		459,718
premt 10 50,174 61,931 68,198 (8,198 (7,98)) (8,198 (1,99)) (1,99	Acquisitions of investment securities at amortized cost	10	J	115,310)	\cup	161,048)	\cup	169,502)	J	111,216)	\cup	155,379)	_	161,191)
res and equipment 12 (6,843) (3,888) (3,883) (1,983) (1,171) - 285 - 158 (1,171) - 158 (1,171) - 158 (1,171) - 158 (1,171) - 158 (1,171) (1,171) - 158 (1,171) (1	Maturities of investment securities at amortized cost	10		50,174		61,931		68,198		46,673		56,431		60,520
rs and equipment (1,171) - 285 - 158 (Acquisitions of premises, furniture, fixtures and equipment	12	J	6,843)	_	3,888)	\cup	3,853)	J	5,711)	\cup	2,839)	\cup	3,314)
res and equipment (208,723) (108,624) (90,901) (108,624) (90,901) (108,624) (108,624) (108,624) (108,624) (109,901) (Net addition to equity investment		_	1,171)		,		,	_	1,171)				
19 (108,624) (90,901) (90,901) 19 (198,313) (154,424) (139,905) (137,839) 22 (16,247) (10,241) (127,839) (5603) 13 (4,370) (4,192) (3,238) (3,238) 22 (34,70) (36,485) (30,744) (30,744)	Proceeds from disposals of premises, furniture, fixtures and equipment			Ξ		285		158	ļ	39		168		65
19 (198,313) (154,424) (139,905) (19 187,614 140,241 127,859	Net Cash Used in Investing Activities			208,723)		108,624)		90,901)		183,217)		100,558)	\bigcup	91,069)
19 (198,313) (154,424) (139,905) (19 187,614 140,241 127,859 (16,207) (10,255) (5,603) (13 (4,70) (4,192) (3,238) (22 (34,907) (4,192) (3,238) (13 (34,907) (34,907) (36,003) (3,238)	CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES													
le 19 187,614 140,241 127,859 22 (16,207) (10,255) (5,603) (5,003) (13 (4,192) (3,238) (13 (3,003) (144 (133 (133 (130) (144 (130) (130) (144 (130) (130) (144 (130) (130) (144 (130) (144 (130) (144 (130) (144 (130) (144 (130) (144 (130) (144 (130) (144 (130) (144 (130) (144 (130) (144 (130) (144 (130) (144 (130) (144 (130) (144 (144 (130) (144 (Payments of bills payable	19	J	198.313)	J	154,424)	J	139.905)	J	155.761)	J	125.969)	J	74.022)
22 (16,207) (10,255) (5,603) (13 (4,370) (4,192) (3,238) (Proceeds from bills payable	19		187,614	,	140,241	,	127,859		134,226	,	110,080	,	60,762
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Dividends paid	22	J	16,207)	_	10,255)	J	5,603)	_	16,207)	J	10,253)	J	5,602)
22 (549) (144 133 (133 (144 134 (144 133 (144 133 (144 133 (144 133 (144 133 (144 133 (144 134 (144 133 (144 134 (144 144 (144 134 (144 (14	Payments of lease liabilities			4 370)	<i>-</i>	4 192)	<i>-</i>	3 2 3 8)		4 097)	_	4 032)		3 100)
1 (24 30) (38 480) (101 49)	r dynamics or reasonatonates Proceeds from issuance of common stock	22		549	_	144		133	_	549	_	144	_	133
(to 107) (option) (in 100)	Net Cash Used in Financing Activities		J	30,727)	J	28,486)	_	20,754)	J	41,290)	J	30,030)	\cup	21,829)
	0					,							_	

116,968

67,880)

<u>P</u>

16,531

Ъ

115,440

64,847)

<u>P</u>

NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (Carried Forward)

BDO UNIBANK, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023, 2022 AND 2021 (Amounts in Millions of Philippine Pesos)

				BDO Unibank Group	ank Group					Parent Bank	Bank		
	Notes	20	2023	2022	22	2021		2023		2022	21	2	2021
		!			:			,	į	,		,	
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (Brought Forward)		Ч)	64,847)	4	115,440	А	16,531	4	67,880)	Ь	116,968	Ч	15,292
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF YEAR													
Cash and other cash items	œ		82,944		69,105		74,851		999,08		66,440		72,301
Due from Bangko Sentral ng Pilipinas (BSP)	œ		385,779		304,906	6	308,636		382,210		302,660		305,079
Due from other banks	6		58,766		70,092		65,289		51,055		64,349		63,281
Investment securities at amortized cost	10						164	•					164
Reverse repurchase agreements	11		26,305		17,095		16,729		26,091		15,800		14,135
Interbank loans receivables	11		98,942		81,083		57,100		102,293		81,083		57,100
Foreign currency notes and coins (FCNC)	16		10,582		5,597		8,578		10,582		5,597		8,577
			663,318		547,878	2	531,347		652,897		535,929		520,637
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF YEAR													
Cash and other cash items	œ		94,278		82,944		69,105		91,635		999,08		66,440
Due from BSP	œ		335,076		385,779	6	04,906		332,428		382,210		302,660
Due from other banks	6		84,678		58,766		70,092		76,567		51,055		64,349
Investment securities at amortized cost	10		1,163			,			400				
Reverse repurchase agreements	11		25,370		26,305		17,095		24,970		26,091		15,800
Interbank loans receivables	11		48,920		98,942		81,083		49,722		102,293		81,083
FCNC	16		8,986		10,582		5,597		8,986		10,582		5,597
		<u>d</u>	598,471	Ь	663,318	Р 5	547,878	Ы	585,017	Ь	652,897	Ъ	535,929

Supplemental Information on Noncash Financing and Investing Activities

The following are the significant noncash transactions:

- a. The BDO Unibank Group and the Parent Bank acquired real and other properties totalling to P3,502 and P3,445, respectively, in 2023, P8,333 and P8,230, respectively, in 2022, and P4,403 and P4,361, respectively, in 2021 in settlement of certain loan accounts
- b. The BDO Unibank Group and the Parent Bank recognized additional night-of-use assets amounting to P3,716 and P3,7309, respectively, in 2023, P4,683 and P4,414, respectively, in 2022, and P2,251, respectively, in 2021 which are presented as part of Premises, Furnitures, Fixtures and Equipment (see Notes 12 and 13).

Other Information

Certain investment securities at amortized cost, reverse repurchase agreements, interbank loans receivables, and FCNC are included as part of Due from Other Banks is excluded from cash and cash equivalents for cash flow purposes (see Note 24). Margin deposits presented as part of Due from Other Banks is excluded from cash and cash equivalents for cash flow purposes (see Note 9).

Notes to Financial Statements

BDO UNIBANK, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

DECEMBER 31, 2023, 2022 AND 2021

(Amounts in Millions of Philippine Pesos, Except Per Share Data or As Indicated)

1. CORPORATE MATTERS

1.1 Incorporation and Operations

BDO Unibank, Inc. (BDO Unibank, BDO or the Parent Bank) was incorporated in the Philippines on December 20, 1967 to engage in the business of banking. It was authorized to engage in trust operations on January 5, 1988 and in foreign currency deposit operations on November 23, 1990. The Bangko Sentral ng Pilipinas (BSP) granted approval to the Parent Bank to operate as an expanded commercial bank on August 5, 1996. The Parent Bank commenced operations as such in September of the same year. The Parent Bank and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as BDO Unibank Group) offer a wide range of banking services such as commercial banking, investment banking, private banking, insurance and other banking services. These services include traditional loan and deposit products, as well as treasury, asset management, realty management, leasing and finance, remittance, trade services, retail cash cards, life insurance and insurance brokerage, credit card services, stock brokerage, trust and others.

As a banking institution, BDO Unibank Group's operations are regulated and supervised by the BSP. In this regard, BDO Unibank Group is required to comply with the rules and regulations of the BSP such as those relating to maintenance of reserve requirements on deposit liabilities and deposit substitutes and those relating to the adoption and use of safe and sound banking practices, among others, as promulgated by the BSP. BDO Unibank Group is subject to the provisions of Republic Act (R.A.) No. 8791, the *General Banking Law of 2000*, and other related banking laws.

The Parent Bank's common shares are listed in the Philippine Stock Exchange (PSE).

The BDO Unibank Group and the Parent Bank's banking network within and outside the Philippines as of December 31, 2023 and 2022 follows:

	BDO Uniba	ınk Group	Parent I	Bank
-	2023	2022	2023	2022
Local branches	1,720	1,650	1,206	1,197
Foreign branches	2	2	2	2
Automated teller				
machines (ATMs):				
On-site	2,863	2,385	2,863	2,385
Off-site	1,939	2,269	1,939	2,269
Cash accept machines (CAMs)	557	640	557	640
Branch universal machines	150	-	150	-
Self-service teller machines	4	8	4	8
Mobile automated teller				
machines	1	1	1	1

BDO Unibank Group operates mainly within the Philippines with banking branches in Hong Kong and Singapore, a real estate and holding company in Europe, and various remittance subsidiaries operating in Asia, Europe, Canada and the United States. These foreign operations accounted for 1.8%, 1.4% and 1.2% of BDO Unibank Group's total revenues in 2023, 2022 and 2021, respectively, and 2.0% of BDO Unibank Group's total resources as of December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively. BDO Unibank Group's subsidiaries and associates are shown in Notes 2.3 and 15.

The Parent Bank's principal office address is at BDO Corporate Center, 7899 Makati Avenue, Makati City while the temporary business address is at BDO Towers Valero, 8741 Paseo de Roxas Street, Salcedo Village, Makati City effective October 30, 2021 until further notice.

1.2 Impact of Russia - Ukraine Conflict on the BDO Unibank Group's Business

On February 24, 2022, Russia started its military offensive on Ukraine which caused far-reaching impact for economies, markets, and businesses. The ongoing military conflict has introduced a wide range of sanctions against Russia, including certain Russian entities and individuals and led to significant casualties, dislocation of population, damage to infrastructure, slowdown of business operations in both countries, disruption of supply chains and commodity flows that impact prices of items such as petroleum products, cereals, iron, and steel.

A prolonged conflict between Russia and Ukraine may result in a significant slowdown in the global and Philippine economy and therefore a potential consequential deterioration in the business outlook for the Philippines. However, as of December 31, 2023, the BDO Unibank Group, whose business is primarily in the Philippines, has not been affected in a material way by the Russia-Ukraine conflict, despite its inflationary impact on commodity prices and disruption in supply chains. The Philippines remains a domestically-focused, import-dependent consumption economy, and Philippine Gross Domestic Product (GDP) numbers remained strong and resilient in 2023. The reopening of the economy, the lifting of mobility restrictions and the resurgence in consumption spending all contributed to this strong GDP performance. This in turn has led to improved albeit tempered loan growth, better margins from the increase in policy rates and net income growth, not just for the BDO Unibank Group, but for the industry in general.

The BDO Unibank Group continues to closely monitor developments in both the global and domestic markets. While the impact of the conflict has not been material so far, the BDO Unibank Group recognizes that supply chain disruptions could affect economic activity, resulting in slower growth and consumption. The BDO Unibank Group believes that its established business franchise and strong financial condition will allow it to weather near-term risks arising from the ongoing conflict.

1.3 Israel vs Hamas

On October 7, 2023, Hamas militants from Gaza commenced simultaneous incursions into several areas in neighboring Israel, damaging housing and infrastructure, inflicting casualties and taking hundreds of hostages. Israel Defense Forces responded by turning back the attackers and mounting an invasion of Gaza, with the objective of addressing the Hamas threat and rescuing the hostages. The conflict is ongoing, resulting in significant destruction of Gaza and fatalities from both sides, including non-combatants.

A wider conflict in the Middle East (ME) poses a major risk to the Philippine economy, resulting from energy supply disruptions involving major oil-producing countries. In such a situation, the Philippines, which is a net energy importer, would be negatively impacted by higher oil prices and increased inflation, reduced consumer purchasing power, and overall uncertainties in the economic growth outlook. A wider ME conflict may also negatively impact OFW remittances from the region, which accounts for approximately 17% of the total. OFW remittances are a significant contributor to domestic consumption.

The Israel-Hamas conflict expanded beyond Gaza when Houthi rebels in Yemen, in solidarity with the Palestinians, began attacking merchant ships passing through the Red Sea. This forced shipping companies to suspend or re-route their vessels' operations on threat of being attacked. Vessels passing through the Red Sea account for an estimated 11% of global trade and 30% of global container shipping volume. The Red Sea crisis still persists and renewed attacks will result in major shipping disruptions and higher freight costs, which will impact global trade and affect the country's economic activity.

The impact of the conflict has been negligible so far, and the BDO Unibank Group continues to closely monitor developments in this area.

1.4 Continuing Impact of COVID-19 Pandemic on BDO Unibank Group's Business

The COVID-19 pandemic spread in the Philippines in early 2020, significantly impacting the nation's economy and society in general. Successful efforts to contain the pandemic via health and safety protocols including vaccination of bulk of the population led to the lifting of mobility restrictions in early 2023, ushering in a return to normalized levels of consumer and business activities.

As a result, the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic to the BDO Unibank Group has considerably diminished and the BDO Unibank Group's operations have gone back to pre-pandemic levels. In 2023, an increase in net profit of 29% and 26% was registered for BDO Unibank Group and the Parent Bank, respectively.

Management will continue to monitor any potential risks that may arise from lingering COVID-19 issues, and will institute measures to mitigate these, as needed. Based on the country's economic growth performance, management is optimistic that the BDO Unibank Group will continue to post positive results and will maintain sufficient liquidity to meet current obligations as they fall due. Accordingly, management has not determined any material uncertainty that may cast significant doubt on the BDO Unibank Group's ability to continue as a going concern due to the effects of the pandemic.

1.5 Approval of Financial Statements

The financial statements of the BDO Unibank Group and the Parent Bank as of and for the year ended December 31, 2023 (including the comparative financial statements as of December 31, 2022 and for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021) were authorized for issue by the Parent Bank's Board of Directors (BOD) on February 24, 2024.

2. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION

The material accounting policy information that have been used in the preparation of these financial statements are summarized below and in the succeeding pages. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

2.1 Basis of Preparation of Financial Statements

(a) Statement of Compliance with Financial Reporting Standards in the Philippines

The consolidated financial statements of BDO Unibank Group and the separate financial statements of the Parent Bank have been prepared in accordance with Philippine Financial Reporting Standards (PFRS). PFRS are adopted by the Financial and Sustainability Reporting Standards Council (FSRSC), from the pronouncements issued by the International Accounting Standards Board, and approved by the Philippine Board of Accountancy.

The financial statements have been prepared using the measurement bases specified by PFRS for each type of resources, liability, income and expense. The measurement bases are more fully described in the accounting policies that follow.

(b) Presentation of Financial Statements

The financial statements are presented in accordance with Philippine Accounting Standard (PAS) 1, *Presentation of Financial Statements*. The BDO Unibank Group and the Parent Bank present a statement of comprehensive income separate from the statement of income.

(c) Functional and Presentation Currency

These financial statements are presented in Philippine pesos, the BDO Unibank Group and the Parent Bank's functional and presentation currency, and all values are presented in millions, except for per share data or when otherwise indicated (see also Note 2.19).

Items included in the financial statements of BDO Unibank Group and the Parent Bank are measured using its functional currency. Functional currency is the currency of the primary economic environment in which BDO Unibank Group and the Parent Bank operate.

(d) Reclassification of Accounts

In 2022, the BDO Unibank Group and the Parent Bank presented margin deposits and equity investments - net under Other Resources - Net. In 2023, the said 2022 balances of margin deposits and equity investments - net were reclassified and presented as Due from Other Banks and as a separate line under Equity Investments - net, respectively.

		reviously Stated	Reclass	ifications	_As]	Restated
BDO Unibank Group						
Change in resources: Due from other banks – net Equity investments – net Other resources – net	P	58,766 - 59,859	P (1,689 5,501 7,190)	P	60,455 5,501 52,669
Effect in resources			<u>P</u>			
Parent Bank						
Change in resources: Due from other banks – net Equity investments – net Other resources – net	P	51,055 - 102,815	P (379 56,115 56,494)	P	51,434 56,115 46,321
Effect in resources			<u>P</u>			

The BDO Unibank Group and the Parent Bank did not present a third statement of financial position as the reclassifications do not have an impact on the net assets in the 2022 statement of financial position and therefore, did not have any effect on BDO's statement of changes in equity for the year ended December 31, 2022.

2.2 Adoption of Amended PFRS

(a) Effective in 2023 that are Relevant to BDO Unibank Group and the Parent Bank

The BDO Unibank Group and the Parent Bank adopted for the first time the following amendments to PFRS, which are mandatorily effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2023:

PAS 1 and PFRS Practice

Statement 2 (Amendments) : Presentation of Financial Statements –

Disclosure of Accounting Policies

PAS 8 (Amendments) : Definition of Accounting Estimates

PAS 12 (Amendments) : Deferred Tax Related to Assets and

Liabilities from a Single Transaction

Discussed below are the relevant information about these pronouncements.

(i) PAS 1 and PFRS Practice Statement 2 (Amendments), *Presentation of Financial Statements – Disclosure of Accounting Policies.* The amendments replaced the requirement for entities to disclose their significant accounting policies with the requirement to disclose their material accounting policy information. The amendments also include guidance to help entities apply the definition of material in making decisions about accounting policy disclosures.

The amendments clarify that accounting policy information may be material because of its nature, even if the related amounts are immaterial, that accounting policy information is material if users of an entity's financial statements would need it to understand other material information in the financial statements and if an entity discloses immaterial accounting policy information, such information shall not obscure material accounting policy information. The application of these amendments is reflected in the BDO Unibank Group and the Parent Bank's financial statements under Notes 2 and 3.

- (ii) PAS 8 (Amendments), Definition of Accounting Estimates. The amendments introduced a new definition of accounting estimate which is a monetary amount in the financial statements that are subject to measurement uncertainty. It also clarifies that a change in accounting estimate that results from new information or new developments is not a correction of an error. In addition, the effects of a change in an input or a measurement technique used to develop an accounting estimate are changes in accounting estimates if they do not result from the correction of prior period errors. The application of these amendments had no significant impact on the BDO Unibank Group and the Parent Bank's financial statements.
- (iii) PAS 12 (Amendments), Deferred Tax Related to Assets and Liabilities from a Single Transaction. The amendments narrow the scope of the initial recognition exception under PAS 12, so that it no longer applies to transactions that give rise to equal taxable and deductible temporary differences. The amendments also clarify that where payments that settle a liability are deductible for tax purposes, it is a matter of judgement (having considered the applicable tax law) whether such deductions are attributable for tax purposes to the liability recognized in the financial statements (and interest expense) or to the related asset component (and interest expense). Management assessed that the application of such amendments had no significant impact on the BDO Unibank Group and the Parent Bank's financial statements.

(b) Effective in 2023 that are not Relevant to the BDO Unibank Group and the Parent Bank

Among the amendments to PFRS which are mandatorily effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2023, the amendments to PAS 12, *International Tax Reform – Pillar Two Model Rules*, are not relevant to the BDO Unibank Group and the Parent Bank's financial statements.

(c) Effective Subsequent to 2023 but not Adopted Early

There are new standard and amendments to existing standards effective for annual periods subsequent to 2023, which are adopted by the FSRSC. Management will adopt the following relevant pronouncements in accordance with their transitional provisions; and, unless otherwise stated, none of these are expected to have significant impact on the BDO Unibank Group and the Parent Bank's financial statements.

- (i) PAS 1 (Amendments), Presentation of Financial Statements Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current (effective from January 1, 2024)
- (ii) PAS 1 (Amendments), Presentation of Financial Statements Non-current Liabilities with Covenants (effective from January 1, 2024)
- (iii) PAS 7 (Amendments), Cash Flow Statements and PFRS 7 (Amendments), Financial Instruments: Disclosures Supplier Finance Arrangements (effective from January 1, 2024)
- (iv) PFRS 16 (Amendments), Leases Lease Liability in a Sale and Leaseback (effective from January 1, 2024)
- (v) PFRS 17, Insurance Contracts Insurance Contracts (effective from January 1, 2025)
- (vi) PFRS 17 (Amendments), *Insurance Contracts Initial Application of PFRS 17 and PFRS 9 Comparative Information* (effective from January 1, 2025)
- (vii) PAS 21 (Amendments), The Effects of Changes in Foreign Exchange Rates Lack of Exchangeability (effective from January 1, 2025)

2.3 Basis of Consolidation

The BDO Unibank Group's consolidated financial statements comprise the accounts of the Parent Bank, and its subsidiaries as enumerated in Notes 2.3(c) and 15, after the elimination of material intercompany transactions. All intercompany resources and liabilities, equity, income, expenses and cash flows relating to transactions between entities under the BDO Unibank Group, are eliminated in full on consolidation. Unrealized profits and losses from intercompany transactions that are recognized in assets are also eliminated in full. Intercompany losses that indicate impairment are recognized in the consolidated financial statements.

The financial statements of the subsidiaries are prepared for the same reporting period as the Parent Bank, using consistent accounting principles.

The Parent Bank accounts for its investments in subsidiaries, associates, and transactions with non-controlling interests as follows:

(a) Investments in Subsidiaries

In the consolidated statements of the BDO Unibank Group, the acquisition method is applied to account for acquired subsidiaries. Acquisition method requires recognizing and measuring the identifiable resources acquired, the liabilities assumed and any non-controlling interest in the acquiree.

On the other hand, business combinations arising from transfers of interests in entities that are under the common control of the shareholder that controls BDO Unibank Group are accounted for under the pooling-of-interest method and reflected in the financial statements as if the business combination had occurred at the beginning of the earliest comparative period presented, or if later, at the date that common control was established; for this purpose, comparative periods presented are restated. The resources and liabilities acquired are recognized in BDO Unibank Group's financial statements at their carrying amounts. The components of equity of the acquired entities are added to the same components within BDO Unibank Group's equity.

Investments in subsidiaries are initially recognized at cost and subsequently accounted for using the equity method in the Parent Bank's financial statements (see Note 2.10).

(b) Investment in Associates

Investments in associates are initially recognized at cost and subsequently accounted for using the equity method. Acquired investment in associate is subject to the purchase method.

All subsequent changes to the ownership interest in the equity of the associates are recognized in the BDO Unibank Group and the Parent Bank's carrying amount of the investments. Changes resulting from the profit or loss generated by the associates are credited or charged against the Share in net income of subsidiaries and associates as part of Miscellaneous - net under Other Operating Income account in the statement of income for BDO Unibank Group and Parent Bank, respectively.

Changes resulting from other comprehensive income of the associate or items recognized directly in the associate's equity are recognized in other comprehensive income or equity of the BDO Unibank Group and the Parent Bank, as applicable. However, when the BDO Unibank Group and the Parent Bank's share of losses in an associate equals or exceeds its interest in the associate, including any other unsecured receivables, the BDO Unibank Group and the Parent Bank do not recognize further losses, unless it has incurred obligations or made payments on behalf of the associate. If the associate subsequently reports profits, the BDO Unibank Group and the Parent Bank resume recognizing its share of those profits only after its share of the profits exceeds the accumulated share of losses that has previously not been recognized.

(c) Transactions with Non-controlling Interests

BDO Unibank Group's transactions with non-controlling interests that do not result in loss of control are accounted for as equity transactions – that is, as transactions with the owners of BDO Unibank Group in their capacity as owners.

In BDO Unibank Group's financial statements, the non-controlling interest component is shown in its statement of changes in equity, and in its statement of income and statement of comprehensive income for the share of profit or loss and movement of other comprehensive income, respectively, during the year.

The BDO Unibank Group holds interests in the following subsidiaries:

	Per	centage of Owners	hip
Subsidiaries	2023	2022	2021
Rural Bank			
BDO Network Bank, Inc.	0.4.0407	05.0507	0.4.050/
(BDO Network)	84.91%	87.37%	84.87%
Investment House			
BDO Capital & Investment			
Corporation (BDO Capital)	99.88%	99.88%	99.88%

Subsidiaries	Percentage of Ownership		
	2023	2022	2021
Private Banking			
BDO Private Bank, Inc.			
(BDO Private)	100%	100%	100%
Leasing and Finance	10070	10070	10070
Averon Holdings Corporation			
(Averon)	99.88%	99.88%	99.88%
BDO Rental, Inc. (BDO Rental)	100%	100%	100%
BDO Finance Corporation	10070	10070	10070
(BDO Finance)	100%	100%	100%
SM Keppel Land, Inc. (SMKL)**	100%	50%	50%
Securities Companies	10070	3070	3070
BDO Securities Corporation			
(BDO Securities)	99.88%	99.88%	99.88%
Armstrong Securities, Inc. (ASI)	77.00 / 0	<i>77.</i> 0070	80%
Real Estate Companies	-	-	00 / 0
BDORO Europe Ltd. (BDORO)	100%	100%	100%
Equimark-NFC Development	100 / 0	10070	10070
Corporation (Equimark)	60%	60%	60%
Insurance Companies	00 / 0	0070	0070
BDO Life Assurance Company Inc.			
1 ,	100%	100%	100%
(BDO Life) BDO Insurance Brokers, Inc. (BDOI)	100%	100%	100%
	10070	10070	10070
Holding Companies			
Dominion Holdings, Inc.			
(Dominion Holdings)			
(formerly BDO Leasing and	00.540/	00.540/	00 5 40/
Finance, Inc.)	88.54%	88.54%	88.54%
BDO Strategic Holdings, Inc.	1000/	1000/	4.0007
(BDOSHI)	100%	100%	100%
Remittance Companies	4000/	4.0007	4000/
BDO Remit (USA), Inc. (BRUSA)	100%	100%	100%
BDO Remit (Japan) Ltd.	100%	100%	100%
BDO Remit (Canada) Ltd.	100%	100%	100%
BDO Remit Limited	100%	100%	100%
BDO Remit (Macau) Ltd.	100%	100%	100%
BDO Remit (UK) Ltd.	99.88%	99.88%	96.20%
BDO Remit International		0.4.5007	0.4.2007
Holdings B.V. (BDO RIH)*	96.20%	96.20%	96.20%
BDO Remit (Spain) S.A.***	-	96.20%	96.20%
CBN Greece S.A*	96.13%	96.13%	96.13%

^{*} Under liquidation

Non-controlling interests represent the interests not held by BDO Unibank Group in BDO Network, BDO Capital, Dominion Holdings, Averon, BDO Securities, Equimark, BDO Remit (UK), BDO RIH, BDO Remit Spain and CBN Greece (see Note 15).

On July 18, 2022, the SEC approved the change in name and purpose of BDO Leasing and Finance, Inc. into Dominion Holdings, Inc., a holding company and remains listed in the PSE.

On August 18, 2022 and October 28, 2022, BDO Unibank subscribed to additional 53,505,727 and 80,258,590 of BDO Network common shares, respectively, at the total subscription price of P4,250, thereby increasing its shareholdings from 84.87% in 2021 to 87.37% in 2022.

On November 29, 2023, non-controlling interests infused additional capital amounting to P450 in BDO Network, decreasing the BDO Unibank Group's ownership to 84.91%.

^{**} Consolidated on December 22, 2023 (see Note 30.4)

^{***} Liquidated on February 7, 2023 (see Note 30.3)

2.4 Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities

Regular purchases and sales of financial assets are recognized on their settlement date (i.e., the date that the BDO Unibank Group commits to purchase or sell the asset).

(a) Classification, Measurement and Reclassification of Financial Assets

The classification and measurement of financial assets are described below.

(i) Financial Assets at Amortized Cost

Where the business model is to hold assets to collect contractual cash flows, the BDO Unibank Group assesses whether the financial instruments' cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest (SPPI). In making this assessment, the BDO Unibank Group considers whether the contractual cash flows are consistent with a basic lending arrangement, i.e., interest includes only consideration for the time value of money, credit risk, other basic lending risks and a profit margin that is consistent with a basic lending arrangement [see Note 3.1(c)]. Where the contractual terms introduce exposure to risk or volatility that are inconsistent with a basic lending arrangement, the related financial asset is classified and measured at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL).

The BDO Unibank Group's financial assets at amortized cost are presented as Cash and Other Cash Items, Due from BSP, Due from Other Banks, Loans and Other Receivables, Investment securities at amortized cost under Trading and Investment Securities and certain accounts under Other Resources account in the statement of financial position.

For purposes of reporting cash flows, cash and cash equivalents include cash and other cash items, due from BSP and other banks, foreign currency notes and coins (FCNC), reverse repurchase agreements, certain interbank bank loans receivables and investment securities at amortized cost with original maturities of three months or less from placement date.

(ii) Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income

At initial recognition, BDO Unibank Group can make an irrevocable election (on an instrument-by-instrument basis) to designate equity investments as at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI); however, such designation is not permitted if the equity investment is held by the BDO Unibank Group for trading or as mandatorily required to be classified as FVTPL. The BDO Unibank Group has designated equity instruments as at FVOCI.

(iii) Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss

Equity securities are classified as financial assets at FVTPL, unless the BDO Unibank Group designates an equity investment that is not held for trading as at FVOCI at initial recognition. The BDO Unibank Group's financial assets at FVTPL include equity securities which are held for trading purposes.

The fair values of these financial assets are determined by reference to active market transactions or using valuation technique when no active market exists.

Financial assets with embedded derivatives are considered in their entirety when determining whether their cash flows are SPPI.

(b) Effective Interest Rate Method and Interest Income

Interest income is recognized using the effective interest rate (EIR) method for all financial instruments measured at amortized cost and financial instruments designated at FVTPL. Interest income on interest bearing financial assets measured at FVOCI are also recorded by using the EIR method.

The BDO Unibank Group recognizes interest income using a rate of return that represents the best estimate of a constant rate of return over the expected life of the loan. Hence, it recognizes the effect of potentially different interest rates charged at various stages, and other characteristics of the product life cycle (including prepayments, penalty interest and charges).

If expectations regarding the cash flows on the financial asset are revised for reasons other than credit risk, the adjustment is booked as a positive (negative) adjustment to the carrying amount of the asset in the statement of financial position with an increase (reduction) in interest income. The adjustment is subsequently amortized through interest and similar income in the statement of income.

The BDO Unibank Group calculates interest income by applying the EIR to the gross carrying amount of financial assets other than credit-impaired assets.

For financial assets that have become credit-impaired subsequent to initial recognition [see Note 2.4(c)], interest income is calculated by applying the effective interest rate to the net carrying amount of the financial assets (after deduction of the loss allowance). If the asset is no longer credit-impaired, then the calculation of interest income reverts to the gross basis. For financial assets that were credit-impaired on initial recognition, interest income is calculated by applying a credit-adjusted effective interest rate to the amortized cost of the asset. The calculation of interest income does not revert to a gross basis, even if the credit risk of the asset improves.

(c) Impairment of Financial Assets

At the end of the reporting period, the BDO Unibank Group assesses its expected credit loss (ECL) on a forward-looking basis associated with its financial assets which consist of debt instruments carried at amortized cost and FVOCI and other contingent accounts such as committed credit lines and unused commercial letter of credits. No impairment loss is recognized on equity investments. The BDO Unibank Group considers a broader range of information in assessing credit risk and measuring expected credit losses, including past events, current conditions, reasonable and supportable forecasts that affect collectability of the future cash flows of the financial assets.

The BDO Unibank Group measures loss allowances at an amount equal to lifetime ECL, except for the following financial instruments for which they are measured as 12-month ECL:

- debt securities that are identified to have 'low credit risk' at the reporting date; and,
- other financial instruments (other than lease receivables) on which credit risk has not increased significantly since their initial recognition.

For these financial instruments, the allowance for impairment is associated with the probability of default (PD) of a financial instrument in the next 12 months (referred to as 'Stage 1' financial instruments). When there has been a significant increase in credit risk subsequent to the initial recognition of the financial asset, a lifetime ECL (which are the expected shortfalls in contractual cash flows, considering the potential for default at any point during the life of the financial asset) will be recognized (referred to as 'Stage 2' financial instruments). 'Stage 2' financial instruments also include loan accounts and facilities where the credit risk has improved and have been reclassified from 'Stage 3'. A lifetime ECL shall also be recognized for 'Stage 3' financial instruments, which include financial instruments that are subsequently credit-impaired, as well as purchased or originated credit impaired (POCI) assets.

The BDO Unibank Group's definition of credit risk and information on how credit risk is mitigated by the BDO Unibank Group are disclosed in Note 4.3.

(d) Measurement of ECL

The measurement of the ECL reflects: (i) an unbiased and probability-weighted amount that is determined by evaluating a range of possible outcomes; (ii) the time value of money; and, (iii) reasonable and supportable information that is available without undue cost or effort at the reporting date about past events, current conditions and forecasts of future economic conditions. The BDO Unibank Group's detailed ECL measurement as determined by the management is disclosed in Note 4.3.5.

(e) Derecognition of Financial Assets – Modification of Loans

When the BDO Unibank Group renegotiates or otherwise modifies the contractual cash flows of loans to customers, the BDO Unibank Group assesses whether or not the new terms are substantially different to the original terms. The BDO Unibank Group considers, among others:

- if the borrower is in financial difficulty, whether the modification merely reduces the contractual cash flows to amounts the borrower is expected to be able to pay;
- whether any substantial new terms are introduced that will affect the risk profile of the loan;
- significant extension of the loan term when the borrower is not in financial difficulty;
- significant change in the interest rate;
- change in the currency the loan is denominated in; and/or,
- insertion of collateral, other security or credit enhancements that will significantly affect the credit risk associated with the loan.

If the terms are substantially different, the BDO Unibank Group derecognizes the financial asset and recognizes a "new" asset at fair value and recalculates a new effective interest rate for the asset. The date of renegotiation is consequently considered to be the date of initial recognition for impairment calculation, including for the purpose of determining whether a significant increase in credit risk has occurred. However, the BDO Unibank Group also assesses whether the new financial asset recognized is deemed to be credit-impaired at initial recognition, especially in circumstances where the renegotiation was driven by the debtor being unable to make the originally agreed payments. Differences in the carrying amount are recognized as gain or loss on derecognition of financial assets in profit or loss.

As to the impact on ECL measurement, the expected fair value of the "new" asset is treated as the final cash flow from the existing financial asset at the date of derecognition. Such amount is included in the calculation of cash shortfalls from the existing financial asset that are discounted from the expected date of derecognition to the reporting date using the original effective interest rate of the existing financial asset.

If the terms are not substantially different, the renegotiation or modification does not result in derecognition, and the BDO Unibank Group recalculates the gross carrying amount based on the revised cash flows of the financial asset and recognizes a modification gain or loss in profit or loss.

(f) Classification and Measurement of Financial Liabilities

Financial liabilities include deposit liabilities, bills payable, insurance contract liabilities and other liabilities (including derivatives with negative fair values, except taxes payable, unearned income and capitalized interest and other charges).

- Deposit liabilities and other liabilities are recognized initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortized cost less settlement payments.
- *Bills payable* are recognized initially at fair value, equivalent to the issue proceeds (fair value of consideration received), net of direct issue costs. Bills payable are subsequently measured at amortized cost. Any difference between proceeds, net of transaction costs, and the redemption value is recognized in profit or loss over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest method.
- Derivatives with negative fair values are recognized initially and subsequently measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognized in profit or loss (see Note 2.5).
- Lease deposits from operating and finance leases (presented as Lease deposits under Other Liabilities account in the statement of financial position) are initially recognized at fair value. The excess of the principal amount of the deposits over its fair or present value is immediately recognized as day-one gain and is included as part of Miscellaneous net under Other Operating Income account in the statement of income. Meanwhile, interest expense on the subsequent amortization of the lease deposits is accrued using the effective interest method and is included as part of Interest Expense account in the statement of income.
- Dividend distributions to shareholders are recognized as financial liabilities when the dividends are declared by BDO Unibank Group and subject to the requirements of BSP Circular No. 888.

(g) Financial Guarantees and Undrawn Loan Commitments

The BDO Unibank Group issues financial guarantees and loan commitments. Financial guarantees are those issued by the BDO Unibank Group to creditors as allowed under existing rules and regulations whereby it guarantees third party obligations by signing as guarantor in the contract or agreement. Undrawn loan commitments and letters of credit are commitments under which, over the duration of the commitment, the BDO Unibank Group is required to provide a loan or credit with pre-specified terms to the customer.

The nominal contractual value of financial guarantees and undrawn loan commitments, where the loan agreed to be provided is on market terms, are not reflected in the statement of financial position. These contracts are in the scope of the ECL requirements where the BDO Unibank Group estimates the expected portion of the irrevocable undrawn loan commitments that will be drawn over their expected life based on the BDO Unibank Group's historical observations of actual drawdowns and forward-looking forecasts. The ECL related to financial guarantees and loan commitments without outstanding drawn amounts is recognized under Other Liabilities account in the statement of financial position.

2.5 Derivative Financial Instruments

BDO Unibank Group is a party to various foreign currency forwards, cross-currency swaps and interest rate swaps. These contracts are entered into as a service to customers and as a means of reducing or managing BDO Unibank Group's foreign exchange and interest rate exposures, as well as for trading purposes. All derivatives are carried as assets when fair value is positive and as liabilities when fair value is negative.

For more complex instruments, BDO Unibank Group uses valuation models, which usually use the discounted cash flow approach [see Note 3.2(c)]. Some or all of the inputs into these models may not be market observable, and are derived from market prices or rates or are estimated based on assumptions.

Certain derivatives, if any, may be designated as either: (i) hedges of the fair value of recognized assets or liabilities or firm commitments (fair value hedge); or, (ii) hedges of highly probable future cash flows attributable to a recognized asset or liability, or a forecasted transaction (cash flow hedge). Changes in the fair value of derivatives are recognized in profit or loss. The method of recognizing the resulting fair value gain or loss on derivatives that qualify as hedging instrument, if any, depends on the hedging relationship designated by BDO Unibank Group.

2.6 Premises, Furniture, Fixtures and Equipment

Land is stated at cost less impairment losses, if any. All other premises, furniture, fixtures and equipment are carried at cost less accumulated depreciation, amortization and any impairment in value.

Depreciation and amortization are computed on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of the depreciable assets as follows:

Buildings	10 to 50 years
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	3 to 15 years
Leasehold rights and improvements	5 to 10 years

2.7 Investment Properties

Investment properties are stated at cost. The cost of an investment property comprises its purchase price and directly attributable costs incurred. This also includes land and building acquired by BDO Unibank Group from defaulting borrowers not held for sale in the next 12 months. For these properties, the cost is recognized initially at fair value. Investment properties, except land, are depreciated on a straight-line basis over a period of 10 to 50 years.

BDO Unibank Group adopted the cost model in measuring its investment properties; hence, these are carried at cost less accumulated depreciation and any impairment in value.

Depreciation and impairment loss are recognized in the same manner as in premises, furniture, fixtures and equipment (see Notes 2.6 and 2.18).

2.8 Real Properties for Development and Sale

Real properties for development and sale (included as part of Other Resources account) consist of subdivision land for sale and development, and land acquired for home building, home development, and other types of real estate development. These are carried at the lower of aggregate cost and net realizable value. Costs, which are determined through specific identification, include acquisition costs and costs incurred for development, improvement and construction of subdivision land.

2.9 Non-current Assets Held for Sale

Non-current assets held for sale include other properties (chattels) acquired through repossession or foreclosure that BDO Unibank Group intends to sell within one year from the date of classification as held for sale.

BDO Unibank Group classifies a non-current asset as held for sale if its carrying amount will be recovered principally through a sale transaction rather than through continuing use. In the event that the sale of the asset is extended beyond one year, the extension of the period required to complete the sale does not preclude an asset from being classified as held for sale if the delay is caused by events or circumstances beyond BDO Unibank Group's control and there is sufficient evidence that BDO Unibank Group remains committed to sell the asset.

2.10 Equity Investments

In the Parent Bank's financial statements, investments in subsidiaries and associates (presented under Equity Investments account in the statements of financial position) are accounted for under the equity method of accounting and are initially recognized at cost less allowance for impairment, if any (see Note 2.18).

2.11 Intangible Assets

Intangible assets include goodwill, trading rights, branch licenses, customer lists, trademark and computer software licenses.

Goodwill represents the excess of the cost of acquisition over the fair value of the net assets acquired at the date of acquisition. Goodwill is subsequently carried at cost less any accumulated impairment losses. Goodwill is allocated to cash-generating units for the purpose of impairment testing. Each of those cash-generating units is represented by each primary reporting segment.

Trading rights represent the rights given to securities subsidiaries of BDO Unibank Group in stock brokerage to preserve access to the trading facilities and to transact business on PSE. Trading right is assessed as having an indefinite useful life. It is carried at the amount allocated from the original cost of the exchange membership seat (after a corresponding allocation was made to the value of the PSE shares) less allowance for impairment loss, if any. BDO Unibank Group has no intention to sell its trading right in the future as it intends to continue to operate its stock brokerage business. The trading right is tested annually for any impairment in realizable value (see Note 2.18).

Branch licenses, on the other hand, represent the rights given to BDO Unibank Group to establish certain number of branches as an incentive in acquiring distressed banks or as provided by the BSP in addition to the current branches of the acquired banks. Branch licenses are assessed as having an indefinite useful life and are tested annually for any impairment (see Note 2.18).

Customer lists consist of information about customers such as their name, contact information, and managed accounts under BDO Unibank Group's trust business. The customer list is classified as intangible asset with indefinite useful life, hence, would be reviewed for impairment by assessing at each reporting date whether there is any indication that the trust business brought about by the customer lists may be impaired (see Note 2.18).

Trademark pertains to the license granted to the Parent Bank for the exclusive right to use the trademark, service mark, name or logo of Diners Club International, Ltd. (Diners) in connection with the Parent Bank's operation of Diners Club card business in the Philippines. The trademark is covered by a trademark license agreement with a term of five years, renewable every five years, subject to certain conditions set by trademark owner. This intangible asset is recognized at an amount equal to the excess of purchase price for the acquisition of Diners credit card portfolio over the acquisition-date fair value of the net assets acquired. It is amortized on a straight-line basis over a finite useful life of five years based on the term of the trademark license agreement, which is deemed to have a finite useful life since renewal is not guaranteed.

Acquired computer software licenses are capitalized on the basis of the costs incurred to acquire and install the specific software. These costs are amortized on straight-line basis over the expected useful life of five years.

2.12 Insurance Contract Liabilities

(a) Legal Policy Reserves

Life insurance contract liabilities are recognized when the contracts are entered into and the premiums are recognized. The provision for life insurance contracts is calculated on the basis of a prospective actuarial valuation method and assumptions subject to the provisions of the Insurance Code and guidelines set by the Insurance Commission (IC).

The BDO Unibank Group uses gross premium valuation (GPV) as the basis for valuation of the reserves for traditional life insurance policies. GPV is calculated as the sum of the present value of future benefits and expenses, less the present value of future gross premiums arising from the policy discounted at the appropriate risk-free discount rate provided by the IC. For this purpose, the expected future cash flows shall be determined using the best estimate assumptions with due regard to significant recent experience and appropriate margin for adverse deviation (MfAD) from the expected experience. The methods and assumptions shall be in accordance with the internationally accepted actuarial standards and consider the generally accepted actuarial principles concerning financial reporting framework promulgated by the Actuarial Society of the Philippines, which considers other assumptions such as morbidity, lapse and/or persistency, non-guaranteed benefits and MfAD.

The changes in legal policy reserves for traditional life insurance policies are recognized as follows:

- (i) the increase or decrease in legal policy reserves in the current year due to other assumptions excluding change in discount rate will be recognized to profit or loss; and,
- (ii) remeasurement on life insurance reserves due to changes in discount rates will be recognized in other comprehensive income.

(b) Insurance Contracts with Fixed and Guaranteed Terms

Liabilities are determined as the sum of the present value of future benefits and expenses less the present value of future gross premiums discounted at rates prescribed by the IC. Future cash flows are determined using best estimate assumptions with regard to significant recent experience and appropriate margin for adverse deviation from the expected experience.

BDO Unibank Group has different assumptions for different products. However, the reserves are computed to comply with the statutory requirements, wherein discount rates are based on risk-free discount rates provided by IC and other assumptions such as mortality, disability, lapse, and expenses taking into account BDO Unibank Group's experience.

(c) Variable Unit-linked Insurance (VUL) Contracts

BDO Unibank Group, through BDO Life, issues unit-linked insurance contracts. In addition to providing insurance coverage, a unit-linked contract links payments to units of an internal investment fund set up by BDO Unibank Group with the consideration received from the policyholders. Premiums received from the issuance of unit-linked insurance contracts are recognized as premiums revenue. As allowed by PFRS 4, *Insurance Contracts*, BDO Unibank Group chose not to unbundle the investment portion of its unit-linked products.

The reserve for unit-linked liability is increased by additional deposits and changes in unit prices and is decreased by policy administration fees, mortality and surrender charges and any withdrawals. At each reporting date, this reserve is computed on the basis of the number of units allocated to the policyholders multiplied by the unit price of the underlying investment funds. The assets and liabilities underlying the internal investment funds have been consolidated with the general accounts of BDO Unibank Group.

(d) Liability Adequacy Test

Liability adequacy tests are performed annually to ensure the adequacy of the insurance contract liabilities. In performing these tests, current best estimates of future contractual cash flows, claims handling and policy administration expenses are used. Any deficiency is immediately charged against profit or loss initially by establishing a provision for losses arising from the liability adequacy tests.

2.13 *Equity*

Equity consists of the following:

- (a) Capital stock represents the nominal value of shares that have been issued.
- (b) Additional paid-in capital includes any premiums received on the issuance of capital stock. Any transaction costs associated with the issuance of shares are deducted from additional paid-in capital, net of any related income tax benefits.
- (c) Surplus reserves consist of (i) reserve for trust business represents the accumulated amount set aside by BDO Unibank Group under existing regulations requiring the BDO Unibank Group to carry to surplus 10% of its net profits accruing from its trust business until the surplus shall amount to 20% of the regulatory capital and, to the appropriation for general loan loss provision as prescribed by BSP; (ii) reserve for insurance fund and additional working capital for underwriting and equity trading securities and reserve fund requirement for subsidiaries engaged in the security brokerage business (see Note 22); and, (iii) share options outstanding (SOO) represents the accumulated total of employee share options' amortizations over the vesting period as the share-based employee remuneration are recognized and reported in the statement of income. SOO will be deducted for any exercise or forfeiture of share options already vested.
- (d) Other reserves pertain to the amount recognized from changes in BDO Unibank Group's ownership interest in any of its subsidiaries that do not result in loss of control.
- (e) Surplus free includes all current and prior period results as disclosed in the statement of income and which are available and not restricted for use by BDO Unibank Group, reduced by the amounts of dividends declared, if any.
- (f) Net unrealized gain or loss (NUGL) on FVOCI composed of cumulative mark-to-market valuation of outstanding securities and accumulated impairment on debt securities classified as FVOCI.

- (g) Accumulated actuarial gains (losses) from the remeasurements of post-employment defined benefit plan.
- (h) Revaluation increment pertains to gains from the revaluation of land under premises, furniture, fixtures and equipment, which is treated as part of the deemed cost of the assets (see Note 2.6).
- (i) Remeasurement on life insurance reserves arises from the increase or decrease of the reserves brought about by changes in discount rates.
- (j) Accumulated translation adjustment pertains to foreign exchange differences arising on translation of the resources and liabilities of foreign branch and subsidiaries that are taken up in other comprehensive income (see Note 2.19).
- (k) Accumulated share in other comprehensive income (loss) of subsidiaries and associates pertains to changes resulting from the BDO Unibank Group and the Parent Bank's share in other comprehensive income (loss) of subsidiaries and associates or items recognized directly in the subsidiaries and associates' equity.
- (l) Non-controlling interests represent the portion of the net resources and profit or loss not attributable to BDO Unibank Group, which are presented separately in BDO Unibank Group's statement of income, statement of comprehensive income and within the equity in BDO Unibank Group's statement of financial position and changes in equity.

2.14 Related Party Transactions and Relationships

The BDO Unibank Group established policies and procedures on related party transactions in accordance with the regulations of the BSP and the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC). All material related party transactions, which exceed the established materiality thresholds, must undergo prior review and approval from the board-level Related Party Transactions Committee before endorsing the same to the BOD for approval.

Related party transactions, whose value exceeds 10% of the BDO Unibank Group's total resources, either single or aggregated within a 12-month period, require review of an external independent party and approval of two-thirds vote of the BOD, with at least a majority of the independent directors voting affirmatively. In case that a majority of the independent directors' vote is not secured, the material related party transaction may be ratified by the vote of the stockholders representing at least two-thirds of the outstanding capital stock. For aggregate related party transactions within 12-month period that breaches the materiality threshold of 10% of BDO Unibank Group's total resources based on the latest audited consolidated financial statements, the same approval of the BOD would be required for the transaction that meets and exceeds the materiality threshold covering the same related party.

2.15 Other Income and Expense Recognition

A contract with a customer that results in a recognized financial instrument in the BDO Unibank Group's financial statements may be partially within the scope of PFRS 9, *Financial Instruments*, and partially within the scope of PFRS 15, *Revenue from Contracts with Customers*. In such case, the BDO Unibank Group first applies PFRS 9 to separate and measure the part of the contract that is in-scope of PFRS 9, and then applies PFRS 15 to the residual part of the contract.

The BDO Unibank Group also earns service fees and commissions in various banking services, and gains on sale of properties, which are supported by contracts approved by the parties involved. These revenues are accounted for by the BDO Unibank Group in accordance with PFRS 15.

For revenues arising from these various banking services which are to be accounted for under PFRS 15, the following provides information about the nature and timing of satisfaction of performance obligations in contracts with customers, including significant payment terms, and the related revenue recognition policies:

- (a) Service charges, fees and commissions Service charges, fees and commissions are generally recognized over time as the service is being provided and is based on the various criteria of recognition for each specific income source. These include the following accounts:
 - (i) Commission and fees arising from loans, deposits, and other banking transactions are taken up as income based on agreed terms and conditions.
 - (ii) Loan syndication fees are recognized as revenue when the syndication has been completed and that BDO Unibank Group retained no part of the loan package for itself or retained a part at the same effective interest rate for the other participants.
 - (iii) Arranger fees arising from negotiating or participating in the negotiation of a transaction for a third party such as arrangement of the acquisition of shares or other securities or the purchase or sale of businesses are recognized at the completion of the underlying assumptions.
 - (iv) Portfolio and other management advisory and service fees are recognized based on the applicable service contracts, usually on a time-proportionate basis.
- (b) Asset management services The BDO Unibank Group recognizes trust fees related to asset management services, which include trust and fiduciary services. Trust fees related to investment funds are recognized ratably over the period the service is provided. The same principle is applied for wealth management, financial planning and custody services that are continuously provided over an extended period of time.

For other income outside the scope of PFRS 15, the following provides information about the nature and the related revenue recognition policies:

- (a) Trading and securities gains (losses) These are recognized when the ownership of the securities is transferred to the buyer and is computed as the difference between the selling price and the carrying amount of the securities disposed of. These also include trading gains and losses as a result of the mark-to-market valuation of investment securities classified as FVTPL.
- (b) Gain or loss from assets sold or exchanged Income or loss from assets sold or exchanged is recognized when the title to the properties is transferred to the buyer or when the collectability of the entire sales price is reasonably assured. This is included in statement of income as part of Other Operating Income account.
- (c) Recovery on charged-off assets Income arising from collections on accounts or recoveries from impairment of items previously written off are recognized in the year of recovery. This is included in statement of income as part of Other Operating Income account.

The BDO Unibank Group recognizes an expense and liability relative to the fair value of the reward points earned by clients and customers [see Note 3.2(j)] since such points are redeemable primarily from the goods or services provided by a third party participating in the program, for example, SM Group (a related party) and rewards partners of the Parent Bank.

2.16 Provisions and Contingencies

The BDO Unibank Group offers monetized rewards to active account holders in relation to its credit card and marketing rewards program. Provisions for rewards are recognized at a certain rate of the account holders' availments, determined by management based on redeemable amounts.

2.17 Leases

BDO Unibank Group accounts for its leases as follows:

(a) BDO Unibank Group as Lessor

Leases, wherein BDO Unibank Group substantially transfers to the lessee all risks and benefits incidental to ownership of the leased item, are classified as finance leases and are presented as receivable at an amount equal to BDO Unibank Group's net investment in the lease. Finance income is recognized based on the pattern reflecting a constant periodic rate of return on BDO Unibank Group's net investment outstanding in respect of the finance lease.

(b) BDO Unibank Group as Lessee

Subsequent to initial recognition, the BDO Unibank Group depreciates the right-of-use asset on a straight-line basis from the lease commencement date to the earlier of the end of the useful life of the right-of-use asset or the end of the lease term. The BDO Unibank Group also assesses the right-of-use asset for impairment when such indicators exist (see Note 2.18).

BDO Unibank Group has elected to account for short-term leases and leases of low-value assets using the practical expedients. Instead of recognizing a right-of-use asset and lease liability, the payments in relation to these are recognized as an expense as incurred.

On the statement of financial position, right-of-use assets and lease liabilities have been presented as part of Premises, Furniture, Fixtures and Equipment and Other Liabilities, respectively.

2.18 Impairment of Non-financial Assets

Intangible assets with an indefinite useful life, such as goodwill, branch licenses, customer lists and trading rights are tested for impairment at least annually. All other individual assets or cash-generating units are tested for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable.

2.19 Foreign Currency Transactions and Translations

(a) Foreign Currency Transactions

The financial statements of the Foreign Currency Deposit Unit (FCDU) of BDO Unibank Group are translated at the prevailing current exchange rates (for statement of financial position accounts) and average exchange rate during the period (for statement of income accounts) for consolidation purposes.

(b) Foreign Currency Translation

The accounting records of BDO Unibank Group are maintained in Philippine pesos except for foreign branches and subsidiaries, which are maintained in U.S. Dollars (USD), Canadian Dollar (CAD), European Union Euro (Euro), Great Britain Pound (GBP), Japanese Yen (JPY), Hong Kong Dollars (HKD) or Singapore Dollar (SGD).

On consolidation, exchange differences arising from the translation of foreign branch and net investment in foreign subsidiaries are recognized in other comprehensive income as part of Accumulated Translation Adjustment account. When a foreign operation is sold, the cumulative amount of exchange differences is recognized in profit or loss.

The translation of the financial statements into Philippine peso should not be construed as a representation that the USD, CAD, Euro, GBP, JPY, HKD or SGD amounts could be converted into Philippine peso amounts at the translation rates or at any other rates of exchange.

2.20 Compensation and Benefits Expense

BDO Unibank Group provides post-employment benefits to employees through a defined benefit plan and defined contribution plan, and other employee benefits.

BDO Unibank Group's defined benefit post-employment plan covers all regular full-time employees. The post-employment plan is tax-qualified, noncontributory and administered by a trustee. The defined benefit obligation (DBO) is calculated annually by independent actuaries using the projected unit credit method.

A defined contribution plan is a post-employment plan under which BDO Unibank Group pays the required employer's contributions into an independent entity, such as the Social Security System. BDO Unibank Group has no legal or constructive obligations to pay further contributions after payment of the required employer's contribution.

Short-term employee benefits include wages, salaries, bonuses, and non-monetary benefits provided to current employees, which are expected to be settled before 12 months after the end of the reporting period during which the employee services are rendered, but do not include termination benefits.

Termination benefits are payable when employment is terminated by BDO Unibank Group for authorized cause before the normal retirement date, or whenever an employee accepts voluntary redundancy in exchange for these benefits.

BDO Unibank Group recognizes a liability and an expense for bonuses based on the BDO Unibank Group's bonus policy. A provision is recognized by BDO Unibank Group where it is contractually obliged to pay the benefits or where there is a past practice that has created a constructive obligation.

BDO Unibank Group has an employee stock option plan (ESOP) for its senior officers (from vice-president up) for their contribution to BDO Unibank Group's performance and attainment of team goals. None of the BDO Unibank Group's stock plan is cash-settled.

All services received in exchange for the grant of the stock options are measured at their fair values using the Black-Scholes option model. Where employees are rewarded using stock options, the fair value of employees' services is determined indirectly by reference to the fair value of the equity instruments granted. The amount of stock options allocated to the qualified officers is based on the performance of the senior officers as determined by management and it requires a vesting period of five years. These are adjusted accordingly for any resignation or disqualification. The vested options may be exercised within three years from vesting date. The cost of ESOP is amortized over five years (vesting period) starting from the approval of the BOD. The annual amortization of stock options is included in Compensation and benefits under Other Operating Expenses account in the statement of income with corresponding recognition of SOO (included as part of Surplus Reserves under the Equity section of the statements of financial position).

2.21 Earnings Per Share

Basic earnings per share is determined by dividing consolidated net profit by the weighted average number of common shares issued and outstanding during the period, after retroactive adjustment for any stock dividend declared in the current period.

The diluted earnings per share is computed in the same manner, however, consolidated net profit attributable to common shares and the weighted average number of common shares outstanding are adjusted to reflect the effects of potentially dilutive convertible preferred shares and stock option plan granted by BDO Unibank Group to the qualified officers (to the extent that shares under the stock option plan shall be issued from the unissued authorized capital stock and not purchased from the market or stock exchange).

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGMENTS AND ESTIMATES

BDO Unibank Group and the Parent Bank's financial statements, prepared in accordance with PFRS, require management to make judgments and estimates that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and related notes. Judgments and estimates are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. Actual results may ultimately differ from these estimates and the differences could be significant.

3.1 Critical Management Judgments in Applying Accounting Policies

In the process of applying BDO Unibank Group's accounting policies, management has made the following judgments, apart from those involving estimation, which have the most significant effect on the amounts recognized in the financial statements.

(a) Application of ECL to Financial Assets at Amortized Cost and Financial Assets at FVOCI

BDO Unibank Group uses the general approach to calculate ECL for all debt instruments carried at amortized cost and FVOCI, together with loan commitments and financial guarantee contracts. The allowance for impairment is based on the ECLs associated with the PD of a financial instrument in the next 12 months, unless there has been a significant increase in credit risk since origination of the financial instrument, in such case, a lifetime ECL for the instrument is recognized. This is where significant judgment is required.

BDO Unibank Group has established a policy to perform an assessment, at the end of each reporting period, whether a financial instrument's credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition, by considering the change in the risk of default occurring over the remaining life of the financial instrument (see Note 4.3.5).

(b) Evaluation of Business Model Applied in Managing Financial Instruments

BDO Unibank Group manages its financial assets based on business models that maintain adequate level of financial assets to match its expected cash outflows, largely its core deposit funding arising from customers' withdrawals and continuing loan disbursements to borrowers, while maintaining a strategic portfolio of financial assets for trading activities consistent with its risk appetite.

BDO Unibank Group developed business models which reflect how it manages its portfolio of financial instruments. BDO Unibank Group's business models need not be assessed at entity level or as a whole but shall be applied at the level of a portfolio of financial instruments (i.e., group of financial instruments that are managed together by BDO Unibank Group) and not on an instrument-by-instrument basis (i.e., not based on intention or specific characteristics of individual financial instrument).

In determining the classification of a financial instrument, BDO Unibank Group evaluates in which business model a financial instrument or a portfolio of financial instruments belong to taking into consideration the objectives of each business model established by BDO Unibank Group (e.g., held-for-trading, generating accrual income, direct matching to a specific liability) as those relate to BDO Unibank Group's investment, trading and lending strategies.

(c) Testing the Cash Flow Characteristics of Financial Assets and Continuing Evaluation of the Business Model

In determining the classification of financial assets, BDO Unibank Group assesses whether the contractual terms of the financial assets give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are SPPI on the principal outstanding, with interest representing time value of money and credit risk associated with the principal amount outstanding. The assessment as to whether the cash flows meet the test is made in the currency in which the financial asset is denominated. Any other contractual term that changes the timing or amount of cash flows (unless it is a variable interest rate that represents time value of money and credit risk) does not meet the amortized cost criteria. In cases where the relationship between the passage of time and the interest rate of the financial instrument may be imperfect, known as modified time value of money, BDO Unibank Group assesses the modified time value of money feature to determine whether the financial instrument still meets the SPPI criterion. The objective of the assessment is to determine how different the undiscounted contractual cash flows could be from the undiscounted cash flows that would arise if the time value of money element was not modified (the benchmark cash flows).

If the resulting difference is significant, the SPPI criterion is not met. In view of this, BDO Unibank Group considers the effect of the modified time value of money element in each reporting period and cumulatively over the life of the financial instrument.

If more than an infrequent sale is made out of a portfolio of financial assets carried at amortized cost, an entity should assess whether and how such sales are consistent with the objective of collecting contractual cash flows.

In making this judgment, BDO Unibank Group considers certain circumstances documented in its business model manual to assess that an increase in the frequency or value of sales of financial instruments in a particular period is not necessarily inconsistent with a held-to-collect business model if BDO Unibank Group can explain the reasons for those sales and why those sales do not reflect a change in BDO Unibank Group's objective for the business model.

(d) Distinction Between Investment Properties and Owner-occupied Properties

BDO Unibank Group determines whether a property qualifies as investment property. In making its judgment, BDO Unibank Group considers whether the property generates cash flows largely independent of the other assets held by BDO Unibank Group. Owner-occupied properties generate cash flows that are attributable not only to the property but also to the other resources used in the supply process.

Some properties comprise a portion that is held to earn rental or for capital appreciation and another portion that is held for use in the supply of services or for administrative purposes. If the portions can be sold separately (or leased out separately under finance lease), BDO Unibank Group accounts for those portions separately. If the portion cannot be sold separately, the property is accounted for as investment property only if insignificant portion is held for use in the supply of services or for administrative purposes. Judgment is applied in determining whether ancillary services are so significant that a property does not qualify as investment property. The BDO Unibank Group considers each property separately in making its judgment.

(e) Distinction Between Operating and Finance Leases for Contracts where BDO Unibank Group is the Lessor

The BDO Unibank Group has entered into various lease agreements as a lessor. Critical judgment was exercised by management to distinguish each lease agreement as either an operating or finance lease by looking at the transfer or retention of significant risks and rewards of ownership of the properties covered by the agreements. Failure to make the right judgment will result in either overstatement or understatement of resources.

(f) Determination of Lease Term

In determining the lease term, management considers all relevant factors and circumstances that create an economic incentive to exercise a renewal option or not exercise a termination option. Renewal options and/or periods after termination options are only included in the lease term if the lease is reasonably certain to be extended or not terminated.

For leases of land and office spaces, the factors that are normally the most relevant are (i) if there are significant penalties should BDO Unibank Group pre-terminate the contract, and (ii) if any leasehold improvements are expected to have a significant remaining value, BDO Unibank Group is reasonably certain to extend and not to terminate the lease contract. Otherwise, the BDO Unibank Group considers other factors including historical lease durations and the costs and business disruption required to replace the leased asset.

The BDO Unibank Group did not include the renewal period as part of the lease term of the land and office spaces because the terms of most of the contracts are renewable upon the mutual agreement of the parties.

The lease term is reassessed if an option is actually exercised or not or the BDO Unibank Group becomes obliged to exercise or not. The assessment of reasonable certainty is only revised if a significant event or a significant change in circumstances occurs, which affects this assessment, and that is within the control of the BDO Unibank Group.

(g) Classification and Fair Value Determination of Acquired Properties

The BDO Unibank Group classifies its acquired properties as Premises, Furniture, Fixtures and Equipment if used in operations, chattels as Non-current assets held for sale (presented under Other Resources account) if expected to be recovered through sale rather than use, real properties as Investment Properties if intended to be held for capital appreciation or lease, as financial assets if qualified as such in accordance with PFRS 9 or as Other properties (presented under Other Resources account) if held for sale but the depreciable properties (other than building) are not yet disposed within certain years. At initial recognition, the BDO Unibank Group determines the fair value of the acquired properties through internally or externally generated appraisal. The appraised value is determined based on the current economic and market conditions as well as the physical condition of the properties. The BDO Unibank Group's methodology in determining the fair value of acquired properties is further discussed in Note 7.5.

(h) Assessment of Significant Influence on Entities in which BDO Unibank Group Holds Less than 20% Ownership

The management considers that the BDO Unibank Group and the Parent Bank have significant influence on NLEX Corporation even though it holds less than 20% of the ordinary shares in the latter. In making this judgment, management considered the BDO Unibank Group and the Parent Bank's voting rights, which is based on its acquired right to nominate a director in NLEX Corporation as granted in the Amended and Restated Shareholders' Agreement (ARSA).

ARSA provides that investors shall be entitled to nominate one director for as long as it owns at least 10% of the equity of NLEX Corporation or shall be entitled to nominate two directors for as long as it owns at least 16.5% of the equity of NLEX Corporation.

Failure to make the right judgment will result in either overstatement or understatement of resources, liabilities, income and expenses.

(i) Determination of Timing of Satisfaction of Performance Obligations

The BDO Unibank Group determines that its revenues from services for account management and loan administration shall be recognized over time while all other revenue streams are recognized at point in time. In making its judgment, the BDO Unibank Group considers the timing of receipt and consumption of benefits provided by the BDO Unibank Group to the customers. As the work is performed, the BDO Unibank Group becomes entitled to payments. This demonstrates that the customers simultaneously receive and consume the benefits of the BDO Unibank Group's rendering of these retail and corporate banking services as it performs.

In determining the best method of measuring the progress of the BDO Unibank Group's rendering of aforementioned services, the management considers the output method, which uses direct measurements of the value to the customer of the services transferred to date relative to the remaining services promised as basis in recognizing revenues. Such measurements include results of performance completed to date and time elapsed.

(j) Determination of Branch Licenses Having Indefinite Useful Lives

The BDO Unibank Group's branch licenses were regarded as having indefinite useful lives considering there is no foreseeable limit to the period over which such assets are expected to generate net cash inflows for the BDO Unibank Group. The assessment of having indefinite useful lives is reviewed periodically and is updated whether events and circumstances such as the period of control over these assets and legal or similar limits on the use of these assets continue to support such assessment.

(k) Recognition of Provisions and Contingencies

Provisions are recognized when present obligations will probably lead to an outflow of economic resources and they can be estimated reliably even if the timing or amount of the outflow may still be uncertain. Similarly, possible outflows of economic benefits to the BDO Unibank Group that do not yet meet the recognition criteria of a liability are considered contingent liabilities, hence, are not recognized in the financial statements. Judgment is exercised by management to distinguish between provisions and contingencies. Relevant disclosures are presented in Note 34.

3.2 Key Sources of Estimation Uncertainty

The following are the key assumptions concerning the future, and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the end of the reporting period, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of resources and liabilities within the next reporting period.

(a) Estimation of Allowance for ECL

The measurement of the allowance for ECL on financial assets at amortized cost and debt instruments measured at FVOCI is an area that requires the use of significant assumptions about the future economic conditions and credit behavior (e.g., likelihood of customers defaulting and the resulting losses). Explanation of the inputs, assumptions and estimation used in measuring ECL is further detailed in Note 4.3.5.

The carrying value of financial assets at FVOCI, Investment securities at amortized cost and Loans and Other Receivables, and the analysis of the allowance for impairment on such financial assets, are shown in Notes 10.2, 10.3, 11, and 17, respectively.

(b) Fair Value Measurement for Financial Instruments

Management applies valuation techniques to determine the fair value of financial instruments where active market quotes are not available. Valuation techniques are used to determine fair values which are validated and periodically reviewed by management. To the extent practicable, models use observable data, however, areas such as counterparty credit risk, volatilities and correlations require management to make estimates. Changes in assumptions could affect the reported fair value of financial instruments.

The carrying values of the BDO Unibank Group's financial assets at FVTPL and financial assets at FVOCI and the amounts of fair value changes recognized during the years on those assets are disclosed in Notes 10.1 and 10.2, respectively.

(c) Determination of Fair Value of Derivatives

The fair value of derivative financial instruments that are not quoted in an active market is determined through valuation techniques normally using the discounted cash flow model.

The value produced by a model or other valuation technique, in some instances, is adjusted to allow for a number of factors as appropriate, because valuation techniques cannot appropriately reflect all factors market participants take into account when entering into a transaction. Valuation adjustments are recorded to allow for model risks, bid-ask spreads, liquidity risks as well as other factors. Management believes that these valuation adjustments are necessary and appropriate to fairly state financial instruments carried at fair value in the statement of financial position.

(d) Estimation of Useful Lives of Premises, Furniture, Fixtures and Equipment, Investment Properties and Other Resources

The BDO Unibank Group estimates the useful lives of premises, furniture, fixtures and equipment, investment properties and other properties, including trademark and computer software license, based on the period over which the assets are expected to be available for use. The estimated useful lives of these assets are reviewed periodically and are updated if expectations differ from previous estimates due to physical wear and tear, technical or commercial obsolescence and legal or other limits on the use of the assets. Actual results, however, may vary due to changes in estimates brought about by changes in factors mentioned above.

The carrying amounts of premises, furniture, fixtures and equipment are analyzed in Note 12 while investment properties and other resources, including trademark, goodwill and branch licenses, are analyzed in Notes 14 and 16, respectively.

(e) Determination of Appropriate Discount Rate in Measuring Lease Liabilities

The BDO Unibank Group measures its lease liabilities at present value of the lease payments that are not paid at the commencement date of the lease contract. The lease payments were discounted using a reasonable rate deemed by management equal to the BDO Unibank Group's incremental borrowing rate. In determining a reasonable discount rate, management considers the term of the leases, the underlying asset and the economic environment. Actual results, however, may vary due to changes in estimates brought about by changes in such factors.

(f) Determination of Assumptions for Management's Estimation of Fair Value of Investment Properties

Investment properties are measured using the cost model. The fair value disclosed in Note 14 to the financial statements is determined by BDO Unibank Group using the discounted cash flows valuation technique which are mainly based on existing market conditions and actual transactions at each reporting period such as selling price under installment sales, expected timing of sale and appropriate discount rates. The expected selling price is determined by either an independent or internal appraiser on the basis of current appraised values of the properties or similar properties in the same location and condition (see Note 7.5).

For investment properties with appraisal conducted prior to the end of the current reporting period, management determines whether there are significant circumstances during the intervening period that may require adjustments or changes in the disclosure of fair value of those properties. A significant change in key inputs and sources of information used in the determination of the fair value disclosed for those assets may result in adjustment in the carrying amount of the assets reported in the financial statements if their fair value will indicate evidence of impairment.

(g) Determination of Realizable Amount of Deferred Tax Assets

BDO Unibank Group reviews its deferred tax assets at the end of each reporting period and reduces the carrying amount to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax assets to be utilized. Significant judgment is applied by the management to determine the amount of deferred tax assets that can be recognized based on the likely timing and level of BDO Unibank Group's future taxable income. The BDO Unibank Group assessed its projected performance in determining the sufficiency of the future taxable income to support the recognition of deferred tax assets.

The carrying value of deferred tax assets, which management assessed to be utilized within the next two to three years, as of December 31, 2023 and 2022 is disclosed in Note 31.1.

(h) Impairment of Non-financial Assets

In determining value in use, management estimates the expected future cash flows from each cash-generating unit and determines the suitable interest rate in order to calculate the present value of those cash flows. Discount factors are determined individually for each cash-generating unit and reflect management's assessment of respective risk profiles, such as market and asset-specific risk factors.

Except for goodwill and other intangible assets with indefinite useful lives, PAS 36, Impairment of Assets, requires that an impairment review be performed when certain impairment indicators are present. Though management believes that the assumptions used in the estimation of fair values reflected in the financial statements are appropriate and reasonable, significant changes in these assumptions may materially affect the assessment of recoverable values and any resulting impairment loss could have a material adverse effect on the results of operations.

Impairment losses recognized in profit or loss are disclosed in Note 17.

(i) Valuation of Post-employment Defined Benefit

The determination of BDO Unibank Group's obligation and cost of post-employment and other retirement benefits is dependent on the selection of certain assumptions used by actuaries in calculating such amounts. Those assumptions are described in Note 26.2 and include, among others, discount rates, expected rate of return on plan asset and salary increase rates. A significant change in any of these actuarial assumptions may generally affect the recognized expense, other comprehensive income or losses and the carrying amount of the post-employment benefit obligation in the next reporting period.

The amounts of post-employment benefit obligation and expense and an analysis of the movements in the estimated present value of post-employment benefit obligation, as well as the significant assumptions in estimating such obligation are presented in Note 26.2.

(j) Recognition of Reward Points

The BDO Unibank Group provides rewards points to its banking clients and customers based on the month-to-date average daily balance they maintain in their personal current and savings accounts and credit card usages. Reward points are redeemable in a wide selection of reward categories, including travel, merchandise of third parties, reward credits and gift certificates. Certain loyalty points for credit card have no expiration date unless the credit card is cancelled but for other rewards program, unredeemed points may expire at some future date.

The BDO Unibank Group sets up a liability to cover the cost of future reward redemptions for points earned to date. The estimated liability is based upon points earned by the clients and the current cost per point of redemption. The estimated points to be redeemed are measured and adjusted based on many factors including but not limited to past redemption behavior of the clients, product type on which the points are earned and their ultimate redemption rate on the points earned to date but not yet redeemed.

The BDO Unibank Group continually evaluates its estimates for rewards based on developments in redemption patterns, cost per point redeemed and other factors. The estimated liability for unredeemed points is impacted over time by enrollment levels, amount of points earned and redeemed, weighted-average cost per point, redemption choices made by the clients and other membership rewards program changes. The calculation is most sensitive to changes in the estimated ultimate redemption rate. This rate is based on the expectation that a large majority of all points earned will eventually be redeemed.

The carrying value of the rewards points accrued by BDO Unibank Group are presented as part of Accrued expenses under Other Liabilities account in the statement of financial position as disclosed in Note 21.

(k) Valuation of Legal Policy Reserves

Legal policy reserves represent estimates of present value of future benefits and expenses in excess of present value of future gross premiums. These estimates are based on interest rates, mortality/morbidity tables, lapses and valuation method subject to the provisions of the Code and guidelines set by the IC.

The liability for life insurance contracts uses the discount rate as provided by the IC with other assumptions based on best estimate with regard to significant recent experience and appropriate MfAD from the expected experience. At each reporting date, these estimates are reassessed for adequacy and changes will be reflected in adjustments to the liability. The main assumptions used relate to mortality, morbidity, lapse, discount rate and expense.

For life insurance contracts, estimates are made as to the expected number of deaths and lapses for each of the years in which the BDO Unibank Group is exposed to risk. The BDO Unibank Group uses mortality tables and lapse rates subject to the guidelines set by the IC as the basis of these estimates. The estimated number of lapses, deaths, illness or injury determines the value of possible future benefits to be paid out, which will be factored into ensuring sufficient cover by reserves, which in return is monitored against current and future premiums (see Note 20).

(l) Fair Value Measurement of Share Options

The BDO Unibank Group estimates the fair value of the executive stock option by applying the Black-Scholes option pricing model, considering the terms and conditions on which the stock option plan was granted. The estimates and assumptions used include, among others, the option's vesting period, applicable risk-free interest rate, expected dividend yield, volatility of the BDO Unibank Group's share price, and fair value of the BDO Unibank Group's common shares. Changes in these factors can affect the fair value of stock options at grant date.

4. RISK MANAGEMENT

The BOD is responsible for establishing and maintaining a sound risk management system. The BOD assumes oversight over the entire risk management process and has the ultimate responsibility for all risks taken.

The BOD has constituted the Risk Management Committee (RMC) as the Board-Level Committee responsible for the oversight of the risk management program. Considering the importance of appropriately addressing credit risk, the BOD has also constituted the Executive Committee. The Executive Committee is responsible for approving credit-specific transactions, while the RMC is responsible for approving risk appetite levels, policies, and risk tolerance limits related to credit portfolio risk, market risk, liquidity risk, interest rate risk, operational risk (including business continuity risk, information technology (IT) risk, information security and cyber-security risk, data privacy risk, and social media risk), consumer protection risk and environmental and social risk to ensure that current and emerging risk exposures are consistent with BDO Unibank Group's strategic direction and overall risk appetite.

Within BDO Unibank Group's overall risk management system is the Assets and Liabilities Committee (ALCO), which is responsible for managing the BDO Unibank Group's statement of financial position, including the BDO Unibank Group's liquidity, interest rate and foreign exchange related risks. In addition, ALCO formulates investment and financial policies by determining the asset allocation and funding mix strategies that are likely to yield the targeted financial results.

The BDO Unibank Group operates an enterprise-wide risk management system to address the risks it faces in its banking activities. The Risk Management Group (RMG) is mandated to adequately and consistently evaluate, manage, control, and monitor the overall risk profile of the BDO Unibank Group's activities across the different risk areas, i.e., credit, market, liquidity, interest rate, and operational risks, including business continuity risk, IT risk, information security, cyber-security, and data privacy risk, to optimize the risk-reward balance and maximize return on capital. RMG also has the responsibility for recommending to the appropriate body, risk policies across the full range of risks to which the BDO Unibank Group is exposed. RMG functionally reports to the RMC.

The evaluation, analysis, and control performed by the Risk Function, in conjunction with the Risk Takers, constitute the risk management process. The risk management process is applied at three levels: the transaction level, the business unit level, and the portfolio level. This framework ensures that risks are properly identified, quantified and analyzed, in the light of its potential effect on the BDO Unibank Group's business. The goal of the risk management process is to ensure rigorous adherence to the BDO Unibank Group's standards for precision in risk measurement and reporting and to make possible, in-depth analysis of the deployment of capital and the returns that are delivered to the shareholders.

In 2023, there was no significant change on the policies and process for managing the risk and the methods used to measure the risk of the BDO Unibank Group and the Parent Bank.

4.1 Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that there could be insufficient funds available to repay depositors, to fulfill commitments to lend, or to meet any other liquidity commitments. The BDO Unibank Group manages liquidity risk by holding sufficient liquid assets of appropriate quality to meet funding requirements, manage and control liquidity gaps through Maximum Cumulative Outflow (MCO) limits, regular liquidity stress testing to ensure positive cashflow across all identified stress scenarios, and establishment of a Liquidity Contingency Plan, to ensure adequate liquidity under both business-as-usual and stress conditions.

The analyses of the maturity groupings of resources, liabilities and off-book items as of December 31, 2023 and 2022 in accordance with account classification of the BSP are presented below and in the succeeding pages. The amounts disclosed in the maturity analysis are the contractual cash flows using the primary contractual maturities or behavioral assumptions on core levels (e.g., core deposit liabilities and core deposit substitutes with maturities within one year have been classified in the more than three years category), if the latter is more relevant for purposes of profiling the liquidity gap.

			2023		
	One to Three Months	More Than Three Months to One Year	More Than One Year to Three Years	More Than Three Years	Total
Resources: Cash and other cash items Due from BSP and	P 94,278	Р -	Р -	Р -	P 94,278
other banks	219,221	18,098	106,415	77,316	421,050
Trading and investment securities Loans and other	134,670	77,721	129,054	590,440	931,885
receivables - net Other resources - net*	571,985 3,720	339,568 75	615,428 14	1,359,047 140,611	2,886,028 144,420
Total Resources	1,023,874	435,462	850,911	2,167,414	4,477,661
Liabilities and Equity: Deposit liabilities Bills payable	1,075,259 46,576	174,678 32,008	1,300,373 104,880	1,017,240 6,118	3,567,550 189,582
Insurance contract liabilities** Other liabilities Total Liabilities	(182 49,469 1,171,122	1,668	(907) 3,138 1,407,484	80,018 70,490 1,173,866	77,210 124,765 3,959,107
Equity				518,554	<u>518,554</u>
Total Liabilities and Equity	1,171,122	206,635	1,407,484	<u>1,692,420</u>	<u>4,477,661</u>
On-book gap	(147,248	228,827	(556,573)	474,994	
Cumulative on-book gap	(147,248	81,579	(474,994)		
Contingent assets	328,348	67,910	26,231	17,346	439,835
Contingent liabilities	413,073	69,394	28,686	<u>17,311</u>	528,464
Off-book gap	(84,725) (1,484)	(2,455)	35	(88,629)
Net Periodic Gap	(231,973	227,343	(559,028)	475,029	88,629
Cumulative Total Gap	(<u>P 231,973</u>)	(<u>P 4,630</u>)	(<u>P 563,658</u>)	(<u>P 88,629</u>)	<u>P</u> -

^{*} Other resources include Premises, Furniture, Fixtures and Equipment, Investment Properties, Equity Investments - net, and Other Resources – net.

**Insurance Contract Liabilities with maturity of one to three months, more than three months to one year and more than one year to three years have negative aging because the renewal premiums (inflow) are greater than the expected insurance benefit liability.

BDO Unibank Group

			2022		
	One to Three Months	More Than Three Months to One Year	More Than One Year to Three Years	More Than Three <u>Years</u>	Total
Resources:					
Cash and other cash items	P 82,944	Р -	Р -	Р -	P 82,944
Due from BSP and other banks Trading and investment	213,571	19,429	116,275	96,959	446,234
securities Loans and other	17,190	27,519	161,374	516,747	722,830
receivables - net Other resources - net*	564,041 12,932	290,147 3,855	528,938 4	1,313,775 109,008	2,696,901 125,799
Total Resources	<u>890,678</u>	340,950	806,591	2,036,489	4,074,708
Liabilities and Equity: Deposit liabilities Bills payable	915,451 61,727	164,764 27,388	1,164,877 79,144	975,791 30,632	3,220,883 198,891
Insurance contract liabilities** Other liabilities	77 64,736	(1,124) 4,157	637 2,410	64,773 57,811	64,363 129,114
Total Liabilities Equity	1,041,991	195,185	1,247,068	1,129,007 461,457	3,613,251 461,457
Total Liabilities and Equity	1,041,991	195,185	1,247,068	1,590,464	4,074,708
On-book gap	(151,313)	145,765	(440,477)	446,025	
Cumulative on-book gap	(151,313)	(5,548)	(446,025)		
Contingent assets	272,616	46,778	18,167	25,477	363,038
Contingent liabilities	344,710	47,875	18,013	25,533	436,131
Off-book gap	(72,094)	(1,097)	<u> 154</u>	(56)	(73,093)
Net Periodic Gap	(223,407)	144,668	(440,323)	445,969	73,093
Cumulative Total Gap	(<u>P 223,407</u>)	(<u>P 78,739</u>)	(<u>P 519,062</u>)	(<u>P 73,093</u>)	<u>P</u> -

^{*} Other resources include Premises, Furniture, Fixtures and Equipment, Investment Properties, Equity Investments – net, and Other Resources – net. ** Insurance Contract Liabilities with maturity of more than three months to one year have negative aging because the renewal premiums (inflow) are greater than the expected insurance benefit liability.

Parent Bank

						2023				
	7	One to I'hree Ionths	Th:	More an Three onths to ne Year	On	ore Than e Year to ree Years	Ti	More nan Three Years	Total	
Resources:										
Cash and other cash items Due from BSP and	P	91,635	P	-	P	-	P	-	P	91,635
other banks		212,083		14,983		106,413		75,740		409,219
Trading and investment securities Loans and other		128,210		66,734		113,451		479,296		787,691
receivables – net		567,671		320,813		575,731		1,345,332		2,809,547
Other resources – net*								164,555	_	164,555
Total Resources	-	999,599		402,530		795,595		2,064,923		4,262,647
Liabilities and Equity:										
Deposit liabilities		1,055,779		173,870		1,299,973		947,245		3,476,867
Bills payable		23,379		26,278		115,771		2,560		167,988
Other liabilities		38,157				344		69,094	_	107,595
Total Liabilities		1,117,315		200,148		1,416,088		1,018,899		3,752,450
Equity								510,197		510,197
Total Liabilities and Equity		1,117,315		200,148		1,416,088		1,529,096		4,262,647
On-book gap (Balance carried forward)	(P	117,716)	P	202,382	(P	620,493)	P	535,827	P	_

Parent Bank

	2023												
	One to Three Months		More Than Three Months to One Year		On	ore Than e Year to ree Years	Th	More an Three Years	Total				
On-book gap (Balance brought forward)	(<u>P</u>	117,716)	P	202,382	(<u>P</u>	620,493)	<u>P</u>	535,827	P				
Cumulative on-book gap	(117,716)		84,666	(535,827)							
Contingent assets Contingent liabilities		289,716 374,683		43,534 45,129		2,469 5,045		1,053 1,051		336,772 425,908			
Off-book gap	(84,967)	(1,595)	(2,576)		2	(89,136)			
Net Periodic Gap	(202,683)		200,787	(623,069)		535,829		89,136			
Cumulative Total Gap	(<u>P</u>	202,683)	(<u>P</u>	1,896)	(<u>P</u>	624,965)	(<u>P</u>	<u>89,136</u>)	<u>P</u>				

^{*} Other resources include Premises, Furniture, Fixtures and Equipment, Investment Properties, Equity Investments - net, and Other Resources - net.

	One to Three Months	More Than Three Months to One Year	More Than One Year to Three Years	More Than Three Years	Total
Resources:					
Cash and other	P 80,666	Р -	р -	Р -	P 80,666
Due from BSP and	1 00,000	-	•	-	1 00,000
other banks	204,651	18,101	116,268	94,624	433,644
Trading and investment					
securities	13,079	22,138	144,385	427,187	606,789
Loans and other					
receivables - net	565,422	274,410	497,832	1,283,557	2,621,221
Other resources - net*	1,673	3,806		152,524	158,003
Total Resources	865,491	318,455	758,485	1,957,892	3,900,323
Liabilities and Equity:					
Deposit liabilities	884,615	163,300	1,163,399	929,702	3,141,016
Bills payable	64,621	17,683	76,110	30,458	188,872
Other liabilities	48,727	2,786	-	59,023	110,536
Total Liabilities	997,963	183,769	1,239,509	1,019,183	3,440,424
Equity				459,899	459,899
Total Liabilities and Equity	997,963	183,769	1,239,509	1,479,082	3,900,323
On-book gap	(132,472)	134,686	(481,024)	478,810	
Cumulative on-book gap	(132,472)	2,214	(478,810)		
Contingent assets	251,178	31,050	2,145	2,074	286,447
Contingent liabilities	323,587	32,353	2,082	2,071	360,093
Off-book gap	((1,303)	63	3	(73,646)
Net Periodic Gap	(204,881)	133,383	(480,961)	478,813	73,646
Cumulative Total Gap	(<u>P 204,881</u>)	(<u>P 71,498</u>)	(<u>P 552,459</u>)	(<u>P 73,646</u>)	<u>P - </u>

^{*} Other resources include Premises, Furniture, Fixtures and Equipment, Investment Properties, Equity Investments - net, and Other Resources – net.

The negative liquidity gap in the MCO is due to the timing difference in the contractual maturities of resources and liabilities. The MCO measures the maximum funding requirement the BDO Unibank Group may need to support its maturing obligations. To ensure that the BDO Unibank Group maintains a prudent and manageable level of cumulative negative gap, the BDO Unibank Group maintains a pool of highly liquid assets in the form of tradable investment securities. Moreover, the BOD has approved the MCO Limits which reflect the BDO Unibank Group's overall appetite for liquidity risk exposure. This limit is reviewed every year. Compliance to MCO Limits is monitored and reported to the BOD and senior management.

In case of breach in the MCO Limit, the RMG elevates the concern to the BOD through the RMC for corrective action by senior management. Additional measures to mitigate liquidity risks include reporting of funding concentration, short-term liquidity reporting, available funding sources, and liquid assets analysis. More frequent analysis of projected funding source and requirements as well as pricing strategies is discussed thoroughly during the weekly ALCO meetings.

Pursuant to applicable BSP regulations, the BDO Unibank Group is required to maintain reserves against deposit liabilities which are based on certain percentages of deposits. The required reserves against deposit liabilities shall be kept in the form of deposits placed in the BDO Unibank Group demand deposit accounts with the BSP. The BSP also requires the BDO Unibank Group to maintain asset cover of 100% for foreign currency-denominated liabilities of its FCDU.

4.1.1 Liquidity Risk Stress

To augment the effectiveness of the BDO Unibank Group's gap analysis, the BDO Unibank Group regularly assesses liquidity risk based on behavioral and hypothetical assumptions under stress conditions. Survivability and resilience of the BDO Unibank Group are assessed for a minimum stress period of 30 days for all crisis scenarios enumerated in BSP Circular No. 981, *Guidelines on Liquidity Risk Management*. The results of these liquidity stress simulations are reported monthly to RMC.

4.1.2 Foreign Currency Liquidity Management

The liquidity risk management policies and objectives described in this section also apply to the management of any foreign currency to which the BDO Unibank Group maintains significant exposure. Specifically, the BDO Unibank Group ensures that its measurement, monitoring and control systems account for these exposures as well. The BDO Unibank Group sets and regularly reviews limits on the size of the cash flow mismatches for each significant individual currency and in aggregate over appropriate time horizons. The BDO Unibank Group also assesses its access to foreign exchange markets when setting up its risk limits.

4.2 Market Risk

The BDO Unibank Group's exposure to market risk, the risk of future loss from changes in the price of a financial instrument, relates primarily to its holdings in foreign exchange instruments, debt securities, equity securities and derivatives. The BDO Unibank Group manages its risk by identifying, analyzing and measuring relevant or likely market risks. The Market and Liquidity Risk Management Unit of the Parent Bank recommends market risk limits based on relevant activity indicators for approval by BDO Unibank Group's RMC and the BOD.

4.2.1 Foreign Exchange Risk

The BDO Unibank Group manages its exposure to effects of fluctuations in the foreign currency exchange rates by maintaining foreign currency exposure within the existing regulatory guidelines and at a level that it believes to be relatively conservative for a financial institution engaged in that type of business.

The BDO Unibank Group's net foreign exchange exposure is computed as its foreign currency resources less foreign currency liabilities. BSP regulations impose a cap of 25% of qualifying capital or US\$150 million, whichever is lower, on a bank's consolidated net open foreign exchange position. The BDO Unibank Group's foreign exchange exposure is primarily limited to the day-to-day, over-the-counter buying and selling of foreign exchange in BDO Unibank Group's branches as well as foreign exchange trading with corporate accounts and other financial institutions. The BDO Unibank Group, being a major market participant in the Philippine Dealing System, may engage in proprietary trading to take advantage of foreign exchange fluctuations.

The BDO Unibank Group's foreign exchange exposure at end-of-day is guided by the limits set forth in BDO Unibank Group's Risk Management Manual. These limits are within the prescribed ceilings mandated by the BSP. At the end of each day, BDO Unibank Group reports to the BSP on its compliance with the mandated foreign currency exposure limits. In addition, it also reports to the BSP on the respective foreign currency positions of its subsidiaries. The breakdown of the financial assets and financial liabilities as to foreign and peso-denominated balances as of December 31, 2023 and 2022 is presented below.

2022

2023

		Foreign irrencies	P	hilippine Pesos		Total		Foreign urrencies	I	Philippine Pesos	_	Total
Resources:												
Cash and other cash items												
and due from BSP	P	58	P	429,296	P	429,354	P	90	P	468,633	P	468,723
Due from other banks		79,790		6,184		85,974		56,875		3,580		60,455
Trading and investment												
securities:												
At FVTPL		6,159		41,061		47,220		7,857		36,855		44,712
At FVOCI		100,808		207,872		308,680		80,243		85,826		166,069
At amortized cost		207,053		368,932		575,985		196,188		315,861		512,049
Loans and other receivables		309,951		2,576,077		2,886,028		389,365		2,307,536		2,696,901
Other resources		9,023		5,938		14,961		10,622		1,483		12,105
	<u>P</u>	712,842	<u>P</u>	3,635,360	P	4,348,202	P	741,240	<u>P</u>	3,219,774	<u>P</u>	3,961,014
Liabilities:												
Deposit liabilities	P	484,860	P	3,082,690	P	3,567,550	P	505,050	P	2,715,833	P	3,220,883
Bills payable		115,768		73,814		189,582		136,277		62,614		198,891
Insurance contract liabilities		7,450		69,760		77,210		7,844		56,519		64,363
Other liabilities		13,146	_	101,626	-	114,772		14,089	_	104,760		118,849
	<u>P</u>	621,224	<u>P</u>	3,327,890	<u>P</u>	3,949,114	<u>P</u>	663,260	P	2,939,726	<u>P</u>	3,602,986
Parent Bank												
				2023						2022		
		oreign arrencies	P	hilippine Pesos	_	Total		Foreign urrencies	I	Philippine Pesos		Total
Resources:												
Cash and other cash items												
and due from BSP	P	54	P	424,009	P	424,063	P	6	P	462,870	P	462,876
Due from other banks		76,514		277		76,791		50,990		444		51,434
Trading and investment												
securities:												
At FVTPL		2,711		5,758		8,469		3,649		2,234		5,883
At FVOCI		93,096		131,483		224,579		71,632		38,015		109,647
At amortized cost		201,824		352,819		554,643		190,632		300,627		491,259
Loans and other receivables		309,287		2,500,260		2,809,547		388,598		2,232,623		2,621,221
Other resources		8,988	_	1,100	_	10,088		10,582	_	1,213		11,795
	<u>P</u>	692,474	P	3,415,706	P	4,108,180	<u>P</u>	716,089	<u>P</u>	3,038,026	<u>P</u>	3,754,115
Liabilities:												
Deposit liabilities	P	475,751	P	3,001,116	P	3,476,867	P	493,041	P	2,647,975	P	3,141,016
Bills payable		115,088		52,900		167,988		136,176		52,696		188,872
Other liabilities		12,055	_	87,454		99,509		12,034	_	89,853		101,887
	<u>P</u>	602,894	<u>P</u>	3,141,470	<u>P</u>	3,744,364	<u>P</u>	641,251	<u>P</u>	2,790,524	<u>P</u>	3,431,775

4.2.2 Interest Rate Risk

The BDO Unibank Group prepares an interest rate gap analysis in the Banking Book to measure the sensitivity of its resources, liabilities and off-book items to interest rate fluctuations. The Banking Book is a term for resources on a bank's statement of financial position that are expected to be held to maturity, usually consisting of customer loans to and deposits from retail and corporate customers. The Banking Book can also include those derivatives that are used to hedge exposures arising from the Banking Book activity, including interest rate risk. The focus of analysis is the impact of changes in interest rates on accrual or reported earnings. This analysis would give management a glimpse of the re-pricing profile of its interest sensitive resources and liabilities in the Banking Book.

An interest rate gap report is prepared by classifying all resources and liabilities into various time buckets according to contracted maturities if fixed or anticipated repricing dates if floating, or based on behavioral assumptions if more applicable. In the interest rate gap presented, loans and investments are profiled based on next repricing if floating or contracted maturity if fixed rate while non-maturity deposit liabilities are considered non-rate sensitive. The difference in the amount of resources and liabilities maturing or being repriced in any time period category would then give BDO Unibank Group an indication of the extent to which it is exposed to the risk of potential changes in net interest income. Interest rate financial instruments (e.g., interest rate derivatives) may be used to hedge the interest rate exposures in the Banking Book. There are however, no outstanding interest rate derivatives used as hedges in the Banking Book.

The analyses of the groupings of resources, liabilities and off-book items as of December 31, 2023 and 2022 based on the expected interest realization or recognition are shown below and in the succeeding pages.

		2023											
	One to Three Months	N	More Than Three Months to One Year		More nan One Year to we Years	More Than Five Years			Non-rate Sensitive	Total			
Resources:													
Cash and other cash items Due from BSP and	Р -	P	-	P	-	P	-	P	94,278	P	94,278		
other banks Trading and	64,132		3,103		-		-		353,815		421,050		
investment securities	125,982		75,408		335,739		347,536		47,220		931,885		
Loans and other receivables - net Other resources - net*	1,392,326		440,894		950,339		102,469		- 144,420		2,886,028 144,420		
Total Resources	1,582,440		519,405	_1	,286,078		450,005		639,733		4,477,661		
Liabilities and Equity: Deposit liabilities Bills payable	1,409,286 80,393		198,505 14,832		28,293 88,821		450 5,536		1,931,016 -		3,567,550 189,582		
Insurance contract liabilities** Other liabilities	(1,171)	(2,912) 211	(327) 959		50,283 2,489		31,337 121,106		77,210 124,765		
Total Liabilities Equity	1,488,508		210,636		117,746		58 , 758		2,083,459 518,554	_	3,959,107 518,554		
Total Liabilities and Equity	y <u>1,488,508</u>		210,636		117,746		58,758		2,602,013	_	4,477,661		
On-book gap (Balance carried forward)	P 93,932	<u>P</u>	308,769	<u>P 1</u>	,168,332	<u>P</u>	391,247	(<u>P</u>	1,962,280)	<u>P</u>			

		2023												
	One to Three Months		More Than Three Months to One Year	More Than One Year to <u>Five Years</u>	More Than Five <u>Years</u>	Non-rate Sensitive	<u>Total</u>							
On-book gap (Balance brought forward)	P 93,9	932	P 308,769	<u>P 1,168,332</u>	P 391,247	(<u>P 1,962,280</u>)	<u>P - </u>							
Cumulative on-book gap	93,	932	402,701	<u>1,571,033</u>	1,962,280									
Contingent assets	30,9	906	5,550	355	-	-	36,811							
Contingent liabilities	27,	<u>727</u>	277	8,383			36,387							
Off-book gap	3,	<u>179</u>	5,273	(8,028)			424							
Net Periodic Gap	97,	<u>111</u>	314,042	1,160,304	391,247	(1,962,280)	(424)							
Cumulative Total Gap	P 97,	111	P 411,153	P 1,571,457	P 1,962,704	P 424	<u>P - </u>							

^{*} Other resources include Premises, Furniture, Fixtures and Equipment, Investment Properties, Equity Investments - net, and Other Resources - net.

**Insurance Contract Liabilities with maturities of one to three months, more than three months to one year and more than one year to five years have negative aging because the renewal premiums (inflow) are greater than the expected insurance benefit liability.

		2022										
	One to Three Months	More Than Three Months to One Year		More Than One Year to Five Years		More Than Five Years		Non-rate Sensitive			Total	
Resources:												
Cash and other												
cash items	P -	Р	-	P	-	P	-	P	82,944	Р	82,944	
Due from BSP and												
other banks	130,852		1,294		-		-		314,088		446,234	
Trading and												
investment												
securities	11,874		26,823		289,426		349,995		44,712		722,830	
Loans and other			.== ===								•	
receivables – net	1,320,621		377,502		876,912		121,866		-		2,696,901	
Other resources – net*	10,036		<u>3,807</u>	-	3				111,953	_	125,799	
Total Resources	1,473,383		409,426	1	,166,341		471,861		553,697		4,074,708	
Liabilities and Equity:												
Deposit liabilities	1,107,910		183,996		26,346		6,328		1,896,303		3,220,883	
Bills payable	85,036		13,188		91,937		5,576		3,154		198,891	
Insurance contract			-0,-00		, -,,		•,• •		-,		-, 0,0,-	
liabilities** (802)	(2,159)		696		37,066		29,562		64,363	
Other liabilities	12,832		76		660		70		115,476		129,114	
Total Liabilities	1,204,976		195,101		119,639		49,040		2,044,495		3,613,251	
Equity		_		_		_		_	461,457	_	461,457	
Total Liabilities and Equity	1,204,976	_	195,101		119,639	_	49,040		2,505,952	_	4,074,708	
On-book gap												
(Balance carried forward)	P 268,407	Р	214,325	P 1	,046,702	Р	422,821	(<u>P</u>	1,952,255)	Р		

		2022											
	One to Three Months		Three Months		More Than One Year to Five Years	More Than Five Years		Non-rate Sensitive		Total			
On-book gap (Balance brought forward)	<u>P</u>	268,407	<u>P</u>	214,325	<u>P 1,046,702</u>	P 422,821	(<u>P</u>	1,952,255)	<u>P</u>				
Cumulative on-book gap		268,407		482,732	1,529,434	1,952,255							
Contingent assets		40,387		1,130	2,788	-		-		44,305			
Contingent liabilities		30,346		836	13,102		_			44,284			
Off-book gap		10,041		294	(10,314)					21			
Net Periodic Gap		278,448		214,619	1,036,388	422,821	(1,952,255)	(21)			
Cumulative Total Gap	Р	278,448	Р	493,067	P 1,529,455	P 1,952,276	Р	21	Р	-			

Parent Bank

			2	2023		
	One to Three Months	More Than Three Months to One Year	More Than One Year to Five Years	More Than Five Years	Non-rate Sensitive	Total
Resources:						
Cash and other cash items Due from BSP and	Р -	Р -	Р -	Р -	P 91,635	P 91,635
other banks Trading and investment	58,963	-	-	-	350,256	409,219
securities Loans and other	121,949	66,734	297,562	292,977	8,469	787,691
receivables - net Other resources - net*	1,390,145	431,677	879,690 	108,035	- 164,555	2,809,547 164,555
Total Resources	1,571,057	498,411	1,177,252	401,012	614,915	4,262,647
Liabilities and Equity: Deposit liabilities Bills payable Other liabilities	1,381,980 57,712	194,465 9,667	26,424 94,174	5,980 6,435	1,868,018 - 107,595	3,476,867 167,988 107,595
Total Liabilities Equity	1,439,692	204,132	120,598	12,415	1,975,613 510,197	3,752,450 510,197
Total Liabilities and Equity	1,439,692	204,132	120,598	12,415	2,485,810	4,262,647
On-book gap	131,365	294,279	1,056,654	388,597	(1,870,895)	-
Cumulative on-book gap	131,365	425,644	1,482,298	<u>1,870,895</u>		
Contingent assets	26,948	7,466	-	-	-	34,414
Contingent liabilities	26,655	7,345				34,000
Off-book gap	293	<u>121</u>	-			414
Net Periodic Gap	131,658	294,400	1,056,654	388,597	(1,870,895)	(414)
Cumulative Total Gap	<u>P 131,658</u>	P 426,058	<u>P 1,482,712</u>	<u>P 1,871,309</u>	<u>P 414</u>	<u>P - </u>

^{*} Other resources include Premises, Furniture, Fixtures and Equipment, Investment Properties, Equity Investments - net, and Other Resources - net.

^{*} Other resources include Premises, Furniture, Fixtures and Equipment, Investment Properties, Equity Investments - net, and Other Resources - net. **Insurance Contract Liabilities with maturities of one to three months and more than three months to one year have negative aging because the renewal premiums (inflow) are greater than the expected insurance benefit liability.

Parent Bank

			2	2022		
	One to Three Months	More Than Three Months to One Year	More Than One Year to Five Years	More Than Five Years	Non-rate Sensitive	Total
Resources:						
Cash and other cash items	р -	р -	р -	Р -	P 80,666	P 80,666
cash items Due from BSP and	Ρ -	Р -	P -	Р -	P 80,666	P 80,666
other banks	125,084	_	_	_	308,560	433,644
Trading and investment	123,001				500,500	155,011
securities	10,657	22,138	255,436	312,675	5,883	606,789
Loans and other	10,037	22,150	233,130	312,073	3,003	000,702
receivables - net	1,318,458	368,986	819,563	114,214	-	2,621,221
Other resources - net*	10,036	3,806			144,161	158,003
Total Resources	1,464,235	394,930	1,074,999	426,889	539,270	3,900,323
T11001 1T 5						
Liabilities and Equity:	1 000 272	101 240	21.002	0.727	1.020.777	2 1 41 017
Deposit liabilities	1,080,372	181,248	31,093	8,627	1,839,676	3,141,016
Bills payable Other liabilities	79,571 12,820	6,633	97 , 222 -	5,446	97,716	188,872 110,536
Total Liabilities	1,172,763	187,881	128,315	14,073	1,937,392	3,440,424
Equity	1,172,703	-	120,515	14,075	459,899	459,899
Equity					107,077	157,077
Total Liabilities and Equity	1,172,763	187,881	128,315	14,073	2,397,291	3,900,323
On-book gap	291,472	207,049	946,684	412,816	(1,858,021)	
Cumulative on-book gap	291,472	498,521	1,445,205	1,858,021		
Contingent assets	39,041	1,965	-	-	-	41,006
Contingent liabilities	38,974	1,965				40,939
Off-book gap	67					67
Net Periodic Gap	291,539	207,049	946,684	412,816	(1,858,021)	(67)
Cumulative Total Gap	P 291,539	P 498,588	<u>P 1,445,272</u>	P 1,858,088	<u>P 67</u>	<u>P - </u>

^{*} Other resources include Premises, Furniture, Fixtures and Equipment, Investment Properties, Equity Investments - net and Other Resources - net.

The BDO Unibank Group and the Parent Bank's market risk management limits are generally categorized as limits on:

- Value-at-risk (VaR) The RMG computes the VaR benchmarked at a level, which is a percentage of projected earnings. The BDO Unibank Group and the Parent Bank use the VaR model to estimate the daily potential loss that the BDO Unibank Group and the Parent Bank can incur from its trading book, based on a number of assumptions with a confidence level of 99%. The measurement is designed such that exceptions over limits should only arise in very exceptional circumstances.
- Stop loss The RMG sets the amount of each risk-bearing activity at a percentage of the budgeted annual income for such activity.
- Nominal position The RMG sets the nominal amount to prevent over-trading, excessive concentration, and to limit financial loss supplementing other established limits.
- Trading volume The RMG sets the volume of transactions that any employee may execute at various levels based on the rank of the personnel making the risk-bearing decision.

• Earnings-at-risk (EAR) – The RMG computes the EAR based on the repricing profile of the Banking Book and benchmarks against projected annual net interest income and capital.

VaR is one of the key measures in BDO Unibank Group and Parent Bank's management of market risk. VaR is defined as a statistical estimate of the maximum possible loss on a given position during a time horizon within a given confidence interval. The BDO Unibank Group and the Parent Bank use a 99% confidence level and a 260-day observation period in VaR calculation. The BDO Unibank Group and the Parent Bank's VaR limit is established as a percentage of projected earnings and is used to alert senior management whenever the potential losses in the BDO Unibank Group and the Parent Bank's portfolios exceed tolerable levels. Because the VaR measure is tied to market volatility, it therefore allows management to react quickly and adjust its portfolio strategies in different market conditions in accordance with its risk philosophy and appetite. The VaR model is validated through back-testing.

Although VaR is an important tool for measuring market risk, the assumptions on which the model is based do give rise to some limitations. The limitations of the VaR methodology are recognized by supplementing VaR limits with other position and sensitivity limit structures, including limits to address potential concentration risks within each trading portfolio. In addition, the BDO Unibank Group and the Parent Bank use a wide range of stress tests to model the financial impact of a variety of exceptional market scenarios on individual trading portfolios and the BDO Unibank Group and the Parent Bank's overall position. Stress VaR is also performed on all portfolios as a complementary measure of risk. While VaR deals with risk during times of normality, stress testing is used to measure the potential effect of a crisis or low probability event.

A summary of the VaR position of the trading portfolios at December 31 follows:

		20	23		202	22
		VaR	Stre	ess VaR	VaR	Stress VaR
BDO Unibank Group						
Foreign currency risk	(P	12)	(P	128) (P	9)	(P 84)
Interest rate risk – Peso	(124)	(2,217) (91)	(1,469)
Interest rate risk – USD	(<u>10</u>)	(<u>200</u>) (13)	(194)
	(<u>P</u>	<u>146</u>)	(<u>P</u>	2,545) (<u>P</u>	113)	(<u>P 1,747</u>)
Parent Bank						
Foreign currency risk	(P	12)	(P	126) (P	7)	(P 72)
Interest rate risk – Peso	(53)	(1,052) (31)	(641)
Interest rate risk – USD	(<u>3</u>)	(<u>48</u>) (<u> </u>	(31)
	(<u>P</u>	<u>68</u>)	(<u>P</u>	1,226) (<u>P</u>	<u>39</u>)	(<u>P 744</u>)

For the BDO Unibank Group, the earnings perspective using an EAR approach is the more relevant measure for the interest rate risks in the Banking Book given a "going concern" assumption and also because the component of earnings in focus is net interest income.

EAR is a measure of likely earnings volatility for accrual portfolios. The appropriate yield curve used is the relevant benchmark rate and the volatilities of the relevant benchmark interest rate curve are calculated similar to the method employed for VaR. The volatility calculations make use of actual pre-defined time series data, using five-years' worth of yearly changes, at the 99% confidence level. The frequency of measurement for EAR is monthly. EAR Stress Test uses 300 basis points increase in USD interest rates and 400 basis points increase in Peso interest rates.

The EAR before tax in a rising and declining interest rate scenario for financial assets and liabilities repriced during 2023 and 2022 is shown below and in the succeeding page.

	2023
	Change in Interest Rates (in basis points)
	<u>-100</u> <u>+100</u> <u>-50</u> <u>+50</u>
Change on annualized net interest income	(<u>P 1,681) P 1,681 (P 840) P 840</u>
As a percentage of the BDO Unibank Group's net	
interest income for 2023	(<u>0.90%</u>) <u>0.90%</u> (<u>0.45%</u>) <u>0.45%</u>
EAR	<u>P 16,394</u>
As a percentage of the BDO Unibank Group's net interest income for 2023	<u>8.80%</u>
Average (1yr) EAR	<u>P 16,426</u>
Average (1yr) Stress EAR	<u>P 19,249</u>
	2022
	Change in Interest Rates (in basis points)
Change on annualized	
net interest income As a percentage of the BDO Unibank Group's net	(<u>P 5,085</u>) <u>P 5,085</u> (<u>P 2,543</u>) <u>P 2,543</u>
interest income for 2022	(3.41%)3.41% (1.70%)1.70%
EAR	<u>P 17,284</u>
As a percentage of the BDO Unibank Group's net	
interest income for 2022	<u>11.60%</u>
Average (1yr) EAR	<u>P 23,455</u>
Average (1yr) Stress EAR	<u>P 30,506</u>
Parent Bank	2023
	Change in Interest Rates (in basis points)
Change on annualized net interest income	(<u>P 1,974)</u> <u>P 1974</u> (<u>P 987)</u> <u>P 987</u>
As a percentage of the Parent Bank's net interest income for 2023	(1.13%)1.13% (0.56%)0.56%
EAR	<u>P 17,100</u>
As a percentage of the Parent	
Bank's net interest	
income for 2023	<u> </u>
Average (1yr) EAR	<u>P 16,852</u>
Average (1yr) Stress EAR	<u>P 21,649</u>

Parent Bank

Terre Darm	2022											
	Chang	e in Interest	Rates (in basis	points)								
	100	+100		<u>+50</u>								
Change on annualized net interest income As a percentage of the Parent	(<u>P 5,572</u>)	<u>P 5,572</u>	(<u>P 2,786</u>)	<u>P 2,786</u>								
Bank's net interest income for 2022	(4.00%)	4.00%	(2.00%)	2.00%								
EAR	<u>P 18,854</u>											
As a percentage of the Parent Bank's net interest income for 2022	13.50%											
Average (1yr) EAR	P 23,845											
Average (1yr) Stress EAR	<u>P 31,169</u>											

4.2.3 Price Risk

The BDO Unibank Group and the Parent Bank are exposed to equity securities price risk because of investments in equity securities held by the BDO Unibank Group and the Parent Bank classified on the statement of financial position either as financial assets at FVOCI or financial assets at FVTPL. The BDO Unibank Group and the Parent Bank are not exposed to commodity price risk. To manage its price risk arising from investments in listed equity securities, the BDO Unibank Group maintains a diversified portfolio. Diversification of the portfolio is done in accordance with the limits set by the BDO Unibank Group.

The table below summarizes the impact of equity prices on listed equity securities classified as financial assets at FVTPL and financial assets at FVOCI on BDO Unibank Group and Parent Bank's net profit after tax and equity as of December 31, 2023 and 2022. The results are based on the volatility assumption of the benchmark equity index, which was 2.31% and 4.15% in 2023 and 2022, respectively, for securities classified as financial assets at FVTPL and FVOCI securities with all other variables held constant and all the BDO Unibank Group and the Parent Bank's equity instruments moved according to the historical correlation with the index.

		Ne	npact on ofit After acrease		Impact on Other Comprehensive Income Increase							
		2023		2022		2021		2023		2022		2021
BDO Unibank Group												
Financial assets at FVTPL Financial assets at	P	609	P	1,054	P	806	P	-	P	-	P	-
FVOCI			_					114		158		148
	<u>P</u>	609	<u>P</u>	1,054	<u>P</u>	806	<u>P</u>	114	<u>P</u>	158	<u>P</u>	148
Parent Bank												
Financial assets at FVOCI	<u>P</u>		<u>P</u>	-	<u>P</u>	-	<u>P</u>	36	<u>P</u>	<u>25</u>	<u>P</u>	30

4.3 Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that the counterparty in a transaction may default and arises from lending, trade finance, treasury, derivatives and other activities undertaken by the BDO Unibank Group. RMG undertakes several functions with respect to credit risk management including credit analysis, risk ratings for corporate accounts, and development and performance monitoring of credit risk rating and scoring models for both corporate and consumer loans. It also ensures that BDO Unibank Group's credit policies and procedures are adequate to meet the demands of the business.

RMG also subjects the loan portfolio to a regular portfolio quality review, credit portfolio stress testing and rapid portfolio reviews based on specific and potential events that may affect borrowers in particular geographic locations or industries.

BDO Unibank Group structures the levels of credit risk it undertakes by placing limits on the amount of risk accepted in relation to one borrower, or groups of borrowers. Such risks are monitored on a regular basis and subject to an annual or more frequent review. Approval for credit limits is secured from the Credit Committee. On the industry segments, set limits and exposures are monitored and reported to the RMC.

Exposure to credit risk is managed through regular analysis of the ability of borrowers and potential borrowers to meet interest and capital repayment obligations and by changing these lending limits when appropriate. Exposure to credit risk is also managed in part by obtaining collateral or corporate and personal guarantees.

4.3.1 Credit Risk Assessment

Loan classification and credit risk rating are an integral part of the BDO Unibank Group's management of credit risk. On an annual basis, loans are reviewed, classified as necessary, and rated based on internal and external factors that affect its performance. On a monthly basis, loan classifications of impaired accounts are assessed and the results are used as basis for the review of loan loss provisions.

The BDO Unibank Group's definition of its loan classification and corresponding credit risk ratings are as follows:

• Pass/Current : Grades AAA to B

Watchlisted : Grade BEspecially Mentioned : Grade C
Substandard : Grade D
Doubtful : Grade E
Loss : Grade F

Once an account is Watchlisted or Adversely Classified, the resulting risk rating grade is aligned based on the above classification.

(a) Pass/Current

These are individual credits that do not have a greater-than-normal risk and do not possess the characteristics of adversely classified loans. These are credits that have the apparent ability to satisfy their obligations in full and therefore, no loss in ultimate collection is anticipated. These are adequately secured by readily marketable collateral or other forms of support security or are supported by sufficient credit and financial information of favorable nature to assure repayment as agreed.

(b) Watchlisted

Since early identification of troublesome or potential accounts is vital in portfolio management, a "Watchlisted" classification of credit accounts is maintained. These accounts are not adversely classified but they require more than normal attention to prevent these accounts from deteriorating to said category.

(c) Adversely Classified

Past due or individually impaired financial assets comprise accounts under the following risk ratings:

(i) Especially Mentioned (EM)

It is an adverse classification of loans/accounts that have potential weaknesses and deserves management's close attention. These potential weaknesses, if left uncorrected, may affect the repayment of the loan.

(ii) Substandard

Accounts classified as "Substandard" are individual credits or portions thereof, that have well-defined weakness/(es) that may jeopardize repayment/liquidation in full, either in respect of the business, cash flow or financial position, which may include adverse trends or developments that affect willingness or repayment ability of the borrower.

(iii) Doubtful

Accounts classified as "Doubtful" are individual credits or portions thereof which exhibit more severe weaknesses than those classified as "Substandard" whose characteristics on the basis of currently known facts, conditions and values make collection or liquidation highly improbable, however, the exact amount remains undeterminable as yet. Classification as "Loss" is deferred because of specific pending factors, which may strengthen the assets.

(iv) Loss

Accounts classified as "Loss" are individual credits or portions thereof, which are considered uncollectible or worthless, and of such little value that their continuance as bankable assets are not warranted although the loans may have some recovery or salvage value.

This shall be viewed as a transitional category for loans and other credit accommodations, which have been identified as requiring write-off during the current reporting period even though partial recovery may be obtained in the future.

In addition, credit portfolio review is another integral part of the BDO Unibank Group's management of credit risk. This exercise involves the conduct of periodic post approval review of individual credits whose main objective is to help monitor and maintain sound and healthy risk asset portfolio. Parameters of the credit portfolio review are structured so as to reflect both sides of the risk management equation such as credit quality and process. This function actuates the philosophy that credit quality is derived from sound risk management process. The credit quality of financial assets is managed by the BDO Unibank Group using internal credit ratings.

4.3.2 Credit Quality Analysis

This section sets out information about the credit quality of loans and other receivables, financial assets measured at amortized cost, and FVOCI debt investments. Unless specifically indicated for financial assets, the amounts represent gross carrying amounts. For loan commitments and other contingent accounts, the amounts in the table, it represents the amounts committed. As of December 31, 2023 and 2022, there are no POCI financial assets in both BDO Unibank Group and Parent Bank's financial statements.

The following tables show the exposure to credit risk as of December 31, 2023 and 2022 for each internal risk grade and the related allowance for ECL:

DO Unibank Group					24				
		_	Stage 1		Stage 2)23	Stage 3	_	Total
Due from Other Banks									
	D /C .	P	86,032	P		P		P	06.022
Grades AAA to B : ECL allowance	Pass/ Current	(86,032 <u>58</u>)	P		P		P (86,032 58)
Carrying amount		P	85,974	P	_	P	_	P	85,974
, 0			-					-	
Receivables from custor	mers - corporate								
Grades AAA to B :	Pass/Current	P	2,101,888	P	-	P	-	P	2,101,888
Grade B- :	Watchlisted		9		8,773		143		8,925
Grade C :	EM		51		40,554		1,462		42,067
Grade D :	Substandard		-		13,562		5,580		19,142
Grade E :	Doubtful		-		-		7,673		7,673
Grade F :	Loss						3,781		3,781
			2,101,948		62,889		18,639		2,183,476
ECL allowance		(6,248)	(33,106)	(15,640)	(54,994)
Carrying amount		P	2,095,700	<u>P</u>	29,783	<u>P</u>	2,999	<u>P</u>	2,128,482
Receivables from custor	mers - consumer								
Grades AAA to B :	Pass/Current	P	629,582	P	_	P	77	P	629,659
Grade B- :	Watchlisted	_	-	_	8	_	3	_	11
Grade C :	EM		8		1,454		46		1,508
Grade D :	Substandard		_		2,105		3,788		5,893
	Doubtful		_		-,		5,118		5,118
	Loss		_		2		25,699		25,701
			629,590		3,569		34,731		667,890
ECL allowance		(8,602)	(877)	(18,661)	(28,140)
Carrying amount		<u>P</u>	620,988	<u>P</u>	2,692	<u>P</u>	16,070	<u>P</u>	639,750
Other receivables									
Grades AAA to B :	Pass/Current	P	116,022	P	_	P	_	P	116,022
Grade C :	EM	-	-	•	11	-	_	•	110,022
Grade D :	Substandard		535		432		725		1,692
Grade E :	Doubtful		-		-		402		402
	Loss		_		_		2,384		2,384
			116,557		443		3,511		120,511
ECL allowance		(217)	(42)	(2,456)	(2,715)
Carrying amount		P	116,340	P	401	P	1,055	P	117,796

					20	023				
			Stage 1		Stage 2		Stage 3		Total	
Debt investment secur	rities at									
amortized cost	Dana / Carrant	D	E7C 210	ъ		P		P	E77 010	
Grades AAA to B : Grade C :	•	P	576,218	P	- 56	P	_	P	576,218 56	
	Doubtful		-		-		1,580		1,580	
Grade F :	Loss						266		266	
			576,218		56		1,846		578,120	
ECL allowance		(240)	(49)	(<u>1,846</u>)	(2,135)	
Carrying amount		<u>P</u>	575,978	<u>P</u>	7	<u>P</u>		<u>P</u>	575,985	
Debt investment secur	rities at FVOCI									
Grades AAA to B :	Pass/Current	P	303,849	P	_	P	_	P	303,849	
Grade B :	Watchlisted				15				15	
Carrying amount		<u>P</u>	303,849	P	15	<u>P</u>		<u>P</u>	303,864	
Loan commitments an	nd other									
contingent accounts										
Grades AAA to B :		P	606,864	P	_	P	_	P	606,864	
Grade B :	*	-	-	•	_	•	49	•	49	
Grade C :	EM		-		1,052		-		1,052	
Grade D :	Substandard		-		27				27	
			606,864		1,079		49		607,992	
ECL allowance		(<u>176</u>)	(27)		-	(203)	
Carrying amount		<u>P</u>	606,688	<u>P</u>	1,052	<u>P</u>	49	<u>P</u>	607,789	
					20)22				
			Stage 1		Stage 2	122	Stage 3		Total	
Due from Other Banks										
Grades AAA to B : ECL allowance	Pass/Current	P (60,470 15)	P	-	Р	<u>-</u>	P (60,470 15)	
Carrying amount		<u>P</u>	60,455	<u>P</u>		<u>P</u>		P	60,455	
Receivables from custom	ners - corporate									
	Pass/Current	P	1,922,405	P		Р		Р	1,922,405	
Grade B- :	Watchlisted	1	1,722,403	1	23,020	1	1,640	1	24,684	
	EM		55		47,691		3,028		50,774	
Grade D :	Substandard		-		4,391		7,145		11,536	
Grade E :	Doubtful		-		- 1		3,332		3,332	
Grade F :	Loss				-		2,611		2,611	
			1,922,484		75,102		17,756		2,015,342	
ECL allowance		(6,950)	(26,614)	(14,025)	(47,589)	
Carrying amount		<u>P</u>	1,915,534	<u>P</u>	48,488	<u>P</u>	3,731	<u>P</u>	1,967,753	
Receivables from custom	ners - consumer									
Grades AAA to B :	Pass/Current	P	560,560	P	-	P	118	P	560,678	
Grade B- :	Watchlisted		-		57		38		95	
Grade C :			-		953		87		1,040	
Grade D :			-		1,598		4,311		5,909	
Grade E :			-		-		3,561		3,561	
Grade F :	Loss		- 560 560		- 2 (00		27,186	-	27,186	
ECL allowance		(560,560 6,614)	(2,608 890)	(35,301 18,683)	()	598,469 26,187)	
Comming amount		P	553,946	D	1,718	P	16,618	· P	572,282	
Carrying amount		<u>r</u>	JJJ,740	<u>r</u>	1,/10	<u>r</u>	10,010	<u>r</u>	<u> </u>	
Other receivables										
Grades AAA to B :		P	155,344	Р	115	P	213	Р	155,672	
Grade C :	EM		-		3		- 220		3	
Grade D :	Substandard		511		417		339		1,267	
Grade E :	Doubtful		-		-		419 2.080		419 2.080	
Grade F :	Loss		155,855		535	_	2,089 3,060		2,089 159,450	
ECL allowance		(101)	(78)	(2,405)	(2,584)	
		, <u> </u>	,	, <u> </u>	ŕ	`	,	`	,	
Carrying amount		<u>P</u>	<u>155,754</u>	<u>P</u>	457	<u>P</u>	655	<u>P</u>	156,866	

BDO Unibank Group

	2022										
		Stage 1		Stage 2			Stage 3		Total		
Debt investment securities at amortized cost											
Grades AAA to B : Pass/Current Grade C : EM Grade E : Doubtful Grade F : Loss	P	512,128	P	- - -	56	P	- 1,252 267	P	512,128 56 1,252 267		
ECL allowance	(512,128 106)	(56 <u>29</u>)	(1,519 1,519		513,703 1,654)		
Carrying amount	<u>P</u>	512,022	P		27	<u>P</u>		<u>P</u>	512,049		
Debt investment securities at FVOCI											
Grades AAA to B : Pass/Current Grade C : EM	P	161,301	P	-	53	P	-	P	161,301 53		
Carrying amount	<u>P</u>	161,301	P		53	<u>P</u>		<u>P</u>	161,354		
Loan commitments and other contingent accounts											
Grades AAA to B : Pass/Current Grade B : Watchlisted Grade C : EM	P	131,273 - - 131,273	P	-	28 9 37	P	- - -	P	131,273 28 9 131,310		
ECL allowance	(233)		_				(233)		
Carrying amount	<u>P</u>	131,040	P		37	P		P	131,077		

The table below sets out the credit quality of trading debt securities of the BDO Unibank Group measured at FVTPL (see Note 10.1).

		2023				
Grade:						
AAA	P	12,779	P	7,678		
AA+ to AA		550		151		
BBB+ to BBB-		1,555		2,131		
BB+ to BB-		255		158		
	<u>P</u>	15,139	<u>P</u>	10,118		

The table below shows an analysis of counterparty credit exposures arising from derivative transactions of the BDO Unibank Group. Outstanding derivative exposures to counterparties are generally with investment grade counterparty banks. Derivative transactions with non-bank counterparties are on a fully secured basis.

										Over-the-counter							
											Cer	ıtral			Other I	3ilate	ral
		To	tal		Exchange-traded				Counterparties				Collateralized				
	N	Votional		Fair	No	otional		Fair		N	lotional	_	Fair	N	otional		Fair
	A	mount	'	Value	Ar	nount	_	Value	<u> </u>	A	mount		/alue	A	mount	V	/alue
2023 Derivative assets Derivative liabilities	P	216,702 230,684	P	6,070 5,139	P	465 465	P		3	P	178,277 191,980	P	2,154 1,856	P	37,960 38,239	P	3,913 3,280
2022 Derivative assets Derivative liabilities	Р	172,551 205,608	Р	8,613 7,809	P	1,072 2,489	P	-	1	P	139,990 169,658	P	3,468 3,634	Р	31,489 33,461	P	5,145 4,174

As of December 31, 2023 and 2022, the BDO Unibank Group held Cash and Other Cash Items, Due from Other Banks and Due from BSP totaling to P515,328 and P529,178, respectively. The financial assets are held with the BSP and financial institution counterparties that are rated at least BBB to AAA+, based on external rating agencies.

Parent Bank

					20							
		_	Stage 1		Stage 2)23	Stage 3		Total			
Due from Other Bank	s											
Grades AAA to B : ECL allowance	Pass/Current	P (76,846 <u>55</u>)	P		P		P (76,846 <u>55</u>)			
Carrying amount		<u>P</u>	76,791	<u>P</u>		<u>P</u>		<u>P</u>	76,791			
Receivables from cust	tomers - corporate											
Grades AAA to B	-	P	2,094,050	P	-	P	-	P	2,094,050			
	Watchlisted		-		8,710		143		8,853			
Grade C	: EM : Substandard		-		40,546		1,462		42,008			
	: Substandard : Doubtful		-		13,539		5,576 7,673		19,115 7,673			
Grade F	Loss		_		_		3,779		3,779			
ECL allowance		(2,094,050 6,238)	(62,795 33,069)	(18,633 15,638)	(2,175,478 54,945)			
Carrying amount		P	2,087,812	\ р	29,726	P	2,995	P	2,120,533			
Carrying amount		<u>-</u>	2,007,012	-	27,120	<u> </u>	2,775	<u> </u>	<u> </u>			
Receivables from cust		_		_		_		_				
Grades AAA to B Grade B	: Pass/Current : Watchlisted	P	565,228	P	- 8	P	- 3	P	565,228			
Grade C	EM		-		1,390		-		11 1,390			
Grade D	Substandard		_		1,723		3,738		5,461			
Grade E	Doubtful		-		-		4,741		4,741			
Grade F	Loss						23,171		23,171			
ECL allowance		(565,228 8,099)	(3,121 733)	(31,653 17,025)	(600,002 25,857)			
Carrying amount		P	,	P	2,388	P	14,628	P	•			
Carrying amount		F	557,129	<u>r</u>	2,300	<u> </u>	14,020	<u> </u>	<u>574,145</u>			
Other receivables												
	Pass/Current	P	113,642	P	-	P	- 210	P	113,642			
Grade D Grade E	: Substandard : Doubtful		534		417		218 351		1,169 351			
Grade F	: Loss		-		-		2,275		2,275			
			114,176		417		2,844		117,437			
ECL allowance		(<u>185</u>)	(42)	(2,341)	(2,568)			
Carrying amount		<u>P</u>	113,991	<u>P</u>	375	<u>P</u>	503	<u>P</u>	114,869			
Debt investment secu	rities at											
amortized cost												
Grades AAA to B	Pass/Current	P	554,856	P	_	P	_	P	554,856			
Grade C	EM		-		56		-		56			
Grade E	Doubtful		-		-		1,580		1,580			
Grade F	Loss		-		-		266		<u>266</u>			
ECL allowance		(554,856 220)	(56 49)	(1,846 <u>1,846</u>)	(556,758 2,115)			
Carrying amount		P	554 , 636	P	7	P	_	P	554,643			
, 0						=						
Debt investment secu Grades AAA to B		ъ	222 002	ъ		P		P	222 002			
	: Watchlisted	P	222,992	P	- 15	-		Г	222,992 15			
Carrying amount		P	222,992	P	15	P		P	223,007			
, 0		-		1				1				
Loan commitments a												
Grades AAA to B		P	606,864	P		P		P	606 961			
	: Watchlisted	r	-	ı.	-	1,	- 49	1,	606,864 49			
	EM		-		1,052		-		1,052			
	Substandard		-	_	27			_	27			
T. 07			606,864		1,079		49		607,992			
ECL allowance		(<u>176</u>)	(27)		-	(203)			
Carrying amount		<u>P</u>	606,688	<u>P</u>	1,052	P	49	<u>P</u>	607,789			

Parent Bank

					20				
		_	Stage 1		Stage 2		Stage 3		Total
Due from Other Banks									
Grades AAA to B :	Pass/Current	Р	51,448	P	_	Р	_	Р	51,448
ECL allowance	r asso, Garrent	(14)				_	(14)
		`	,						,
Carrying amount		<u>P</u>	51,434	<u>P</u>		P		P	51,434
Receivables from custom	ners - cornorate								
Grades AAA to B :	Pass/Current	P	1,914,938	Р	_	Р	_	Р	1,914,938
Grade B- :	Watchlisted	•	-	•	23,020	•	1,640	•	24,660
Grade C :	EM		-		47,691		3,024		50,715
Grade D :	Substandard		-		4,391		7,145		11,536
Grade E :	Doubtful		-		-		3,332		3,332
Grade F :	Loss	-	-	-			2,609	-	2,609
ECL allowance		,	1,914,938 6,906)	,	75,102 26,614)	,	17,750 14,022)	,	2,007,790 47,542)
ECL allowance		<u></u>	0,200)	<u></u>	20,014)		14,022)	(47,344)
Carrying amount		<u>P</u>	1,908,032	<u>P</u>	48,488	<u>P</u>	3,728	<u>P</u>	1,960,248
Receivables from custom	ners - consumer								
Grades AAA to B :	Pass/Current	P	494,913	P	-	P	-	P	494,913
Grade B- :	Watchlisted		-		57		38		95
Grade C :	EM		-		906		75		981
Grade D :	Substandard		-		1,308		4,272		5,580
Grade E :	Doubtful		-		-		3,300		3,300
Grade F :	Loss		404.012	-	- 2.271		24,985		24,985
ECL allowance		(494,913 6,050)	(2,271 775)	(32,670 17,209)	(529,854 24,034)
Comming amount		P	488,863	D	1,496	D	15,461	P	505,820
Carrying amount		<u>r</u>	400,003	<u>r</u>	1,490	<u>r</u>	13,401	<u>r</u>	303,620
Other receivables									
Grades AAA to B :	Pass/Current	P	153,966	P	-	P	-	P	153,966
Grade D :	0 440 0 444-4444-44		509		416		336		1,261
Grade E :	Doubtful		-		-		366		366
Grade F :	Loss		454.475		- 44.6		1,984		1,984
ECL allowance		(154,475 74)	,	416 78)	,	2,686	,	157,577 2,424)
ECL allowance		(((2,272)	(2,424)
Carrying amount		<u>P</u>	154,401	<u>P</u>	338	<u>P</u>	414	<u>P</u>	155,153
Debt investment securiti	es at								
amortized cost									
Grades AAA to B :	Pass/Current	P	491,324	P	_	P	-	P	491,324
Grade C :	EM		-		56		-		56
Grade E :	Doubtful		-		-		1,252		1,252
Grade F :	Loss						267		267
ECL allowance		,	491,324 92)	,	56 29)	,	1,519 1,519)	,	492,899
ECL allowance		(<u>92</u>)	((1,319)	(1,640)
Carrying amount		<u>P</u>	491,232	P	27	P		P	491,259
Debt investment securiti	es at FVOCI								
Grades AAA to B :		P	108,053	Р	_	P	_	Р	108,053
Grade C :	EM	1	-		53		-		53
Carrying amount		P	108,053	P	53	Р	-	Р	108,106
, 0		=	100,000	=		=		<u> </u>	
Loan commitments and contingent accounts	other								
O	Daga / C	D	121 072	D		D		D	121 072
Grades AAA to B : Grade B- :	Pass/Current Watchlisted	Р	131,273	Р	- 28	Р	-	Р	131,273 28
Grade C :			-		20		-		20 9
		-	131,273		37		-		131,310
ECL allowance		(233)					(233)
Carrying amount		Р	131,040	Р	37	Р	_	Р	131,077
J J 6 mill dill		_		_		_		_	

The table below sets out the credit quality of trading debt securities of the Parent Bank measured at FVTPL (see Note 10.1).

		2022			
Grade:					
AAA	P	5,693	P	2,088	
AA+ to AA		352		5	
BBB+ to BBB-		184		216	
BB+ to BB-		82		105	
	P	6,311	P	2,414	

The table below shows an analysis of counterparty credit exposures arising from derivative transactions. Derivative transactions of the Parent Bank are generally fully collateralized by cash.

										Over-the-counter							
										Central				Other Bilateral			
	Total			Exchange-traded			Counterparties			Collateralized							
	Notional		Fair Notional		otional	Fair		Notional		Fair		Notional		Fair			
	A	mount		Value	Ar	nount	_	Value	_	A	mount		alue	<u>A</u>	mount		Value
2023 Derivative assets Derivative liabilities	P	178,742 192,445	P	2,157 1,859	P	465 465	P		3	P	178,277 191,980	P	2,154 1,856	P	-	P	-
2022 Derivative assets Derivative liabilities	P	141,062 170,730	Р	3,468 3,636	P	1,072 1,072	Р	-	1	P	139,990 169,658	P	3,468 3,635	Р	-	Р	-

As of December 31, 2023 and 2022, the Parent Bank held Cash and Other Cash Items, Due from Other Banks and Due from BSP totaling to P500,854 and P514,310, respectively. The financial assets are held with the BSP and financial institution counterparties that are rated at least BBB to AAA+, based on external rating agencies.

4.3.3 Concentrations of Credit Risk

The BDO Unibank Group and the Parent Bank monitor concentrations of credit risk by sector and by geographic location. An analysis of concentrations of credit risk (gross of allowance) at the reporting date is shown below and in the succeeding page.

		2023								2022							
			Re	eceivables	Tra	ading and			R	eceivables	Tr	ading and					
	Cash	and Cash		from		vestment	Cash	n and Cash		from		vestment					
		uivalents*	Cu	stomers**	S	ecurities		quivalents*	_Cı	ustomers**	Securities						
	•							•									
Concentration by sector:																	
Financial and																	
insurance activities	P	598,091	P	272,746	P	238,769	P	664,420	P	402,156	P	547,225					
Activities of private																	
household as																	
employers and																	
undifferentiated goods																	
and services and																	
producing activities																	
of households																	
for own use		-		456,149		-		-		399,101		-					
Electricity, gas, steam																	
and air-conditioning																	
supply		-		369,626		5,608		-		281,036		26,017					
Real estate activities		-		363,830		12,486		-		324,074		20,022					
Wholesale and retail																	
trade		-		356,962		114		-		299,896		3,010					
Manufacturing		-		282,334		13,877		-		232,488		15,627					
Information and				120 710		7 702				00.242		7 1 5 7					
communication Transportation and		-		120,710		7,792		-		90,342		7,157					
Transportation and storage		_		111,991		4,582				87,256		4,089					
Construction		_		96,994		4,362		-		90,712		181					
Education		_		74,033		-		_		71,731		-					
Arts, entertainment and				, ,,,,,,						, 1,,,,,,							
recreation		-		72,606		1,000		-		83,076		1,025					
Water supply, sewerage																	
waste management and	d																
remediation activities		-		46,112		541		-		38,760		321					
Accommodation and																	
food service activities		-		41,499		213		-		36,529		-					
Human health and social																	
work activities		-		34,431		1,533		-		31,875		980					
Agriculture, forestry and				22.162		112				15 (10							
fishing		-		33,163		113		-		15,642		2 722					
Mining and quarrying Administrative and		-		14,688		2,611		-		10,578		3,732					
support services		_		10,056		1,171		_		9,581		1,060					
Professional, scientific				10,050		1,171				,,501		1,000					
and technical services		_		8,223		1,900		-		9,912		1,059					
Public administrative and				,		,				,		,					
defense; compulsory																	
social security		-		1,159		6,564		-		1,030		5,858					
Activities of extraterritori																	
organizations and bod	ies	-		-		484,419		-		-		-					
Other service activities		459		84,054		118,734		34		98,036		55,318					
	P	598,550	P	2,851,366	P	902,029	P	664,454	Р	2,613,811	P	692,681					
	-	370,330	<u>-</u>	<u> </u>	-	702,027	-	007,727		<u> </u>	-	022,001					
Concentration by location:																	
Philippines	P	471,119	P	2,694,575	P	760,717	P	508,615	P	2,439,453	P	588,929					
Foreign countries		127,431		156,791		141,312		155,839		174,358		103,752					
	ъ	FOC ==C	т.	0.054.044	ъ	000.000	D		D	0.442.044	D	(00 (01					
	<u>P</u>	598,550	P	2,851,366	<u>P</u>	902,029	<u>P</u>	664,454	Р	2,613,811	<u>P</u>	692,681					

^{*} Cash and cash equivalents include cash and other cash items, due from BSP and other banks, reverse repurchase agreements, FCNC, certain interbank loans receivables and investment securities at amortized cost (see Note 2.4).

^{**}Receivables from customers are reported as gross of allowance but net of unearned interests or discounts.

		2023						2022					
		h and Cash juivalents*		eceivables from stomers**	In	ding and vestment ecurities		n and Cash puivalents*		eceivables from astomers**	Trading and Investment Securities		
Concentration by sector:													
Financial and													
insurance activities	P	585,092	P	272,566	P	215,908	P	654,033	P	401,394	P	512,005	
Activities of private	r	303,072	r	272,300	r	213,900	F	054,055	F	401,394	r	312,003	
household as													
employers and													
undifferentiated goods	s												
and services and													
producing activities													
of households													
for own use		-		462,899		-		-		391,623		-	
Electricity, gas, steam and													
air-conditioning suppl	y	-		369,586		4,122		-		280,969		23,554	
Real estate activities		-		365,008		9,174		-		325,088		15,631	
Wholesale and retail													
traded		-		350,319		114		-		294,838		3,010	
Manufacturing		-		280,839		13,146		-		231,327		14,923	
Information and				400 40=						00.400		4.504	
communication		-		120,497		5,255		-		90,123		4,584	
Transportation and				110 117		4.252				07 (12		2.720	
storage Construction		-		112,117 95,384		4,252 2		-		87,613		3,720 181	
Arts, entertainment and		-		93,364		2		-		89,326		101	
recreation		_		71,681		1,000				82,107		1,025	
Water supply, sewerage		-		71,001		1,000		-		02,107		1,023	
waste management an	d												
remediation activities	CI .	-		46,006		541		_		38,714		321	
Accommodation and				10,000		0.12				30,711		321	
food service activities		-		41,373		213		-		36,329		-	
Human health and social				,						,			
work activities		-		34,238		1,533		-		31,616		980	
Agriculture, forestry and													
fishing		-		18,358		113		-		14,876		-	
Mining and quarrying		-		14,549		2,611		-		10,483		3,732	
Administrative and													
support services		-		9,818		1,171		-		9,375		1,060	
Education		-		9,496		-		-		10,151		-	
Professional, scientific													
and technical services		-		8,150		1,900		-		9,861		1,059	
Public administrative and	i												
defense; compulsory				1 1 1 7		6.564				1.020		5.050	
social security	. ,	-		1,147		6,564		-		1,030		5,858	
Activities of extraterritor						402.005							
organizations and bod	nes	-		- 01 440		483,905		-		100.001		14127	
Other service activities				91,449		36,001				100,801		14,137	
	P	585,092	P	2,775,480	<u>P</u>	787,525	P	654,033	P	2,537,644	P	605,780	
Concentration by location	P	450 261	ъ	2 610 600	D	640.726	D	502.022	D	2 262 206	D	E07.0E0	
Philippines Foreign countries	ľ	459,261 125,831	ľ	2,618,689	P	649,726	Р	502,022 152,011	Р	2,363,286 174,358	Р	507,850 97,930	
1 oreign countries	-	143,031	-	156,791	-	137,799	-	132,011		174,338	-	21 , 930	
	P	585,092	P	2,775,480	P	787,525	P	654,033	Р	2,537,644	P	605,780	
	-	223,074	-	-,, 100	-	.01,020	-	00 1,000	-	-,00/,017	-	000,100	

^{*} Cash and cash equivalents include cash and other cash items, due from BSP and other banks, reverse repurchase agreements, FCNC, certain interbank loans receivables and investment securities at amortized cost (see Note 2.4).

** Receivables from customers are reported as gross of allowance but net of unearned interests or discounts.

4.3.4 Collateral Held as Security and Other Credit Enhancements

The BDO Unibank Group and the Parent Bank hold collateral against credit exposures from customers in the form of mortgage interests over property, other registered securities over assets, financial collateral including deposits, debt and equity securities, and guarantees. Estimates of fair value are based on the value of collateral assessed at the time of borrowing and are updated periodically. Collateral generally is not held over from due from other banks, interbank loans and investment securities, except when securities are held as part of reverse repurchase and securities borrowing activity.

There is no significant change in the quality of the collateral and other security enhancements held against the credit exposures except for the fair value of the collaterals driven by the change in market conditions.

Estimate of the fair value of collateral and other security enhancements held against the following credit exposures as of December 31 follows:

	BDO Unibank Group					Parent	Ba	ınk
		2023		2022		2023		2022
Receivable from customers: Corporate:								
Property	P	850,522	Р	816,641	P	838,521	Р	813,925
Equity securities		209,053		200,243		208,257		199,187
Hold-out deposits		7,929		53,976		7,206		53,342
Debt securities		27,930		10,649		27,340		9,987
Others		98,337		99,530		98,186		99,329
		1,193,771		1,181,039		1,179,510		1,175,77 0
Consumer:								
Property		629,932		606,259		617,266		589,616
Debt securities		71		704		71		675
Equity securities		7		183		7		183
Hold-out deposits		681		7		644		7
Others		207,540		195,833		207,540		195,833
		838,231		802,986		825,528	_	786,314
Other receivables:								
Property		2,754		1,914		2,754		1,914
Others		25,362		26,305		24,963		26,091
		28,116		28,219		27,717		28,005
	<u>P</u>	<u>2,060,118</u>	<u>P</u>	2,012,244	<u>P</u>	2,032,755	<u>P</u>	1,990,089

The BDO Unibank Group and the Parent Bank have acquired certain properties in settlement of loan account amounting to P3,502 and P3,445, respectively, in 2023 and P8,333 and P8,230, respectively, in 2022 (see Note 14 and 16.4).

The BDO Unibank Group's manner of disposing the collateral for impaired loans and receivables is normally through sale of these assets after foreclosure proceedings have taken place.

The general creditworthiness of a corporate and individual customer tends to be the most relevant indicator of credit quality of a loan extended to it (see Note 4.3.2). However, collateral provides additional security and the BDO Unibank Group generally requests that corporate and individual borrowers provide it. The BDO Unibank Group may take collateral in the form of a first charge over real estate, floating charges over all corporate and individual assets and other liens and guarantees.

While the BDO Unibank Group is focused on corporate and individual customers' creditworthiness, it continuously and regularly updates the valuation of collateral held against all loans to corporate and individual customers. Most frequent updating, however, is required when the loan is put on a watch list and the loan is monitored more closely. The same applies to credit-impaired loans, as the BDO Unibank Group obtains appraisals or valuation of collateral to provide input into determining the management credit risk actions.

(a) Receivable from Customers and Other Receivables

The net carrying amount of credit impaired receivables (under stages 2 and 3) and the value of identifiable collateral held against those loans and advances as of December 31, 2023 and 2022 are as follows:

		202	3	2022				
	Net Carrying		Ide	ntifiable	Net Carrying		Identifiable	
	A	Amount		llateral	Amount		Collateral	
BDO Unibank Group								
Receivable from customers:								
Corporate	P	32,782	P	51,616	P	52,219	P 52,297	
Consumer		18,762		51,829		18,336	64,043	
Other receivables		1,456		708		1,112	393	
Parent Bank								
Receivable from customers:								
Corporate	P	32,721	P	49,961	P	52,216	P 52,297	
Consumer		17,016		45,322		16,957	47,370	
Other receivables		878		708		752	393	

For each loan, the value of disclosed collateral (mainly collateral properties) is capped at the nominal amount of the loan that it is held against.

(b) Debt Investment Securities

The BDO Unibank Group and the Parent Bank invest in non-collateralized debt securities issued by various government and corporate entities. The maximum exposure to credit risk of debt investment securities is equivalent to their carrying amount as of December 31, 2023 and 2022 as shown below:

	BDO Unibank Group					Parent Bank			
	2023			2022		2023	2022		
Debt securities: At amortized cost At FVOCI At FVTPL	P	575,985 303,864 15,139	P	512,049 161,354 10,118	P	554,643 223,007 6,311	P	491,259 108,106 2,414	
	<u>P</u>	894,988	<u>P</u>	683,521	P	783,961	P	601,779	

4.3.5 Amounts Arising from Expected Credit Losses

At each reporting date, BDO Unibank Group assesses whether financial assets carried at amortized cost and debt financial assets carried at FVOCI are credit-impaired (referred to as Stages 2 and 3 financial assets). A financial asset is credit-impaired when one or more events that have a detrimental impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset have occurred.

The assessment of credit risk of a portfolio of assets entails further estimations as to the likelihood of defaults occurring, of the associated loss ratios and of default correlations between counterparties. The BDO Unibank Group measures credit risk using PD, loss given default (LGD) and exposure at default (EAD).

(a) Significant Increase in Credit Risk (SICR)

As outlined in PFRS 9, a '3-stage' impairment model was adopted by the BDO Unibank Group based on changes in credit quality since initial recognition of the financial asset. A financial asset that is not credit-impaired on initial recognition is classified as 'Stage 1', with credit risk continuously monitored by the BDO Unibank Group as its ECL is measured at an amount equal to the portion of lifetime ECL that results from possible default events within the next 12 months. If an SICR since initial recognition is identified, the classification will be moved to 'Stage 2' but is not yet deemed to be credit-impaired. Such assessment is based on the following criteria in determining whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk that could result to rescheduling or restructuring: (i) qualitative indicators, such as net losses, intermittent delays in payment, affected by adverse economic conditions; and (ii) quantitative test based on movement in risk rating and PD. The borrowers can be moved to Stage 1 upon completion of the seasoning period which shall be 6 months of continuous payment with no incident of past due.

When determining whether the risk of default on a financial instrument has increased significantly since initial recognition, the BDO Unibank Group considers reasonable and supportable information that is relevant and available without undue cost or effort. This includes both quantitative and qualitative information and analysis, based on the BDO Unibank Group's historical experience and expert credit assessment and including forward-looking information (FLI).

The objective of the assessment is to identify whether an SICR has occurred for an exposure by comparing:

- the remaining lifetime PD as at the reporting date; with
- the remaining lifetime PD for this point in time that was estimated at the time of initial recognition of the exposure (adjusted where relevant for changes in prepayment expectations).

(i) Credit risk grading

The BDO Unibank Group allocates each exposure to a credit risk grade based on a variety of data that is determined to be predictive of the risk of default and applying experienced credit judgment. Credit risk grades are defined using qualitative and quantitative factors that are indicative of risk of default. These factors vary depending on the nature of the exposure and the type of borrower.

The credit grades are defined and calibrated such that the risk of default increases exponentially at each higher risk grade so, for example, the difference in the PD between an AAA and AA rating grade is lower than the difference in the PD between a B and B- rating grade.

(ii) Generating the term structure of PD

Credit risk grades are a primary input into the determination of the term structure of PD for exposures. The BDO Unibank Group collects performance and default information about its credit risk exposures analyzed by jurisdiction or region and by type of product and borrower as well as by credit risk grading. For some portfolios, information from external credit reference agencies is also used.

The BDO Unibank Group employs statistical models to analyze the data collected and generates the term structure of PD estimates.

(iii) Determining whether credit risk has increased significantly

The BDO Unibank Group assesses whether credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition at each reporting date. Determining whether an increase in credit risk is significant depends on the characteristics of the financial instrument and the borrower. What is considered significant varies across financial assets of the BDO Unibank Group.

The credit risk may also be deemed to have increased significantly since initial recognition based on qualitative factors linked to the BDO Unibank Group's credit risk management processes that may not otherwise be fully reflected in its quantitative analysis on a timely basis. This will be the case for exposures that meet certain heightened risk criteria, such as net loss, significant drop in risk ratings and intermittent delays in payments that could result to rescheduling or restructuring.

If there is evidence that there is no longer a significant increase in credit risk relative to initial recognition, then the loss allowance on an instrument returns to being measured using 12-month ECL.

(b) Definition of Default

The BDO Unibank Group considers a financial asset to be in default when:

- the borrower is unlikely to pay its credit obligations to the BDO Unibank Group in full, without recourse by the BDO Unibank Group to actions such as realizing security (if any is held);
- the borrower is more than 90 days past due on any material credit obligation to the BDO Unibank Group; or,
- it is becoming probable that the borrower will restructure the asset as a result of bankruptcy due to the borrower's inability to pay its credit obligations.

In assessing whether a borrower is in default, the BDO Unibank Group considers indicators that are qualitative (e.g., breaches of covenant) and quantitative (overdue or non-payment).

Inputs into the assessment of whether a financial instrument is in default as well as their significance may vary over time to reflect changes in circumstances.

These criteria have been applied to all financial instruments held by the BDO Unibank Group and are consistent with the definition of default used for internal credit risk management purposes. Such definition has been consistently applied in determining PD, EAD, and LGD throughout the ECL calculations of the BDO Unibank Group.

An instrument is considered to have cured when it no longer meets any of the default criteria for a consecutive period of six months. The cure period sets the tolerance period wherein the borrowers are allowed to update the payments in compliance with the regulatory requirements on transfer between stages.

(c) Measurement of ECL

The key inputs into the measurement of ECL are the term structure of PD, LGD and EAD.

ECL for exposures in Stage 1 is calculated by multiplying the 12-month PD by LGD and EAD. Lifetime ECL is calculated by multiplying the lifetime PD by LGD and EAD.

The methodology of estimating PDs is discussed in the preceding page under the heading 'Generating the term structure of PD'.

LGD is the magnitude of the likely loss if there is a default. The BDO Unibank Group estimates LGD parameters based on the history of recovery rates of claims against defaulted counterparties. The LGD models consider the structure, collateral, seniority of the claim, counterparty industry and recovery costs of any collateral that is integral to the financial asset. For loans secured by retail property, loan-to-value (LTV) ratios are a key parameter in determining LGD. LGD estimates are recalibrated for different economic scenarios and, for real estate lending, to reflect possible changes in property prices. They are calculated on a discounted cash flow basis using the effective interest rate as the discounting factor.

EAD represents the expected exposure in the event of a default. The BDO Unibank Group derives the EAD from the current exposure to the counterparty and potential changes to the current amount allowed under the contract and arising from amortization. The EAD of a financial asset is its gross carrying amount at the time of default. For lending commitments, the EADs are potential future amounts that may be drawn under the contract, which are estimated based on historical observations and forward-looking forecasts. For financial guarantees, the EAD represents the amount of the guaranteed exposure when the financial guarantee becomes payable. For some financial assets, EAD is determined by modelling the range of possible exposure outcomes at various points in time using scenario and statistical techniques.

As described above, and subject to using a maximum of a 12-month PD for Stage 1 financial assets, the BDO Unibank Group measures ECL considering the risk of default over the maximum contractual period (including any borrower's extension options) over which it is exposed to credit risk, even if, for credit risk management purposes, the BDO Unibank Group considers a longer period. The maximum contractual period extends to the date at which the BDO Unibank Group has the right to require repayment of an advance or terminate a loan commitment or guarantee.

For portfolios in respect of which the BDO Unibank Group has limited historical data, external benchmark information (e.g., PD from external credit rating agencies, Basel LGD) issued are used to supplement the internally available data. The portfolios for which external benchmark information represents a significant input into measurement of ECL include exposures to foreign borrowers and low default borrower segments.

There were no significant changes in the estimation techniques or significant assumptions made by the BDO Unibank Group in 2023.

(d) Collective Basis of Measurement of ECL

Where modelling of a parameter is carried out on a collective basis, the financial instruments are grouped on the basis of shared risk characteristics such as:

- instrument type;
- credit risk gradings;
- collateral type;
- LTV ratio for retail mortgages;
- date of initial recognition;
- remaining term to maturity;
- industry; and,
- geographic location of the borrower.

The groupings are subject to the regular review by the BDO Unibank Group's RMG in order to ensure that credit exposures within a particular group remain appropriately homogenous.

(e) Forward-looking Information (FLI)

The BDO Unibank Group incorporates FLI into both the assessment of whether the credit risk of an instrument has increased significantly since its initial recognition and the measurement of ECL.

The BDO Unibank Group has identified and documented key drivers of credit risk and credit losses for each portfolio of financial instruments and, using an analysis of historical data, has estimated relationships between macro-economic variables and credit risk and credit losses.

The relevant macro-economic variables for selection generally include, but are not limited to, GDP growth rate, unemployment rate, inflation rate, foreign exchange rates, stock market index, oil prices and interest rates.

Predicted relationships between the key macro-economic indicators and default and loss rates on various portfolios of financial assets have been developed based on analyzing historical data over the past 10 to 15 years.

The significance of the selected macro-economic variables as predictors of default may change over time as historical information is added. As such, the generated macro-economic models are updated at least on an annual basis.

As with any economic forecasts, the projections and likelihoods of occurrence are subject to a high degree of inherent uncertainty, and therefore, the actual outcomes may be significantly different from the projections. The BDO Unibank Group considers these forecasts to represent its best estimate of the possible outcomes and has analyzed the non-linearities and asymmetries within the BDO Unibank Group different product types to establish that the chosen scenarios are appropriately representative of the range of possible scenarios.

Management has also considered other FLIs not incorporated within the above economic scenarios, such as any regulatory, legislative, or political changes, but are not deemed to have a significant impact on the calculation of ECL. Management reviews and monitors the appropriateness of FLIs at least annually.

(f) Modified Financial Assets

The contractual terms of a loan may be modified for a number of reasons, including changing market conditions, customer retention and other factors not related to a current or potential credit deterioration of the customer.

When the terms of a financial asset are modified and the modification does not result in derecognition, the determination of whether the asset's credit risk has increased significantly reflects comparison of:

- its remaining lifetime PD at the reporting date based on the modified terms; with
- the remaining lifetime PD estimated based on data on initial recognition and the original contractual terms.

When modification results in derecognition, a new loan is recognized and allocated to Stage 1 (assuming it is not credit-impaired at that time).

The BDO Unibank Group renegotiates loans of customers in financial difficulties (referred to as 'restructuring') to maximize collection opportunities and minimize the risk of default.

The revised terms usually include extending the maturity, deferment of principal payment, changing the timing of interest payments and amending the terms of loan covenants. The proposals for loan restructuring are for approval by the BDO Unibank Group's Executive Committee.

For financial assets modified as part of the BDO Unibank Group's restructuring policy, the estimate of credit loss will reflect the probability to collect interest and principal. As part of this process, the BDO Unibank Group evaluates the borrower's payment performance against the modified contractual terms and considers various behavioral indicators.

Generally, restructuring is a qualitative indicator of an SICR and an expectation of forbearance may constitute evidence that an exposure is credit-impaired (see Note 4.3.2). A customer needs to demonstrate consistently good payment behavior over a period of time (in accordance with the new terms for six consecutive months or more) before the exposure is no longer considered to be credit-impaired/in default or the PD is considered to have decreased such that the loss allowance reverts to being measured at an amount equal to Stage 1.

The following tables provide a summary of the outstanding principal balance net of allowance for impairment of modified loans provided by the BDO Unibank Group and the Parent Bank as of December 31, 2023 and 2022:

	BDO Unibank Group					BDO Unibank Group Paren				t Bank		
	2023			2022		2023		2022				
Stage 1 (Performing)												
Corporate	P	38,830	P	79,515	P	38,830	P	79,515				
Consumer		58,216		55,423		58,034		55,063				
		97,046		134,938		96,864		134,578				
Allowance for impairment	(424)	(892)	(413)	(840)				
	<u>P</u>	96,622	<u>P</u>	134,046	<u>P</u>	96,451	<u>P</u>	133,738				
Stage 2 (Underperforming)												
Corporate	P	46,095	P	19,596	P	46,095	P	19,596				
Consumer		21,446		67,691		20,977		67,688				
		67,541		87,287		67,072		87,284				
Allowance for impairment	(<u>17,612</u>)	(<u>16,350</u>)	(<u>17,560</u>)	(16,349)				
	<u>P</u>	49,929	<u>P</u>	70,937	<u>P</u>	49,512	<u>P</u>	70,935				

	BDO Uniba 2023		ank	2022	Parent 2023		t Bank 2022	
Stage 3 (Non-performing)								
Corporate	P	6,079	P	5,474	P	6,078	P	5,474
Consumer		8,336		6,872		7,612		6,783
		14,415		12,346		13,690		12,257
Allowance for impairment	(8,361)	(6,124)	(7,801)	(6,039)
1	`	/	`		` _	/	`	.——/
	<u>P</u>	6,054	<u>P</u>	6,222	P	5,889	P	6,218

(g) Write-offs

The BDO Unibank Group writes off financial assets, in whole or in part, when it has exhausted all practical recovery efforts and has concluded that there is no reasonable expectation of recovery of the financial asset. Indicators that there is no reasonable expectation of recovery include cessation of enforcement activity and, where the BDO Unibank Group's recovery method is through foreclosure of collateral and the value of the collateral is less than the outstanding contractual amounts of the financial assets to be written-off. The BDO Unibank Group and the Parent Bank have still, however, enforceable right to receive payment even if the financial assets have been written off except in certain cases.

The BDO Unibank Group and the Parent Bank had written off certain accounts from which it no longer has an enforceable right to receive payment amounting to P306 and P279, respectively, in 2023, and P793 and P331, respectively, in 2022.

(h) Credit Risk Exposure

The BDO Unibank Group and the Parent Bank's maximum exposure to credit risk is equal to the carrying value of its financial assets as shown below and in the succeeding page.

	Gross Maximum <u>Exposure</u>			Fair Value of ollaterals		Net Exposure	Financial Effect of Collaterals		
<u>2023</u>									
Loans and discounts:									
Corporate	P	2,183,476	P	1,193,771	P	989,705	P	1,193,771	
Consumer		667,890		838,231		-		667,890	
Reverse repurchase		•		·				•	
agreements		25,370		25,362		8		25,362	
Sales contracts receivables		1,384		2,754	_		_	1,384	
	<u>P</u>	2,878,120	P	2,060,118	<u>P</u>	989,713	<u>P</u>	1,888,407	

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	Gross Maximum Exposure		(Fair Value of Collaterals]	Net Exposure	E	Financial Effect of Collaterals	
<u>2022</u>									
Loans and discounts: Corporate Consumer Reverse repurchase	Р	2,015,342 598,469	P	1,181,039 802,986	Р	834,303	Р	1,181,039 598,469	
agreements Sales contracts receivables		26,305 1,421		26,305 1,914		-		- 1,421	
	<u>P</u>	2,641,537	<u>P</u>	2,012,244	<u>P</u>	834,303	<u>P</u>	1,780,929	
Parent Bank									
	Gross Maximum Exposure			Fair Value of Collaterals	<u>I</u>	Net Exposure	Financial Effect of Collaterals		
2023									
Loans and discounts: Corporate Consumer Reverse repurchase	P	2,175,478 600,002	P	1,179,510 825,528	P	995,968 -	P	1,179,510 600,002	
agreements Sales contracts receivables		24,970 1,351		24,963 2,754		- 7		24,963 1,351	
	<u>P</u>	2,801,801	<u>P</u>	2,032,755	<u>P</u>	995,975	<u>P</u>	1,805,826	
<u>2022</u>									
Loans and discounts: Corporate Consumer Reverse Repurchase	P	2,007,790 529,854	P	1,175,770 786,314	P	832,020	P	1,175,770 529,854	
Agreements Sales contracts receivables		26,091 1,323		26,091 1,914		-		1,323	
	<u>P</u>	2,565,058	<u>P</u>	1,990,089	<u>P</u>	832,020	<u>P</u>	1,706,947	

An analysis of the maximum credit risk exposure relating to Stage 3 financial assets as of December 31, 2023 and 2022 is shown below and in the succeeding page.

		Gross Maximum Exposure		Fair alue of ollaterals	E	Net Exposure		Financial Effect of Collaterals	
<u>2023</u>									
Loans and discounts: Corporate Consumer Sales contracts receivables	P	18,639 34,731 305	P	9,203 41,975 628	P	9,436 -	P	9,203 34,731 305	
	P	53,675	P	51,806	P	9,436	P	44,239	

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		Gross Maximum Exposure		Fair Value of Ollaterals		Net Exposure	F	inancial Effect of ollaterals
<u>2022</u>								
Loans and discounts: Corporate Consumer Sales contracts receivables	Р 	17,756 35,301 282 53,339	Р 	7,273 53,010 348 60,631	P	10,483	Р 	7,273 35,301 282 42,856
Parent Bank								
		Gross Maximum Exposure		Fair alue of llaterals		Net Exposure	Financial Effect of Collaterals	
<u>2023</u>								
Loans and discounts: Corporate Consumer Sales contracts receivables	P	18,633 31,653 305 50,591	P	7,548 41,865 628 50,041	P	11,085 - - - 11,085	P	7,548 31,653 305 39,506
<u>2022</u>								
Loans and discounts: Corporate Consumer Sales contracts receivables	P	17,750 32,670 282	P	7,273 45,337 348	P	10,477	P	7,273 32,670 282
	<u>P</u>	50,702	<u>P</u>	52,958	<u>P</u>	10,477	<u>P</u>	40,225

The following table sets out the gross carrying amounts of the exposures to credit risk on financial assets with low credit risk measured at amortized cost and debt securities at FVOCI as of December 31:

		BDO Unib	oank Group	Parent Bank			
	Notes	2023	2022	2023	2022		
Cash equivalents Debt securities:	8, 9	<u>P 515,386</u>	<u>P 529,193</u>	<u>P 500,909</u>	<u>P 514,324</u>		
At FVOCI	10.2	303,864	161,354	223,007	108,106		
At amortized cost	10.3	578,120	513,703	556,758	492,899		
		<u>P 881,984</u>	<u>P 675,057</u>	<u>P 779,765</u>	<u>P 601,005</u>		

Cash equivalents includes loans and amounts due from BSP and from other banks. Debt securities includes government and corporate bonds. These are held by the BSP, financial institutions and other counterparties that are reputable and with low credit risk; hence, ECL is negligible.

(i) Loss allowance

In 2023 and 2022, the BDO Unibank Group and the Parent Bank performed recalibration of its existing ECL model to incorporate the most-recent default and recovery experience of the BDO Unibank Group and the Parent Bank and developments in the macroeconomic environment. Independent macroeconomic variables used to forecast the PD could either be dictated by their statistical significance in the model or economic significance. Inputs are updated to ensure that models are robust, predictive and reliable.

The tables below and in the succeeding pages show the reconciliation from the opening to the closing balance of the loss allowance by class of financial instrument.

				20)23			
		Stage 1		Stage 2		Stage 3		Total
Due from other banks								
Balance at January 1	P	15	P	-	P	-	P	15
Net remeasurement of loss allowance		46		-		_		46
Derecognition of financial assets	(<u>3</u>)				-	(3)
Balance at December 31	<u>P</u>	58	P		<u>P</u>		<u>P</u>	58
Receivables from customers –								
corporate								
•	P	(050	P	26 614	ъ	14 025	ъ	47 500
Balance at January 1 Transfers to:	r	6,950	r	26,614	P	14,025	P	47,589
		2 021	,	2 221				
Stage 1	,	3,231	(3,231)	,	-		-
Stage 2	(57)	,	59	(2)		-
Stage 3	(3)	•	80)		83		-
Net remeasurement of loss allowance New financial assets originated	(4,446)		8,199		1,424		5,177
or purchased		2,947		3,527		598		7,072
Derecognition of financial assets	(2,370)	(1,960)	(207)		4,537)
Write-offs		-		-	(275)	•	275)
Foreign exchange	(<u>4</u>)	(22)	(<u>6</u>)	(32)
Balance at December 31	<u>P</u>	6,248	P	33,106	P	15,640	<u>P</u>	54,994
Receivables from customers –								
consumer								
	_		_		_		_	
Balance at January 1	P	6,614	P	890	P	18,683	P	26,187
Transfers to:								
Stage 1		1,112	(114)		998)		-
Stage 2	(95)		410	(315)		-
Stage 3	(747)	(1,515)		2,262		-
Net remeasurement of loss allowance		260		952		6,107		7,319
New financial assets originated								
or purchased		2,338		399		2,265		5,002
Derecognition of financial assets	(880)	(145)	(3,430)	(4,455)
Write-offs		-		-	(5,912)	(5,912)
Foreign exchange			_		(1)	(1)
Balance at December 31	<u>P</u>	8,602	P	877	P	18,661	<u>P</u>	28,140
0.1								
Other receivables	_		_		_		_	
Balance at January 1	P	101	P	78	P	2,405	P	2,584
Transfers to								
Stage 1		22	(2)		20)		-
Stage 2		-		1	(1)		-
Stage 3	(3)	(37)		40		-
Net remeasurement of loss allowance	(20)		39		86		105
New financial assets originated								
or purchased		143		36		720		899
Derecognition of financial assets	(26)	(73)	(669)	(768)
Foreign exchange	`	-	`	-	`	2		2
Write-offs					(107)	(107)
Balance at December 31	P	217	P	42	P	2,456	P	2,715
			=	1/2	-	<u> </u>	-	<u> </u>

		Stage 1	_	Stage 2	_	Stage 3	_	Total
Debt investment securities at								
amortized cost								
Balance at January 1	P	106	P	29	P	1,519	P	1,654
Transfers to:						,		,
Stage 1		-		-		-		-
Stage 2	(2)		2		-		-
Stage 3	(111)	(208)		319		-
Net remeasurement of loss allowance New financial assets originated		131		226		17		374
or purchased		132		_		_		132
Foreign exchange		-		-	(9)	(9)
Derecognition of financial assets	(16)		-	`		<u>(</u>	<u>16</u>)
	•	ŕ					`	ŕ
Balance at December 31	<u>P</u>	240	P	49	<u>P</u>	1,846	P	2,135
Debt investment securities at FVOCI								
Balance at January 1	P	57	P	60	P	_	P	117
Net remeasurement of loss allowance	-	61	-	37	•	_	-	98
New financial assets originated								
or purchased		22		-		-		22
Derecognition of financial assets	(12)			_		(<u>12</u>)
Balance at December 31	P	128	P	97	P	_	Р	225
	-	120	-		-		-	<u> </u>
Loan commitments and other								
contingent accounts								
Balance at January 1	P	233	P	-	P	-	P	233
Net remeasurement of loss allowance	(130)		27		-	(103)
New financial assets originated or purchased		119		_		_		119
Derecognition of financial assets	(44)		-		-	(44)
Foreign exchange	(2)		-		-	ì	<u>2</u>)
		7						,
Balance at December 31	<u>P</u>	<u>176</u>	P	27	<u>P</u>		P	203
				2	022			
		Stage 1		Stage 2		Stage 3		Total
		Ü		Ü		Ü		
Due from other banks								
Balance at January 1	P	-	P	-	P	-	P	-
Net remeasurement of loss allowance		15		-		-		15
Derecognition of financial assets	-		_		_			
Balance at December 31	P	15	P		Р		P	15
Receivables from customers –								
corporate								
*	P	7 512	Р	17 205	D	12 227	D	37,955
Balance at January 1 Transfers to:	Р	7,513	r	17,205	Р	13,237	Р	37,933
Stage 1		7,025	(7,020)	(5)		_
Stage 2	(25)	`	31	,	6)		-
Stage 3	(3)	(18)	`	21		-
Net remeasurement of loss allowance	(7,431)		11,833		2,750		7,152
New financial assets originated		2.055				=		40.000
or purchased	,	3,075	,	6,296	,	4,465	,	13,836
Derecognition of financial assets	(3,262)	(1,713)	(6,001)		10,976)
Write-offs Foreign exchange		- 58		-	(1,017) 581	(1,017) 639
1 oreign exchange						301		037
Balance at December 31	<u>P</u>	6,950	Р	26,614	P	14,025	P	47,589

		. 4			022	0. 2		70 . 1
	8	Stage 1		Stage 2		Stage 3		Total
Receivables from customers –								
consumer								
Balance at January 1	P	5,554	P	504	P	21,246	P	27,30
Transfers to:								
Stage 1		1,312	(157)	(1,155)		-
Stage 2	(102)		382	(280)		-
Stage 3	(744)	(1,060)		1,804		-
Net remeasurement of loss allowance	(735)		1,153		5,607		6,02
New financial assets originated								
or purchased		1,836		155		508		2,49
Derecognition of financial assets	(510)	(87)	(1,638)	(2,23
Write-offs		-		-	(7,426)	(7,42
Foreign exchange		3				17		2
Balance at December 31	P	6,614	P	890	P	18,683	P	26,18
0.1								
Other receivables	D	=-	Б		Б	2.22	ъ	• • •
Balance at January 1	P	79	Р	77	Р	2,328	Р	2,48
Transfers to		0	,	2	,			
Stage 1		8	(2)		6)		-
Stage 2	,	- 24	(2)		2		-
Stage 3	(24)		15	,			- ,
Net remeasurement of loss allowance New financial assets originated		65	(17)	(9)		
or purchased	,	39	,	17	,	605	,	60
Derecognition of financial assets Write-offs	(- 66)	(10)	(359) 165)	,	4: 10
Balance at December 31	<u>P</u>	101	<u>P</u>	78	<u>P</u>	2,405	<u>P</u>	2,58
Debt investment securities at								
amortized cost								
	D	<i>(</i> 1	D		D	1 410	D	1 4
Balance at January 1	Р	61	Р	-	Р	1,410	Р	1,4
Transfers to:	,	1)		1				
Stage 2	(1)		1 28		-		
Net remeasurement of loss allowance		43		28		-		
New financial assets originated		4						
or purchased		4		-		100		1.
Foreign exchange	,	5		-		109	,	11
Derecognition of financial assets	(<u>6</u>)					(
Balance at December 31	<u>P</u>	106	<u>P</u>	29	<u>P</u>	1,519	<u>P</u>	1,6
Debt investment securities at FVOCI								
Balance at January 1	P	50	Р	_	Р	_	P	į
Net remeasurement of loss allowance	•	14	•	60	•	_	•	-
New financial assets originated				00				
or purchased		5		_		_		
Derecognition of financial assets	(12)		_		_	(1
Derecognition of manieum assets	((•
Balance at December 31	<u>P</u>	57	<u>P</u>	60	<u>P</u>		<u>P</u>	11
Loan commitments and other								
contingent accounts								
· ·	P	289	Р		Р		Р	20
Balance at January 1 Net remeasurement of loss allowance			ľ	-	ľ	-	(28
New financial assets originated	(54)		-		-	(,
or purchased		43		_		_		2
Derecognition of financial assets	(51)		-		-	(
Foreign exchange	(6		_		-	(
r-oreign exchange		0	-		-		-	
Balance at December 31	P	233	Р	_	Р	_	Р	23
Damiec at December 31	-	400	_		_		<u> </u>	4.

	9	Stage 1		Stage 2		Stage 3		Tota
					_	<u> </u>		- 00
Due from other banks	_		_				_	
Balance at January 1	P	14	P	-	P	-	P	
Net remeasurement of loss allowance	-	41			-	-		
Balance at December 31	<u>P</u>	<u>55</u>	<u>P</u>		<u>P</u>		<u>P</u>	
Receivables from customers -								
corporate								
Balance at January 1	P	6,906	P	26,614	P	14,022	P	4
Transfers to:								
Stage 1		3,230	(3,230)		-		-
Stage 2	(45)		47	(2)		-
Stage 3	(3)	(79)		82		-
Net remeasurement of loss allowance	(4,435)		8,172		1,426		
New financial assets originated								
or purchased		2,927		3,527		598		
Derecognition of financial assets	(2,339)	(1,960)	(207)	•	
Write-offs		-		-	(275)	•	
Foreign exchange	(<u>3</u>)	(22)	(<u>6</u>)	(
Balance at December 31	<u>P</u>	6,238	<u>P</u>	33,069	P	15,638	<u>P</u>	5
Receivables from customers –								
consumer								
Balance at January 1	P	6,050	P	775	P	17,209	P	2
Transfers to:	-	3,030	•	113	*	11,207	•	2
Stage 1		790	(104)	(686)		_
Stage 2	(85)	,	391		306)		_
Stage 3	(711)	(520)	'	1,231		-
Net remeasurement of loss allowance	(711) 783	•	42)		5,690		-
New financial assets originated		703	(42)		3,070		
or purchased		2,012		334		2,079		
Derecognition of financial assets	(740)	(101)	(2,851)	(
Write-offs	`	- ′	`	- ´	ì	5,340)	•	
Foreign exchange					<u>(</u>			
Balance at December 31	<u>P</u>	8,099	<u>P</u>	733	P	17,025	<u>P</u>	2.
Other receivables								
Balance at January 1	P	74	P	78	P	2,272	P	:
Transfers to:						, -		
Stage 1		22	(1)	(21)		_
Stage 2			`	1		1)		_
Stage 3	(4)	(1)	`	5		_
Net remeasurement of loss allowance	ì	20)		2		117		
New financial assets originated	`	-3)		_				
or purchased		138		36		718		
Derecognition of financial assets	(25)	(73)	(652)	(
Write-offs	•	-	`	-	(99)		
Foreign exchange		-					_	
Balance at December 31	<u>P</u>	185	<u>P</u>	42	<u>P</u>	2,341	<u>P</u>	
Debt investment securities at								
amortized cost								
	P	വാ	p	20	ъ	1 510	D	
Balance at January 1 Transfers to:	ľ	92	P	29	P	1,519	P	1
		_				_		
Stage 1	,	- 2)		- 2		-		-
Stage 2	,	2)	,			- 210		-
Stage 3	(111)	(208)		319		-
Net remeasurement of loss allowance		122		226		16		
New financial assets originated								
or purchased		132		-		-		
Foreign exchange		-		-	(8)	(
Derecognition of financial assets	(<u>13</u>)	-	-			(
D. 1	ъ	222	т.		_	4045	Б	
Balance at December 31	P	220	P	49	<u>P</u>	1,846	<u>P</u>	

				20	023			
		Stage 1		Stage 2	_	Stage 3		Total
Debt investment securities at FVOCI								
Balance at January 1	P	42	P	60	P	-	P	10
Net remeasurement of loss allowance		52		37		-		8
New financial assets originated or purchased		17		_		_		1
Derecognition of financial assets	(<u>9</u>)			_		(
Balance at December 31	<u>P</u>	102	<u>P</u>	97	<u>P</u>		<u>P</u>	19
Loan commitments and other								
contingent accounts								
Balance at January 1	P	233	P	_	P	_	P	23
Net remeasurement of loss allowance	(130)	-	27	-	-	(1
New financial assets originated								
or purchased	,	119		-		-	,	1
Derecognition of financial assets Foreign exchange	(44) 2)		-		-	(4
1 Orcigii excitatige	(<u>2</u>)					(<u> </u>	
Balance at December 31	<u>P</u>	<u>176</u>	P	27	P		<u>P</u>	20
		Stage 1		Stage 2)22	Stage 3		T-4-1
		Stage 1		Stage 2	-	Stage 3		Total
Due from other banks								
Balance at January 1	P	-	P	-	P	-	P	-
Net remeasurement of loss allowance		14			_			1
Balance at December 31	<u>P</u>	14	<u>P</u>		P		<u>P</u>	1
Receivables from customers –								
corporate								
Balance at January 1	P	7,477	P	17,204	P	13,233	P	37,9
Transfers to:		7.000	,	7.005)	,	4		
Stage 1	(7,009 25)	(7,005) 31	•	4		-
Stage 2 Stage 3	(3)	(16)	(6) 19		-
Net remeasurement of loss allowance	(7,413)	(11,817		2,750		7,1
New financial assets originated	`	·						
or purchased	,	3,059	,	6,296	,	4,465		13,82
Derecognition of financial assets	(3,256)	(1,713)	(6,001	, ,	10,97
Write-offs Foreign exchange		- 58		-	(1,015 581) (1,0
Balance at December 31	P	6,906	P	26,614	P	14,022	P	47,54
Receivables from customers –	=	2,200	=		-	- 19/20	_	.,,50
consumer								
Balance at January 1	Р	5,194	Р	414	P	19,752	P	25,30
Transfers to:	1	3,174		717	1	17,732	1	23,30
Stage 1		1,158	(115)	(1,043)	-
Stage 2	(99)	,	377	(278)	-
Stage 3	(675)	(213)		888		-
Net remeasurement of loss allowance New financial assets originated	(551)		279		5,930		5,6
or purchased	,	1,434	(90 57)	,	396 1 497	١.	1,9
Derecognition of financial assets Write-offs Foreign exchange	(413)	(57) -	(1,487 6,966 17	, ,	1,9 6,9
			- P	-	D	<u>-</u> _	D	24.0
Balance at December 31	<u>P</u>	6,050	P	775	Р	17,209	P	24,03

						20)22			
		Stage 1			Stage 2			Stage 3		Total
Other receivables		_			_					
Balance at January 1	P	:	31	Р		77	Р	2,210	Р	2,318
Transfers to:			8	,		2)	,			
Stage 1 Stage 2			0	(2)	(6) 2		-
Stage 2 Stage 3		_		(2)		2		-
Net remeasurement of loss allowance		_	63	(_	2)	(40)		23
New financial assets originated			-				(,		
or purchased			38			17		601		656
Derecognition of financial assets	((66)	(10)	(339)	(415)
Write-offs		-	_		-		(158)	(158)
Balance at December 31	<u>P</u>		<u>74</u>	P		78	P	2,272	<u>P</u>	2,424
Debt investment securities at										
amortized cost	ъ.			ъ			ъ	4 440	ъ	
Balance at January 1 Transfers to:	P		45	Р	-		Р	1,410	Р	1,455
Stage 2	(1)			1				
Net remeasurement of loss allowance	(44			28		_		72
New financial assets originated			• •			20				, 2
or purchased			4		-			_		4
Foreign exchange			4		-			109		113
Derecognition of financial assets	(<u>4</u>)		-				(<u>4</u>)
Balance at December 31	<u>P</u>		92	<u>P</u>		29	<u>P</u>	1,519	<u>P</u>	1,640
Debt investment securities at FVOCI										
Balance at January 1	Р		37	Р			Р		Р	37
Net remeasurement of loss allowance	1		13	1	-	60	1	_	1	73
New financial assets originated						00				,,,
or purchased			2		-			-		2
Derecognition of financial assets	(-	<u>10</u>)		-			-	(10)
Balance at December 31	<u>P</u>		<u>42</u>	P		60	P		<u>P</u>	102
Loan commitments and other										
contingent accounts										
	Р	21	89	Р			Р		Р	289
Balance at January 1 Net remeasurement of loss allowance	(69 54)	P	-		P	_	(54)
New financial assets originated	(J+;)		_				(34)
or purchased			43		-			-		43
Derecognition of financial assets	(51)		-			-	(51)
Foreign exchange			6		-			-		6
D-1	D	2	22	D			Р		D	222
Balance at December 31	ľ		33	Р	-		ľ		P	233

The following table sets out a reconciliation of changes in the total loss allowance.

	E	DO Unibank	Group	Parent Ba	nk
		2023	2022	2023	2022
Balance at January 1	P	78,379 P	69,553 P	75,989 P	67,373
Net remeasurement of loss					
allowance		13,016	13,322	12,084	12,940
New financial assets originated					
or purchased		13,246	17,048	12,637	16,445
Derecognition of financial assets	(9,835) (13,715) (9,014) (13,407)
Write-offs	(6,294) (8,608) (5,714) (8,139)
Foreign exchange	(42)	<u>779</u> (40)	777
Balance at December 31	<u>P</u>	88,470 P	78,379 P	85,942 P	75,989

(j) Significant Changes in Gross Carrying Amount Affecting Allowance for ECL

The tables below and in the succeeding pages provide information how the significant changes in the gross carrying amount of financial instruments in 2023 and 2022 contributed to the changes in the allowance for ECL.

Stage 1
Balance at January 1 P 60,470 P P - P 60,470 Net remeasurement of loss allowance 23,981 - - 23,981 Acquired from business combination 713 - - 713 Foreign exchange 868 - - 868 Balance at December 31 P 86,032 P - P 86,032 Receivables from customers - corporate Balance at January 1 P 1,922,484 P 75,102 P 17,756 P 2,015,342 Transfers to: Stage 1 12,266 12,248) 18) - - - Stage 2 (9,634) 9,634 - - - - Stage 3 (471) 765) 1,236 - - New financial assets originated or purchased 1,837,736 6,885 914 1,845,535 Derecognition of financial assets 1,660,433) 15,719
Balance at January 1 P 60,470 P P - P 60,470 Net remeasurement of loss allowance 23,981 - - 23,981 Acquired from business combination 713 - - 713 Foreign exchange 868 - - 868 Balance at December 31 P 86,032 P - P 86,032 Receivables from customers - corporate Balance at January 1 P 1,922,484 P 75,102 P 17,756 P 2,015,342 Transfers to: Stage 1 12,266 12,248) 18) - - - Stage 2 (9,634) 9,634 - - - - Stage 3 (471) 765) 1,236 - - New financial assets originated or purchased 1,837,736 6,885 914 1,845,535 Derecognition of financial assets 1,660,433) 15,719
Net remeasurement of loss allowance 23,981 -
Acquired from business combination Foreign exchange Receivables from customers - P
Balance at December 31 P 86,032 P - P - P 86,032 Receivables from customers – corporate Balance at January 1 P 1,922,484 P 75,102 P 17,756 P 2,015,342 Transfers to: Stage 1 12,266 12,248) Stage 2 (9,634) 9,634 Stage 3 (471) New financial assets originated or purchased or purchased Derecognition of financial assets 1,837,736 6,885 914 1,845,535 Derecognition of financial assets (1,660,433) (15,719) Write-offs (275) (275)
Receivables from customers – corporate Balance at January 1 P 1,922,484 P 75,102 P 17,756 P 2,015,342 Transfers to: Stage 1 12,266 (12,248) (18) - Stage 2 (9,634) 9,634 Stage 3 (471) (765) 1,236 - New financial assets originated or purchased or purchased Derecognition of financial assets 1,837,736 6,885 914 1,845,535 Derecognition of financial assets 1,660,433) (15,719) (974) (1,677,126) Write-offs (275) (275)
corporate Balance at January 1 P 1,922,484 P 75,102 P 17,756 P 2,015,342 Transfers to: Stage 1 12,266 (12,248) (18) - Stage 2 (9,634) 9,634 - - Stage 3 (471) (765) 1,236 - New financial assets originated or purchased 1,837,736 6,885 914 1,845,535 Derecognition of financial assets (1,660,433) (15,719) (974) (1,677,126) Write-offs - - - 275) (275)
Balance at January 1 P 1,922,484 P 75,102 P 17,756 P 2,015,342 Transfers to: Stage 1 12,266 (12,248) (18) - Stage 2 (9,634) 9,634 Stage 3 (471) (765) 1,236 - New financial assets originated or purchased 0 1,837,736 6,885 914 1,845,535 Derecognition of financial assets (1,660,433) (15,719) (974) (1,677,126) Write-offs (275) (275)
Transfers to: Stage 1
Stage 1 12,266 (12,248) (18) - Stage 2 (9,634) 9,634 - - Stage 3 (471) (765) 1,236 - New financial assets originated or purchased 1,837,736 6,885 914 1,845,535 Derecognition of financial assets (1,660,433) (15,719) (974) (1,677,126) Write-offs - (275) (275)
Stage 2 (9,634) 9,634 - - Stage 3 (471) 765) 1,236 - New financial assets originated or purchased 1,837,736 6,885 914 1,845,535 Derecognition of financial assets (1,660,433) (15,719) (974) (1,677,126) Write-offs - - (275) (275)
Stage 3 (471) (765) 1,236 - New financial assets originated or purchased 1,837,736 6,885 914 1,845,535 Derecognition of financial assets (1,660,433) (15,719) (974) (1,677,126) Write-offs - - (275) (275)
New financial assets originated or purchased 1,837,736 6,885 914 1,845,535 Derecognition of financial assets (1,660,433) (15,719) (974) (1,677,126) Write-offs - - (275) (275)
or purchased 1,837,736 6,885 914 1,845,535 Derecognition of financial assets (1,660,433) (15,719) (974) (1,677,126) Write-offs - (275) (275)
Derecognition of financial assets (1,660,433) (15,719) (974) (1,677,126) Write-offs - (275) (275)
Write-offs (
Polonge at December 21 D. 2.101.049 D. 42.990 D. 19.420 D. 2.192.474
Example at December 31 $\frac{r}{r} = \frac{2,101,940}{2,103} = \frac{r}{r} = \frac{10,039}{100,039} = \frac{r}{r} = \frac{100,039}{100,039} = \frac{r}{r$
Receivables from customers –
consumer
Balance at January 1 P 560,560 P 2,608 P 35,301 P 598,469
Transfers to:
Stage 1 34,448 (29,721) (4,727) -
Stage 2 (2,450) 2,810 (360) -
Stage 3 (11,460) (2,593) 14,053 -
New financial assets originated
or purchased 222,907 31,461 3,583 257,951
Derecognition of financial assets (174,415) (996) (7,207) (182,618)
Write-offs (
Balance at December 31 <u>P 629,590</u> <u>P 3,569</u> <u>P 34,731</u> <u>P 667,890</u>
Other receivables Balance at January 1
Balance at January 1
Stage 2 (11) 57 (46) - Stage 3 (187) (36) 223 -
New financial assets originated
or purchased 25,313 198 1,486 26,997
Acquired from business combination 181 - 181
Derecognition of financial assets (64,683) (304) (1,023) (66,010)
Write-offs (
Balance at December 31 <u>P 116,557</u> <u>P 443</u> <u>P 3,511</u> <u>P 120,511</u>

				20)23			
		Stage 1		Stage 2		Stage 3		Total
Debt investment securities at								
amortized cost								
Balance at January 1	P	512,128	P	56	P	1,519	P	513,70
Amortization		12,600		-		-		12,60
New financial assets originated								
or purchased	,	100,380		3	,	15		100,39
Foreign exchange	(709)		1	(10)	(71
Transfers to: Stage 1	,	332)	,	1)		333		
Stage 2	(332)	(- 1)		-		-
Stage 3		-		-		-		_
Derecognition of financial assets	(47,849)	(3)	(11)	(47,863
Balance at December 31	P	576,218	P	56	P	1,846	<u>P</u>	578,12
Debt investment securities at FVOCI								
	P	161 201	ъ	F.2	ъ		ъ	161.25
Balance at January 1 Amortization	P	161,301 3,968	P	53	P	-	P	161,354
Amortization Fair value gain		7,370	(37)		-		3,968 7,333
New financial assets originated		1,510	(37)		-		1,33
or purchased		898,490		_		_		898,490
Foreign exchange	(687)	(1)		-	(688
Derecognition of financial assets	(766,593)	`			-	<u>(</u>	766,593
Ţ		,					`_	
Balance at December 31	<u>P</u>	303,849	<u>P</u>	<u>15</u>	<u>P</u>	-	<u>P</u>	303,864
Loan commitments and other								
contingent accounts								
Balance at January 1	P	131,273	P	37	P	-	P	131,310
Transfers to: Stage 1		3	(3)		-		-
New financial assets originated								
or purchased		565,483		1,052		49		566,584
Derecognition of financial assets	(<u>89,895</u>)	((89,902
Balance at December 31	<u>P</u>	606,864	<u>P</u>	1,079	<u>P</u>	49	<u>P</u>	607,992
				20)22			
		Stage 1	_	Stage 2		Stage 3	_	Total
Duo from other banks								
Due from other banks	ъ	70 (72	Р		P		ъ	E0.757
Balance at January 1	P	70,673	Р	-	Р	-	P	70,673
Net remeasurement of loss allowance New financial assets originated	(12,734)		-		-	(12,73
or purchased		_		_		_		_
Derecognition of financial assets		_		-		_		_
Acquired from business combination		-		-		-		_
Foreign exchange		2,531	_				_	2,531
Balance at December 31	P	60,470	P		<u>P</u>		P	60,470
Receivables from customers –								
corporate								
Balance at January 1	P	1,733,956	Р	116,369	Р	19,030	Р	1,869,355
Transfers to:	•	-,/55,750	•	110,507	•	17,030	•	1,007,00
Stage 1		38,178	(38,133)	(45)		-
Stage 2	(2,804)	`	2,929		125)		-
Stage 3	(745)	(556)	`	1,301		-
New financial assets originated	,	,	`	,		,		
or purchased		1,674,386		13,508		6,417		1,694,31
Derecognition of financial assets	(1,520,487)	(19,015)	(7,805)		1,547,30
Write-offs			_		(1,017)		1,017
Balance at December 31	P	1,922,484	P	75,102	P	17,756	P	2,015,342

				20)22			
		Stage 1		Stage 2	_	Stage 3		Total
Receivables from customers –								
consumer								
Balance at January 1 Transfers to:	P	473,756	P	3,043	P	54,039	P	530,838
Stage 1		32,222	(26,905)	(5,317)		-
Stage 2	(1,502)		1,927	(425)		-
Stage 3	(8,532)	(1,471)		10,003		-
New financial assets originated								
or purchased		214,499		26,655		617		241,771
Derecognition of financial assets	(149,883)	(641)	(16,190)	,	166,714)
Write-offs	-		-	-	(7,426)	(7,426)
Balance at December 31	<u>P</u>	560,560	P	2,608	P	35,301	<u>P</u>	598,469
Other receivables								
Balance at January 1	P	115,309	P	470	P	2,674	P	118,453
Transfers to								
Stage 1		51	(22)	(29)		-
Stage 2	(18)		27	(9)		-
Stage 3	(208)	(12)		220		-
New financial assets originated								
or purchased	,	57,801	,	196	,	1,124	,	59,121
Derecognition of financial assets	(17,080)	(124)	(755)		17,959)
Write-offs					(<u>165</u>)	(<u>165</u>)
Balance at December 31	<u>P</u>	155,855	P	535	P	3,060	<u>P</u>	159,450
Debt investment securities at								
amortized cost								
Balance at January 1	P	397,595	P	_	Р	1,410	P	399,005
Amortization	(1,621)		_	1	- 1,410	(1,621)
New financial assets originated	(1,021)					(1,021)
or purchased		158,756		_		_		158,756
Foreign exchange		15,453		-		109		15,562
Transfers to:								
Stage 2	(56)		56		-		-
Derecognition of financial assets	(57,999)	-	-			(<u>57,999</u>)
Balance at December 31	P	512,128	P	56	P	1,519	P	513,703
		<u> </u>		·				
Debt investment securities at FVOCI								
Balance at January 1	P	165,461	Р	-	Р	-	P	165,461
Amortization	(749)		-		-	(749)
Fair value gain	(16,659)		-		-	(16,659)
New financial assets originated		200 222						200 222
or purchased		280,222 7,309		-		-		280,222 7,309
Foreign exchange Transfers to:		7,507		-		-		7,507
Stage 2	(53)		53		_		_
Derecognition of financial assets	(274,230)		-		-	(274,230)
•	(,						
Balance at December 31	<u>P</u>	161,301	<u>P</u>	53	<u>P</u>	-	<u>P</u>	161,354
Loan commitments and other								
contingent accounts								
Balance at January 1	P	112,403	P	503	P	-	P	112,906
New financial assets originated								
or purchased		106,296		30		-		106,326
Derecognition of financial assets	(87,426)	(496)	_		(87,922)
Balance at December 31	D	131 272	р	27	D		D	131 310
Darance at December 31	<u>P</u>	131,273	ľ	37	Р		Р	131,310

				20	023			
		Stage 1		Stage 2	_	Stage 3		Total
Due from other banks								
Balance at January 1	P	51,448	P	_	P	_	P	51,448
Net remeasurement of loss allowance		24,524		-		-		24,524
Foreign exchange		873			_			873
Balance at December 31	<u>P</u>	76,845	P		P		P	76,845
Receivables from customers –								
corporate								
Balance at January 1	P	1,914,938	P	75,102	P	17,750	P	2,007,790
Transfers to:	•	1,714,730	•	75,102		17,750	•	2,007,770
Stage 1		12,023	(12,005)	(18)		_
Stage 2	(9,541)	•	9,541	`	-		-
Stage 3	ì	471)		764)		1,235		-
New financial assets originated	`	ŕ	`	ŕ				
or purchased		1,833,568		6,638		915		1,841,121
Derecognition of financial assets	(1,656,467)	(15,717)	(974)	(1,673,158)
Write-offs					(275)	(<u>275</u>)
Balance at December 31	<u>P</u>	2,094,050	<u>P</u>	62,795	<u>P</u>	18,633	P	2,175,478
Receivables from customers -								
consumer								
Balance at January 1	P	494,913	P	2,271	P	32,670	P	529,854
Transfers to:	-	171,713	•	2,271	-	32,070	•	327,031
Stage 1		2,563	(504)	(2,059)		_
Stage 2	(2,185)	•	2,516		331)		-
Stage 3	Ì	10,649)		1,179)		11,828		-
New financial assets originated	`	,	`	,				
or purchased		162,533		362		855		163,750
Derecognition of financial assets	(81,947)	(345)	(5,970)		88,262)
Write-offs			_		(<u>5,340</u>)	(<u>5,340</u>)
Balance at December 31	<u>P</u>	565,228	<u>P</u>	3,121	<u>P</u>	31,653	<u>P</u>	600,002
Other receivables								
Balance at January 1	P	154,475	P	416	P	2,686	P	157,577
Transfers to								
Stage 1		68	(7)	(61)		-
Stage 2		-		1	•	1)		-
Stage 3	(131)	(15)		146		-
New financial assets originated		44.456		100		4 454		10 522
or purchased	,	11,176	,	186	,	1,171	,	12,533
Derecognition of financial assets Write-offs	(51,412)	(164)	(998) 99)	(52,574) 99)
WIIte-0118			_		<u></u>	<u></u>	(<u> </u>	
Balance at December 31	<u>P</u>	114,176	<u>P</u>	417	P	2,844	P	117,437
Debt investment securities at								
amortized cost								
Balance at January 1	P	491,324	P	56	P	1,519	P	492,899
Amortization		12,625		-		- ′		12,625
New financial assets originated								
or purchased		96,439		3		15		96,457
Foreign exchange	(675)		1	(10)	(684)
Transfers to (from):								
Stage 1	(332)	(1)		333		-
Stage 2		-		-		-		-
Stage 3	,	-	,	-	,	-	,	-
Derecognition of financial assets	(44,525)	(<u>3</u>)	(<u>11</u>)	(44,539)
Balance at December 31	P	554,856	P	56	P	1,846	P	556,758
					_			

				20)23			
		Stage 1		Stage 2	_	Stage 3		Total
Debt investment securities at FVOCI								
Balance at January 1	P	108,053	P	53	P	_	P	108,106
Amortization		4,196		-		-		4,196
Fair value gain		3,645	(37)		-		3,608
New financial assets originated								
or purchased		867,743		-		-		867,743
Foreign exchange	(532)	(1)		-	(533
Transfers to (from):								
Stage 2 Derecognition of financial assets	,	- 760,113)		-		-	,	- 760,113
	(700,115)	-				<u></u>	700,11.
Balance at December 31	<u>P</u>	222,992	<u>P</u>	<u>15</u>	P		P	223,00
Loan commitments and other								
contingent accounts								
Balance at January 1	P	131,273	P		P	-	P	131,31
Transfers to Stage 1		3	(3)		-		-
New financial assets originated		W. W. 400		4.050		40		
or purchased	,	565,483	,	1,052		49	,	566,584
Derecognition of financial assets	(<u>89,895</u>)	((89,902
Balance at December 31	<u>P</u>	606,864	P	1,079	P	49	P	607,992
				_				
		Stage 1		Stage 2)22	Stage 3		Total
		Stage 1		Stage 2	-	Stage 3	-	Total
Due from other banks								
Balance at January 1	P	64,537	P	-	P	-	P	64,537
Net remeasurement of loss allowance	(15,328)		-		-	(15,328
Foreign exchange		2,239						2,239
Balance at December 31	<u>P</u>	51,448	<u>P</u>		P		<u>P</u>	51,448
Receivables from customers –								
corporate								
Balance at January 1	P	1,728,038	P	116,364	Р	19,026	Р	1,863,428
Transfers to:		, -,		-, '		. ,		,, ,
Stage 1		37,967	(37,922)	(45)		-
Stage 2	(2,804)	•	2,929	,	125)		-
Stage 3	(745)	(549)		1,294		-
New financial assets originated		=. :=:		,				
or purchased	,	1,670,470	,	13,295	,	6,417	,	1,690,182
Derecognition of financial assets Write-offs	(1,517,988) 	(19,015) 	(7,802) 1,015)		1,544,805 1,015
Balance at December 31	<u>P</u>	1,914,938	<u>P</u>	75,102	<u>P</u>	17,750	<u>P</u>	2,007,790
Receivables from customers –								
consumer								
Balance at January 1	P	438,721	P	2,743	р	46,659	Р	488,123
Transfers to:	Г	750,741	1	2,743	I.	+0,039	r	700,12.
Stage 1		5,227	(752)	(4,475)		_
Stage 2	(1,458)	(1,871		413)		_
Stage 3	(7,518)	(1,187)	(8,705		-
New financial assets originated	`	. ,- ~/	`	, - ' /		-,		
or purchased		154,030		154		328		154,51
Derecognition of financial assets	(94,089)	(558)	(11,168)	(105,81
Write-offs	`				(6,966		6,960
						,		
Balance at December 31	P	494,913	Р	2,271	Р	32,670	P	529,854

Parent	Bank

				20	22			
		Stage 1		Stage 2		Stage 3		Total
Other receivables								
Balance at January 1 Transfers to	P	111,300	P	406	P	2,318	P	114,024
Stage 1		38	(22)	(16))	_
Stage 2	(18)	ì	1)	`	19		_
Stage 3	Ì	146)	`	1		145		-
New financial assets originated	·	,						
or purchased		44,451		156		1,008		45,615
Derecognition of financial assets	(1,150)	(124)	(630)		1,904)
Write-offs					(158)	(158)
Balance at December 31	<u>P</u>	154,475	<u>P</u>	416	P	2,686	<u>P</u>	157,577
Debt investment securities at								
amortized cost								
Balance at January 1	P	377,427	P	-	P	1,410	P	378,837
Amortization	(1,598)		-		-	(1,598)
New financial assets originated								
or purchased		155,205		-		-		155,205
Foreign exchange		14,987		-		109		15,096
Transfers to (from):	,	5.0		-,				
Stage 2	(56)		56		-	,	- 54 641)
Derecognition of financial assets	(54,641)					(54,641)
Balance at December 31	<u>P</u>	491,324	<u>P</u>	56	P	1,519	P	492,899
Debt investment securities at FVOCI								
Balance at January 1	P	114,095	P	-	P	-	P	114,095
Amortization	(583)		-		-	(583)
Fair value gain	(11,215)		-		-	(11,215)
New financial assets originated								
or purchased		258,406		-		-		258,406
Foreign exchange		6,239		-		-		6,239
Transfers to (from):	,	F2.\		F.2				
Stage 2 Derecognition of financial assets	(53) 258,836)		53		-	,	258,836)
Derecognition of financial assets	(<u> </u>					(<u> </u>
Balance at December 31	<u>P</u>	108,053	<u>P</u>	53	P		P	108,106
Loan commitments and other								
contingent accounts								
Balance at January 1	P	112,403	Р	503	P	-	Р	112,906
Transfers to Stage 2		-		-		-		- ′
New financial assets originated								
or purchased		106,296		30		-		106,326
Derecognition of financial assets	(87 , 426)	(496)	_		(87,922)
Balance at December 31	P	131,273	Р	37	Р		Р	131,310
Darance at December 31	r	101,4/3	T.	31	<u>r</u>		<u>r</u>	131,310

(k) Sensitivity Analysis on ECL Measurement

Set out below are the changes to the BDO Unibank Group's 12-month ECL as of December 31, 2023 and 2022 that would result from reasonably possible changes in these parameters from the actual assumptions used in the BDO Unibank Group's economic variable assumptions.

		2023		2022					
		Impact	on ECL		Impact	on ECL			
	Change in MEVs	Increase in MEVs	Decrease in MEVs	Change in MEVs	Increase in MEVs	Decrease in MEVs			
Corporate or Commercial Loans: GDP growth rate Inflation rate	+/-1% +/-1%	-11.0% 4.2%	11.0% -4.9%	+/-1% +/-1%	-6.9% 3.0%	6.9% -3.0%			
Credit Card Receivables or Personal Loans: GDP growth rate Unemployment rate	+/-1%	-1.6% 3.3%	1.6% -3.3%	+/-1% +/-1%	-1.2% 1.8%	1.2% -1.8%			
Home/Housing Loans: GDP growth rate Inflation rate	+/-1% +/-1%	0.0% 0.1%	0.0% -0.1%	+/-1% +/-1%	-0.2% 1.3%	0.2% -1.7%			
Auto Loans: GDP growth rate Unemployment rate	+/-1% +/-1%	-0.02% 1.4%	0.02% -1.4%	+/-1% +/-1%	-0.02% 1.4%	0.02% -1.4%			

4.4 Operational Risk

Operational risk is the risk of loss due to the BDO Unibank Group's:

- failure to comply with defined operational procedures;
- inability to address fraud committed internally or externally;
- inability to handle system failures; and,
- inability to cope with the impact of external events.

The BDO Unibank Group manages its operational risks by instituting policies to minimize its expected losses, allocating capital for the unexpected losses and having insurance and/or a business continuity plan to prepare for catastrophic losses.

Framework

True to its commitment to sound management and corporate governance, the BDO Unibank Group considers operational risk management as a critical element in the conduct of its business. Under BDO Unibank Group's Operational Risk Management (ORM) framework, the BOD has the ultimate responsibility for providing leadership in the management of operational risk in BDO Unibank Group.

The RMG provides the common risk language and management tools across the BDO Unibank Group as well as monitors the implementation of the ORM framework and policies. The business process owners, as risk owners, are responsible for identifying, assessing and limiting the impact of risk in their businesses/operations.

The BDO Unibank Group continues to conduct periodic Risk and Control Self-Assessment (RCSA) so that business process owners could document both their operational risks and control mechanisms they have put in place to manage those risks. This ORM tool allows the BDO Unibank Group to identify risks the business/operation faces, assess the severity of those risks, evaluate the adequacy of key controls associated to the identified risks, and take proactive action to address any deficiencies identified.

The BDO Unibank Group also continues to use Key Risk Indicators (KRI) as alerts for operational risk vulnerabilities. Reporting of top KRIs to the BOD through the RMC is done quarterly.

The BDO Unibank Group likewise uses Loss Data Collection, Analysis and Reporting that allows the BDO Unibank Group to gather data per Basel loss event category across business lines. The collected data are processed for information and appropriate escalation, root cause analysis, control effectiveness and enables action plans to prevent recurrence.

These ORM tools are continually being reviewed and enhanced to proactively manage operational risks. The Operational Risk Management Solution (ORMS) was implemented to automate the reporting of BDO Unibank Group's RCSAs, KRIs and operational losses. The bank-wide information asset inventory is regularly reviewed to address operational risks arising from information security concerns. The inventory identified critical applications and sensitive data based on the BDO Unibank Group's classification standards, information risks, as well as protection measures in place to mitigate these risks. Under the purview of information security is data privacy. The BDO Unibank Group's data privacy framework is in accordance with the R.A. No. 10173, *Data Privacy Act of 2012*.

Information technology risks which include current and prospective negative impact to earnings arising from failure of IT systems and realization of cyber security threats are appropriately managed through policies and measures that are integrated into BDO Unibank Group's day-to-day operations.

Operational risks arising from health, safety and environmental issues are appropriately managed through policies and measures that are integrated into BDO Unibank Group's Day-to-day operations. These include Environmental Consciousness, Occupational Health and Safety, and Community Health and Safety.

The BDO Unibank Group continues to review its preparedness for major disaster scenarios and implements required changes in its Business Continuity Plan.

4.5 Insurance Risk

The risk under an insurance contract is the risk that an insured event will occur, including the uncertainty of the amount and timing of any resulting claim. The principal risk the BDO Unibank Group faces under such contracts is that the actual claims and benefits payments exceed the carrying amount of insurance liabilities. This is influenced by the frequency of claims, severity of claims, actual benefits paid are greater than originally estimated, and subsequent development of long-term claims.

(a) Terms and Conditions

The BDO Unibank Group principally writes life insurance where the life of the policyholder is insured against death, illness, injury or permanent disability, usually for a predetermined amount. Life insurance contracts offered by the BDO Unibank Group mainly include whole life, term insurance, endowments, VUL products, group life insurance, and accident and health insurance.

(b) Underwriting risk

Underwriting risk represents the exposure to loss resulting from actual policy experience adversely deviating from assumptions made in the product pricing. Underwriting risks are brought about by a combination of the following:

- Mortality risk risk of loss arising from the policyholder's death experience being higher than expected.
- Morbidity risk risk of loss arising from the policyholder's health experience being higher than
 expected.
- Expense risk risk of loss arising from expense experience being higher than expected.
- Policyholder decision risk risk of loss arising due to policyholder experiences (lapses and surrenders) being different than expected.

Underwriting guidelines and limits for insurance and reinsurance contracts are regularly monitored for compliance and updated to reflect current requirements. To further control the underwriting risks, the BDO Unibank Group's Actuarial Department regularly assesses the adequacy of the insurance premiums and technical provisions. The risks of defaults by reinsurers are mitigated as the BDO Unibank Group only deals with accredited reinsurers. Additionally, provisions for known and unknown liabilities arising from the BDO Unibank Group's commitments are calculated using prudent actuarial methods.

The main underwriting strategies of the BDO Unibank Group to control risk are the use of reinsurance and the controlled granting of non-medical authority (NMA) to the sales force. The NMA is being given only to members of the sales force who either qualify by virtue of field experience or by passing a certain underwriting and training program. Actual experience is closely monitored and corrective actions are executed whenever necessary.

The BDO Unibank Group utilizes surplus reinsurance programs to manage its mortality risk from large fluctuations in claim experience.

4.6 Anti-Money Laundering Controls

The Anti-Money Laundering (AML) Program of the BDO Unibank Group and the Parent Bank is articulated in the Board-approved Money Laundering, Terrorist Financing and Proliferation Financing Prevention Program (MTPP) Manual. The MTPP encapsulates the policies and procedures covering the: (i) on-boarding of clients, Know Your Client and required due diligence; (ii) customer risk assessment; (iii) on-going monitoring of transactions; (iv) regulatory reporting; (v) record-keeping; (vi) training of all officers and staff including BOD; (vii) Independent Compliance Testing (ICT); and, (viii) Institutional Risk Assessment.

For AML transaction monitoring and end-to-end AML investigation, the Parent Bank has made substantial investments in a robust AML Solution that is in the process of being deployed across the enterprise. This system also facilitates the generation of regulatory reports that are required under the AMLC Registration and Reporting Guidelines (ARRG).

The Chief Compliance Officer directly reports to the BOD through the Board Audit Committee and is also a member of the AML Committee of the Parent Bank. The AML Committee, composed of senior officers from various units, is tasked to oversee the operational implementation of BDO's AML/CTF/CPF Program.

4.7 Impact of LIBOR Reform

In 2023, BDO Unibank Group has successfully addressed the identified risk areas arising from the replacement of LIBOR: (i) updating systems and processes which capture LIBOR referenced contracts; (ii) amending affected contracts, or existing fallback/transition clauses not operating as anticipated; and, (iii) reviewing mismatches in timing of derivatives and loans transitioning from LIBOR and the resulting impact on economic risk management.

As of December 31, 2023, all of the covered financial instruments held by BDO Unibank Group and the Parent Bank were all transitioned to SOFR in accordance with the Group's transition plan.

The following table contains details of all of the financial instruments that the BDO Unibank Group and the Parent Bank hold at December 31, 2023 and 2022 for each LIBOR rate that have not yet transitioned to SOFR or an alternative interest rate benchmark as of December 31, 2023 and 2022:

	<u>Carrying value</u>					Notional amount			
	:	2023		2022		2023		2022	
BDO Unibank Group									
USD LIBOR	P	_	P	134,799	P	_	P	348,187	
GBP LIBOR		-		1,950		-		3,124	
EUR LIBOR		-		1,170		-		1,680	
CHF LIBOR		-		-		-		61	
JPY LIBOR		-				-		37	
	<u>P</u>		<u>P</u>	137,919	<u>P</u>		<u>P</u>	353,089	
Parent Bank									
USD LIBOR	P	-	P	125,116	P	-	P	273,651	
GBP LIBOR		-		1,950		-		3,124	
EUR LIBOR		-		1,170		-		1,680	
CHF LIBOR		-		-		-		61	
JPY LIBOR		-				-	-	37	
	<u>P</u>	_	<u>P</u>	128,236	<u>P</u>	_	<u>P</u>	278,553	

The breakdown of the financial instruments between non-derivative financial assets and liabilities and derivative instruments is as follows:

	Carrying value					Notional amount		
		2023		2022		2023		2022
BDO Unibank Group								
Non-derivative financial assets:								
Loans and other receivables	P	-	P	111,298	P	-	P	-
Other assets		-		3,303		-		-
Non-derivative financial liabilities –								
Bills payable		-		6,691		-		-
Derivatives:								
Asset		-		8,760		-		165,327
Liability		-		7,867	_	-		187,762
	<u>P</u>	_	<u>P</u>	137,919	<u>P</u>	-	<u>P</u>	353,089

		Carry	ying val	Notional amount			ount	
	2023		2022		2023			2022
Parent Bank								
Non-derivative financial assets:								
Loans and other receivables	P	-	P	111,298	P	-	P	-
Other assets		-		3,303				
Non-derivative financial liabilities –								
Bills payable		-		6,691		-		-
Derivatives:								
Asset		-		3,432		-		129,048
Liability		-		3,512				149,505
	<u>P</u>	-	<u>P</u>	128,236	<u>P</u>	-	<u>P</u>	278,553

The following are the key risks for the BDO Unibank Group arising from the transition:

- Liquidity risk: There are fundamental differences between LIBOR and the various alternative benchmark rates which the BDO Unibank Group will be adopting. LIBOR are forward-looking term rates published for a period (e.g., three months) at the beginning of that period and include an inter-bank credit spread, whereas alternative benchmark rates are typically risk-free overnight rates published at the end of the overnight period with no embedded credit spread. These differences will result in additional uncertainty regarding floating rate interest payments which will require additional liquidity management. The BDO Unibank Group's liquidity risk management policy has been updated to ensure sufficient liquid resources to accommodate unexpected increases in overnight rates.
- Litigation risk: If no agreement is reached to implement the interest rate benchmark reform on
 existing contracts (e.g., arising from differing interpretation of existing fallback terms), there is a risk
 of prolonged disputes with counterparties which could give rise to additional legal and other costs.
 The BDO Unibank Group is working closely with all counterparties to avoid this from occurring.
- Operational risk: The BDO Unibank Group's current treasury management system has undergone updates to fully manage the transition to alternative benchmark rates and there is a risk that such upgrades are not fully functional in time, resulting in additional manual procedures which give rise to operational risks. The BDO Unibank Group is working closely with its system provider to ensure the relevant updates are made in good time and the BDO Unibank Group has alternative manual procedures in place with relevant controls to address any potential delay.

4.8 Maturity Profile of Resources and Liabilities

The table below presents the maturity profile of resources and liabilities analyzed according to whether these are expected to be recovered or settled in less than 12 months and over 12 months from statement of financial position date:

			2023						2022		
-	Within		Beyond				Within		Beyond		
_	12 Months	:	12 Months		Total		12 Months		12 Months		Total
BDO Unibank Group											
Resources											
Cash and other cash items Due from BSP and	94,278	P	-	P	94,278	P	82,944	Р	=	P	82,944
other banks	421,050		-		421,050		446,234		-		446,234
Trading and investment securities	224,985		706,900		931,885		91,776		631,054		722,830
Loans and other receivables - net Premises, furniture, fixtures,	963,798		1,922,230		2,886,028		854,188		1,842,713		2,696,901
and equipment - net	-		48,085		48,085		=		46,471		46,471
Investment properties - net	-		46,810		46,810		-		21,158		21,158
Equity investments - net	-		3,879		3,879		-		5,501		5,501
Other resources - net	18,867		26,779		45,646	_	15,098	-	37,571		52,669
<u>P</u>	1,722,978	P	2,754,683	<u>P</u>	4,477,661	<u>P</u>	1,490,240	Р	2,584,468	<u>P</u>	4,074,708
Liabilities											
Deposit liabilities P	3,499,775	P	67,775	P	3,567,550	Р	3,126,217	Р	94,666	P	3,220,883
Bills payable	111,913		77,669		189,582		80,781		118,110		198,891
Insurance contract liabilities	4,119		73,091		77,210		7,844		56,519		64,363
Other liabilities	103,476	_	21,289		124,765		106,608		22,506		129,114
<u>P</u>	3,719,283	P	239,824	<u>P</u>	3,959,107	P	3,321,450	P	291,801	P	3,613,251
Parent Bank											
Resources											
Cash and other cash items Due from BSP and	91,635	P	-	P	91,635	P	80,666	Р	-	Р	80,666
other banks	409,219		_		409,219		433,644		_		433,644
Trading and investment securities	206,190		581,501		787,691		46,608		560,181		606,789
Loans and other receivables - net	955,510		1,854,037		2,809,547		839,832		1,781,389		2,621,221
Premises, furniture, fixtures, and equipment - net	_		43,878		43,878		_		42,394		42,394
Investment properties - net	_		13,408		13,408		_		13,173		13,173
Equity investments - net	_		70,832		70,832		_		56,115		56,115
Other resources - net	12,981		23,456		36,437		5,100	-	41,221	_	46,321
<u>P</u>	1,675,535	P	2,587,112	P	4,262,647	P	1,405,850	P	2,494,473	P	3,900,323
Liabilities											
Deposit liabilities P	3,411,696	P	65,171	P	3,476,867	Р	3,050,839	Р	90,177	P	3,141,016
Bills payable	99,547		68,441		167,988		74,225		114,647		188,872
Other liabilities	91,577	_	16,018		107,595	_	95,158	_	15,378		110,536
<u>P</u>	3,602,820	P	149,630	P	3,752,450	P	3,220,222	Р	220,202	P	3,440,424

5. CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

5.1 Capital Management and Regulatory Capital

The Internal Capital Adequacy Assessment Process (ICAAP) document, as required by the BSP, articulates BDO Unibank Group's capital planning strategy and discusses governance, risk assessment, capital assessment and planning, capital adequacy monitoring and reporting, as well as internal control reviews. The Bank likewise incorporates sensitivity analysis and contingency planning, and has set benchmarks that will trigger management action when necessary. Annually as required, BDO Unibank Group submits its updated ICAAP to the BSP.

In implementing current capital requirements, the BSP requires BDO Unibank Group to maintain a prescribed ratio of qualifying capital to risk-weighted assets.

The BSP has adopted the Basel 3 risk-based capital adequacy framework effective January 1, 2014, which was amended on January 1, 2019, which requires BDO Unibank Group to maintain:

- (a) Common Equity Tier 1 (CET 1) of at least 6.0% of risk-weighted assets;
- (b) Tier 1 Capital of at least 7.5% of risk-weighted assets;
- (c) Qualifying Capital (Tier 1 plus Tier 2 Capital) of at least 10.0% of risk-weighted assets;
- (d) Capital Conservation Buffer of 2.5% of risk-weighted assets, comprised of CET 1 Capital; and,
- (e) Countercyclical Capital Buffer (CCyB) of 0% subject to upward adjustment to a rate determined by the Monetary Board when systemic conditions warrant but not to exceed 2.5%.

The regulatory capital is analyzed as CET 1 Capital, Additional Tier 1 Capital and Tier 2 Capital, each adjusted for prescribed regulatory deductions.

Risk assets consist of total assets after exclusion of cash on hand, due from BSP, loans covered by hold-out on or assignment of deposits, loans or acceptances under letters of credit to the extent covered by margin deposits and other non-risk items as determined by the Monetary Board of the BSP.

BDO Unibank Group's policy is to maintain a strong capital base to promote investor, creditor and market confidence and to sustain future development of the business. The impact of the level of capital on shareholder's return is also recognized and BDO Unibank Group recognizes the need to maintain a balance between the higher returns that might be possible with greater gearing and the advantages and security afforded by a sound capital position.

Under BSP Circular No. 854, universal banks with more than 100 branches are required to comply with the minimum capital requirement of P20 billion. As of December 31, 2023 and 2022, the Parent Bank has complied with the above capitalization requirement.

BSP issued Circular No. 856 on the guidelines on the framework for dealing with domestic systemically important banks (DSIB) that is consistent with the Basel principles, as amended by BSP Circular No. 1051 dated September 27, 2019. Banks, which are identified as DSIB, shall be required to have a higher loss absorbency (HLA) depending on their computed systemic importance. The HLA requirement is aimed at ensuring that DSIBs have a higher share of their statements of financial position funded by instruments, which increase their resilience as a going concern. The HLA requirement is to be met with CET 1 capital.

Under BSP Circular No. 1051, banks identified by the BSP as DSIB are required to put up lower HLA to meet the CET 1 capital ranging from 1.50% to 2.50%, effective October 12, 2019.

BSP Circular No. 1024 requires banks to put up a CCyB, which is set initially at 0%, composed of CET 1. CCyB may be subject to upward adjustment to a rate determined by the Monetary Board when systemic conditions warrant but not to exceed 2.5%. This took effect on December 21, 2018.

BDO Unibank Group and the Parent Bank's regulatory capital position (computed using balances prepared under PFRS) based on the Basel 3 risk-based capital adequacy framework as of December 31, 2023 and 2022 as follows:

	BDO Unibank Group					Parent	t Bank		
		2023		2022	_	2023		2022	
Tier 1 Capital									
CET 1	P	490,815	P	437,138	P	490,437	Р	437,314	
Additional Tier 1		6,180		6,180		6,180		6,180	
		496,995		443,318		496,617		443,494	
Tier 2 Capital		30,251		27,501		29,030		26,540	
Total Regulatory Capital		527,246		470,819		525,647		470,034	
Deductions	(<u>55,664</u>)	(<u>42,219</u>)	(_	<u>89,251</u>)	(72,666)	
Total Qualifying Capital	<u>P</u>	471,582	<u>P</u>	428,600	<u>P</u>	436,396	<u>P</u>	397,368	
Total Risk-Weighted Assets	P	3,163,658	Р	2,954,935	P	3,025,832	Р	2,846,030	
Capital ratios: Total Capital Ratio Tier 1 Capital Ratio Total CET 1 Ratio		14.9% 14.0% 13.8%		14.5% 13.6% 13.4%		14.4% 13.5% 13.3%		14.0% 13.0% 12.8%	

At the end of each reporting period, the BDO Unibank Group and the Parent Bank have complied with the prescribed ratio of qualifying capital to risk-weighted assets.

5.2 Leverage Ratio

On June 9, 2015, the BSP issued Circular No. 881, *Implementing Guidelines on the Basel III Leverage Ratio Framework*, which provides the implementing guidelines on the leverage ratio framework designed to act as a supplementary measure to the risk-based capital requirements. It sets out a minimum leverage ratio of 5.00% and shall be complied with at all times.

The Basel III leverage ratio is defined as the ratio of capital measure (Tier 1 Capital) and the exposure measure which include on-balance sheet, derivatives and securities financing transactions exposures and off-balance sheet items.

The BDO Unibank Group and the Parent Bank's Basel III Leverage Ratio (BLR) as reported to the BSP are as follows:

	BDO	Unibank (Group	Parent Bank				
	2023	2022			2023 2022			
BLR	9.9%	9.8%	10.3%	9.4%	9.4%	9.9%		

5.3 Liquidity Coverage Ratio and Net Stable Funding Ratio

On March 10, 2016, the BSP issued Circular No. 905, *Implementation of Basel III Framework on Liquidity Standards - Liquidity Coverage Ratio and Disclosure Standards*, which provides the implementing guidelines on liquidity coverage ratio (LCR) and disclosure standards that are consistent with the Basel III framework. Circular No. 905 requires the BDO Unibank Group to maintain available High Quality Liquid Assets (HQLA) to meet anticipated net cash outflows for a 30-day period under stress conditions. The BDO Unibank Group has fully complied with the LCR minimum requirement of 100% coverage effective January 1, 2019.

To strengthen the BDO Unibank Group's short-term liquidity position and as a defense against potential onset of liquidity stress, it maintains adequate stock of unencumbered HQLAs that consists of cash or assets that can be freely converted into cash at little or no loss of value in private markets.

The BDO Unibank Group and the Parent Bank's LCR as of December 31, 2023, 2022, and 2021 are analyzed below.

	BDO	Unibank C	Group	Parent Bank				
	2023	2022	2021	2023	2022	2021		
LCR	123.2%	140.7%	145.4%	123.5%	141.2%	145.9%		

Net Stable Funding Ratio (NSFR), as detailed in BSP Circular No. 1007, Implementing Guidelines on the Adoption of the Basel III Framework on Liquidity Standards - Net Stable Funding Ratio, is an assessment of the level of sustainable funding required to reduce funding risk over a one-year time horizon. The NSFR complements the LCR, which promotes short-term resilience of the BDO Unibank Group's liquidity profile. The BDO Unibank Group has fully complied with the NSFR minimum requirement of 100% coverage effective January 1, 2019.

To promote long-term resilience against liquidity risk, the BDO Unibank Group maintains a stable funding profile in relation to the composition of its assets and off-balance sheet activities and seeks to meet this objective by limiting overreliance on short-term wholesale funding and promoting enhanced assessment of funding risk across all on- and off-balance sheet accounts.

The BDO Unibank Group and the Parent Bank's Basel III NSFR as of December 31, 2023, 2022 and 2021 are summarized below.

	BDO	Unibank (Group]	k	
	2023	2022 2021		2023	2022	2021
NSFR	124.1%	123.9%	123.5%	123.8%	123.5%	123.1%

6. SEGMENT REPORTING

6.1 Business Segments

BDO Unibank Group's main operating businesses are organized and managed separately according to the nature of services provided and the different markets served, with each segment representing a strategic business unit. These are also the basis of BDO Unibank Group in reporting to its chief operating decision-maker for its strategic decision-making activities.

Management currently identifies BDO Unibank Group's five service lines as primary operating segments. In addition, minor operating segments, for which quantitative thresholds have not been met, as described in PFRS 8, *Operating Segments*, are combined as Others.

- (a) **Commercial banking** handles the entire lending (corporate and consumer), trade financing and cash management services for corporate and retail customers;
- (b) **Investment banking** provides services to corporate clients outside the traditional loan and deposit products. These services include loan syndications, underwriting and placing of debt and equity securities, financial advisory services, and securities brokerage;
- (c) **Private banking** provides traditional and non-traditional investment and structured products to high net worth individuals and institutional accounts;
- (d) **Leasing and financing** provides direct leases, sale and leaseback arrangements and real estate leases;

- (e) **Insurance** engages in insurance brokerage and life insurance business by providing protection, education, savings, retirement and estate planning solutions to individual and corporate clients through life insurance products and services; and,
- (f) Others includes remittance, holding, and realty management, none of which individually constitutes a separate reportable segment.

These segments are the basis on which BDO Unibank Group reports its segment information. Transactions between the segments are on normal commercial terms and conditions. Inter-segment transactions are eliminated in consolidation.

Funds are ordinarily allocated between segments, resulting in funding cost transfers disclosed in operating income. Interest charged for these funds is based on BDO Unibank Group's cost of capital. There are no other material items of income or expense between the segments.

Segment assets and liabilities comprise operating assets and liabilities including items such as taxation and borrowings.

Segment revenues and expenses that are directly attributable to primary operating segment and the relevant portions of BDO Unibank Group's revenues and expenses that can be allocated to that operating segment are accordingly reflected as revenues and expenses of that operating segment. Revenue sharing agreements are used to allocate external customer revenues to a segment on a reasonable basis.

There have been no significant changes from prior periods in the measurement methods used to determine reported segment information.

6.2 Analysis of Segment Information

In 2022, the service line of Dominion Holdings was changed from Leasing and Financing to Others.

Segment information (by service lines) as of and for the years ended December 31, 2023, 2022 and 2021 are as follows:

	Commercial Banking	Investment Banking	Private Banking	Leasing and Financing	Insurance	Others	Total
<u>December 31, 2023</u>							
Revenues							
From external customer Interest income Interest expense Net interest income	P 233,797 (<u>53,276</u>) 180,521	P 70 6 76	P 1,261 (141) 1,120	P 694 (<u>332</u>) <u>362</u>	P 4,080 (<u>69)</u> 4,011	P 294 3 297	P 240,196 (53,809) 186,387
Intersegment revenue Interest income Interest expense Net interest income	1,055 (<u>230</u>) 825	11 (<u>49</u>) (<u>38</u>)	(17) (17)			90 (<u>122</u>) (<u>32</u>)	
Other Operating Income Investment banking fees Others	- 61,210 61,210	1,781 278 2,059	1,680 1,680	- <u>566</u> 566	21,043 21,043	459 459	1,781 85,236 87,017
Total net revenues	242,556	2,097	2,783	916	24,296	724	273,372
Expenses							
Other operating expenses Depreciation and amortization Impairment losses Others	11,988 16,365 124,759 153,112	88 1 1,017 1,106	105 6 	400 - 307 	286 18 17,903 18,207	82 6 <u>365</u> 453	12,949 16,396 145,930 175,275
Segment operating income Tax expense	89,444 21,361	991 306	1,093 305	209 50	6,089 1,525	271 74	98,097 23,621
Segment net income	P 68,083	P 685	<u>P 788</u>	<u>P 159</u>	P 4,564	<u>P 197</u>	P 74,476

	Commercial Banking		Investment Private Banking Banking		Leasing and <u>Financing</u>		Insurance		Others		Total	
December 31, 2023												
Statement of Financial Position	n											
Total Resources Segment assets Deferred tax assets (liabilities) - net Intangible assets	P 4,360,295 2,133 8,205	P (6,415 151) 52	P	30,331 12 142	P (27,784 1,579) 1	P	119,632 81 53	P (10,790	P 4,555,247 491 8,453
mangiote assets	•	n		n		D.		D		D	10.705	
	P 4,370,633	<u>P</u>	6,316	<u>P</u>	30,485	<u>P</u>	26,206	<u>P</u>	119,766	<u>P</u>		
Total liabilities	<u>P 3,847,611</u>	<u>P</u>	1,857	<u>P</u>	23,512	P	17,563	P	97,739	P	2,296	<u>P 3,990,578</u>
Other segment information												
Capital expenditures Investment in associate under	<u>P 8,734</u>	<u>P</u>	10	<u>P</u>	15	P	618	P	626	P	26	<u>P 10,029</u>
equity method	<u>P - </u>	P		P		P		<u>P</u>		P	4,032	<u>P 4,032</u>
Share in the profit of associates	<u>P - </u>	<u>P</u>		<u>P</u>		<u>P</u>		P		P	1,273	<u>P 1,273</u>
December 31, 2022												
Revenues												
From external customer Interest income Interest expense Net interest income	P 164,647 (19,532) 145,115	P (53 2) 51	P (1,156 76 1,080	P (629 156) 473	P (2,587 76) 2,511		1) 3 2	P 169,071 (<u>19,839</u>) <u>149,232</u>
Intersegment revenue												
Interest income Interest expense	182 (121)	(2 33)	(16)	(- 18)	(6 <u>54</u>)	(72 67)	262 (309)
Net interest income	61	(31)	(16)		18)	(48)		5	
Other Operating Income Investment banking fees Others	54,066 54,066		2,856 245 3,101	_	- 1,667 1,667	_	- 651 651	_	21,331 21,331	_	600	2,856 78,560 81,416
Total net revenues	199,242		3,121		2,731	_	1,106		23,794		607	230,601
Expenses												
Other operating expenses Depreciation and amortization Impairment losses Others	9,095 16,321 101,738 127,154		85 1 1,039 1,125	(85 1) 1,325 1,409	_	418 20 341 779	=	296 26 18,340 18,662	_	82 3 346 431	10,061 16,370 123,129 149,560
Segment operating income Tax expense	72,088 13,961		1,996 592		1,322 120		327 88		5,132 1,156		176 42	81,041 15,959
Segment net income	P 58,127	Р	1,404	P	1,202	P	239	P	3,976	P	134	P 65,082
Statement of Financial Position	1 30,121	-	1,404	1	1,202	-	<u> </u>	1	,270	<u>+</u>	1.74	1 05,062
Total Resources Segment assets Deferred tax assets	P 3,975,178	P	8,071	P	36,985	P	8,515	Р	92,672	P	10,505	P 4,131,926
(liabilities) - net Intangible assets	5,466 6,908	(173) 65		15 170		17		43 32	(13)	5,355 7,175
	P 3,987,552	Р	7,963	Р	37,170	P	8,532	Р	92,747	P	10,492	<u>P 4,144,456</u>
Total liabilities	P 3,516,144	P	4,112	P	31,151	P	7,154	P	74,067	P	2,205	P 3,634,833
Other segment information												
Capital expenditures Investment in associate under equity method	P 6,794	P	31	Р	7	P	585	P	1,160	Р	36	P 8,613
		P		P	_	P		P		P	5,654	P 5,654
Share in the profit of associates	P -	P		<u>-</u> Р	_	P		<u>-</u> Р		<u>-</u> Р		P 849
of associates	<u>r</u>	Ľ		<u>P</u>		Ľ		Ľ		Ľ	849	1 649

December 31, 2021	Commercial Banking	Investment Banking	Private Banking	Leasing and Financing	Insurance	Others	Total
Revenues							
From external customer Interest income Interest expense Net interest income	P 140,997 (13,166) 127,831	P 7 (1)6	P 1,108 (P 632 (<u>229</u>) 403	P 2,133 (66) 2,067	P 2 (1)	P 144,879 (13,533) 131,346
Intersegment revenue Interest income Interest expense Net interest income	(2 (<u>45</u>) (<u>43</u>)	(4) (4)				125 (169) (44)
Other Operating Income Investment banking fees Others	42,725 42,725	2,268 277 2,545	1,451 1,451	- 809 809	20,412 20,412	<u>543</u> 543	2,268 66,217 68,485
Total net revenues	170,659	2,508	2,485	1,184	22,471	480	199,787
Expenses							
Other operating expenses Depreciation and amortization Impairment losses Others	8,424 17,066 90,521 116,011	85 55 772 912	72 (20) 	531 (20) 385 896	137 (18) 19,005 19,124	85 - <u>291</u> - 376	9,334 17,063 112,178 138,575
Segment operating income Tax expense	54,648 11,584	1,596 375	1,229 264	288 43	3,347 623	104 18	61,212 12,907
Segment net income	<u>P 43,064</u>	P 1,221	<u>P 965</u>	<u>P 245</u>	P 2,724	<u>P 86</u>	P 48,305
Statement of Financial Position							
Total Resources Segment assets Deferred tax assets (liabilities) - net	P 3,506,708	P 6,736 (154)	P 37,937	P 15,208	P 82,976	P 4,320 (5)	P 3,653,885
Intangible assets	7,194	76	21		44	1	7,336
	P 3,520,745	<u>P 6,658</u>	<u>P 37,973</u>	P 15,224	P 83,073	<u>P 4,316</u>	P 3,667,989
Total liabilities	P 3,091,065	P 2,455	<u>P 31,905</u>	P 8,072	<u>P 71,798</u>	<u>P 2,212</u>	P 3,207,507
Other segment information							
Capital expenditures Investment in associate under	<u>P 5,020</u>	<u>P 26</u>	<u>P 23</u>	<u>P 239</u>	<u>P 3,564</u>	<u>P 2</u>	<u>P 8,874</u>
equity method Share in the profit	<u>P - </u>	<u>P - </u>	<u>P - </u>	<u>P - </u>	<u>P - </u>	<u>P 5,347</u>	<u>P 5,347</u>
of associates	<u>P - </u>	<u>P - </u>	<u>P - </u>	<u>P - </u>	<u>P - </u>	<u>P 814</u>	<u>P 814</u>

6.3 Reconciliation

Presented below and in the succeeding page is a reconciliation of the BDO Unibank Group's segment information to the key financial information presented in its consolidated financial statements.

		2023		2022	2021	
Revenue Total segment net revenues	P	273,372	P	230,601	P	199,787
Elimination of intersegment revenues	(2,968)	(9,834)	(7,087)
Net revenues as reported in profit or loss	<u>P</u>	270,404	<u>P</u>	220,767	<u>P</u>	192,700
Profit or loss Total segment net income Elimination of intersegment	P	74,476	P	65,082	P	48,305
profit	(916)	(7,848)	(5,450)
Net profit as reported in profit or loss	<u>P</u>	73,560	<u>P</u>	57,234	P	42,855

		2023		2022	2021		
Resources Total segment resources Elimination of intersegment	P	4,564,191	P	4,144,456	P	3,667,989	
assets	(86,530)	(69,748)	(44,240)	
Total resources	<u>P</u>	4,477,661	<u>P</u>	4,074,708	<u>P</u>	3,623,749	
Liabilities Total segment liabilities Elimination of intersegment	P	3,990,578	P	3,634,833	P	3,207,507	
liabilities	(31,471)	(21,582)	(8,306)	
Total liabilities	<u>P</u>	3,959,107	<u>P</u>	3,613,251	<u>P</u>	3,199,201	

7. CATEGORIES AND OFFSETTING OF FINANCIAL ASSETS AND FINANCIAL LIABILITIES

7.1 Comparison of Carrying Amounts and Fair Values

The carrying amounts and fair values of the categories of financial assets and financial liabilities presented in the statements of financial position are shown below and in the succeeding page.

				BDO Unib	oank Group					
		20	23			-	22			
		arrying mount		air Value		Carrying Amount	_F	Fair Value		
Financial Assets At amortized cost: Cash and other cash items	P	94,278	P	94,278	P	82,944	P	82,944		
Due from BSP Due from other banks Investment securities Loans and other receivables Other resources		335,076 85,974 575,985 2,886,028 14,961 3,992,302		335,077 86,032 556,721 2,903,715 14,961 3,990,784	_	385,779 60,455 512,049 2,696,901 12,105 3,750,233		385,783 60,470 473,270 2,736,010 12,105 3,750,582		
At fair value: Investment securities at FVTPL Investment securities at FVOCI	<u> </u>	47,220 308,680 355,900 4,348,202	<u>Р</u>	47,220 308,680 355,900 4,346,684	<u>P</u>	44,712 166,069 210,781 3,961,014	<u>Р</u>	44,712 166,069 210,781 3,961,363		
Financial Liabilities At amortized cost: Deposit liabilities Bills payable Insurance contract liabilities Other liabilities		3,567,550 189,582 77,210 109,633 3,943,975	P	3,576,455 188,421 77,210 109,633 3,951,719	P	3,220,883 198,891 64,363 111,040 3,595,177	P	3,263,048 191,713 64,363 111,040 3,630,164		
At fair value – Other liabilities		5,139		5,139		7,809		7,809		
	ľ	<u>3,949,114</u>	ľ	3,956,858	P	<u>3,602,986</u>	P	3,637,973		

				Paren	nt Bank					
		20	23			20)22			
	C	arrying				Carrying				
		mount	<u>F</u>	air Value		Amount	Fair Value			
Financial Assets										
At amortized cost:										
Cash and other cash items	P	91,635	P	91,635	Р	80,666	Р	80,666		
Due from BSP		332,428		332,429		382,210		382,214		
Due from other banks		76,791		76,846		51,434		51,448		
Investment securities		554,643		535,742		491,259		453,246		
Loans and other receivables		2,809,547		2,827,453		2,621,221		2,661,224		
Other resources		10,088		10,088		11,795		11,795		
		3,875,132		3,874,193		3,638,585		3,640,593		
At fair value:										
Investment securities at FVTPL		8,469		8,469		5,883		5,883		
Investment securities at FVOCI		224,579		224,579		109,647		109,647		
		233,048		233,048		115,530		115,530		
	<u>P</u>	4,108,180	<u>P</u>	4,107,241	<u>P</u>	3,754,115	<u>P</u>	3,756,123		
Financial Liabilities										
At amortized cost:										
Deposit liabilities	Ρ.	3,476,867	P	3,479,618	Р	3,141,016	Р	3,171,809		
Bills payable		167,988		167,070		188,872		184,359		
Other liabilities		97,650		97,650		98,251		98,251		
		3,742,505		3,744,338		3,428,139		3,454,419		
At fair value –										
Other liabilities		1,859		1,859	_	3,636		3,636		
	P	3,744,36 <u>4</u>	P	3,746,197	Р	3,431,775	D	3,458,055		
		<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>		J, 1 TU, 1 / 1		J,TJ1,11J		J,TJU,UJJ		

7.2 Fair Value Hierarchy

In accordance with PFRS 13, Fair Value Measurement, the fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities and non-financial assets which are measured at fair value on a recurring or non-recurring basis and those assets and liabilities not measured at fair value but for which fair value is disclosed in accordance with other relevant PFRS, are categorized into three levels based on the significance of inputs used to measure the fair value. The fair value hierarchy has the following levels:

- Level 1: quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that an entity can access at the measurement date;
- Level 2: inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e., as prices) or indirectly (i.e., derived from prices); and,
- Level 3: inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

The level within which the financial asset or financial liability is classified is determined based on the lowest level of significant input to the fair value measurement.

For purposes of determining the market value at Level 1, a market is regarded as active if quoted prices are readily and regularly available from an exchange, dealer, broker, industry group, pricing service, or regulatory agency, and those prices represent actual and regularly occurring market transactions on an arm's length basis.

For investments which do not have quoted market price, the fair value is determined by using generally acceptable pricing models and valuation techniques or by reference to the current market value of another instrument which is substantially the same after taking into account the related credit risk of counterparties, or is calculated based on the expected cash flows of the underlying net asset base of the instrument.

When BDO Unibank Group uses valuation technique, it maximizes the use of observable market data where it is available and relies as little as possible on entity specific estimates. If all significant inputs required to determine the fair value of an instrument are observable, the instrument is included in Level 2. Otherwise, it is included in Level 3.

7.3 Financial Instruments Measured at Fair Value

The financial assets and financial liabilities as of December 31, 2023 and 2022 are grouped into the fair value hierarchy as presented in the tables below and in the succeeding pages.

Unquoted equity securities consist of preferred and common shares of various unlisted local companies.

BDO Unibank Group

	Notes	I	Level 1	_L	evel 2	_L	evel 3		Total
<u>December 31, 2023</u>									
Resources: Financial assets at FVTPL: Equity securities - quoted Government debt securities Corporate debt securities Derivative financial assets	10.1	P	24,824 11,207 757 - 36,788	P	1,187 - 3,175 6,070 10,432	P	- - - -	P	26,011 11,207 3,932 6,070 47,220
Financial assets at FVOCI: Government debt securities Corporate debt securities Equity securities - quoted Equity securities - not quote		 <u>P</u>	239,649 64,215 4,215 - 308,079 344,867	 <u>P</u>	- - 447 112 559	 <u>P</u>	- - - 42 42	<u>Р</u>	239,649 64,215 4,662 154 308,680 355,900
Liabilities – Derivatives with negative fair values	21	<u>P</u>	97	<u>P</u>	<u>5,042</u>	<u>P</u>		<u>P</u>	5,139

BDO Unibank Group

	Notes	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	<u>Total</u>
December 31, 2022					
Resources: Financial assets at FVTPL: Equity securities - quoted Government debt securities Corporate debt securities Derivative financial assets	10.1	P 25,197 7,135 457 	P 784 - 2,526 - 8,613 - 11,923	P	P 25,981 7,135 2,983 8,613 44,712
Financial assets at FVOCI: Government debt securities Corporate debt securities Equity securities - quoted Equity securities - not quoted	10.2	109,782 51,572 4,184 	378 114 492 P 12,415	- - - 39 39 P 39	109,782 51,572 4,562 153 166,069 P 210,781
Liabilities – Derivatives with negative fair values	21	<u>P 101</u>	<u>P 7,708</u>	<u>P</u> -	<u>P 7,809</u>
Parent Bank					
	Notes	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	<u>Total</u>
<u>December 31, 2023</u>	Notes	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	<u>Total</u>
December 31, 2023 Resources: Financial assets at FVTPL: Government debt securities Derivative financial assets Corporate debt securities Equity securities - quoted	<u>Notes</u> 10.1		P - 2,157 - 2,157	P	Total P 6,178 2,157 133 1 8,469
Resources: Financial assets at FVTPL: Government debt securities Derivative financial assets Corporate debt securities	10.1	P 6,178 - 133 16,312 169,444 53,563 1,025 - 224,032	P - 2,157	P	P 6,178 2,157 133 1 8,469 169,444 53,563 1,472 100 224,579

	Notes]	Level 1	I	evel 2	_I	evel 3	_	Total
December 31, 2022									
Resources:									
Financial assets at FVTPL:	10.1	_		_		_		_	
Government debt securities		Р	2,207	Р	-	Р	-	Р	2,207
Derivative financial assets			-		3,468		-		3,468
Corporate debt securities			207		-		-		207
Equity securities - quoted			<u> </u>		2 460				<u>l</u>
			<u>2,415</u>		3,468			_	5,883
Financial assets at FVOCI:	10.2								
Government debt securities			66,465		-		-		66,465
Corporate debt securities			41,641		-		-		41,641
Equity securities - quoted			1,059		369		-		1,428
Equity securities - not quote	d		_		113		_		113
		_	109,165		482			_	109,647
		<u>P</u>	111,580	<u>P</u>	3,950	<u>P</u>		<u>P</u>	115,530
Liabilities –									
Derivatives with negative									
fair values	21	P	101	P	3,535	P		P	3,636

There have been no significant transfers among Levels 1 and 2 in the reporting periods.

Discussed below and in the succeeding page is the information about how fair values of the BDO Unibank Group and the Parent Bank's classes of financial assets are determined.

(a) Equity securities

(i) Quoted equity securities classified as financial assets at FVTPL or financial assets at FVOCI have fair values that were determined based on their closing prices on the PSE. These instruments are included in Level 1.

Financial assets at FVTPL included in Level 2 pertain to investments in Unit Investment Trust Funds (UITFs). The fair value of these financial assets were derived using the net asset value per unit (computed by dividing the net asset value of the fund by the number of outstanding units at the end of the reporting period), as published by banks and the Investment Company Association of the Philippines.

Golf club shares classified as financial assets at FVOCI are included in Level 2 as their prices are not derived from market considered as active due to lack of trading activities among market participants at the end or close to the end of the reporting period.

(ii) Unquoted equity securities consist of preferred shares and common shares of various unlisted local companies. For unquoted preferred shares, the fair value is determined based on their discounted amount of estimated future cash flows expected to be received or paid, or based on their cost which management estimates to approximate their fair values. Further, unlisted common share which are classified as financial assets at FVOCI securities, the fair value is determined by using generally acceptable pricing models and valuation techniques or by reference to the current market value of another instrument which is substantially the same after taking into account the related risk of counterparties, or is calculated based on the expected cash flows of the underlying net asset base of the instrument. These instruments are included in Level 3.

(b) Debt securities

The fair value of the debt securities of BDO Unibank Group and the Parent Bank, which are categorized within Level 1 and Level 2, is discussed below.

- (i) Fair values of peso-denominated government debt securities issued by the Philippine government, are determined based on the reference price per Bloomberg which used Bloomberg Valuation (BVAL). These BVAL reference rates are computed based on the weighted price derived using an approach based on a combined sequence of proprietary BVAL algorithms of direct observations or observed comparables.
- (ii) For corporate and other quoted debt securities, fair value is determined to be the current mid-price, which is computed as the average of ask and bid prices as appearing on Bloomberg.

(c) Derivatives

The fair values of Republic of the Philippines (ROP) warrants which are categorized within Level 1, is determined to be the current mid-price based on the last trading transaction as defined by third-party market makers. The fair value of other derivative financial instruments, which are categorized within Level 2, is determined through valuation techniques using the net present value computation [see Note 3.2(c)].

7.4 Financial Instruments Measured at Amortized Cost for which Fair Value is Disclosed

The tables below and in the succeeding pages summarize the fair value hierarchy of the BDO Unibank Group and the Parent Bank's financial assets and financial liabilities, which are measured at amortized cost in the statements of financial position but for which fair value is disclosed.

BDO Unibank Group

	Level 1		Level 2		Level 3			Total
<u>December 31, 2023</u>								
Resources: Cash and other cash items Due from BSP Due from other banks Investment securities at amortized cost Loans and other receivables Other resources	P	94,278 335,077 86,032 554,570 - 8,989	P	- - - - -	P 2	- - 2,151 ,903,715 5,972	P 2	94,278 335,077 86,032 556,721 2,903,715 14,961
	<u>P 1</u>	<u>,078,946</u>	<u>P</u>		<u>P 2</u>	<u>,911,838</u>	<u>P3</u>	<u>,990,784</u>
Liabilities: Deposit liabilities Bills payable Insurance contract liabilities Other liabilities	P	- - -	P	- 99,264 - -	P3,	,576,455 89,157 77,210 109,633	P3	5,576,455 188,421 77,210 109,633
	P		P	99,264	<u>P3</u> ,	852,455	<u>P 3</u>	3 , 951,719

BDO Unibank Group

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
<u>December 31, 2022</u>				
Resources: Cash and other cash items Due from BSP Due from other banks Investment securities at amortized cost Loans and other receivables Other resources	P 82,944 385,783 60,470 470,887 - 10,584 P 1,010,668	P	P - 2,383 2,736,010 1,521 P 2,739,914	P 82,944 385,783 60,470 473,270 2,736,010 12,105 P 3,750,582
Liabilities: Deposit liabilities Bills payable Insurance contract liabilities Other liabilities	P	P - 133,311 P 133,311	P 3,263,048 58,402 64,363 111,040 P 3,496,853	191,713 64,363 111,040
Parent Bank				
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	<u>Total</u>
<u>December 31, 2023</u>				
Resources: Cash and other cash items Due from BSP Due from other banks Investment securities at amortized cost Loans and other receivables Other resources	P 91,635 332,429 76,846 535,742 - 8,987	- - - - -	P	P 91,635 332,429 76,846 535,742 2,827,453 10,088
Cash and other cash items Due from BSP Due from other banks Investment securities at amortized cost Loans and other receivables	332,429 76,846 535,742 - 8,987	P	2,827,453 1,101	332,429 76,846 535,742 2,827,453
Cash and other cash items Due from BSP Due from other banks Investment securities at amortized cost Loans and other receivables	332,429 76,846 535,742 - 8,987	P - 99,264	2,827,453 1,101 P2,828,554 P3,479,618 67,806 97,650	332,429 76,846 535,742 2,827,453 10,088 P3,874,193 P3,479,618 167,070 97,650
Cash and other cash items Due from BSP Due from other banks Investment securities at amortized cost Loans and other receivables Other resources Liabilities: Deposit liabilities Bills payable Other liabilities	332,429 76,846 535,742 - 8,987 P 1,045,639 P - -	- - - - - - - - P -	2,827,453 1,101 P2,828,554 P3,479,618 67,806	332,429 76,846 535,742 2,827,453 10,088 P3,874,193 P3,479,618 167,070 97,650
Cash and other cash items Due from BSP Due from other banks Investment securities at amortized cost Loans and other receivables Other resources Liabilities: Deposit liabilities Bills payable	332,429 76,846 535,742	P - 99,264 P 99,264	2,827,453 1,101 P2,828,554 P3,479,618 67,806 97,650	332,429 76,846 535,742 2,827,453 10,088 P3,874,193 P3,479,618 167,070 97,650 P3,744,338 P 80,666 382,214 51,448 453,246 2,661,224 11,795

Parent Bank

	_L	evel 1		Level 2	Level 3	Total
December 31, 2022						
Liabilities: Deposit liabilities Bills payable Other liabilities	P	- - -	P	133,311	P 3,171,809 51,048 98,251	P 3,171,809 184,359 98,251
	<u>P</u>		P	133,311	<u>P 3,321,108</u>	<u>P 3,454,419</u>

For financial assets and financial liabilities, management considers that the carrying amounts of those short-term financial instruments approximate their fair values. The following are the methods used to determine the fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities presented in the statements of financial position at their amortized cost.

(a) Cash and Other Cash Items

Cash consists primarily of funds in the form of Philippine currency notes and coins in the BDO Unibank Group and the Parent Bank's vault and those in the possession of tellers, including automated teller machines (see Note 8).

Other cash items includes cash items other than currency and coins on hand (see Note 16) such as checks drawn on the other banks or other branches that were received after the BDO Unibank Group and the Parent Bank's clearing cut-off time until the close of the regular banking hours. Carrying amounts approximate fair values in view of the relatively short-term maturities of these instruments.

(b) Due from BSP and Other Banks

Due from BSP pertains to deposits made by BDO Unibank Group to the BSP for clearing and reserve requirements. The fair value of floating rate placements and overnight deposits is their carrying amount. The estimated fair value of fixed interest-bearing deposits is based on discounted cash flows using prevailing money market interest rates for debts with similar credit risk and remaining maturity, which for short-term deposits approximate the nominal value.

(c) Investment Securities at Amortized Cost

The fair value of investment securities at amortized cost is determined by direct reference to published price quoted in an active market for traded debt securities.

(d) Loans and Other Receivables

Loans and other receivables are net of provisions for impairment. The estimated fair value of loans and receivables represents the discounted amount of estimated future cash flows expected to be received. Expected cash flows are discounted at current market rates to determine fair value.

(e) Deposits and Borrowings

The estimated fair value of demand deposits with no stated maturity, which includes noninterest-bearing deposits, is the amount repayable on demand. The estimated fair value of long-term fixed interest-bearing deposits is based on discounted cash flows using interest rates for new debts with similar remaining maturity. The fair value of Bills Payable under Level 2 is computed based on the average of ask and bid prices as appearing on Bloomberg. For Bills Payable categorized within Level 3, the BDO Unibank Group and the Parent Bank classify financial instruments that have no quoted prices or observable market data where reference of fair value can be derived; hence, fair value is determined based on their discounted amount of estimated future cash flows expected to be received or paid, or based on their cost which management estimates to approximate their fair values.

(f) Other Resources and Liabilities

Due to their short duration, the carrying amounts of other resources and liabilities in the statements of financial position are considered to be reasonable approximation of their fair values.

7.5 Fair Value Measurement for Non-financial Assets

Details of BDO Unibank Group and Parent Bank's investment properties and the information about the fair value hierarchy as of December 31, 2023 and 2022 are shown below.

		BDO Unibank Group							Parent Bank							
	_L	evel 1	_Le	evel 2	L	evel 3		Total	$_{\rm L}$	evel 1	_Le	evel 2	L	evel 3		<u> Total</u>
<u>December 31, 2023</u>																
Investment properties:																
Land	P	-	P	-	P	32,118	P	32,118	P	-	P	-	P	24,184	P	24,184
Building and improvements Non-current assets		-		-		20,181		20,181		-		-		14,813		14,813
held for sale						1,238		1,238		_				1,238		1,238
	<u>P</u>		P		P	53,537	<u>P</u>	53,537	<u>P</u>		P		<u>P</u>	40,235	<u>P</u>	40,235
<u>December 31, 2022</u>																
Investment properties:																
Land	P	-	P	-	P	29,677	P	29,677	P	-	P	-	P	22,735	P	22,735
Building and improvements		-		-		14,720		14,720		-		-		13,798		13,798
Non-current assets held for sale						3,251		3,251						3,251		3,251
	<u>P</u>		P		<u>P</u>	47,648	P	47,648	P		P		P	39,784	P	39,784

The fair value of the investment properties of the BDO Unibank Group and the Parent Bank as of December 31, 2023 and 2022 (see Note 14) was determined on the basis of a valuation carried out on the respective dates by either an independent or internal appraiser having appropriate qualifications and recent experience in the valuation of properties in the relevant locations. To some extent, the valuation process was conducted by the appraisers in discussion with the management of the BDO Unibank Group and the Parent Bank with respect to determination of the inputs such as size, age and condition of the land and buildings and the comparable prices in the corresponding property location.

In estimating the fair value of the properties, management takes into account the market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the assets in its highest and best use. Based on management's assessment, the best use of the investment properties of the BDO Unibank Group and the Parent Bank indicated above is their current use. The fair value discussed above as determined by the appraisers were used by the BDO Unibank Group and the Parent Bank in determining the fair value of investment properties and non-current assets held for sale.

The fair value of these investment properties and assets held for sale was determined based on the following approaches:

(a) Fair Value Measurement for Land

The Level 3 fair value of land was derived using the observable recent prices of the reference properties, which were adjusted for differences in key attributes such as property size, zoning and accessibility. The most significant input into this valuation approach is the price per square foot; hence, the higher the price the higher the fair value. On the other hand, if fair value of the land was derived using the market comparable approach that reflects the recent transaction prices for similar properties in nearby locations, fair value is included in Level 2. Under this approach, when sales prices of comparable land in close proximity are used in the valuation of the subject property, minor adjustments on the price is made to consider peculiarities of the property with that of the benchmark property.

(b) Fair Value Measurement for Buildings and Improvements

The Level 3 fair value of the buildings and improvements was determined using the replacement cost approach that reflects the cost to a market participant to construct an asset of comparable usage, constructions standards, design and lay-out, adjusted for obsolescence. The more significant inputs used in the valuation include direct and indirect costs of construction such as but not limited to, labor and contractor's profit, materials and equipment, surveying and permit costs, electricity and utility costs, architectural and engineering fees, insurance and legal fees. These inputs were derived from various suppliers and contractor's quotes, price catalogues, and construction price indices. Under this approach, higher estimated costs used in the valuation will result in higher fair value of the properties.

(c) Fair Value Measurement for Assets Held for Sale

The fair value of assets held for sale is determined based on the recent experience in the valuation of similar properties. The fair value, determined under Level 3 measurement, was derived using the market data approach that reflects that recent transaction prices for similar properties, adjusted for differences in property age and condition.

There has been no change to the valuation techniques used by BDO Unibank Group during the year for its non-financial assets. Further, there were no transfers into or out of Level 3 fair value hierarchy in 2023 and 2022.

7.6 Offsetting Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities

Certain financial assets of the BDO Unibank Group and the Parent Bank with amounts presented in the statements of financial position as of December 31, 2023 and 2022 are subject to offsetting, enforceable master netting arrangements and similar agreements.

BDO Unibank Group

	rec the	ss amounts ognized in statements financial position	st	lated amounts atements of fi inancial struments	nancial <u>j</u> Co		Net amount		
<u>December 31, 2023</u>									
Loans and other receivables - net Trading and investment securities - net	P 2,886,028 931,885		P (- 15,802)	(P	6,226)	P	2,879,802 916,083	
	P 3,817,913		(<u>P</u>	15,802)	(<u>P</u>	6,226)	P	3,795,885	

BDO Unibank Group

	Gross amounts recognized in the statements of financial position		not set off in the inancial position Collateral received	Net amount
December 31, 2022				
Loans and other receivables - net Trading and investment securities - net	P 2,696,901 722,830	P - (<u>16,067</u>)	(P 20,886)	P 2,676,015 706,763
	P 3,419,731	(<u>P 16,067</u>)	(<u>P 20,886</u>)	<u>P 3,382,778</u>
Parent Bank				
December 31, 2023	Gross amounts recognized in the statements of financial position		s not set off in the nancial position Collateral received	Net amount
Loans and other receivables - net Trading and investment securities - net	P 2,809,547 787,691	P - (14,560)	(P 5,672)	P 2,803,875 773,131
	P 3,597,238	(<u>P 14,560</u>)	(<u>P 5,672</u>)	P 3,577,006
December 31, 2022				
Loans and other receivables - net Trading and investment securities - net	P 2,621,221 606,789	P - (<u>12,855</u>)	(P 20,363)	P 2,600,858 593,934
	<u>P 3,228,010</u>	(<u>P</u> 12,855)	(<u>P 20,363</u>)	<u>P 3,194,792</u>

Included in the trading and investment securities – net are the currency forwards and interest rate swaps with accrued interest receivable and accrued interest payable subject to enforceable master netting arrangements but were not set-off and presented at gross in the statements of financial position.

Certain financial liabilities with net amounts presented in the statements of financial position of the BDO Unibank Group and the Parent Bank are subject to offsetting, enforceable master netting arrangements and similar agreements.

BDO Unibank Group

	recogn the sta of fin		Gross amounts recognized in Related amounts the statements of financial position Financial instruments		nancia (Net amount		
<u>December 31, 2023</u>									
Deposit liabilities Bills payable Other liabilities	P	3,567,550 189,582 124,765	(P	6,226) - 722)	P (15,080)	P	3,561,324 174,502 124,043	
	<u>P</u>	3,881,897	(<u>P</u>	6,948)	(<u>P</u>	15,080)	<u>P</u>	3,859,869	
<u>December 31, 2022</u>									
Deposit liabilities Bills payable Other liabilities	P	3,220,883 198,891 129,114	(P	20,886)	P (- 15,179) -	P	3,199,997 183,712 128,226	
	<u>P</u>	3,548,888	(<u>P</u>	21,774)	(<u>P</u>	15,179)	<u>P</u>	3,511,935	

Parent Bank

	Gross amounts recognized in the statements of financial position	recognized in the statements of financial Related amounts statements of fin		Net amount		
<u>December 31, 2023</u>						
Deposit liabilities Bills payable Other liabilities	P 3,476,867 167,988 107,595	(P 5,672) - (<u>60</u>)	P - (14,500)	P 3,471,195 153,488 107,535		
	<u>P 3,752,450</u>	$(\underline{P} \underline{5,732})$	(<u>P 14,500</u>)	<u>P 3,732,218</u>		
December 31, 2022						
Deposit liabilities Bills payable Other liabilities	P 3,141,016 188,872 110,536	(P 20,363) (176)	P - 12,679)	P 3,120,653 176,193 110,360		
	<u>P 3,440,424</u>	(<u>P 20,539</u>)	(<u>P 12,679</u>)	P 3,407,206		

For the financial assets and financial liabilities subject to enforceable master netting arrangements or similar arrangements above, each agreement between the BDO Unibank Group and counterparties allows for net settlement of the relevant financial assets and financial liabilities when both elect to settle on a net basis. In the absence of such an election, financial assets and financial liabilities will be settled on a gross basis; however, each party to the master netting agreement or similar agreement will have the option to settle all such amounts on a net basis in the event of default of the other party.

8. CASH AND BALANCES WITH THE BSP

These accounts are composed of the following:

	BDO Unibank Group				Parent Bank			
		2023		2022		2023		2022
Cash and other cash items Due from BSP:	<u>P</u>	94,278	<u>P</u>	82,944	<u>P</u>	91,635	<u>P</u>	80,666
Mandatory reserves Other than mandatory		281,591		308,817		279,263		306,448
reserves		53,485		76,962		53,165		75,762
		335,076		385,779		332,428		382,210
	<u>P</u>	429,354	<u>P</u>	468,723	P	424,063	<u>P</u>	462,876

Mandatory reserves represent the balance of the deposit accounts maintained with the BSP to meet reserve requirements and to serve as clearing accounts for interbank claims (see Note 18).

The Parent Bank opened a Special Savings Account (SSA) with the BSP to comply with InstaPay facility requirement. As of December 31, 2023 and 2022, the balance of this account amounted to P783 and P706, respectively, and is presented as part of Due from BSP.

In 2022, the Parent Bank opened a Demand Deposit Account 3 with the BSP for PESONet transactions. As of December 31, 2023 and 2022, the balance of this account amounted to P7,390 and P14,431, respectively, and is presented as part of Due from BSP.

Due from BSP, excluding mandatory reserves which has no interest, bears annual interest rate of 5.00% to 6.76% in 2023, 1.50% to 6.45% in 2022, and 1.50% to 1.96% in 2021.

The total interest income earned amounted to P5,201, P2,558 and P1,487 in 2023, 2022 and 2021, respectively, in BDO Unibank Group's statements of income, and P5,146, P2,533 and P1,483 in 2023, 2022 and 2021, respectively, in the Parent Bank's statements of income (see Note 23).

Cash and other cash items and balances with the BSP are included in cash and cash equivalents for statements of cash flows purposes.

9. DUE FROM OTHER BANKS

The balance of this account represents deposits with the following:

		<u></u> E	BDO Unibank Group			Parent Bank			
	<u>Note</u>		2023		2022		2023		2022
Foreign banks		P	78,641	P	55,173	P	76,220	P	50,374
Local banks			7,391		5,297		626		1,074
			86,032		60,470		76,846		51,448
Allowance for impairment	17	(<u>58</u>)	(<u>15</u>)	(<u>55</u>)	(14)
•		•	·	`	,	`	ŕ	`	•
		P	85,974	P	60,455	P	76,791	P	51,434

The breakdown of this account as to currency follows:

	BDO Unibank Group			Parent Bank				
	2023		2022		2023		2022	
U.S. dollars Other foreign currencies Philippine pesos	P	52,219 27,571 6,184	P	47,163 9,712 3,580	P 	49,906 26,608 277	P	42,157 8,833 444
	<u>P</u>	<u>85,974</u>	P	60,455	P	76,791	P	51,434

Annual interest rates on these deposits range from:

	2023	2022	2021		
BDO Unibank Group	0.00% - 6.40%	0.00% - 5.50%	0.00% - 1.50%		
Parent Bank	0.00% - 5.46%	0.00% - 4.40%	0.00% - 1.00%		

There are deposits such as current accounts, which do not earn interest. The total interest income earned amounted to P2,540, P808, and P67 in 2023, 2022, and 2021, respectively, in the BDO Unibank Group's statements of income, and P2,171, P674, and P50, in 2023, 2022, and 2021, respectively, in the Parent Bank's statements of income (see Note 23). Except for margin deposits amounting to P1,296 and P1,689 in 2023 and 2022, respectively, for the BDO Unibank Group and P224 and P379 in 2023 and 2022, respectively, for the Parent Bank, Due from other banks are included in cash and cash equivalents for statements of cash flows purposes [see Note 2.1(d)].

10. TRADING AND INVESTMENT SECURITIES

The components of this account are shown below.

		E	BDO Unibank Group				Parent Bank			
	Note		2023		2022		2023		2022	
Financial assets	404	.	47.000	D	44.740		0.460	D	5.002	
at FVTPL	10.1	P	47,220	Р	44,712	P	8,469	Р	5,883	
Financial assets at FVOCI Investment securities	10.2		308,680		166,069		224,579		109,647	
at amortized cost - net	10.3		575 , 985		512,049		554,643		491,259	
		P	931,885	P	722,830	P	787,691	P	606,789	

10.1 Financial Assets at FVTPL

This account is composed of the following:

	BDO Unibank Group			Parent Bank				
		2023		2022		2023		2022
Derivative financial assets	P	6,070	P	8,613	P	2,157	P	3,468
Government debt securities		11,207		7,135		6,178		2,207
Corporate debt securities		3,932		2,983		133		207
•		21,209		18,731		8,468		5,882
Equity securities - quoted		26,011		25,981		1	_	1
	<u>P</u>	47,220	<u>P</u>	44,712	<u>P</u>	8,469	<u>P</u>	5,883

All financial assets at FVTPL are held for trading. The following table shows net income (loss) contributed by financial assets at FVTPL to the BDO Unibank Group and the Parent Bank.

		BDO Unibank Group						
	Notes		2023	2022	2021			
Interest income	23	<u>P</u>	128	<u>P 103</u>	<u>P 92</u>			
Trading gain (loss) - net	25		1,539	(728)	(214)			
Dividend income	25		95	66	118			
Foreign exchange gain (loss)	25	(411)	(357)	71			
Total other income (loss)			1,223	(1,019)	(
Total other expenses				1	1			
Net income (loss)		<u>P</u>	1,351	(<u>P 917</u>)	<u>P 66</u>			

		Parent Bank							
	Notes		2023		2022	2	2021		
Interest income Trading gain (loss) - net	23 25	P	89 1,223	P (69 I 333)(_	Р	59 648)		
Net income (loss)		P	1,312	(<u>P</u>	<u>264</u>) (<u>I</u>)	<u>589</u>)		

Effective interest rates of debt securities at FVTPL range from:

	2023	2022	2021
BDO Unibank Group			
Government debt securities Corporate debt securities	0.25% - 10.63% 2.00% - 8.62%	1.37% - 10.63% 0.09% - 8.51%	0.88% - 10.62% 0.09% - 8.51%
Parent Bank			
Government debt securities Corporate debt securities	1.65% - 9.50% 2.00% - 8.62%	1.38% - 9.50% 2.13% - 8.51%	0.88% - 9.50% 2.50% - 8.51%

Foreign currency-denominated securities amounted to P6,159 and P7,857 as of December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively, in the BDO Unibank Group's statements of financial position, and P2,711 and P3,649 as of December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively, in the Parent Bank's statements of financial position.

Derivative instruments used by BDO Unibank Group include foreign currency and interest rate forwards/futures, foreign currency and interest rate swaps. Income derived from these derivative instruments are part of trading gains (losses) (see Note 25).

The aggregate contractual or notional amount of derivative financial instruments and the total fair values of derivative financial assets and financial liabilities are shown below [see Notes 21 and 27(d)(i)(4)].

		2023		2022				
	Notional	Fair V	alues	Notional	Fair Values			
	Amount	Assets	<u>Liabilities</u>	Amount	Assets	Liabilities		
BDO Unibank Group								
Currency forwards/futures Cross currency swaps ROP warrants Interest rate swaps Interest rate future sold trading	P 353,693 79,164 8,475 6,054	P 1,828 4,208 - 34	P 1,462 3,540 96 41	P 287,952 70,995 8,475 9,320 1,417	P 2,913 5,630 - 70	P 3,026 4,602 100 81		
	<u>P 447,386</u>	<u>P 6,070</u>	<u>P 5,139</u>	<u>P 378,159</u>	P 8,613	<u>P 7,809</u>		
Parent Bank								
Currency forwards/futures ROP warrants Interest rate swaps Cross currency swaps	P 351,276 8,475 6,054 5,382	P 1,813 - 34 310	P 1,457 96 41 265	P 285,316 8,475 8,220 9,781	P 2,896 - 67505	P 3,008 100 75 453		
	P 371,187	P 2,157	P 1,859	<u>P 311,792</u>	P 3,468	P 3,636		

Certain financial assets at FVTPL are subject to offsetting against the related derivatives with negative fair values. This indicates an enforceable master netting arrangements and similar agreements with an intention to settle on a net basis (see Note 7.6).

10.2 Financial Assets at FVOCI

The details of the carrying amounts of these financial assets are as follows:

	<u>F</u>	BDO Unik	oan]	k Group		Paren	t Ba	.nk
		2023		2022		2023		2022
Government debt securities Corporate debt securities Equity securities:	P	239,649 64,215	P	109,782 51,572	P	169,444 53,563	P	66,465 41,641
Quoted Not quoted		4,662 154		4,562 153		1,472 100		1,428 113
	P	308,680	P	166,069	P	224,579	P	109,647

As to currency, this account is composed of the following:

	<u></u> E	BDO Unibank Group			Parent Bank			
		2023		2022		2023		2022
Foreign currencies Philippine peso	P 	100,808 207,872	P	80,243 85,826	P 	93,096 131,483	P	71,632 38,015
	<u>P</u>	308,680	<u>P</u>	166,069	<u>P</u>	224,579	<u>P</u>	109,647

The maturity profile of this account is presented below.

	<u></u>	BDO Unibank Group			Parent Bank			
		2023		2022		2023		2022
Within one year	P	114,826	P	17,722	P	105,228	P	13,164
One to five years		89,860		60,848		66,320		43,368
Beyond five years		103,994		87,499		53,031		53,115
	<u>P</u>	308,680	<u>P</u>	166,069	<u>P</u>	224,579	<u>P</u>	109,647

Effective interest rates of financial assets at FVOCI range from:

	2023	2022	2021
BDO Unibank Group			
Government debt securities Corporate debt securities	1.84% - 8.37% 1.84% - 8.76%	0.53% - 5.75% 1.87% - 8.76%	0.06% - 5.69% 0.42% - 7.38%
Parent Bank			
Government debt securities Corporate debt securities	1.84% - 7.95% 1.84% - 8.76%	0.54% - 5.75% 1.87% - 8.76%	0.54% - 5.69% 1.66% - 7.38%

The fair values of government debt, quoted equity securities and corporate debt securities have been determined directly by reference to published prices generated in an active market (see Note 7.3).

The reconciliation of the carrying amounts of financial assets at FVOCI is as follows:

	BDO Unibank Group			Parent Bank				
		2023		2022	_	2023		2022
Balance at beginning of year Additions	P	166,069 906,674	P	170,793 285,428	P	109,647 872,261	P	115,965 258,499
Disposals Unrealized fair value losses	(771,014) 7,647	(279,483) 18,457)	(760,433) (3,666 (, ;	259,519) 11,945)
Foreign currency revaluation Realized fair value losses	(715)		7,821	(560)		6,675
on FVOCI		19	(33)	(<u>2</u>)	(28)
Balance at end of year	P	308,680	P	166,069	P	224,579	P	109,647

The reconciliation of unrealized fair value losses on financial assets at FVOCI reported under equity is shown below.

	BDO Unibank Group				Parent Bank			
		2023		2022		2023		2022
Balance at beginning of year	(P	19,950)	(P	1,630)	(P	12,228)	(P	348)
Changes on unrealized fair value gains (losses) during the year: Fair value losses								
during the year		7,619	(18,381)		3,666	(11,945)
Expected credit losses on FVOCI securities		108		67		97		65
Deferred tax assets (liabilities)	,	6)		21	,	4)		22
Adjustment			_	6	` _	-	_	6
		7,721	(18,287)	_	3,759	(11,852)
Realized fair value gains on securities disposed								
during the year - net		19	(33)	(<u>2</u>)	(28)
Balance at end of year	(<u>P</u>	12,210)	(<u>P</u>	19,950)	(<u>P</u>	8,471)	(<u>P</u>	12,228)
Net unrealized fair value gains (losses), net of tax: Attributable to:								
Shareholder of the Parent Ban	1- D	7,619	(P	18,381)				
Non-controlling interest		28	(76)				
	(<u>P</u>	<u>7,647</u>)	(<u>P</u>	18,457)				

The Parent Bank disposed of FVOCI securities under equity amounting to nil and P6 in 2023 and 2022, respectively, while the BDO Unibank Group disposed a total of FVOCI equity securities amounting to P3 and P181 in 2023 and 2022, respectively.

Unrealized fair value gains and losses recognized in the NUGL account is not reclassified to profit or loss but is reclassified directly to Surplus Free account except for those debt securities classified as FVOCI wherein fair value changes are recycled back to profit or loss.

The BDO Unibank Group and the Parent Bank recognized gain (loss) on disposal of FVOCI debt securities amounting to (P39) and P13, respectively, in 2023, P8 and P13, respectively, in 2022, and P278 and P191, respectively, in 2021.

Impairment losses (recoveries) recognized for FVOCI debt securities presented in NUGL for BDO Unibank Group and the Parent Bank amounted to P108 and P97, respectively, in 2023, P67 and P65, respectively, in 2022 and (P88) and (P71), respectively, in 2021. The total accumulated impairment losses presented in NUGL for the BDO Unibank Group and the Parent Bank amounted to P225 and P199, respectively, as of December 31, 2023, and P117 and P102, respectively, as of December 31, 2022 (see Note 4.3.5).

10.3 Investment Securities at Amortized Cost

This account consists of:

		E	BDO Uniban	k Group		Parent Ba	ınk
	Note		2023	2022		2023	2022
Government debt securities		P	501,969 P	442,970	P	485,264 P	427,074
Corporate debt securities:							
Quoted			72,000	66,832		70,008	64,306
Not quoted			4,151	3,901		1,486	1,519
-			578,120	513,703		556,758	492,899
Allowance for			ŕ	•		•	•
impairment	17	(<u>2,135</u>) (<u>1,654</u>)	(<u>2,115</u>)(<u>1,640</u>)
		<u>P</u>	575,985 P	512,049	<u>P</u>	554,643 P	491,259

As to currency, this account is composed of the following:

	<u>B</u>	BDO Unibank Group			Parent	t Bank		
		2023	_	2022		2023	_	2022
Foreign currencies Philippine peso	P	207,053 368,932	P	196,188 315,861	P 	201,824 352,819	P	190,632 300,627
	<u>P</u>	575,985	P	512,049	<u>P</u>	554,643	<u>P</u>	491,259

The maturity profile of this account is presented below.

	_ <u>B</u>	BDO Unibank Group		Parent Bank			.nk	
		2023		2022		2023		2022
Less than one year One to five years Beyond five years	P	98,187 242,373 235,425	P	29,342 227,742 254,965	P	92,690 230,506 231,447	P	27,561 211,611 252,087
	<u>P</u>	<u>575,985</u>	<u>P</u>	512,049	<u>P</u>	554,643	<u>P</u>	491,259

The reconciliation of the carrying amounts of investment securities at amortized cost is as follows:

	_ <u>F</u>	3DO Unibanl 2023	2022	_	Parent Ba	2022
Balance at beginning of year Additions Maturities and disposals Foreign currency	P (512,049 P 115,310 50,174) (397,534 161,048 61,913)		491,259 P 111,216 46,673)(377,382 155,379 56,413)
gains (losses) – net Impairment loss	(708) 492) (_	15,449 <u>69</u>)	(673) 486)(14,983 72)
	<u>P</u>	575,985 P	512,049	P	554,643 P	491,259

Effective interest rates of investment securities at amortized cost range from:

	2023	2022	2021
BDO Unibank Group			
Government debt securities Corporate debt securities	0.47% - 10.25% 1.29% - 7.81%	0.18% - 8.64% 1.27% - 7.82%	0.05% - 7.60% 1.29% - 8.41%
Parent Bank			
Government debt securities Corporate debt securities	0.47% - 7.47% 1.82% - 7.81%	0.18% - 7.56% 1.82% - 7.82%	0.05% - 7.60% 1.82% - 7.82%

In 2023, the BDO Unibank Group and the Parent Bank disposed of debt securities from its amortized cost portfolio amounting to P479, resulting in a net trading loss amounting to P7. These disposals were all initiated by the Parent Bank because of the deteriorating profile of the securities sold.

In 2023 and 2022, the BDO Unibank Group disposed of debt securities from its amortized cost portfolio amounting to P1,872 and P1,801, respectively, resulting in a net trading gain amounting to P5 and P13, respectively. In the same year, the Parent Bank disposed of debt securities from its amortized cost portfolio amounting to P1,813 and P749, respectively, resulting in a net trading gain amounting to P3 and P13, respectively. These disposals were all initiated by the issuers.

Management has assessed that such disposals of investment securities in 2023 and 2022 are consistent with the BDO Unibank Group and the Parent Bank's investment at amortized cost business model with the objective of collecting contractual cash flows and have qualified under the permitted sale events set forth in the BDO Unibank Group's business model in managing financial assets manual and the requirements of PFRS 9. The disposal of investment securities was approved by the Investments Committee in compliance with the documentation requirements of the BSP.

As mentioned in Note 28, certain government debt securities are deposited with the BSP.

11. LOANS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

This account consists of the following:

			BDO Unib	ank (Group	Parent Bank				
-	Notes		2023		2022		2023	2022		
Receivables from customers:										
Loans and discounts	27	P	2,599,120	Р	2,391,044	P	2,522,613 I	2,314,453		
Credit card receivables			162,047		127,922		162,047	127,922		
Customers' liabilities under letters of credit			ŕ		,		•	ŕ		
and trust receipts			80,952		85,295		80,952	85,295		
Bills purchased			10,685		10,895		10,633	10,885		
•			2,852,804		2,615,156		2,776,245	2,538,555		
Unearned interests or										
discounts		(1,438)	(1,345)	(765) (911)		
Allowance for impairment	17	(83,134)	(73,776)	(80,802) (_	71,576)		
*		(84,572)	(75,121)	(81,567) (_	72,487)		
			2,768,232		2,540,035		2,694,678	2,466,068		
Other receivables:										
Interbank loans receivables			69,174		115,694		69,975	119,045		
Reverse repurchase agreements			25,370		26,305		24,970	26,091		
Accounts receivable	27		22,698		14,738		21,141	11,118		
Sales contract receivables	34.2.1		1,384		1,421		1,351	1,323		
Others	34.2.1		1,384		1,421		1,331	1,323		
Others			120,511		159,450		117,437	157,577		
Allowance for impairment	17	,	2,715)	(2,584)	,	2,568)	2,424)		
Allowance for impairment	1 /	(2,713)	(2,304)	(2,306) (_	<u> </u>		
			117,796		156,866		114,869	155,153		
		<u>P</u>	2,886,028	<u>P</u>	2,696,901	<u>P</u>	2,809,547 I	2,621,221		

The maturity profile of receivable from customers (net of unearned interest or discounts) based on the remaining term is presented below.

	BDO Unib	ank Group	Paren	t Bank
	2023	2022	2023	2022
Less than one year One to five years Beyond five years	P 890,997 1,096,393 863,976	P 760,822 1,010,599 842,390	P 884,527 1,044,197 846,756	P 754,313 955,786 827,545
	P 2,851,366	<u>P 2,613,811</u>	P 2,775,480	<u>P 2,537,644</u>

The breakdown of total loans (receivable from customers, net of unearned interests or discounts) as to type of interest rate follows:

	BDO Unibank Group	Parent Bank
	2023 2022	2023 2022
Variable interest rates Fixed interest rates	P 2,208,405 P 1,993,259 642,961 620,552	P 2,194,927 P 1,986,204 2 580,553 551,440
	P 2,851,366 P 2,613,811	<u>P 2,775,480</u> <u>P 2,537,644</u>

Annual interest rates ranges from:

	2023	2022	2021
Loans and discounts	0.00% - 60.96%	0.00% - 60.96%	0.00, - 00.70, -
Other receivables	0.00% - 19.00%	0.00% - 19.00%	

The total interest income earned (see Note 23) amounted to:

	BD0	O Unibank (Group	I	-	
	2023	2022	2021	2023	2022	2021
Loans and discounts Other receivables	P 188,064 6,784	P 138,080 2,680	P 123,545 1,003	P 179,946 6,751	P 131,465 2,571	P 118,667 899
	<u>P 194,848</u>	<u>P 140,760</u>	<u>P 124,548</u>	P 186,697	<u>P 134,036</u>	<u>P 119,566</u>

Interest income recognized on impaired loans and receivables amounted to P23,713, P6,398 and P6,046 in 2023, 2022 and 2021, respectively, for the BDO Unibank Group, and P23,706, P6,395 and P6,025 in 2023, 2022 and 2021, respectively, for the Parent Bank.

Certain receivables from customers of the BDO Unibank Group and the Parent Bank amounting to P8,657 and P5,672, respectively, in 2023 and P23,795 and P20,363, respectively, in 2022, are subject to offsetting with the corresponding collaterals received as a means of security amounting to P6,226 and P5,672, respectively, in 2023, and P20,886 and P20,363, respectively, for 2022, indicating a legally enforceable right to offset the recognized amounts with an intention to settle on a net basis (see Note 7.6).

Impairment losses recognized for loans and receivables for BDO Unibank Group and the Parent Bank amounted to P15,771 and P15,041, respectively, in 2023, P16,414 and P15,665, respectively, in 2022, and P17,222 and P17,006, respectively, in 2021 (see Note 17).

12. PREMISES, FURNITURE, FIXTURES AND EQUIPMENT

The gross carrying amounts and accumulated depreciation, amortization and impairment of premises, furniture, fixtures and equipment at the beginning and end of 2023 and 2022 are shown below.

BDO Unibank Group

	1	Furniture, Fixtures and <u>Land Equipment Build</u>		uildings	Leasehold Rights and Improvement			struction in rogress	F	light-of- Use Assets	Total		
December 31, 2023 Cost Accumulated	P	8,810	Р	30,453	P	24,679	P	9,106	P	1,930	P	20,623 F	95,601
depreciation and amortization Allowance for		-	(21,437)	(8,145)	(7,694)		-	(9,621) (46,897)
impairment (see Note 17)	(330)			(289)						- (_	619)
Net Carrying Amount	<u>P</u>	8,480	P	9,016	P	16,245	P	1,412	P	1,930	P	11,002 F	48,085
December 31, 2022 Cost Accumulated	P	8,430	P	29,066	P	25,345	P	8,660	P	1,266	P	19,561 F	92,328
depreciation and amortization Allowance for		-	(19,682)	(10,047)	(7,295)		-	(8,189) (45,213)
impairment (see Note 17)	(340)			(304)						- (_	644)
Net Carrying Amount	<u>P</u>	8,090	P	9,384	P	14,994	P	1,365	<u>P</u>	1,266	Р	11,372 <u>F</u>	46,471
January 1, 2022 Cost Accumulated	P	8,409	P	27,867	P	24,044	P	8,373	P	1,316	P	16,704 F	86,713
depreciation and amortization Allowance for		-	(18,527)	(9,384)	(6,902)		-	(6,446) (41,259)
impairment (see Note 17)	(343)	_		(304)		-		-	_	(_	647)
Net Carrying Amount	<u>P</u>	8,066	Р	9,340	Р	14,356	P	1,471	<u>P</u>	1,316	P	10,258 F	44,807

Parent Bank

Parent Bank													
		Land	Fix	irniture, tures and juipment	_B	uildings	Rig	asehold thts and provement		in rogress		ight-of- Use Assets	Total
December 31, 2023 Cost	Р	8,080	Р	25,847	Р	22,737	Р	7,949	Р	1,929	Р	20,299	P 86,841
Accumulated depreciation and	г	0,000	Г	23,047	г	22,131	Г	7,949	г	1,929	Г	20,299	00,041
amortization Allowance for		-	(18,541)	(7,463)	(6,956)		-	(9,527) (42,487)
impairment (see Note 17)	(192)	_	-	(284)		-		-		(476)
Net Carrying Amount	<u>P</u>	7,888	P	7,306	P	14,990	<u>P</u>	993	P	1,929	P	10,772	P 43,878
December 31, 2022													
Cost Accumulated depreciation and	Р	7,693	Р	24,804	P	23,466	Р	7,674	Р	1,250	Р	18,911	P 83,798
amortization Allowance for		-	(16,859)	(9,409)	(6,678)		-	(7,962) (40,908)
impairment (see Note 17)	(<u>197</u>)	_		(<u>299</u>)		-		-		(496)
Net Carrying Amount	<u>P</u>	7,496	Р	7,945	Р	13,758	P	996	P	1,250	P	10,949	P 42,394
January 1, 2022	_		_		_		_				_		
Cost Accumulated depreciation and	Р	7,669	Р	23,434	P	22,734	Р	7,497	Р	1,314	Р	16,252	P 78,900
amortization Allowance for		-	(15,468)	(8,781)	(6,273)		-	(6,296) (36,818)
impairment (see Note 17)	(197)	_		(299)			_			(496)
Net Carrying Amount	<u>P</u>	7,472	Р	7,966	P	13,654	P	1,224	P	1,314	Р	9,956	P 41,586

A reconciliation of the carrying amounts at the beginning and end of 2023 and 2022 of premises, furniture, fixtures and equipment is shown below.

BDO Unibank Group

BDO Unibank Group													
	Land	F	Furniture, ixtures and Equipment		uildings	Rig	sehold hts and rovement		struction in ogress		ight-of- Use Assets	To	otal
Balance at January 1, 2023, net of accumulated depreciation, amortization and impairment Additions Disposals Reclassifications		090 P 409 7) (17)	9,384 2,916 59) 32	P	14,994 2,127 - 126	P	1,365 554 - 65	P (1,266 837 33) 136)	P (11,372 3,716 192) (46,471 10,559 291) 70
Allowance for impairment Adjustments Reversal Foreign exchange revaluation Acquired from business combination Depreciation and amortization charges for the year		5 (1) - 1 29	(3) 15 -	(- 9) 563	(4)	(377)(- (2) - 3,515)		5 387) 7) 14 29
Balance at December 31, 2023, net of accumulated depreciation, amortization and impairment	P 8,	480 <u>P</u>		<u>P</u>	16,245	<u>P</u>	1,412	P	1,930	<u>P</u>	11,002	P	48,085
Balance at January 1, 2022, net of accumulated depreciation, amortization and impairment Additions Disposals Reclassifications Allowance for impairment Adjustments Reversal Foreign exchange revaluation Depreciation and amortization charges for the year	P 8,	066 P 24 3) (9,340 2,635 237) 236 - - 1 1	P (14,356 280 - 1,024 - 12) 8	P (1,471 463 19) 100 - - - - 3	P (1,316 486 - 519) - - 17)	P (10,258 4,683 54) (- - 115) (- 3		44,807 8,571 313) 841 3 115) 29) 15
Balance at December 31, 2022, net of accumulated depreciation, amortization and impairment	<u>P 8</u>	<u>090 P</u>	9,384	<u>P</u>	14,994	<u>P</u>	<u>1,365</u>	<u>P</u>	1,266	<u>P</u>	11,372	<u>P</u>	<u>46,471</u>
Parent Bank	Land	F	Furniture, Fixtures and Equipment	Rı	uildings	Rig	sehold hts and rovement		struction in ogress	R	Right-of- Use Assets	Te	otal
Balance at January 1, 2023 net of accumulated depreciation, amortization and impairment Additions Disposals Reclassifications Adjustment Reversal Foreign exchange revaluation Depreciation and amortization charges for the year	P 7,	496 P 409 (17)		p (13,758 2,065 - 124 - 3) 16	<u>гтр</u>	996 355 - 67 - -	P (1,250 818 - 135) - 4)	P ((((10,949 3,309 192) (- 14) (- 1)	P	42,394 9,020 224) 78 14) 7) 15
Balance at December 31, 2023, net of accumulated depreciation, amortization and impairment	<u>P 7,</u>	888 <u>P</u>	7,306	<u>P</u>	14,990	<u>P</u>	993	<u>P</u>	1,929	<u>P</u>	10,772	<u>P</u>	43,878
Balance at January 1, 2022 net of accumulated depreciation, amortization and impairment Additions Disposals Reclassifications Adjustment Reversal Foreign exchange revaluation Depreciation and amortization charges for the year	P 7,	472 P 24 (7,966 1,876 120) 236 - 1	p (13,654 239 - 505 - 12)	P (1,224 230 19) 100 - - 2	P (1,314 470 - 517) - 17)	P ((9,956 4,414 53) (- 100) (- 4		41,586 7,253 192) 324 100) 29) 7
Balance at December 31, 2022, net of accumulated depreciation, amortization and impairment	<u>P 7,</u>	<u>496</u> <u>P</u>	7,945	<u>P</u>	13,758	<u>P</u>	996	<u>P</u>	1,250	<u>P</u>	10,949	<u>P</u>	42,394

Under BSP rules, investments in premises, furniture, fixtures and equipment should not exceed 50.00% of a bank's unimpaired capital. As of December 31, 2023 and 2022, the BDO Unibank Group and the Parent Bank have complied with this requirement.

Certain fully depreciated premises, furniture, fixtures and equipment as of December 31, 2023 and 2022 are still being used in operations with acquisition costs amounting to P11,147 and P9,557, respectively, in the BDO Unibank Group's financial statements and P9,348 and P8,016, respectively, in the Parent Bank's financial statements.

On March 9, 2023, the Parent Bank recorded the derecognition of fully depreciated BDO Corporate Tower located in Makati City with a total cost amounting to P2,907.

13. LEASES

The BDO Unibank Group and the Parent Bank have leases for certain land and building. With the exception of short-term leases and leases of low-value underlying assets, each lease is reflected as a Right-of-use asset under Premises, Furniture, Fixtures and Equipment (see Note 12) and a Lease liability under Other Liabilities (see Note 21) on the statements of financial position.

Each lease generally imposes a restriction that, unless there is a contractual right for the BDO Unibank Group and the Parent Bank to sublet the asset to another party, the right-of-use asset can only be used by the BDO Unibank Group. Leases are either non-cancellable or may only be cancelled by incurring a substantive termination fee. The BDO Unibank Group and the Parent Bank are prohibited from selling or pledging the underlying leased assets as security.

For leases over land and office spaces, the BDO Unibank Group and the Parent Bank must keep those properties in a good state of repair and return the properties in their original condition at the end of the lease. Further, the BDO Unibank Group and the Parent Bank must insure the leased assets and incur maintenance fees on such items in accordance with the lease contracts.

The tables below describe the nature of BDO Unibank Group and the Parent Bank's leasing activities by type of right-of-use asset.

	Number of Right-of-u Asset Leased	se Range of Remaining Term	Average Remaining Lease Term
	2023 2022	2023 2022	2023 2022
BDO Unibank Group			
Land Building	53 57 1,765 1,631	0 mo. – 30.0 yrs. 0 mo. – 27.0 yrs. 0 mo. – 15.0 yrs. 1 mo. – 15.0 yrs.	2
Parent Bank			
Land Building	53 57 1,347 1,325	0 mo. – 30.0 yrs. 2 mos. – 27.0 yrs 0 mo. – 14.8 yrs. 1 mo. – 15.1 yrs.	

13.1 Right-of-Use Assets

The carrying amounts of BDO Unibank Group and the Parent Bank's right-of-use assets as at December 31, 2023 and 2022 and the movements during the period are shown below and in the succeeding page (see Note 12).

			BDO	Unibank Group			Parent Bank	
		Land		Buildings	Total	Land	Buildings	Total
Balance at January 1, 2023	Р		446 P	10.926 P	11,372 P	471 P	10,478 P	10,949
Additions	_		121	3,595	3,716	121	3,188	3,309
Disposals	(3)(189)(192)(3)(189)(192)
Reclassification	(28)	28	- (28)	28	- ′
Adjustment		-	(377)(377)	- (14)(14)
Foreign exchange revaluation		-	(2)(2)	- (1)(1)
Depreciation and amortization	(52)(_	3,463)(3,515)(53)(3,226)(3,279)
Balance at December 31, 2023	P		484 P	10,518 P	11,002 P	508 P	10,264 P	10,772

		BDO Unibank Group							Parent Bank						
	_	Land		_	Buildings	_	Total		Land		Buildings		Total		
Balance at January 1, 2022	P		434	P	9,824	Р	10,258	P	459	Р	9,497 I	Р	9,956		
Additions			72		4,611		4,683		72		4,342		4,414		
Disposals		-		(54)	(54)		-	(53)(53)		
Adjustment		-		(115)	(115)		-	(100)(100)		
Foreign exchange revaluation		-			3		3		-		4		4		
Depreciation and amortization	(60)	(3,343)	(3,403)	(60)	(3,212)(3,272)		
Balance at December 31, 2022	P		446	Р	10,926	Р	11,372	Р	471	Р	10,478 I	Р	10,949		

13.2 Lease Liabilities

Lease liabilities amounting to P13,034 and P13,344 as at December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively, for the BDO Unibank Group and P12,807 and P12,927, as at December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively, for the Parent Bank are presented in the statements of financial position as part of Other Liabilities (see Note 21).

The use of extension and termination options gives the BDO Unibank Group and the Parent Bank added flexibility in the event that it has identified more suitable premises in terms of cost and/or location or determined that it is advantageous to remain in a location beyond the original lease term. An option is only exercised when consistent with the BDO Unibank Group and the Parent Bank's regional markets strategy and the economic benefits of exercising the option exceeds the expected overall cost. As at December 31, 2023, the terms of the lease contracts of the BDO Unibank Group and the Parent Bank are renewable upon mutual agreement of the parties.

As of December 31, 2023, the BDO Unibank Group and the Parent Bank had not committed to any lease which had not yet commenced.

The lease liabilities are secured by the related underlying assets. The undiscounted maturity analyses of lease liabilities are as follows:

December 31, 2023
BDO Unibank Group

	Within 1 Year	1 to 2 Years	2 to 3 Years	3 to 4 Years	4 to 5 Years	5 to 10 Years	10 or More Years	Total	
Lease payments Finance charges	P 3,951 (813)	P 3,289 (622) (P 2,675 (445)	P 1,975 (302)	P 1,124 (P 2,332 (498)	P 780 (204)	P 16,126 3,092)	
Net present value	P 3,138	P 2,667	P 2,230	P 1,673	P 916	<u>P 1,834</u>	P 576	P 13,034	
Parent Bank									
Lease payments Finance charges	P 3,905 (799)	P 3,249 (606)	P 2,624 (430)	P 1,881 (<u>293</u>)	P 1,091 (P 2,282 (496)	P 818 (<u>216</u>)	P 15,850 3,043)	
Net present value	P 3,106	P 2,643	P 2,194	P 1,588	P 888	P 1,786	P 602	P 12,807	
December 31, 2022									
BDO Unibank Group									
	Within 1 Year	1 to 2 Years	2 to 3 Years	3 to 4 Years	4 to 5 Years	5 to 10 Years	10 or More Years	Total	
Lease payments Finance charges		Years					Years	Total P 16,182 2,838)	
	1 Year P 3,928	Years P 3,266	<u>Years</u> P 2,775	Years P 2,111	<u>Years</u> P 1,311	Years P 2,206	Years P 585	P 16,182	
Finance charges	P 3,928 (784)	Years P 3,266 (601) (Years P 2,775 (449)	<u>Years</u> P 2,111 (<u>290</u>)	<u>Years</u> P 1,311 (188)	<u>Years</u> P 2,206 (386)	<u>Years</u> P 585 (<u>140</u>)	P 16,182 2,838)	
Finance charges Net present value	P 3,928 (784)	<u>Years</u> P 3,266 (601) (P 2,665	Years P 2,775 (449)	<u>Years</u> P 2,111 (<u>290</u>)	<u>Years</u> P 1,311 (188)	<u>Years</u> P 2,206 (386)	Years P 585 (P 16,182 2,838) P 13,344 P 15,729	

The BDO Unibank Group and the Parent Bank sublease its leased properties. The total income earned from the subleasing activities amounted to nil in 2023, 2022 and 2021 for the BDO Unibank Group and P9, P6 and P2 in 2023, 2022 and 2021, respectively, for the Parent Bank. This is presented as part of Miscellaneous - net under Other Operating Income in the statements of income (see Note 25).

The total cash outflow in respect to leases amounted to P4,370, P4,192 and P3,238 in 2023, 2022 and 2021, respectively, for the BDO Unibank Group and P4,097, P4,032 and P3,100 in 2023, 2022 and 2021, respectively, for the Parent Bank. Interest expense in relation to lease liabilities amounted to P939, P927 and P817 in 2023, 2022 and 2021, respectively, for the BDO Unibank Group and P883, P905 and P807 in 2023, 2022 and 2021, respectively, for the Parent Bank which are, presented as part of Interest expense on lease liabilities under Interest Expense account in the statements of income (see Note 24).

13.3 Lease Payments Not Recognized as Liabilities

The BDO Unibank Group and the Parent Bank have elected not to recognize a lease liability for short-term leases or for leases of low value assets. In addition, certain variable lease payments are not permitted to be recognized as lease liabilities. Payments made under such leases are expensed as incurred.

The expenses relating to short-term leases and low-value assets amounted to P14 and P387 in 2023, P4 and P350 in 2022, and P8 and P336 in 2021 for the BDO Unibank Group, respectively, and P5 and P381 in 2023, nil and P348 in 2022, and nil and P328 in 2021 for the Parent Bank, respectively. Moreover, the expenses relating to variable lease payments amounted to P273, P171 and P114 for both BDO Unibank Group and the Parent Bank in 2023, 2022 and 2021, respectively. These are presented as part of Occupancy under Other Operating Expenses account in the statements of income (see Note 25).

14. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

Investment properties include land and buildings held for capital appreciation and for rental. Income earned from investment properties under rental arrangements amounted to P615 and P78 in 2023, P590 and P83 in 2022, and P431 and P86 in 2021 in the BDO Unibank Group and the Parent Bank's financial statements, respectively, and are presented as part of Rental under Other Operating Income account (see Note 25). Direct expenses incurred from these properties such as taxes and licenses amounted to P80 and P3 in 2023, P61 and P3 in 2022, and P34 and P3 in 2021 in the BDO Unibank Group and the Parent Bank's financial statements, respectively, and are presented as part of Taxes and licenses under Other Operating Expenses account in the BDO Unibank Group and Parent Bank's financial statements, respectively (see Note 25).

The gross carrying amounts and accumulated depreciation and impairment at the beginning and end of 2023 and 2022 are shown below.

			BI	BDO Unibank Group					Parent Bank					
	Note		Land	В	uilding		<u>Total</u>	_I	and	Bu	uilding		<u> Total</u>	
December 31, 2023 Cost Accumulated depreciation Allowance for impairment	17	P (14,625 - 1,733)	P ((41,129 7,144) <u>67</u>)	P (55,754 7,144) 1,800)		8,184 - 1,453)	P (12,771 6,052) 42)	P ((20,955 6,052) 1,495)	
Net carrying amount		P	12,892	P	33,918	P	46,810	P	6,731	P	6,677	P	13,408	
December 31, 2022 Cost Accumulated depreciation Allowance for impairment Net carrying amount	17	P (P	10,457 - 1,442) 9,015	P ((18,393 6,185) 65)	P ((28,850 6,185) 1,507) 21,158	Р (Р	8,199 - 1,162) 7,037	P ((11,530 5,370) 24) 6,136	P ((19,729 5,370) 1,186)	
January 1, 2022 Cost Accumulated depreciation Allowance for impairment Net carrying amount	17	P (9,288 - 1,658) 7,630	P (16,648 5,412) 71)	P (25,936 5,412) 1,729)	Р (7,029 - 1,378) 5,651	р ((10,473 4,829) 32) 5,612	P ((17,502 4,829) 1,410)	

A reconciliation of the carrying amounts, at the beginning and end of 2023 and 2022, of investment properties is shown below.

		BDO	Unibank Group		:	Parent Bank	
		Land	Buildings	Total	Land	Buildings	Total
Balance at January 1, 2023 net of accumulated depreciation and impairment Additions	P	9,015 F 559	12,143 P 2,627	21,158 P 3,186	7,037 P 559	6,136 P 1,996	13,173 2,555
Acquired from business combination Reclassification Disposals	(4,188 268)(602)(20,812 8)(363)(25,000 276)(965)(- 268)(597)(- 8)(345)(- 276) 942)
Foreign exchange revaluation Impairment loss Depreciation for the year	_	- - (_	75 16 1,384)(75 16 1,384)	- - - (_	- - <u>1,102</u>)(- - 1,102)
Balance at December 31, 2023 net of accumulated depreciation and impairment	<u>P</u>	12,892 I	2 33,918 P	46,810 <u>P</u>	6,731 P	6,677 <u>P</u>	13,408
Balance at January 1, 2022 net of accumulated depreciation and impairment Additions Reclassification Disposals Foreign exchange revaluation Impairment loss Depreciation for the year	P (7,630 F 1,681 216 (512)(- (P 11,165 P 3,044 509)(349)(39)(2)(1,167)	18,795 P 4,725 293) 861)(39) 2) 1,167)	5,651 P 1,681 216 511)(5,612 P 1,778 8 349)(- - 913)(11,263 3,459 224 860)
Depreciation for the year	-	(_	1,107)(1,107)		<u> </u>	715)
Balance at December 31, 2022 net of accumulated depreciation and impairment	<u>P</u>	9,015 <u>F</u>	<u>12,143</u> <u>P</u>	21,158 P	7,037 <u>P</u>	6,136 <u>P</u>	13,173

The fair value of investment properties as of December 31, 2023 and 2022, determined using observable recent prices of the reference properties adjusted for difference and replacement cost approach, amounted to P52,299 and P44,397, respectively, for the BDO Unibank Group's financial statements and P38,997 and P36,533, respectively, for the Parent Bank's financial statements. Other information about the fair value measurement and disclosures related to the investment properties are presented in Note 7.5.

The recoverable amount of impaired investment properties as of December 31, 2023 and 2022 was based on value in use computed through discounted cash flows method at an effective rate of 2.31% and 1.42% in 2023 and 2022, respectively.

BDO Unibank Group has no contractual obligations to purchase, construct or develop investment properties, or to repair, neither maintain or enhance the same nor are there any restrictions on the future use or realizability of the investment properties.

Real and other properties acquired (ROPA) in settlement of loans through foreclosure or dacion in payment are significantly accounted for as either: investment properties, financial assets at FVOCI, other resources or non-current assets held for sale.

As of December 31, 2023 and 2022, ROPA, gross of allowance, comprise of the following:

	<u>B</u>	<u>DO Unib</u>	Group		<u>nk</u>			
		2023		2022		2023		2022
Investment properties Financial assets at FVOCI Non-current assets held for sale	P	13,136 945 1,294	P	12,929 484 3,462	P	12,935 945 1,294	P	12,783 484 3,462
	<u>P</u>	15,375	<u>P</u>	16,875	P	15,174	<u>P</u>	16,729

15. EQUITY INVESTMENTS

Equity investments consist of the following:

		В	DO Unib	ank (Group		Parent	Bar	ık
	% Held		2023		2022		2023		2022
Philippine subsidiaries									
BDO Network	84.91%	Р	_	Р	_	P	12,416	Р	12,416
SMKL (see Note 30.4)	100.00%	-	_	•	_	-	9,819	-	-
BDOSHI	100.00%		_		_		5,684		5,684
BDO Life	97.00%		_		_		3,403		3,403
BDO Private	100.00%		_		_		2,579		2,579
Dominion Holdings	87.43%		-		-		1,878		1,878
BDO Capital	99.88%		_		-		1,878		1,878
BDOI	100.00%		_		-		11		11
Equimark	60.00%		-		-		4		4
•							37,672		27,853
Foreign subsidiaries									
BDORO	100.00%		_		_		169		169
BDO Remit (Japan) Ltd.	100.00%		_		_		92		92
BDO Remit (Canada) Ltd.	100.00%		_		_		50		50
BRUSA	100.00%		_		_		26		26
			-		-		337		337
Associates									
SMKL (see Note 30.4)	50.00%		-		1,658		-		1,658
NLEX Corporation	11.70%		1,405		1,405		1,405		1,405
NorthPine Land, Inc.	20.00%		232		232		232		232
Taal Land, Inc.	33.33%		170		170		170		170
BDO Securities	1.09%		-		-		35		35
			1,807		3,465		1,842		3,500
Accumulated equity in total comprehensive income:									
Balance at beginning of year			2,189		1,882		24,578		16,399
Equity in net profit (see Note 25)			1,273		849		8,378		8,710
Equity in other comprehensive income (loss)		(5)		11	(428)		3,367
Consolidation of SMKL		ì	506)		_	`	- ′		
Dividends		ì	726)	(553)	(1,394)	(3,898)
Balance at end of year		_	2,225		2,189	_	31,134	_	24,578
Net investments in associates/subsidiaries			4,032		5,654		70,985		56,268
Allowance for impairment		(153)	(153)	(153)	(153)
		<u>P</u>	3,879	P	5,501	P	70,832	P	56,115

The equity shares in other comprehensive income or loss of subsidiaries and associates consists of the following:

	BDe	<u>O Unib</u>	ank (Group		Parent	Bar	<u>ık</u>
	20	23	2	022		2023		2022
Accumulated actuarial gains (losses)	(P	5)	P	11	(P	341)	P	126
Remeasurement on life insurance reserves	-	•		-	(4,072)		9,620
Accumulated translation adjustment				-	(3)		51
Net unrealized fair value gains (losses) on FVOCI			-			3,988	·	6,430)
Equity in other comprehensive income (loss)	(<u>P</u>	<u>5</u>)	<u>P</u>	11	(<u>P</u>	428)	<u>P</u>	3,367

BDO Unibank Group's percentage of interest held in each subsidiary and associate is the same as that of the Parent Bank in both 2023 and 2022, except for BDO Life, Dominion Holdings and BDO Securities. For BDO Life and Dominion Holdings, the interest held is at 100% and 88.54% for BDO Unibank Group, respectively (see Note 2.3) and 97.00% and 87.43%, for the Parent Bank, respectively, in 2023 and 2022. For BDO Securities, the interest held is at 99.88%, for BDO Unibank Group (see Note 2.3), in both years and 1.09% and 1.69% for Parent Bank, in 2023 and 2022, respectively.

BDO Unibank Group's subsidiaries as of December 31, 2023 are all incorporated in the Philippines, except for the following:

Foreign Subsidiaries	Country of Incorporation
BRUSA	United States of America
BDORO	United Kingdom
BDO RIH**	Netherlands
BDO Remit UK, Ltd. **	United Kingdom
CBN Greece S.A. **	Greece
BDO Remit (Japan) Ltd.	Japan
BDO Remit (Canada) Ltd.	Canada
BDO Remit Limited*	Hongkong
BDO Remit (Macau) Ltd.*	Macau

On May 30, 2012, BDORO was registered with the Registrar of Companies for England and Wales (UK) as a private limited company with registered office at the 13th Floor, One Angel Court, London, EC2R 7HJ.

BDO Remit (Canada) Ltd., a wholly-owned remittance subsidiary in Vancouver, Canada operates as a remittance business and function as a marketing office of the Parent Bank.

On June 30, 2021, the BOD of BDO Network approved the conversion of BDO Network from a rural bank to a savings bank. This was ratified by the BDO Network shareholders on August 13, 2021 and approved by the BSP on January 20, 2022. Conversion is still pending SEC approval to date.

BDO Unibank Group includes two subsidiaries, Dominion Holdings and BDO Network, with significant NCI:

	and Votin	Ownership Interest and Voting Rights Held by NCI			ated	to NCI		Accumulated NCI				
<u>Name</u>	2023	2022	2023 2022			_	2023	2022				
Dominion Holdings BDO Network	11.46% 15.09%	11.46% 12.63%	P P	30 117	P P	9 169	P P	728 1,571	P P	698 1,454		

Droportion of

The registered office and principal place of business of Dominion Holdings is located at 39th Floor, BDO Corporate Center Ortigas, 12 ADB Avenue, Ortigas Center, Mandaluyong City.

The registered office and principal place of business of BDO Network is located at BDONB Center, Km. 9, Sasa, Davao City.

Dividends paid to NCI amounted to nil and P2 in 2023 and 2022, respectively.

^{**}Subsidiaries of BDO Capital

The summarized financial information of Dominion Holdings and BDO Network, before intragroup eliminations, follows:

		Dominion	Ho	ldings		BDO Network					
		2023		2022		2023		2022			
Statements of financial position:											
Total current resources	P	6,381	P	6,110	P	16,434	P	13,711			
Total non-current resources		-		-		91,551		73,519			
Total current liabilities		11		16		80,419		70,422			
Total non-current liabilities		-		_		14,742		5,298			
Equity attributable to owners						·		,			
of the parent		5,640		5,396		10,889		10,056			
Non-controlling interest		730		698		1,935		1,454			
Statements of comprehensive income:											
Total interest income	P	343	P	63	P	8,487	P	6,198			
Total other operating income		1		64		3,896		3,937			
Profit attributable to											
owners of the parent		235		73		767		965			
Profit attributable to NCI		30		9		117		169			
Profit		265		82		884		1,134			
Total comprehensive income											
attributable to owners of the paren	t	244		73		751		632			
Total comprehensive income											
attributable to NCI		32		9	_	114		108			
Total comprehensive income	<u>P</u>	276	<u>P</u>	82	<u>P</u>	865	<u>P</u>	740			
Statements of cash flows:											
Net cash from (used in)											
operating activities	P	184	P	40	(P	3,981)	(P	7,450)			
Net cash from (used in)					`	. ,	`	,			
investing activities	(191)		5,928	(324)	(1,077)			
Net cash from	`	,		,	`	,	*	,			
financing activities			_			7,451		11,039			
Net cash inflow (outflow)	(<u>P</u>	7)	P	5,968	P	3,146	P	2,512			

The following table presents the summarized financial information of BDO Unibank Group's associates as of and for the years ended December 31, 2023, 2022 and 2021:

		NLEX poration	0	thers	<u>Total</u>		
December 31, 2023 (Unaudited)							
Assets	P	84,536	P	3,035	P	87,571	
Current	_	5,617	=	3,033	_	8,650	
Non-current		78,919		2		78,921	
Liabilities		54,655		254		54,909	
Current		14,714		240		14,954	
Non-current		39,941		14		39,955	
Equity		29,881		2,781		32,662	
Revenues		24,607		326		24,933	
Net profit		8,941		225		9,166	

	NLEX <u>Corporation</u>	SMKL* (Unaudited)	Others	<u>Total</u>
December 31, 2022 (Audited)				
Assets	P 78,133			P 92,160
Current	7,743		2,791	12,486
Non-current	70,390	9,282	2	79,674
Liabilities	52,293	9,185	237	61,715
Current	10,547	1,440	223	12,210
Non-current	41,746	7,745	14	49,505
Equity	25,840	2,049	2,556	30,445
Revenues	26,228	1,580	197	28,005
Net profit (loss)	8,004	245	(72)	8,177
December 31, 2021 (Audited)				
Assets	P 68,073	P 11,892	P 3,064	P 83,029
Current	5,095	2,315	3,057	10,467
Non-current	62,978	9,577	7	72,562
Liabilities	46,197	10,089	436	56,722
Current	7,866	1,264	436	9,566
Non-current	38,331	8,825	-	47,156
Equity	21,876	1,803	2,628	26,307
Revenues	17,919	805	708	19,432
Net profit	5,919	81	193	6,193

^{*} As adjusted to conform to the cost model used in the measurement of Investment Properties of BDO Unibank Group.

16. OTHER RESOURCES

The components of this account are shown below.

			BDO Uniban	k Group	Parent Bank				
-	Notes		2023	2022	2023		2022		
Foreign currency notes									
and coins on hand		P	8,986 P	10,582	P 8,986	Р	10,582		
Deferred charges	16.1		6,910	6,544	6,910		6,544		
Computer software - net	16.5		4,814	3,536	4,546		3,260		
Goodwill	16.2		4,535	4,535	1,391		1,391		
Branch licenses	16.3		3,020	3,020	3,020		3,020		
Non-current assets held for sale	16.4		1,294	3,462	1,294		3,462		
Prepaid documentary stamps			1,019	798	944		737		
Retirement assets	26.2		572	215	-		-		
Deferred tax assets - net	31.1		491	5,355	1,790		5,028		
Customer lists - net	16.5		487	487	487		487		
Returned checks and									
other cash items			271 (42)	270	(42)		
Real properties for			`	,		`	,		
development and sale			171	174	_		-		
Credit card acquiring			_	3,490	_		3,490		
Others	16.5		15,257	13,091	8,688		10,627		
			47,827	55,247	38,326		48,586		
Allowance for impairment	17	(<u>2,181</u>) (_	<u>2,578</u>)	(<u>1,889</u>)	(2,265)		
		P	45,646 P	52,669	P 36,437	P	46,321		

16.1 Deferred Charges

Deferred charges represent the unamortized portion of loan origination fees, which consist of commission and other fees related to auto loans, presented as part of Receivables from customers – Loans and discounts account under Loans and Other Receivables in the statements of financial position (see Note 11). In addition, this account also includes origination costs related to Long-term Negotiable Certificate of Deposits (LTNCD) presented as part of Time deposit liabilities under Deposit Liabilities account in the statements of financial position (see Note 18). This also includes originating costs related to Fixed Rate Bonds, Bills Payable and Senior Notes (see Note 19).

16.2 Goodwill

Goodwill represents the excess of the cost of acquisition of the Parent Bank over the fair value of the net assets acquired at the date of acquisition and relates mainly to business synergy for economics of scale and scope. This is from the acquisition of BDO Card Corporation, United Overseas Bank Philippines (UOBP), American Express Bank, Ltd., GE Money Bank, Rural Bank of San Juan, Inc., BDO RIH, BDO Network and Rural Bank of Pandi, Inc., which were acquired in 2005, 2006, 2007, 2009, 2012, 2013, 2015 and 2019, respectively.

The reconciliation of the carrying amount of goodwill (net of allowance for impairment) of the BDO Unibank Group and the Parent Bank is as follows:

	<u>B</u>	DO Unit	ank (Group		Parent Bank			
		2023		2022		2023		2022	
Balance at beginning of year Allowance for impairment	P	4,535 1,514	P	4,535 1,514	P	1,391 1,391	P	1,391 1,391	
Carrying amount	<u>P</u>	3,021	P	3,021	P		P		

In 2023 and 2022, there was no movement for the goodwill account of the Parent Bank, which was already provided with full allowance.

Significant portion of goodwill of the BDO Unibank Group pertains to the goodwill from acquisition of BDO Network amounting to P2,907.

The BDO Unibank Group recognized impairment loss on goodwill amounting to nil in both 2023 and 2022, and P36 in 2021. The Parent Bank did not recognize any impairment loss in 2023, 2022 and 2021.

The BDO Unibank Group and the Parent Bank provided impairment losses on some of its goodwill as it does not expect any economic benefit from this asset in the succeeding periods since the branch business grew as a result of the efforts and brand of the Parent Bank and is not a result of the customers of the previous banks acquired. The recoverable amount used to determine any impairment on the goodwill from acquisition of BDO Network was based on value-in-use computed through discounting the five-year cash flow projection to be realized by the acquired entity, which do not include restructuring activities that the BDO Unibank Group is not yet committed to or significant future investments that will enhance the asset base of the cash-generating unit being tested.

The calculation of value-in-use is most sensitive to the following assumptions:

a. Discount rate. Discount rates reflect the current market assessment of the risks and are estimated based on the weighted average cost of capital. The rates are further adjusted to reflect the market assessment of any risk specific to the cash-generating unit for which future estimates of cash flows have not been adjusted. The discount rates applied to cash flow projections in 2023 and 2022 are 5.50% and 5.36%, respectively.

b. Total income growth rate. The growth rates used to extrapolate cash flow projections range from 10.67% to 17.89% in 2023 and 11.45% to 16.75% in 2022. Total income forecasts to calculate the cash flow projections are the management's best estimates after considering factors affecting growth target projection on salary loans and micro, small and medium enterprises loans offered by BDO Network.

Management assessed that no reasonably possible change in discount rates and growth rates would cause the carrying value of goodwill in 2023 and 2022 to materially exceed its recoverable amount.

16.3 Branch Licenses

Branch licenses represent the rights granted by the BSP to the Parent Bank to establish certain number of branches as an incentive in acquiring The Real Bank (A Thrift Bank), Inc. and Banco De Oro Savings Bank, Inc. in addition to the current branches of the acquired banks. The Parent Bank performs annual impairment testing of branch licenses.

The recoverable amount used to determine any impairment on the branch licenses was based on value-in-use computed through discounting the five-year cash flow projection, which does not include restructuring activities that the BDO Unibank Group is not yet committed to or significant future investments that will enhance the asset base of the cash-generating unit being tested.

The calculation of value-in-use is most sensitive to the following assumptions:

- a. Discount rate. Discount rates reflect the current market assessment of the risks and are estimated based on the weighted average cost of capital. The rates are further adjusted to reflect the market assessment of any risk specific to the cash-generating unit for which future estimates of cash flows have not been adjusted. The discount rates applied to cash flow projections in 2023 and 2022 are 6.33% and 5.87%, respectively.
- b. *Compound annual growth rate.* The growth rates used to extrapolate cash flow projections are 8.64% in 2023 and 7.77% in 2022. The growth rates are based on the total assets of the Parent Bank for the last five years.

Management assessed that no reasonably possible change in discount rates and growth rates would cause the carrying value of branch licenses in 2023 and 2022 to materially exceed its recoverable amount.

In 2023 and 2022, with regard to the assessment of value-in-use of the cash-generating unit, there were no allowance on impairment loss on branch licenses recognized in the BDO Unibank Group and Parent Bank's financial statements.

16.4 Non-current Assets Held for Sale

Non-current assets held for sale consist of real and other properties acquired through repossession or foreclosure that BDO Unibank Group and the Parent Bank intend to sell within one year from the date of classification as held for sale. No impairment loss was recognized in 2021 to 2023 in both the BDO Unibank Group and Parent Bank's financial statements.

16.5 Others

Trademark arising from acquisition of Diners credit card portfolio is fully amortized as of December 31, 2023 and 2022. The amortization expense on trademark amounted to nil in both 2023 and 2022, and P25 in 2021. This is presented as part of Miscellaneous under Other Operating Expenses account in the statements of income (see Note 25).

Other intangible assets with indefinite useful lives comprise of branch licenses, customer lists, equity securities with Philippine Clearing House Committee and LGU Guaranty Corporation, and trading rights amounting to P3,020, P487, P15, and P3, respectively, in 2023, 2022 and 2021 in the BDO Unibank Group's financial statements and P3,020, P487, P15 and nil, respectively, in 2023, 2022 and 2021 in the Parent Bank's financial statements.

Amortization expense on computer software licenses amounted to P2,937, P1,356 and P1,342 in 2023, 2022 and 2021, respectively, in the BDO Unibank Group's financial statements and P2,842, P1,259 and P1,291 in 2023, 2022 and 2021, respectively, in the Parent Bank's financial statements. These are reported as Amortization of computer software under Other Operating Expenses account in the statements of income (see Note 25).

Depreciation and amortization expense on certain assets amounting to P121, P88 and P45 in 2023, 2022 and 2021, respectively, in both BDO Unibank Group and Parent Bank's financial statements are presented as part of Occupancy under Other Operating Expenses account in the statements of income (see Note 25).

No additional impairment loss was recognized by the Parent Bank from 2021 to 2023 on the value of customer lists. The customer list was recognized as a result of the Parent Bank's acquisition of a trust business in 2014.

In 2022, the BDO Unibank Group made an outright purchase of secondary shares related to ESOP amounting to P751. There is no similar transaction in 2023.

17. ALLOWANCE FOR IMPAIRMENT

Changes in the allowance for impairment are summarized below.

		BDO Unibank Group				Parent Bank			
	Notes		2023		2022		2023		2022
Balance at beginning of year:	<u> </u>		<u>.</u>		<u>.</u>		<u>.</u>		
Due from other banks	9	P	15	P	-	P	14	P	-
Investment securities at									
amortized cost	10.3		1,654		1,471		1,640		1,455
Loans and other receivables	11		76,360		67,743		74,000		65,592
Bank premises	12		644		647		496		496
Investment properties	14		1,507		1,729		1,186		1,410
Equity investments	15		153		153		153		153
Other resources	16		2,578		2,768		2,265		2,449
			82,911		74,511		79,754		71,555
Impairment losses (recoveries):									
Due from other banks	9		46		14		41		13
Investment securities at									
amortized cost	10.3		492		69		486		72
Loans and other receivables	11		15,771		16,414		15,041		15,665
Investment properties	14		-		2		-		-
Other resources	16	(41)	(205)	(44)	(232)
		•	16,268	`	16,294	`	15,524	`	15,518
Write-offs and other adjustments:									
Write-offs		(6,321)	(8,610)		5,714)	(8,142)
Foreign currency revaluation		(42)		774	(43)		772
Adjustments		(32)	(108)		-		1
Reclassification			32		50		32		50
Reversals		(<u>21</u>)		-				
		(6,384)	(7,894)	(5,725)	(7,319)
Balance at end of year:									
Due from other banks	9		58		15		55		14
Investment securities at									
amortized cost	10.3		2,135		1,654		2,115		1,640
Loans and other receivables	11		85,849		76,360		83,370		74,000
Bank premises	12		619		644		476		496
Investment properties	14		1,800		1,507		1,495		1,186
Equity investments	15		153		153		153		153
Other resources	16		2,181		2,578		1,889		2,265
		<u>P</u>	92,795	<u>P</u>	82,911	P	89,553	<u>P</u>	79,754

The BDO Unibank Group and the Parent Bank provided impairment loss (recovery) on debt securities measured as FVOCI amounting to P108 and P97, respectively, in 2023, P67 and P65, respectively, in 2022 and (P88) and (P71), respectively, in 2021. The impairment losses on debt securities classified as FVOCI are recognized as part of items that are or will be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss in the statements of comprehensive income (see Note 10.2).

The BDO Unibank Group and the Parent Bank also provided impairment loss on loan commitments and other contingent accounts amounting to P12, P5 and P28 in 2023, 2022 and 2021, respectively, and on miscellaneous liabilities – damage suit amounting to P7 in 2023 and nil in 2022 and 2021, which is recognized as part of Provision – Others under Other Liabilities in the statements of financial position (see Note 21).

The total impairment losses on certain financial assets amounted to P16,313, P16,497 and P17,030 in 2023, 2022 and 2021, respectively, in the BDO Unibank Group's statements of income and P15,568, P15,750 and P16,816 in 2023, 2022 and 2021, respectively, in the Parent Bank's statements of income.

The total impairment losses (recoveries) on non-financial assets amounted to (P44), (P203) and P93 in 2023, 2022 and 2021, respectively, in the BDO Unibank Group's statements of income and (P44), (P232), and P56 in 2023, 2022 and 2021, respectively, in the Parent Bank's statements of income.

18. **DEPOSIT LIABILITIES**

The breakdown of this account follows:

	BDO Unib	ank Group	Parent Bank			
	2023	2022	2023	2022		
Demand Savings Time	P 504,763 2,050,709 1,012,078	P 459,511 2,077,360 684,012	P 487,327 2,009,375 980,165	P 438,838 2,044,595 657,583		
	<u>P 3,567,550</u>	<u>P 3,220,883</u>	<u>P 3,476,867</u>	<u>P 3,141,016</u>		

This account is composed of the following (by counterparties):

	BDO Unit	oank Group	Parent Bank			
	2023	2022	2023	2022		
Due to other banks:						
Demand	P 4,600	P 4,595	P 4,581	P 4,582		
Savings	1,899	4,332	3,970	4,332		
Time	11,502	12,432	7,497	7,516		
	<u> 18,001</u>	21,359	<u>16,048</u>	<u>16,430</u>		
Due to customers:						
Demand	500,163	454,916	482,746	434,256		
Savings	2,048,810	2,073,028	2,005,405	2,040,263		
Time	<u>1,000,576</u>	671,580	972,668	650,067		
	<u>3,549,549</u>	3,199,524	3,460,819	3,124,586		
	<u>P 3,567,550</u>	P 3,220,883	P 3,476,867	<u>P 3,141,016</u>		

The breakdown of deposit liabilities as to currency is as follows:

	BDO Unib	ank Group	Parent Bank			
	2023	2022	2023	2022		
Philippine pesos Foreign currencies	P 3,082,690 484,860		P 3,001,116 475,751	P 2,647,975 493,041		
	<u>P 3,567,550</u>	P 3,220,883	P 3,476,867	<u>P 3,141,016</u>		

The maturity profile of this account is presented below.

	BDO Unib	ank Group	Parent Bank			
	2023	2022	2023	2022		
Less than one year One to five years Beyond five years	P 3,499,775 28,954 38,821	P 3,126,217 33,537 61,129	P 3,411,696 27,508 37,663	P 3,050,839 30,091 60,086		
	<u>P 3,567,550</u>	<u>P 3,220,883</u>	<u>P 3,476,867</u>	<u>P 3,141,016</u>		

The BDO Unibank Group and the Parent Bank's deposit liabilities are in the form of demand, savings and time deposit accounts bearing annual interest rates ranging from 0.00% to 6.40% in 2023 and 0.00% to 5.38% in 2022 and 2021. Demand and savings deposits usually have both fixed and variable interest rates while time deposits have fixed interest rates (see Note 24).

The BDO Unibank Group's time deposit liabilities include the Parent Bank's LTNCD as of December 31, 2023 and 2022 as follows:

			Outstandin	g Bala	ınce		
BSP Approval	Effective Rate		2023		2022	Issue Date	Maturity Date
August 15, 2019	4.000%	P	6,500	P	6,500	September 27, 2019	March 27, 2025
May 11, 2018 June 23, 2017 June 23, 2017	5.375% 4.375% 3.625%		7,320 - -		7,320 8,200 11,800	April 12, 2019 May 7, 2018 August 18, 2017	October 12, 2024 November 7, 2023 February 18, 2023
•		P	13,820	P	33,820		·

The net proceeds from the issuance of LTNCD are intended to diversify the Parent Bank's maturity profile of funding source and to support its business expansion plans.

On June 23, 2023, the BSP approved BSP Circular No. 1175, Reduction in Reserve Requirements, which lowered the reserve requirements of universal banks and commercial banks from 12.0% to 9.5%, effective June 30, 2023.

19. BILLS PAYABLE

This account is composed of the following borrowings from:

		<u></u> E	BDO Unibank Group				Parent Bank			
	Note	-	2023		2022	_	2023	_	2022	
Fixed rate bonds	19.2	P	52,899	P	52,696	P	52,899	P	52,696	
Foreign banks			51,133		39,243		50,454		39,142	
Senior notes	19.1		47,333		84,355		47,333		84,355	
Local banks			23,717		8,890		2,802		-	
Deposit substitutes			14,500		12,679		14,500		12,679	
Others					1,028					
		<u>P</u>	189,582	<u>P</u>	198 , 891	<u>P</u>	167,988	<u>P</u>	188,872	

The breakdown of this account as to currency follows:

	_ <u>F</u>	BDO Unibank Group				Parent Bank			
		2023		2022		2023		2022	
Foreign currencies Philippine pesos	P —	115,767 73,815	P	136,277 62,614	P	115,088 52,900	P	136,176 52,696	
	<u>P</u>	189,582	Р	198,891	<u>P</u>	167,988	P	188,872	

The maturity profile of this account is presented below.

	<u>F</u>	BDO Unibank Group				Parent Bank			
	2023			2022		2023		2022	
One to three months More than three months to	P	80,375	P	58,936	P	73,199	P	57,495	
one year		31,538		21,845		26,348		16,730	
More than one to three years More than three years		70,853 6,816		79,384 38,726		62,942 5,499		75,921 38,726	
more than three years		0,010		30,720		5,122		30,720	
	<u>P</u>	<u>189,582</u>	<u>P</u>	198 , 891	<u>P</u>	<u>167,988</u>	<u>P</u>	188,872	

The range of annual interest rates for interest-bearing bills payable is shown in the table below (see Note 24).

	2023	2022	2021
BDO Unibank Group	2.04% - 7.63%	0.45% - 6.50%	0.30% - 4.50%
Parent Bank	2.04% - 6.75%	2.04% - 5.87%	0.42% - 4.41%

The following comprise the interest expense included as part of Interest Expense on bills payable in the statements of income (see Note 24):

		2023		2022		2021
BDO Unibank Group						
Foreign banks	P	2,574	P	826	P	356
Fixed rate peso bonds		1,528		2,742		2,893
Senior notes		1,487		2,260		2,257
Deposit substitutes		847		138		1
Local banks		784		118		189
Others		80		65		43
	<u>P</u>	7,300	<u>P</u>	6,149	<u>P</u>	5,739
Parent Bank						
Foreign banks	P	2,548	Р	824	Р	349
Fixed rate peso bonds		1,528		2,742		2,893
Senior notes		1,487		2,260		2,257
Deposit substitute		847		138		-
Local banks		50		-		-
Others						1
	<u>P</u>	6,460	P	5,964	<u>P</u>	5,500

19.1 Senior Notes

The Parent Bank issued US dollar denominated senior notes as follows:

		Coupon	Principal	pal <u> </u>		ling Ba	lance
Issue Date	Maturity Date	Interest	Amount		2023		2022
May 16, 2022	May 16, 2029	3.71%	100	P	5,526	P	5,557
July 13, 2020	January 13, 2026	2.13%	600		33,380		33,528
February 20, 2018	February 20, 2025	4.16%	150		8,427		8,475
September 6, 2017	March 6, 2023	2.95%	654				36,795
				P	47,333	P	84,355

On May 16, 2022, the Parent Bank issued its maiden blue bond amounting to US\$100 million through an investment from the International Finance Corporation (IFC). The bond, with an interest rate of 3.71% and a tenor of seven years, expanded financing for projects that help prevent marine pollution and preserve clean water resources. The issuance marked a milestone for BDO Unibank Group for being the first private sector issuance for a blue bond in Southeast Asia.

The issuance of senior notes in 2020 is part of the Parent Bank's liability management initiatives to tap longer-term funding sources to support its dollar-denominated projects and refinance outstanding bonds.

The Parent Bank fully redeemed the US\$654 million Senior Notes in 2023. Partial redemption of US\$10 million was made in January 2023. Full redemption of the remaining balance amounting to US\$644 million was made in March 2023.

19.2 Issuance of Fixed Rate Peso Bonds

On August 31, 2018, the BOD approved the establishment of a P100 billion Peso Bond Program. On February 1, 2020, the BOD approved an increase of P300 billion to the Parent Bank's Peso Bond Program.

On January 28, 2022, the Parent Bank issued P52,700 million of Peso-denominated fixed rate Association of Southeast Asian Nations (ASEAN) Sustainability Bonds. The bonds carry an interest rate of 2.9% per annum and will mature on January 28, 2024.

The Parent Bank's issuances of fixed rate peso bonds as follows:

		Coupon	Principal		Outstand	ling Ba	lance
Issue Date	Maturity Date	Interest	Amount		2023		2022
January 28, 2022	January 28, 2024	2.90%	52,700	P	52,899	P	52,696

19.3 Reconciliation of Liabilities Arising from Financing Activities

Presented below is the reconciliation of liabilities arising from financing activities in 2023, 2022 and 2021, which includes both cash and non-cash changes.

BDO Unibank Group																	
		Foreign Banks		Senior Notes		sed Rate so Bonds		Local Banks		Deposit ubstitute		BSP		(Others		Total
Balance as of January 1, 2023	P	39,243	P	84,355	P	52,696	P	8,890	P	12,679	P	-		P	1,028	P	198,891
Cash flows from financing activities Additional borrowings Repayment of borrowings Non-cash financing activities	(83,782 73,242)	(- 36,187)		- -	(49,602 35,377)	(49,465 47,730)	(20 20)(4,745 5,757)	(187,614 198,313)
Interest amortization Revaluation	(1,572 222)	(234) 601)		203	(670 68)	_	74 12		-	(16)	(2,269 879)
Balance as of December 31, 2023	<u>P</u>	51,133	P	47,333	<u>P</u>	52,899	P	23,717	P	14,500	P			P		P	189,582
Balance as of January 1, 2022	P	46,881	P	73,053	P	76,436	P	2,640	P	893	P	-		P	4,528	P	204,431
Cash flows from financing activities Additional borrowings Repayment of borrowings Non-cash financing activities	(40,215 49,099)	(5,219 1,205)	(52,292 76,436)	(16,349 10,126)	(13,133 1,026)	(20 20)(13,013 16,512)	(140,241 154,424)
Interest amortization Revaluation		133 1,113		142 7,146		404	(70 43)	(106 427)		-	(1)		854 7,789
Balance as of December 31, 2022	<u>P</u>	39,243	<u>P</u>	84,355	<u>P</u>	52,696	<u>P</u>	8,890	<u>P</u>	12,679	<u>P</u>			P	1,028	P	198,891
Balance as of January 1, 2021 Cash flows from financing activities	P	43,652	P	83,138	P	76,156	P	6,798	P	-	P	=		P		Р	209,744
Additional borrowings Repayment of borrowings	(63,472 61,475)	(15,300)		-	(51,916 56,063)	(941 48)	(910 910) (10,620 6,109)	(127,859 139,905)
Non-cash financing activities Interest amortization Revaluation	(3) 1,235		61 5,154		280	(17) 6		- -		-			17		338 6,395
Balance as of December 31, 2021	P	46,881	P	73,053	P	76,436	P	2,640	P	893	P	-		P	4,528	P	204,431
Parent Bank																	
Balance as of January 1, 2023 Cash flows from financing activities	P	39,142	P	84,355	P	52,696	P	-	P	12,679	P	-		P	-	P	188,872
Additional borrowings Repayment of borrowings Non-cash financing activities	(81,922 71,834)	(36,187)		-		2,829	(49,465 47,730)	(10 10)		-	(134,226 155,761)
Interest amortization Revaluation	(1,539 315)	(234) 601)		203	(33 60)		74 12	_	-			<u>-</u>	()	1,615 964)
Balance as of December 31, 2023	P	50,454	P	47,333	P	52,899	P	2,802	P	14,500	P			P		P	167,988
Balance as of January 1, 2022 Cash flows from financing activities	P	45,792	P	73,053	P	76,436	P	-	P	893	P	-		P	-	P	196,174
Additional borrowings Repayment of borrowings	(39,426 47,292)	(5,219 1,205)	(52,292 76,436)		= -	(13,133 1,026)	(10 10)		= -	(110,080 125,969)
Non-cash financing activities Interest amortization Revaluation		129 1,087		142 7,146		404		- -	(106 427)		-			- -		781 7,806
Balance as of December 31, 2022	P	39,142	P	84,355	P	52,696	P		P	12,679	P			Р		P	188,872
Balance as of January 1, 2021	P	43,573	P	83,138	P	76,156	P	-	P	-	P	-		P	-	P	202,867
Cash flows from financing activities Additional borrowings Repayment of borrowings	(59,811 58,664)	(15,300)		- -		- -	(941 48)	(10 10)		-	(60,762 74,022)
Non-cash financing activities Interest amortization Revaluation	(11) 1,083		61 5,154		280		-		-		-			=		330 6,237
Balance as of December 31, 2021	P	45,792	<u>P</u>	73,053	P	76,436	P		P	893	P			P		P	196,174

20. INSURANCE CONTRACT LIABILITIES

This account consists of:

		2023		2022
Legal policy reserves Policy and contract claims payable Policyholders' dividends	P	71,996 3,222 1,992	P	59,321 3,516 1,526
	<u>P</u>	77,210	<u>P</u>	64,363

Insurance contract liabilities may be analyzed as follows:

		Insurance Contract Liabilities					Rein		er's bilities			et		
	_	2023	_	2022	_	2023			2022		2023	_		2022
Aggregate reserves for:														
Ordinary life policies	P	41,731	P	30,781	P	-		P	=]	P 41,7.	31	P	30,781
Variable unit-linked														
(VUL) contracts		29,565		27,930		-			-		29,50	55		27,930
Group life insurance policies		652		609			19		2	0	6.	33		589
Accident and health policies		48		1		-			=.		4	48		1
Policy and contract claims		3,222		3,516			40		2	4	3,18	32		3,492
Policyholders' dividends		1,992		1,526					-		1,9	92		1,526
	P	77,210	Р	64,363	P		59	P	4	4]	P 77,1	<u>51</u>	<u>P</u>	64,319

The movements in legal policy reserves are as follows:

		Legal Policy Reserves				Rein Share o	nsur f Lia			4,073 (9,620		
		2023	_	2022		2023		2022	_	2023		2022
Balance at the beginning of the year Premiums received	P	59,321 18,362	Р	60,438 19,240	P	20 98	P	31 73	P	,	P	
Liability released for payments of death, maturity and surrender benefits and claims	(11,635)	(12,356)	(99) (84)	(11.536)	(12 272)
Accretion of investment income or change in unit prices	`	1,183	(542	`	-		-	`	, ,		542
Changes in valuation of interest rate	t	4,073	(9,620)		_		-		4,073	(9,620)
Change in assumptions/MfAD Foreign exchange adjustments		731 39)	_	574 503		-		<u>-</u>	(731 39)		574 503
Balance at end of year	<u>P</u>	71,996	P	59,321	P	19	Р	20	<u>P</u>	71,977	<u>P</u>	59,301

The movement in Legal policy reserves for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022 is recognized as part of Policy reserves, insurance benefits and claims under Other Operating Expenses in the BDO Unibank Group's statements of income (see Note 25).

20.1 Key Assumptions

Material judgment is required in determining the liabilities and in the choice of assumptions relating to insurance contracts. The liability for life insurance contracts uses the discount rate as provided by the IC with other assumptions based on best estimate with regard to significant recent experience and appropriate margins for adverse deviations from the expected experience. Assumptions are further evaluated on a continuous basis in order to ensure adequacy of valuations. Assumptions are subject to the provisions of the Code and guidelines set by the IC.

20.2 Liability Adequacy Test

To test the adequacy of the statutory reserve liability, the present value of the current estimates of future cash flows is calculated without margins for adverse deviations and compared to the booked statutory reserve liability. The test for adequacy is sensitive to the following key assumptions.

- (a) Mortality rates. Assumptions are based on standard industry and morbidity tables, according to the type of contract written and adjusted, if appropriate, to reflect the BDO Unibank Group's own experiences. The 2017 Philippine Intercompany Mortality Table was chosen as an appropriate base table used in projecting death claims. Higher mortality and morbidity rates would lead to a larger number of claims, increasing the benefit payments and reducing profits for the shareholders.
- (b) Discount rates. The discount rate affects the calculated present value of the cash flows. The estimate is based on current market returns as well as expectations about future economic and financial developments. A decrease in the discount rate will increase the present value of the cash flows. The discount rate used in the LAT is 5.50% for Peso and 5.00% for Dollar in 2023, and 6.25% for Peso and 5.50% for Dollar in 2022.
- (c) Expense assumptions. The expense assumptions are based on the BDO Unibank Group's actual current expense experience as determined by an expense study. Future expense assumptions are projected based on the BDO Unibank Group's expense forecasts.
- (d) Lapse and surrender rates. The lapse and surrender rates assumed vary by product type and policy duration. These assumptions are based on the BDO Unibank Group's experience.

Reinsurers' share of liabilities is recorded as part of Others under Other Resources in the BDO Unibank Group's statements of financial position (see Note 16).

21. OTHER LIABILITIES

Other liabilities consist of the following:

		E	BDO Unib	anl	Group		Paren	t Ba	nk
	Notes		2023		2022		2023		2022
Accounts payable		P	26,743	P	20,885	P	21,961	Р	15,599
Accrued expenses			19,075		18,723		17,790		17,396
Outstanding acceptances									
payable			13,346		21,983		13,346		21,983
Lease liabilities	13.2		13,034		13,344		12,807		12,927
Manager's checks			12,912		12,774		12,843		12,655
Bills purchased – contra			10,569		9,601		10,569		9,601
Derivatives with negative	10.1,								
fair values	27(d)(i)(4)		5,139		7,809		1,859		3,636
Premium on deposit fund	. , . , . ,		3,819		3,971		-		-
Withholding taxes payable			3,302		2,669		3,077		2,449
Lease deposits	34.2.1		1,976		1,070		112		123
Due to BSP and Treasurer			-		•				
of the Philippines			1,178		722		1,174		719
Capitalized interest and			-				•		
other charges			458		297		255		254
Due to principal			375		206		-		-
Others	17, 34.1.3		12,839		15,060		11,802		13,194
									•
		P	124,765	P	129,114	P	107,595	P	110,536

The liability for unredeemed reward points amounting to P3,177 and P3,211 as of December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively, presented as part of Accrued expenses, represents the fair value of points earned which are redeemable significantly for goods or services provided by third parties identified by the Parent Bank as partners in the rewards program (see Note 2.16).

Others include margin deposits, life insurance deposits, cash letters of credit and other miscellaneous liabilities.

Interest expense on certain liabilities amounting to P131, P94 and P78 in 2023, 2022 and 2021, respectively, for the BDO Unibank Group and P51, P19 and P10 in 2023, 2022 and 2021, respectively, for the Parent Bank which are presented as part of Interest expense on bills payable and other liabilities under Interest Expense account in the statements of income (see Note 24).

Impairment losses recognized for off-books account amounted to P12, P5 and P28, and on miscellaneous liabilities – damage suit amounting to P7, nil and nil, for both the BDO Unibank Group and the Parent Bank in 2023, 2022 and 2021, respectively. The accumulated impairment losses as of December 31, 2023, 2022 and 2021 amounting to P203, P233 and P289, respectively, for both the BDO Unibank Group and the Parent Bank are recorded as part of Others under Other Liabilities account in the statements of financial position (see Note 17).

22. EQUITY

22.1 Capital Stock

Capital stock consists of the following:

	Number	of Shares	Amount					
	2023	2022	2	2023		2022		
Preferred shares – P10 par value								
Authorized								
Balance at end of year	1,000,000,000	1,000,000,000	P	10,000	Р	10,000		
- 								
Issued, fully paid and outstanding								
Balance at beginning of year	618,000,000	515,000,000	P	6,180	Р	5,150		
Issued during the year	-	103,000,000	-	-	-	1,030		
issued during the year		103,000,000				1,030		
Balance at end of year	618,000,000	618,000,000	P	6,180	р	6,180		
Balance at end of year	010,000,000	010,000,000	-	0,100	<u> </u>	0,100		
Common shares – P10 par value								
Authorized								
	0 500 000 000	9 500 000 000	ъ	05 000	D	05.000		
Balance at end of year	<u>8,500,000,000</u>	8,500,000,000	r	85,000	P	85,000		
Total Cilliani Landa Asserbia								
Issued, fully paid and outstanding	= 0<4.40< <0=	4.005.540.045	_	50 < 40	ъ	42.055		
Balance at beginning of year	5,264,126,605	4,385,519,015	P	52,640	Р	43,855		
Issued during the year	4,230,699	878,612,660		43		8,786		
Treasury shares - at cost		(5,070)			(<u>1</u>)		
Balance at end of year	5,268,357,304	5,264,126,605	P	52,683	P	52,640		
,								

22.1.1 Preferred Shares

The following are the features of the BDO Unibank Group and the Parent Bank's preferred shares:

- (a) Perpetual, voting, non-cumulative, convertible, non-participating, peso-denominated Series A shares;
- (b) Convertible to common shares at the option of the holder after five years from the issue date or at the option of BDO Unibank Group at any time after issue date; and,
- (c) Dividend rate is 6.50% per annum of the par value.

22.1.2 Common Shares

The Parent Bank's application for listing of its common shares was approved by the PSE on April 24, 2002. The application is for the initial listing of up to 952,708,650 common shares, with par value of P10 per share, at an offer price range of P17.80 to P23.80 per share. The proceeds from the sale of BDO Unibank's listed shares amounted to about P2,200.

On September 24, 2016, the Parent Bank's BOD authorized the Parent Bank to raise P60,000 in additional core capital through a stock rights offer. The BSP and the PSE approved the transaction on November 23, 2016 and December 14, 2016, respectively.

On January 3, 2017, the Parent Bank fixed the final terms for the stock rights offer which entitled eligible shareholders to subscribe to one common share for every 5.095 common shares held as of January 5, 2017 record date at an offer price of P83.75 per rights share. The offer period ran from January 16, 2017 to January 24, 2017.

Following the close of the offer period, the Parent Bank successfully completed its stock rights offer and 716,402,886 common shares were issued and subsequently listed on the PSE on January 31, 2017. The issuance resulted in recognition of Additional Paid-in Capital amounting to P52,662, net of related transaction costs totaling to P172. The fresh capital will support the Parent Bank's medium-term growth objectives amid the country's favorable macroeconomic prospects and provide a comfortable buffer over higher capital requirements with the forthcoming imposition of DSIB surcharge.

The history of shares issuances from the initial public offering (IPO) and subsequently, private placements exempt from registration pursuant to Section 10.1 of the Securities Regulation Code and other issuances, is as follows:

			Number of
Transaction	Subscriber	Issue Date	Shares Issued
IPO	Various	May 21, 2002	908,189,550
Private placement	IFC	June 21, 2005	31,403,592
Private placement	UOBP	February 8, 2006	22,429,906
BDO-ÉPCIB Merger	BDO-EPCIB Merger	May 31, 2007	1,308,606,021
Private placement	IFC	August 23, 2007	31,403,592
Private placement	GE Capital International	~	
-	Holdings Corporation	August 20, 2009	37,735,849
Private placement	Multi Realty Development	~	
-	Corporation	April 23, 2010	107,320,482
Private placement	IFC	April 26, 2010	24,033,253
Private placement	IFC Capitalization	•	
-	(Equity) Fund, L.P.	April 26, 2010	136,315,662
Stock dividends	Various	June 8, 2012	78,218,589
Stock rights	Various	July 4, 2012	895,218,832
Private placement	Sybase Equity Investments		
	Corporation	July 20, 2015	64,499,890
Stock options	Various employees	June 6, 2016 to	
		December 31, 2016	4,592,430
Balance carried forward			3,649,967,648

Transaction	Subscriber	Issue Date	Number of Shares Issued
Balance brought forward			3,649,967,648
Stock options	Various employees	January 3, 2017 to	
•	• •	December 27, 2017	2,604,020
Stock rights	Various employees	January 31, 2017	716,402,886
Stock rights	Various employees	January 31, 2018	5,073,510
Stock options	Various employees	January 7, 2019 to	
•	• •	December 26, 2019	7,322,270
Stock options	Various employees	January 6, 2020 to	
		December 28, 2020	2,857,581
Stock options	Various employees	January 15, 2021 to	
		December 15, 2021	1,291,100
Stock dividends	Various	December 29, 2022	877,337,627
Stock options	Various employees	January 17, 2022 to	
		December 27, 2022	1,275,033
Stock options	Various employees	January 5, 2023 to	
	1 7	December 27, 2023	4,230,699
			5,268,362,374

22.2 BDO American Depositary Receipt Program

On April 18, 2013, the Parent Bank launched its Sponsored Level 1 American Depositary Receipt (ADR) Program by which negotiable securities representing underlying BDO common shares can be traded in the U.S. over-the-counter (OTC) market. This provides flexibility for U.S. investors to trade BDO common shares in their time zone and settle their transactions locally. It is meant to tap the pool of U.S. ADR investors, enhance visibility and global presence and diversify and broaden the Parent Bank's shareholder base. ADRs are quoted and traded in U.S. dollars, and cash dividends received on the underlying shares are paid to investors also in U.S. dollars. The ADR ratio for BDO's sponsored Level 1 ADR Program is 1:10, with each ADR representing ten underlying BDO common shares.

The sponsored Level 1 ADR Program does not necessitate the issuance of new shares as ADRs are traded on the U.S. OTC/secondary market using existing shares, in contrast to the sponsored Level II ADR or sponsored Level III ADR where shares are fully listed on a recognized U.S. exchange (e.g., NYSE, NASDAQ). As such, a Level 1 ADR is not a capital raising transaction, to differentiate it from Level III ADR, which allows the issuer to raise capital through a public offering of ADRs in the U.S. The sponsored Level 1 ADR is exempt, under U.S. SEC Rule 12g3-2(b), from SEC registration, disclosure requirements and reporting obligations, including Sarbanes-Oxley and U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

The Parent Bank appointed Deutsche Bank (DB) as the exclusive depositary of ADRs for a period of five years. As depositary bank, DB is responsible for the issuance and cancellation, as well as the registration of the ADRs; custody of the underlying BDO common shares and maintenance of the register of holders; the distribution of dividends; and execution of corporate actions and services to the Issuer (i.e., BDO)/Investor/Broker. In October 2018, the Parent Bank renewed the appointment of DB as the exclusive depositary of ADRs for another five years. Subsequently, in April 2023, the Parent Bank renewed the appointment of DB as the exclusive depositary of ADRs for another year.

As of December 31, 2023 and 2022, 802,252 and 554,539 ADRs valued at US\$18,451,796 and US\$11,567,684 (absolute amount), respectively, remained outstanding (computed using ADR closing price of US\$23.00/share and US\$20.86/share, respectively).

22.3 Surplus Free

The details of the Parent Bank's cash dividend distributions are as follows:

Date Declared	Common s	shares dividend		Date
and Approved	Per Share	Total Amount	Record Date	Paid/Payable
February 24, 2021	P 0.30	P 1,315	March 15, 2021	March 25, 2021
May 29, 2021	0.30	1,315	June 16, 2021	June 25, 2021
August 27, 2021	0.30	1,316	September 15, 2021	September 24, 2021
December 4, 2021	0.30	1,316	December 22, 2021	December 29, 2021
February 24, 2022	0.30	1,316	March 14, 2022	March 31, 2022
April 22, 2022	1.00	4,386	May 6, 2022	May 31, 2022
May 28, 2022	0.30	1,316	June 14, 2022	June 30, 2022
August 26, 2022	0.30	1,316	September 13, 2022	September 30, 2022
December 3, 2022	0.30	1,579	December 20, 2022	December 29, 2022
February 24, 2023	0.75	3,949	March 13, 2023	March 31, 2023
May 27, 2023	0.75	3,949	June 14, 2023	June 30, 2023
August 25, 2023	0.75	3,951	September 12, 2023	September 29, 2023
December 6, 2023	0.75	3,951	December 22, 2023	December 29, 2023
Date Declared	Preferred s	hares dividend	Date	
and Approved	Per Annum	Total Amount	Paid/ Payable	-
Lamanaury 20, 2021	6 E00/	P 340	Eshansa arx 22, 2021	
January 30, 2021	6.50%		February 22, 2021	
January 29, 2022	6.50%	339	February 22, 2022	
January 28, 2023	6.50%	407	February 20, 2023	

On March 26, 2022, the BOD approved the declaration of stock dividends equivalent to 20% of the BDO Unibank's outstanding capital stock to be issued out of the increase in BDO Unibank's authorized capital stock (common shares) from 5,500,000,000 to 8,500,000,000 shares amounting to P85,000 with par value of P10 per share and 103,000,000 preferred shares with a par value of P10 per share, payable to all stockholders as of record date.

On November 29, 2022, the Parent Bank received the approval from the SEC for this stock dividend issuance, setting December 15, 2022 as the record date. The stock dividends were issued on December 29, 2022.

22.4 ESOP

For options that were exercised in 2023 and 2022, BDO Unibank Group issued new common shares of 4,230,699 and 1,275,033, respectively, from its authorized capital stock.

Set out below are summaries of number of options vested under the plan:

	BDO Uniban	k Group	Parent Bank				
	2023	2022	2023	2022			
Balance at beginning of year	18,385,887	14,950,363	16,597,848	12,985,298			
Vested during the year	10,659,436	10,018,699	10,137,563	9,492,930			
Forfeited during the year	(57,825) (43,235)	(51,400) (36,135)			
Expired during the year	(55,500)	557,900)	(55,500)	431,400)			
Exercised during the year	(11,315,602) (_	5,982,040)	(10,621,149) (5,412,845)			
Balance at end of year	<u>17,616,396</u>	18,385,887	16,007,362	16,597,848			

The weighted average exercise price was P116.77 and P110.69 for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

The share options expensed and included as part of Compensation and benefits under Other Operating Expenses in the BDO Unibank Group's statements of income, amounted to P903, P294 and P273 in 2023, 2022 and 2021, respectively, and in the Parent Bank's statements of income, amounted to P858, P289 and P252, respectively (see Note 26.1).

The fair value of the option granted was estimated using a variation of the Black-Scholes valuation model that takes into account factors specific to the ESOP. The following principal assumptions were used in the valuation:

		2023		2022
Average option life		5 years		5 years
Average share price at grant date	P	140.00	P	119.50
Average exercise price at grant date	P	120.92	P	118.29
Average fair value of options at grant date	P	47.32	P	41.07
Average standard deviation of share price returns		29.55%		30.29%
Average dividend yield		2.60%		0.97%
Average risk-free investment rate		6.07%		5.72%

The underlying expected volatility was determined by reference to historical prices of the Parent Bank's shares over a period of one year.

22.5 Surplus Reserves

The Parent Bank appropriated its Surplus Free amounting to P23 in 2023, P132 for 2022 and P44 in 2021 representing insurance fund on losses due to fire, robbery, and other cash losses. BDO Network appropriated its Surplus Free amounting to P4, P5 and P3 in 2023, 2022 and 2021, respectively, representing insurance fund on losses due to fire, robbery and other cash losses.

The BDO Unibank Group and the Parent Bank appropriated its Surplus Free for impairment of general loan loss portfolio amounting to P2,090 and P1,986 in 2023, P2,475 and P2,311 in 2022 and P1,337 and P1,250 in 2021, respectively. The accumulated amount of appropriation to surplus reserves for general loan loss portfolio as of December 31, 2023, 2022 and 2021 amounted to P17,995, P15,905 and P13,430, respectively, for BDO Unibank Group and P17,463, P15,477 and P13,166, respectively, for the Parent Bank. This appropriation was prescribed by BSP and was recognized as part of Surplus Reserves account.

In compliance with BSP regulations, 10% of BDO Unibank Group and the Parent Bank's profit from trust business both amounting to P262, P251 and P263 in 2023, 2022 and 2021, respectively, is appropriated to surplus reserves (see Note 28).

Also, included in the 2023, 2022 and 2021 surplus reserves are the appropriations made by BDO Securities and ASI (see Note 2.3) totaling nil, P5 and P2 respectively, as part of the reserve fund requirement of SEC Memorandum Circular No. 16, *Adoption of the Risk Based Capital Adequacy* Requirement/Ratio for Broker Dealers. On July 28, 2022, ASI was sold to a third party which resulted in the reversal of Surplus Reserves amounting to P14 (see Note 2.3).

23. INTEREST INCOME

Interest income consists of the following:

		BD	O Unibank	Group	Parent Bank				
	<u>Notes</u>	2023	2022	2021	2023	2022	2021		
Loans and other receivables Trading and investment securities:	11, 27	P 194,848	P 140,760	P 124,548	P 186,697	P 134,036	P119,566		
At amortized cost At FVOCI	10.3 10.2	23,117 14,272	17,490 7,275	12,410 6,215	22,184 10,019	16,612 4,641	11,633 3,939		
At FVTPL	10.1	128	103	92	89	69	59		
Due from BSP and other banks Others	8, 9	7,741 90	3,366 	1,554 60	7,317 83	3,207 67	1,533 42		
		P 240,196	P 169,071	<u>P 144,879</u>	P 226,389	P 158,632	P136,772		

24. INTEREST EXPENSE

Interest expense is composed of the following:

		BD	O Unibank	Group	Parent Bank					
	<u>Notes</u>	2023	23 2022 2021		2023	2022	2021			
Deposit liabilities	18, 27	P 45,738	P 12,377	P 6,952	P 43,965	P 11,572	P 6,644			
Bills payable and other	19,									
liabilities	21, 26.2	7,132	6,535	5,764	6,263	6,251	5,455			
Finance lease liabilities	13.2, 21	939	927	<u>817</u>	883	905	807			
		<u>P 53,809</u>	<u>P 19,839</u>	<u>P 13,533</u>	P 51,111	P 18,728	<u>P 12,906</u>			

25. OTHER OPERATING INCOME AND EXPENSES

Other operating income is composed of the following:

		BDO Unibank Group					Parent Bank					
	<u>Notes</u>	2023	2023 2			2021		2023		2022	_	2021
Service charges, fees and commissions	27	P 43,201	Р	38,545	Р	30,485	Р	36,677	Р	31,061	Р	25,293
Insurance premiums		18,121		18,938		18,136		-		-		-
Foreign exchange gains	10.1	4,852		6,060		3,621		4,614		5,182		3,273
Trust fees	28	4,698		4,555		4,364		3,539		3,395		3,477
Trading gains (losses) - net	10.1	1,570	(600)		220		1,224	(299)	(349)
Rental	14	1,356		1,301		1,269		460		492		482
Share in net income of subsidiaries and												
associates	15	1,273		849		814		8,378		8,710		6,350
Income from assets sold o	r											
exchanged	14	943		483		1,275		910		326		1,174
Dividends	10.1	203		147		207		14		18		19
Miscellaneous - net 3	30.4, 34.2.1	7,800	_	1,257	_	963	_	1,498	_	1,244	_	916
		P 84,017	Р	71,535	Р	61,354	P	57,314	Р	50,129	Р	40,635

Other operating expenses consist of the following:

		BDO Unibank Group			Parent Bank					
	Notes	2023	2022	2021	2023	2022	2021			
Compensation and benefit	ts 26.1	P 48,181	P 44,405	P 41,744	P 40,857	P 37,955	P 35,786			
Fees and commissions		30,028	22,570	17,140	29,015	21,606	16,600			
Taxes and licenses	14	19,211	13,167	11,180	17,269	11,509	10,009			
Policy reserves, insurance										
benefits and claims	20	13,702	14,492	15,633	-	-	-			
Occupancy	12, 14,									
	13.3,									
	16.5, 27	12,125	10,553	9,222	10,602	9,182	7,963			
Insurance	27	7,098	6,342	5,828	6,954	6,218	5,715			
Security, clerical,										
messengerial and										
janitorial		4,828	4,202	3,851	4,423	3,843	3,522			
Advertising		3,310	2,016	2,586	3,139	1,823	2,509			
Information technology		2,941	1,104	1,136	2,840	1,057	1,113			
Amortization of compute	r	,	,	,	,	,	,			
software	16.5	2,937	1,356	1,342	2,842	1,259	1,291			
Repairs and maintenance	27	2,575	2,334	1,982	2,384	2,158	1,855			
Representation and		,	- ,	,	,	,	,			
entertainment		1,572	1,317	1,806	1,389	1,141	1,573			
Power, light and water		1,461	1,402	1,130	1,294	1,263	1,047			
Supplies		1,181	794	731	1,022	675	606			
Traveling		1,123	991	883	705	638	619			
Litigation on assets acquir	ed	689	854	773	665	834	766			
Telecommunication		608	520	560	495	421	456			
Freight		507	422	378	456	372	339			
Miscellaneous	16.5, 27	2,750	2,367	1,970	2,591	2,165	1,844			
		P156,827	<u>P 131,208</u>	P 119,875	P 128,942	<u>P 104,119</u>	<u>P 93,613</u>			

26. COMPENSATION AND BENEFITS

26.1 Compensation and Benefits

Expenses recognized for compensation and benefits are presented below.

		BD	O Unibank	Group	Parent Bank					
	<u>Notes</u>	2023	2022	2021	2023	2022	2021			
Salaries and wages	27	P 28,789	P 26,465	P 23,914	P 24,162	P 22,375	P 20,409			
Bonus		9,153	8,387	7,876	7,989	7,360	6,942			
Retirement – defined										
benefit plan	26.2	3,306	2,961	2,421	2,836	2,583	1,825			
Social security costs		1,773	1,413	1,254	1,484	1,195	1,062			
Employee stock										
option plan	22.4, 26.3	903	294	273	858	289	252			
Other benefits		4,257	4,885	6,006	3,528	4,153	5,296			
		D 40 404	T	D	7 . 40.055	D 45055	D 45 504			
	25	<u>P 48,181</u>	<u>P 44,405</u>	<u>P 41,744</u>	<u>P 40,857</u>	<u>P 37,955</u>	P 35,786			

26.2 Post-employment Benefits

(a) Characteristics of the Defined Benefit Plan

The BDO Unibank Group and the Parent Bank maintain a fully funded, multi-employer and tax-qualified noncontributory retirement plan that is being administered by the Parent Bank's trust and investment group as trustee covering all regular full-time employees.

The normal retirement age is 60 with a minimum of five years of credited service. The plan also provided for an early retirement at age of 50 with a minimum of ten years of credited service and late retirement up to age 65. Normal retirement benefit is an amount equivalent to a percentage ranging from 50% to 200% of plan salary for every year of credited service but not less than the regulatory benefit under Republic Act No. 7641, plus the cash conversion of accumulated vacation and sick leaves, if any.

(b) Explanation of Amounts Presented in the Financial Statements

Actuarial valuations are made annually to update the retirement benefit costs and the amount of contributions. All amounts presented below and in the succeeding pages are based on the actuarial valuation report obtained from an independent actuary in 2023 and 2022.

The amounts of Retirement assets recognized under Other Resources account (see Note 16), in the statements of financial position are determined as follows:

		BDO Unibank	Group	Parent Bank				
		2023	2022	2023		2022		
Present value of the DBO Fair value of plan assets	P (53,328 P 53,968) (43,139 F 43,396) (48,406 48,406)	P (39,252 39,252)		
Surplus of plan assets Effect of asset ceiling	(640) (68	257) <u>42</u>	<u>-</u>		- -		
Retirement benefit assets	(<u>P</u>	<u>572</u>) (<u>P</u>	<u>215</u>) <u>F</u>	<u> </u>	P			

The movements in the present value of the DBO are as follows:

	BDO Unibank Group			Parent Bank				
		2023	2022	2023	2022			
Balance at beginning of year	P	43,139 P	42,440	P 39,252	P 38,325			
Benefits paid by the plan	(3,420) (2,285)	(3,167)	(2,086)			
Current service cost		3,306	2,961	2,836	2,583			
Interest expense		3,288	2,399	2,988	2,167			
Transfer to the plan		-	-	32	110			
Remeasurements:								
Actuarial losses (gains)								
arising from changes in:								
- financial assumptions		3,943 (5,357)	3,485	(4,759)			
 experience adjustments 		2,079	1,066	2,045	1,088			
- demographic assumptions		990	1,915	935	1,824			
Business combinations		3		-				
Balance at end of year	P	53,328 P	43,139	<u>P 48,406</u>	<u>P 39,252</u>			

The movements in the fair value of plan assets are presented below.

		BDO Unibank	Group		Parent Bank				
		2023	2022		2023		2022		
Balance at beginning of year Contributions paid into the plan Interest income	P	43,396 P 10,714 3,590	38,647 8,746 2,107	P	39,252 9,447 3,236	P	34,675 8,136 1,899		
Benefits paid by the plan Transfer to the plan Remeasurement loss - return on plan assets (excluding amounts included in net	(3,420) (2,285)	(3,167) 32	(2,086) 110		
interest) Business combinations		314) (2	3,819)	(394)		3,482)		
Balance at end of year	<u>P</u>	53,968 P	43,396	<u>P</u>	48,406	<u>P</u>	39,252		

The composition of the fair value of plan assets at the end of the reporting period for each category and risk characteristics are shown below.

	BDO Unibank Group					Parent Bank			
		2023		2022		2023		2022	
Debt securities: Government bonds	P	25 002	D	25 217	D	21 207	D	22.000	
00.411111111111111111111111111111111111	P	35,003	Р	25,317	P	31,396	Р	22,900	
Corporate bonds		7,156		7,416		6,419		6,708	
UITFs		5,510		10,706		4,942		9,683	
Equity securities		5,138		2,400		4,608		2,171	
Loans and other receivables		292		512		261		463	
Cash and cash equivalents		76		126		68		114	
Other properties - net		793	(3,081)		712	(2,787)	
	<u>P</u>	53,968	P	43,396	P	48,406	P	39,252	

Actual returns on plan assets were P3,276 and P2,842 in 2023 and (P1,712) and (P1,583) in 2022 in the BDO Unibank Group and the Parent Bank's financial statements, respectively.

Certain plan assets include BDO Unibank Group's own financial instruments [see Note 27(c)].

The fair value of the plan assets is at Level 1 in the fair value hierarchy except for UITFs which are at Level 2, loans and other receivables and other properties, which are at Level 3.

The components of amounts recognized in profit or loss and in other comprehensive income of the BDO Unibank Group and the Parent Bank in respect to the defined benefit plan is as follows:

		BD	οι	nibank Gr	oup	up		
		2023		2022		2021		
Recognized in profit or loss:								
Current service costs Past service costs	P	3,306	P	2,961	P	2,040 381		
Interest expense (income)	(299)		292	(<u>53</u>)		
	<u>P</u>	3,007	<u>P</u>	3,253	<u>P</u>	2,368		
Recognized in other comprehensive income, net of tax (see Note 31.1): Actuarial losses (gains) arising from change in: - financial assumptions - experience adjustments	P	2,957 1,559	(P	4,018) 799	Р	2,379 3,102		
 demographic assumptions Remeasurement losses (gains) arising from: return on plan assets (excluding amounts included in net interest 		743		1,436		248		
expense) - changes in the effect of the asset		236		2,864	(423)		
ceiling		<u>17</u> 5,512		27 1,108	(<u>43</u>) 5,263		
Effect of change in income tax rate		5,512		1,108		750 6,013		
Share in actuarial losses (gains) of associates			(11)		9		
	<u>P</u>	5,517	P	1,097	P	6,022		

			Pa	rent Bank	
		2023		2022	2021
Recognized in profit or loss:					
Current service costs	P	2,836	Р	2,583 I	,
Interest expense (income)	(248)		268 (<u>55</u>)
	<u>P</u>	2,588	<u>P</u>	<u>2,851</u> <u>1</u>	P 1,770
Recognized in other comprehensive income, net of					
tax (see Note 31.1):					
Actuarial losses (gains) arising from					
change in:					
- financial assumptions	P	2,614	(P	3,569) I	P 2,599
 experience adjustments 		1,534		816	2,651
- demographic assumptions		701		1,368	40
Remeasurement losses (gains) arising from:					
 return on plan assets (excluding amounts included in net interest expense) 		295		2,612 (305)
- changes in the effect of the asset					
ceiling		_		- (_	37)
		5,144		1,227	4,948
Effect of change in income tax rate		-			715
		5,144		1,277	5,663
Share in actuarial losses (gains) of subsidiaries and associates		343	(126)	342
	<u>P</u>	5,487	<u>P</u>	<u> 1,101</u> <u>I</u>	P 6,005

Current service costs are presented as part of Compensation and benefits under Other Operating Expenses account (see Note 25) while interest expense or income are presented or offset against Interest Expense account (see Note 24) in the statements of income of the BDO Unibank Group and the Parent Bank.

Amounts recognized in other comprehensive income were included within the items that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss in the statements of comprehensive income.

In determining the amounts of post-employment benefit obligation, the following significant actuarial assumptions were used:

	BDO Unil	oank Group	Parent Bank				
	2023	2022	2023	2022			
Discount rates Expected rate of salary	6.92%	7.62% - 7.88%	6.92%	7.63%			
increases	1.00% - 13.00%	2.00% - 14.00% ;	5.00% - 10.00%	6 4.75% - 11.00%			

Assumptions regarding future mortality experience are based on published statistics and mortality tables. The average remaining working lives of an individual retiring at the age of 60 is 22.7 years. These assumptions were developed by management with the assistance of an independent actuary. Discount factors are determined close to the end of each reporting period by reference to the interest rates of a zero-coupon government bond with terms of maturity approximating the terms of the retirement obligation. Other assumptions are based on current actuarial benchmarks and management's historical experience.

(c) Risks Associated with the Retirement Plan

The plan exposes the BDO Unibank Group and the Parent Bank to actuarial risks such as investment risk, interest rate risk, longevity risk and salary risk.

(i) Investment and Interest Risks

The present value of the DBO is calculated using a discount rate determined by reference to market yields of government bonds. Generally, a decrease in the interest rate of a reference government bonds will increase the plan obligation. However, this will be partially offset by an increase in the return on the plan's investments in debt securities and if the return on plan asset falls below this rate, it will create a deficit in the plan. Currently, the plan is composed of investment in UITF, debt and equity instruments, cash and cash equivalents, and loans and receivables. Due to the long-term nature of plan obligation, a level of continuing debt securities is an appropriate element of the BDO Unibank Group's long-term strategy to manage the plans effectively.

(iii) Longevity and Salary Risks

The present value of the DBO is calculated by reference to the best estimate of the mortality of the plan participants both during and after their employment and to their future salaries. Consequently, increases in the life expectancy and salary of the plan participants will result in an increase in the plan obligation.

(d) Other Information

The information on the sensitivity analysis for certain significant actuarial assumptions, asset-liability matching strategy, and the timing and uncertainty of future cash flows related to the retirement plan are described below and in the succeeding pages.

(i) Sensitivity Analysis

The table below summarizes the effects of changes in the significant actuarial assumptions used in the determination of the retirement benefit asset as of December 31, 2023 and 2022.

_	В	DO U	nibank Gro	oup	Parent Bank							
	Change in	In	crease in	Decrease in	Change in	Ir	ncrease in I	Decrease in				
<u>.1</u>	Assumption	As	sumption	Assumption	Assumption	1 As	sumption A	ssumption				
December 31, 2023 Discount rate Salary increase rate	+/-1%	P	2,913 (3,201)	(P 3,276) 2,906	+/-1% +/-1%	P	2,449 (P 2,666)	2,723) 2,447				
December 31, 2022	, , , 1, 1, 0	`	0,201)	- ,,,,,	1, 2,0	•	2,000)	_,				
Discount rate Salary increase rate	,	P (1,954 (2,150)	P 2,166) 1,978	+/-1% +/-1%	P (1,615 (P 1,757)	1,764) 1,639				

The sensitivity analysis is based on a change in an assumption while holding all other assumptions constant. This analysis may not be representative of the actual change in the defined benefit obligation as it is unlikely that the change in assumptions would occur in isolation of one another as some of the assumptions may be correlated. Furthermore, in presenting the sensitivity analysis, the present value of the defined benefit obligation has been calculated using the projected unit credit method at the end of the reporting period, which is the same as that applied in calculating the defined benefit obligation recognized in the statements of financial position.

The methods and types of assumptions used in preparing the sensitivity analysis did not change compared to the previous years.

(ii) Asset-liability Matching Strategies

To efficiently manage the retirement plan, BDO Unibank Group through its Compensation Committee, ensures that the investment positions are managed in accordance with its asset-liability matching strategy to achieve that long-term investments are in line with the obligations under the retirement scheme. This strategy aims to match the plan assets to the retirement obligations by investing in long-term fixed interest securities (i.e., government or corporate bonds or UITFs) with maturities that match the benefit payments as they fall due and in the appropriate currency. BDO Unibank Group actively monitors how the duration and the expected yield of the investments are matching the expected cash outflows arising from the retirement obligations.

In view of this, investments are made in reasonably diversified portfolio, such that the failure of any single investment would not have a material impact on the overall level of assets.

A large portion of the plan assets as of December 31, 2023 and 2022 consists of debt instruments and UITFs, although the BDO Unibank Group and the Parent Bank also invest in cash and cash equivalents, equity instruments and properties. The debt instruments include government bonds and corporate bonds.

There has been no change in the BDO Unibank Group and the Parent Bank's strategies to manage its risks from previous periods.

(iii) Funding Arrangements and Expected Contributions

As of December 31, 2023, the plan of the BDO Unibank Group is overfunded by P572 while the Parent Bank is fully funded based on the latest actuarial valuation report.

The BDO Unibank Group and the Parent Bank expect to pay P11,782 and P10,960, respectively, as contributions to retirement benefit plans in 2024.

The expected maturity of undiscounted expected benefits payments of BDO Unibank Group and the Parent Bank from the plan for the next ten years is presented as follows:

		Unibank Group	_Pare	ent Bank
Between one to five years Between six to ten years	P	45,044 P 38,340		42,090 34,603
	<u>P</u>	83,384	<u>P</u>	76,693

The weighted average duration of the defined benefit obligation at the end of the reporting period is 3.8 to 13.4 years for the BDO Unibank Group and 5.2 years for the Parent Bank.

26.3 ESOP

BDO Unibank Group's ESOP expense includes the amounts recognized by the Parent Bank and its subsidiaries over the vesting period. In 2023 and 2022, vested shares totaled 10,659,436 shares and 10,018,699 shares, respectively, for BDO Unibank Group, and 10,137,563 shares and 9,492,930 shares, respectively, for Parent Bank.

The ESOP expense, included as part of Compensation and benefits under Other Operating Expenses in the BDO Unibank Group's statements of income, amounted to P903, P294 and P273 in 2023, 2022 and 2021, respectively, and in the Parent Bank's statements of income, amounted to P858, P289 and P252, respectively (see Note 26.1).

27. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The Parent Bank created a Related Party Transactions Committee composed of two independent directors and a non-executive director, as of December 31, 2023. The said committee exercises oversight role to ensure bank compliance with BSP regulations on related party transactions.

The summary of BDO Unibank Group's significant transactions with its related parties as of December 31, 2023 and 2022 and for each of the three years ended are as follows:

		Amounts of Transaction							Outstanding Balance					
Related Party Category	Note		2023		2022		2021		2023		2022			
DOSRI Loans	27(a)													
Stockholders Related Parties under		P	15,684	Р	11,241	Р	24,854	P	25,403	Р	21,122			
Common Ownership			-		2		12		-		-			
Directors			-		-		3		-		-			
Officers and Employees			2,398		1,900		1,807		2,352		2,254			
Deposit Liabilities	27(b)													
Stockholders Related Parties under			537,059		500,212		468,175		21,556		27,962			
Common Ownership			1,768		16,992		2,670		164		227			
Directors			1,096		561		443		15		32			
Officers and Employees			- ′		-		222		-		-			
Other Transactions with														
Associates	27(d)													
Loans and Advances			-		-		480		-		7,895			
Interest Income			559		295		251		-		98			
Related Parties Under														
Common Ownership	27(d)													
Right-of-use Asset			993		1,619		1,677		4,776		4,818			
Lease Liabilities			104		1,361		1,474		2,764		3,199			
Interest Expense			48		87		77		203		237			
Depreciation Expense			154		263		184		1,018		1,098			
Key Management Personnel	27(d)		4				4 5							
Compensation			1,694		1,673		1,543		-		-			
Retirement Plan	27(c)	(194)	(263)		160		8,515		5,705			

The summary of the Parent Bank's significant transactions with its related parties as of December 31, 2023 and 2022 and for each of the three years ended are as follows:

		Amounts of Transaction					Outstanding Balance					
Related Party Category	rty Category Note 2023 2022 202		2021	<u>2021</u> <u>2023</u>			2022					
DOSRI Loans	27(a)											
Stockholders		P	15,684	P	11,241	P	24,854	P	25,403	P	21,122	
Related Parties under												
Common Ownership			-		2		12		-		-	
Directors			-		-		3		-		-	
Officers and Employees			2,398		1,898		1,805		2,350		2,250	
Deposit Liabilities	27(b)											
Stockholders	. ,		537,059		500,212		468,175		21,556		27,962	
Related Parties under												
Common Ownership			1,149		990		2,324		62		83	
Directors			1,096		561		443		15		32	
Officers and Employees			-		-		222		-		-	
Other Transactions with												
Subsidiaries	27(d)											
Loans and Advances			50,421		28,755		25,011		24,284		9,339	
Derivative Assets			1,425		3,059		992		15		123	
Derivative Liabilities			8,249		1,738		612		160		60	
Deposit Liabilities		(5,485)		6,599	(572)		5,883		11,368	
Miscellaneous Assets			126	(83)		117		185		59	
Miscellaneous Liabilities			-		28	(28)		-		-	
Interest Income			1,055		183		119		191		24	
Rent Income			134		143		136		-		-	
Service Fees			1,244		1,070		874		-		-	
Interest Expense			135		79		5		2		70	

			Amounts of Transaction						Outstanding Balance					
Related Party Category	Note		2023		2022		2021		2023			2022		
Other Transactions with	07(1)													
Subsidiaries	27(d)	ъ	250	ъ	2.4	D		ъ			ъ		400	
Right-of-use Asset		P	370	P	24	P	-	P		156	P		100	
Lease Liabilities			396		3	(12)			516			117	
Depreciation/Amortization			14		16		14		-			-		
Interest Expense – Finance	9		_		_		_							
Lease Payment Payable			3		7		7		-			-		
Trust Fees			176		120		120		-			-		
Miscellaneous Expense			42		83		117		-			-		
Insurance Expense			50		56		42		-			-		
Trading Gain/Loss		(57)		230	(20)		-			-		
Miscellaneous Income			110		123		49		-			-		
Repairs and Maintenance			1		1		1		-			-		
Fees and Commission			216		135		140		-			-		
Management & other														
professional fees			1		-		-		-			-		
Other Transactions with														
Associates	27(d)													
Loans and Advances			-		-		480		-				7,895	
Interest Income			559		295		251		5	559			98	
Related Parties under														
Common Ownership	27(d)													
Right-of-use Asset	()		993		1,619		1,677		4.7	776			4,818	
Lease Liabilities			104		1,361		1,474		,	764			3,199	
Interest Expense			48		87		77			203			237	
Depreciation Expense			154		263		184			018			1,098	
Depreciation Expense			154		203		104		1,0	J10			1,000	
Key Management Personnel	27(d)													
Compensation	()		1,006		966		905		-			-		
Retirement Plan	27(c)	(194)	(263)	160		8,5	513			5,703	

In the ordinary course of business, the BDO Unibank Group and the Parent Bank have loans, deposits and other transactions with its related parties and with certain DOSRI as described below and in the succeeding pages.

(a) Loans to Related Parties

Under existing policies of the BDO Unibank Group and the Parent Bank, these loans bear interest rates ranging from 0.00% to 13.50% per annum in 2023 and 0.00% to 9.00% per annum in 2022 and 2021, which are substantially the same terms as loans granted to other individuals and businesses of comparable risks. The General Banking Act and BSP regulations limit the amount of the loans granted by a bank to a single borrower to 25% of unimpaired capital. The amount of individual loans to DOSRI, of which 70% must be secured, should not exceed the amount of their unencumbered deposit and book value of their paid-in capital contribution in the Parent Bank.

Secured Loans to Related Parties are collateralized by publicly-listed shares, hold-out on deposits, chattels and real estate mortgages and are payable within 20 years.

The total loan releases and collections in 2023 amounted to P18,082 and P13,703 for the BDO Unibank Group and P18,082 and P13,701 for the Parent Bank, respectively. The total loan releases and collections in 2022 amounted to P13,143 and P26,101 for the BDO Unibank Group and P13,141 and P26,100 for the Parent Bank, respectively. The total loan releases and collections in 2021 amounted to P26,676 and P15,713 for the BDO Unibank Group and P26,674 and P15,709 for the Parent Bank, respectively.

(b) Deposits from Related Parties

The total deposits made by the related parties amounted to P539,923, P517,765 and P471,510 in 2023, 2022 and 2021 for the BDO Unibank Group, and P539,304, P501,763 and P471,164 in 2023, 2022 and 2021 for the Parent Bank, respectively, and bearing interest rates range of 0.00% to 6.38% in 2023, 0.00% to 5.38% in 2022, and 0.00% to 4.53% 2021, respectively. The related interest expense from deposits amounted to P1,035, P935 and P795 in 2023, 2022 and 2021, respectively (see Note 24).

(c) Transactions with Retirement Plan

BDO Unibank Group's retirement fund has transactions directly and indirectly with BDO Unibank Group as of December 31, 2023 and 2022 and for each of the three years ended are as follows:

		Amounts of Transaction							Outstanding Balance						
Related Party Category		2023		2022	<u> </u>		2021			2023		2022			
Loans to employees															
BDO Unibank, Inc.	P	-	Р	-		Р	-		P	3	Р	4			
Investment in shares of															
BDO Unibank, Inc.		-		-			-			2,371		195			
Dominion Holdings		-		-			-			2		2			
Deposit liabilities															
(including LTNCDs)															
BDO Unibank, Inc.		-		-			-			6,139		5,504			
Trading gain (loss)															
BDO Unibank, Inc.	(205) (271)			158		-		-			
Interest expense	`				,										
BDO Unibank, Inc.			9		6		-			-		-			
Rental income															
BDO Unibank, Inc.			2		2			2		-		-			

The BDO Unibank Group's retirement fund has transactions directly and indirectly with the Parent Bank as of December 31, 2023 and 2022 and for each of the three years ended are as follows:

	Amounts of Transaction							Outstanding Balance				
Related Party Category		2023	<u> </u>	2022	<u> </u>	20	21		2023	_	2022	
Loans to employees												
BDO Unibank, Inc.	P	_	P	_	I		_	P	3	P	4	
Investment in shares of												
BDO Unibank, Inc.		-		-			-		2,371		195	
Deposit liabilities												
(including LTNCDs)												
BDO Unibank, Inc.		-		-		-	-		6,139		5,504	
Trading gain (loss)												
BDO Unibank, Inc.	(205)(271)		158		-		-	
Interest expense												
BDO Unibank, Inc.			9		6		-		-		-	
Rental income												
BDO Unibank, Inc.			2		2		2		-		-	

Details of the contributions of the BDO Unibank Group and the Parent Bank, and benefits paid out by the plan to the employees are presented in Note 26.2.

(d) Other Transactions with Related Parties

A summary of other transactions of the Parent Bank with subsidiaries and associates and other related parties are shown in the section that follows. These transactions are generally unsecured and payable in cash, unless otherwise stated.

(i) Transactions with and between subsidiaries have been eliminated in the BDO Unibank Group's financial statements. Significant transactions with subsidiaries are as follows:

(1) Loans and Advances to Subsidiaries

The Parent Bank grants noninterest-bearing advances to subsidiaries for working capital requirements, which are unsecured, payable in cash and without fixed repayment terms. The total advances granted and collected amounted to P120 and P259, P259 and P111, and P111 and P28, in 2023, 2022 and 2021, respectively. The outstanding advances to subsidiaries recognized as part of Accounts receivable under Loans and Other Receivables in the Parent Bank's statements of financial position amounted to P120 and P259 as of December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively (see Note 11).

The Parent Bank also grants both secured and unsecured interest-bearing loans to subsidiaries with outstanding balance of P24,164 and P9,080 as of December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively, and are presented as part of Loans and discounts under Loans and Other Receivables account in the Parent Bank's statements of financial position (see Note 11). The total loans granted amounted to P50,301, P28,496 and P24,900 while total loans collected amounted to P35,217, P22,217 and P27,215 for 2023, 2022 and 2021, respectively. These loans are payable in cash with a term between seven days to twelve years. Interest income recognized on these is presented as part of Interest Income in the Parent Bank's statements of income (see Note 23). Interest rate on these loans ranges from 5.86% to 7.85%, 3.32% to 6.50% and 2.50% to 3.50% per annum in 2023, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

(2) Income to the Parent Bank

BDO subsidiaries engaged the Parent Bank, under service agreements to provide various support such as maintenance, administration of properties/assets management, supplies procurement, facilities management, accounting functions, loan documentation, safekeeping/custodianship of securities and collateral documents, credit card services, human resources management, information technology needs, internal audit, corporate secretarial services, remittance transactions support, legal assistance on all loan and/or property/asset-related litigation, credit investigation services, security services and investigation requirements, ATM-related services, and assistance on all tax-related issues. The service agreement shall continue to be in force unless terminated by either party through a written notice, at least 30 calendar days prior to the date intended for termination. The services fees are payable monthly in cash and shall be exclusive of actual costs and expenditures of the Parent Bank in relation to the provision of the services, which shall be reimbursed by the subsidiaries to the Parent Bank.

The total service fees are presented as part of Service charges, fees and commissions under Other Operating Income account in the Parent Bank's statements of income (see Note 25). The outstanding balance arising from these transactions, presented as part of Others under Other Resources (see Note 16), amounted to P168 and nil as of December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively. Total service fees amounted to P1,244, P1,070 and P874 in 2023, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

BDO Life, BDOSHI and Dominion Holdings have an existing Investment Management Agreement with the Parent Bank for trust services rendered. The total trust fees is presented as part of Trust fees under Other Operating Income account in the Parent Bank's statements of income (see Note 25). Outstanding balances arising from this as of December 31, 2023 and 2022 are included as part of Accounts receivable under Loans and Other Receivables (see Note 11). The total trust fees amounted to P176 for 2023 and P120 for both 2022 and 2021.

Certain subsidiaries lease office space and equipment from the Parent Bank. The total rent collected from the subsidiaries is included as part of Miscellaneous under Other Operating Income in the Parent Bank's statements of income (see Note 25). The term of the lease office space ranges from one to twenty years and is payable in cash. There are no outstanding receivable from subsidiaries as of December 31, 2023 and 2022. The total rent income amounted to P134, P143 and P136 in 2023, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

(3) Expenses of the Parent Bank

The Parent Bank, as a lessee, recognized right-of-use assets related to lease of space from BDO Network, BDOSHI and SMKL for its branch operations, amounting to P456 and P100, as of December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively, which are presented as part of Premises, Furniture, Fixtures and Equipment (see Note 12). Depreciation expense and amortization of the right-of-use assets arising from these transactions amounted to P14, P16 and P14 in 2023, 2022 and 2021, respectively, and presented as part of Occupancy under Other Operating Expenses in the Parent Bank's statements of income (see Note 25). The total interest expense on lease liability is included as part of Interest expense on finance lease liabilities under the Interest Expense account in the Parent Bank's statement on income amounted to P3 for 2023, and P7 for both 2022 and 2021. Outstanding balance arising from these transactions amounted to P516, and P117 as of December 31, 2023, and 2022, respectively, and is included as part of Lease liabilities under Other Liabilities (see Note 21).

The total amount paid for repairs and maintenance of leased properties is included as part of Repairs and Maintenance account under Other Operating Expenses in the Parent Bank's statements of income (see Note 25). The total repairs and maintenance expense amounted to P1 in 2023, 2022 and 2021.

The Parent Bank pays for the group life insurance of its employees and life and accident insurance of enrolled qualified remitters of Kabayan accounts to BDO Life. The total amount paid is included as part of Insurance Expense account under Other Operating Expenses in the Parent Bank's statements of income (see Note 25). Total insurance expense amounted to P50, P56 and P42 in 2023, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

In 2020, the Parent Bank purchased receivables from Dominion Holdings. This resulted in a loss amounting to P290 which was initially booked under Miscellaneous Asset and will be amortized over the term of the receivables. The amortized loss incurred was recognized as part of Miscellaneous Expense account under Other Operating Expenses in the Parent Bank's statements of income amounting to P42, P83 and P117 in 2023, 2022 and 2021, respectively (see Note 25). The outstanding balance of Miscellaneous Asset, presented as part of Others under Other Resources account in the Parent Bank's statements of financial position (see Note 16), amounted to P17 and P59 as of December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively. No similar transaction occurred in 2023 and 2022.

The Parent Bank pays commission to BDO Network and BDO Private related to the referred trust services to the Parent Bank. Also, the Parent Bank pays for various services rendered by foreign subsidiaries and ATM-related services by BDO Network. The amount paid for both commission and services are included as part of Fees and Commission account under Other Operating Expense in the Parent Bank's statements of income. The total payments amounted to P216, P135 and P140 in 2023, 2022 and 2021, respectively (see Note 25).

(4) Derivatives

In 2023 and 2022, the Parent Bank entered into derivative transactions with certain subsidiary in the form of currency forwards. As of December 31, 2023 and 2022, the outstanding balance of derivatives assets and liabilities are presented as part of Financial assets at FVTPL under Trading and Investment Securities account (see Note 10.1) and Derivatives with negative fair values under Other Liabilities account in the statements of financial position (see Note 21).

(5) Deposit Liabilities

The total deposits made by the subsidiaries to the Parent Bank during 2023, 2022 and 2021 amounted to P883,985, P801,252 and P669,405, respectively. These are with yearly corresponding withdrawals amounting to P889,470 for 2023, P794,653 for 2022 and P668,833 for 2021. These deposits bear interest rates of 0.00% to 6.00% in 2023, 0.00% to 4.88% in 2022 and 0.00% to 0.50% in 2021. The related interest expense from these deposits is included as part of Interest Expense account on deposit liabilities in the statements of income (see Note 24).

The BOD approved the assignment of additional government securities amounting to P2,300 to BDO Private in 2023 and P1,000 to BDO Network in 2022, for securing transactions of the Parent Bank with BDO Private and BDO Network. As of December 31, 2023 and 2022, the total assigned government securities amounted to P4,300 and P2,000, respectively, for BDO Private and P2,000 for BDO Network in both years.

(6) Real Estate Joint Venture

On October 23, 2021 and November 11, 2021, the respective BOD of BDO Unibank and BDOSHI have approved the Real Estate Joint Venture Agreement between the two companies wherein BDOSHI will contribute its 3,695 square meters vacant lots and Air Rights in Valero St., Makati City. BDO Unibank will construct Annex A Building on the said lots as part of the BDO Makati Campus Project and shall bear the estimated cost of the construction subject to any adjustment based on the final calculations by the parties. As of December 31, 2023, the vacant lots are used as staging area and temporary facilities for construction of the BDO Makati Campus Project.

(ii) Other transactions with associates are shown below.

As of December 31, 2023 and 2022, the outstanding secured and unsecured interest-bearing loans and advances to associates amounting to nil and P7,895 for the BDO Unibank Group and nil and P7,895 for the Parent Bank, respectively, and are presented as part of Loans and discounts and Accounts receivable under Loans and Other Receivables account in the statements of financial position (see Note 11).

These loans are payable in cash between seven and a half years to twelve years. The total collections on loans and advances amounted to P7,895, P366 and P444 for BDO Unibank Group and P7,895, P366 and P262 for the Parent Bank in 2023, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

Annual interest rates on these loans are 4.95% and 2.94% in 2022 and 2021. The related interest income is presented as part of Interest Income on loans and other receivables in the BDO Unibank Group's statements of income (see Note 23). As of December 31, 2023, 2022 and 2021, there were no impairment losses recognized on these loans and advances.

(iii) Transaction of the Parent Bank with related parties under common ownership is shown below and in the succeeding page.

The Parent Bank, as a lessee, recognized right-of-use assets related to lease of space from related parties for its branch operations, amounting to P4,776 and P4,818 as of December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively, which is presented as part of Premises, Furniture, Fixtures and Equipment (see Note 12). Amortization expense on right-of-use assets arising from this transaction, amounting to P154, P263, and P184 in 2023, 2022 and 2021, respectively, and is presented as part of Occupancy under Other Operating Expenses account in the Parent Bank's statements of income (see Note 25).

The total interest expense on lease liabilities from related parties, included as part of Interest expense on finance lease liabilities under the Interest Expense account amounted to P48, P87, and P77 in 2023, 2022 and 2021, respectively, in the Parent Bank's statements of income (see Note 24). The outstanding balances arising from this transaction amounted to P2,764 and P3,199 as of December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively, and is included as part of Lease liabilities under Other Liabilities (see Note 21).

The terms of the leases are from one to ten years and is payable in cash.

(iv) Key Management Personnel Compensation

The compensation and benefits given to BDO Unibank Group and the Parent Bank's key management are as follows (see Note 26.1):

		BDO Unibank Group										
		2023		2022		2021		2023	2	.022	2	021
Salaries and other benefits Retirement expense	P	1,542 161	P	1,450 223	P	1,381 162	P 	896 110	P	809 157	P	819 <u>86</u>
	P	1,703	<u>P</u>	1,673	P	1,543	P	1,006	<u>P</u>	966	<u>P</u>	905

28. TRUST OPERATIONS

The following securities and other properties held by BDO Unibank Group in fiduciary or agency capacity (for a fee) for its customers are not included in BDO Unibank Group and the Parent Bank's statements of financial position since these are not resources of the BDO Unibank Group [see Note 35(h)]:

	BDO Unib	oank Group	Parent Bank					
	2023	2022	2023	2022				
Investments Others	P 1,976,602 13,903	P 1,813,001 12,018	P 1,385,639 11,531	P 1,246,315 9,436				
	P 1,990,505	P 1,825,019	P 1,397,170	P 1,255,751				

In compliance with the requirements of the General Banking Act relative to the BDO Unibank Group's trust functions:

- (a) Investment in government securities which are shown as part of Investment securities at amortized cost with a total face value of P21,292 and P19,695 as of December 31, 2023 and 2022 (see Note 10.3), respectively, in BDO Unibank Group and, P14,892 and P13,495 as of December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively, in the Parent Bank are deposited with the BSP as security for BDO Unibank Group's faithful compliance with its fiduciary obligations; and,
- (b) A certain percentage of the trust income is transferred to surplus reserves. This yearly transfer is required until the surplus reserve for trust function is equivalent to 20% of BDO Unibank Group's authorized capital stock. As of December 31, 2023 and 2022, the additional reserve for trust functions amounted to P262 and P251 for both the BDO Unibank Group and Parent Bank, and is included as part of Surplus Reserves account in statements of changes in equity (see Note 22.5).

Income from trust operations, shown as Trust fees under Other Operating Income account, amounted to P4,698, P4,555 and P4,364 in 2023, 2022 and 2021, respectively, in BDO Unibank Group's statements of income and P3,539, P3,395 and P3,477 in 2023, 2022 and 2021, respectively, in the Parent Bank's statements of income (see Note 25).

29. UNIT-LINKED FUNDS

VUL insurance contracts of BDO Life are life insurance policies wherein a portion of the premiums received are invested in VUL funds, which are composed mainly of investments in equity and debt securities. The withdrawal or surrender amount of a VUL policy can be computed by multiplying the total units held by the policyholder by the fund's Net Asset Value per unit, which changes daily depending on the fund's performance.

In 2013, BDO Life obtained the approval from IC to issue VUL products, where payments to policyholders are linked to internal investment funds set up by BDO Life. The VUL funds are managed by the Trust and Investment Group of the Parent Bank.

As of December 31, 2023 and 2022, BDO Life has 11 and 12 VUL funds, respectively. The details of the investment funds, which comprise the assets backing the unit-linked liabilities, are presented in the table below. The assets and liabilities of these investment funds have been consolidated to the appropriate accounts in the BDO Unibank Group's financial statements.

		2023	2022		
Assets: Cash and cash equivalents Financial assets at FVTPL Other receivables	P	47 29,258 309	P	161 27,760 55	
	<u>P</u>	29,614	<u>P</u>	27,976	
Liabilities and Equity: Other liabilities Net assets attributable to unitholders	P	178 29,436	P	159 27,817	
	<u>P</u>	29,614	<u>P</u>	27,976	

30. BUSINESS COMBINATIONS, DISPOSALS AND DISSOLUTIONS

30.1 Subscription of Additional Shares in BDO RIH

On December 9, 2020, BDO Capital approved the corporate dissolution and liquidation of BDO RIH and to acquire its assets and assume its liabilities. Since the liabilities to be assumed by BDO Capital is higher than the assets it will absorb, BDO Capital also approved the additional investment in BDO RIH amounting to P276 in 2021 and P16 in 2022. This was approved by the BSP on November 9, 2021 and by the BDO RIH shareholders on February 2, 2022.

On July 20, 2022, BDO Capital made additional investment of P47 for its purchase of the shares of BDO Remit UK.

30.2 Sale of ASI

On July 28, 2022, ASI was sold to a third party for P52. This deconsolidation resulted in the reversal of its assets, liabilities, capital stock and surplus reserves amounting to P60, P4, P42 and P14, respectively, and the recognition of loss on sale amounting to P15.

30.3 Liquidation of BDO Remit Spain

On February 7, 2023, BDO Remit Spain S.A. has completed its liquidation as confirmed by the Mercantile Registry of Barcelona.

30.4 Acquisition of Additional Shares in SMKL

Due from other banks

On March 25, 2023, BDO and Keppel Group (Keppel Philippines Properties, Inc. and Opon-KE Properties, Inc.) entered into a Share Purchase Agreement wherein Keppel Group agreed to sell and BDO agreed to purchase Keppel Group's 50% stake in SMKL.

The acquisition was approved and authorized by the Philippine Competition Commission and BSP on August 15, 2023, and December 14, 2023, respectively. On December 22, 2023, BDO acquired the additional 50% of the issued and outstanding capital stock of SMKL for a cash consideration amounting to P8,161, making the latter a wholly-owned subsidiary of the former. The transaction resulted in a recognition of an unrealized gain on fair valuation of previously-held interest amounting to P6,107 and an unrealized gain on bargain purchase amounting to P169 which are part of Miscellaneous – net under Other Operating Income account in the 2023 BDO Unibank Group's statement of income (see Note 25).

The remeasurement of the previously-held interest at fair value on the date of acquisition is as follows:

Fair value	P	8,271
Book value		2,164
Unrealized gain on fair valuation of		
previously-held interest	P	6,107

The breakdown of the acquisition-date fair value of the assets and liabilities, including the cost of investments are as follows:

Р

713

Loans and other receivables*	176
Premises, furniture, fixtures and	
equipment	29
Investment properties	25,000
Other resources	955
Total resources	26,873
Bills payable	7,580
Other liabilities	2,750
Total liabilities	10,330
Net assets acquired	16,543
Fair value of the investment for the	
previously-held interest in SMKL	8,271
Consideration transferred for the	0.171
additional interest in SMKL	8,161
Total consideration	16,432
Elimination of leases intercompany accounts	58
Unrealized gain on bargain purchase	<u>P 169</u>

^{*} The gross contractual amounts receivable and the best estimate of the contractual cash flows not expected to be collected at acquisition date amounted to P181 and P5, respectively.

As a result of the acquisition, BDO Unibank Group obtained full ownership of the Podium Complex located at 12 ADB Avenue, Ortigas Center, Mandaluyong City which SMKL develops and operates.

Pre-acquisition income arising from the step-up acquisition amounted to P301. There were no additional income or expense related to SMKL recognized in BDO Unibank Group's statement of comprehensive income after the acquisition date on December 22, 2023.

30.5 Subscription of Additional Shares to BDO Securities

On September 25, 2023, the BOD of BDO Capital approved and authorized BDO Capital to subscribe up to P250 common shares of BDO Securities to be issued in one or more tranches. The first tranche of P150 was made on October 23, 2023.

30.6 Closure of BRUSA

On October 25, 2023, the BOD approved the cessation of business operations of BRUSA either through the sale or transfer of BRUSA's business and remittance licenses to potential buyer/s or dissolution and liquidation of BRUSA subject to securing and/or compliance with applicable laws and regulations.

31. TAXES

31.1 Current and Deferred Tax

On March 26, 2021, R.A. No. 11534, Corporate Recovery and Tax Incentives for Enterprises (CREATE) Act, as amended, was signed into law and shall be effective beginning July 1, 2020. The following are the major changes brought about by the CREATE Act that are relevant to and considered by the BDO Unibank Group:

- Regular corporate income tax (RCIT) rate was reduced from 30% to 25% starting July 1, 2020;
- Minimum corporate income tax (MCIT) rate was reduced from 2% to 1% starting July 1, 2020 until June 30, 2023; and,
- The allowable deduction for interest expense is reduced from 33% to 20% of the interest income subjected to final tax.

The components of tax expense relating to profit or loss and other comprehensive income follows:

	BDO Unibank Group						
		2023		2022	20)21	
Reported in profit or loss:							
Current tax expense:							
RCIT at 25%	P	11,239	Р	10,187	Р	9,422	
Final taxes at 20%, 15% and 10%		7,295		4,011		2,689	
MCIT at 2% starting July 1, 2023 and		,		,		,	
1% in 2022 and 2021		1		7 (5)	
Adjustment to current income tax from				`		,	
prior year		-	(69) (13)	
Adjustment in 2020 income taxes due to			`	, (,	
change in income tax rate		-		(1,378)	
Ü		18,535		14,136		10,715	
Deferred tax expense relating to origination and							
reversal of temporary differences		5,086		1,823		2,213	
Application of previously unrecognized MCIT		-		- (22)	
Effect of the change in income tax rate						<u> </u>	
Ü		5,086		1,823		2,192	
	<u>P</u>	23,621	Р	<u> 15,959</u>]	Р	12, 907	

	BDO Unibank Group						
		2023	2022		2021		
Reported in other comprehensive income: Actuarial losses Fair value of financial assets at FVOCI Effect of the change in income tax rate Revaluation increment	(P	1,820)	(P (389) (P 21)	1,754) 4 683 4)		
Revaluation increment				(,		
	(<u>P</u>	<u>1,814</u>)	(<u>P</u>	<u>410</u>)(<u>P</u>	<u>1,071</u>)		
			Parent B	ank			
		2023	2022		2021		
Reported in profit or loss: Current tax expense: RCIT at 25% Final taxes at 20%, 15% and 10% Adjustment in 2020 income taxes due to change in income tax rate	P	9,630 6,232		,380 P ,357	8,411 2,165 1,300)		
Adjustment to current income tax from prior year		_	(<u>68</u>)(13)		
		15,862	11	,669	9,263		
Deferred tax expense relating to origination and reversal of temporary differences Effect of the change in income tax rate		4,949 - 4,949		,664 ,664	2,112 3 2,115		
	<u>P</u>	20,811	<u>P 13</u>	<u>,333</u> <u>P</u>	11,378		
Reported in other comprehensive income: Actuarial losses Fair value of financial assets at FVOCI Effect of the change in income tax rate Revaluation increment	(P	1,715) 4	(P (408) (P 22)	1,649) 12 647 4)		
	(<u>P</u>	<u>1,711</u>)	(<u>P</u>	<u>430</u>) (<u>P</u>	994)		

The reconciliation of the tax on pretax profit computed at the statutory tax rates to tax expense is shown below and in the succeeding page.

	BDO Unibank Group						
		2023	2022	2021			
Tax on pretax profit at 25%	P	24,295 P	18,298 P	13,940			
Adjustment for income subjected to lower							
income tax rates	(1,645) (1,007) (561)			
Adjustment in 2020 income taxes due to							
change in income tax rate		-	- (1,377)			
Tax effects of:			`	,			
Non-deductible expenses		8,722	6,644	4,245			
Income exempt from tax	(8,017) (7,246) (2,884)			
Deductible temporary differences not recognized	`	168 (914) (312)			
Net operating loss carryover (NOLCO)		`	/ \	,			
not recognized		123	94	4			
Adjustment to current income tax from prior year		- (69) (13)			
Application of previously unrecognized MCIT		-	- (29)			
Others	(25)	159 (106)			
	,						
	<u>P</u>	23,621 P	<u> 15,959</u> <u>P</u>	12,907			

	Parent Bank						
		2023		2022		2021	
Tax on pretax profit at 25%	P	22,002	Р	17,581	P	13,515	
Adjustment for income subjected to lower							
income tax rates	(1,394)	(738)	(436)	
Adjustment in 2020 income taxes due to							
change in income tax rate		-		-	(1,297)	
Tax effects of:							
Non-deductible expenses		8,341		6,306		4,103	
Income exempt from tax	(8,138)	(9,004)	(4,120)	
Deductible temporary differences not recognized		-	(743)	(374)	
Adjustment to current income tax from prior year			(<u>69</u>)	(<u>13</u>)	
	ъ	20.011	D	12.222	D	44.270	
	<u>P</u>	20,811	Р	13,333	Р	11,3/8	

Components of the net deferred tax assets (see Note 16) as of December 31 follow:

	Statements of Financial Position									
		BDO Unil	ban	k Group		Parent Bank				
		2023		2022		2023		2022		
Deferred tax assets:										
Unamortized past service costs	P	1,956	P	3,521	P	1,466	P	3,190		
Allowance for impairment		1,108		2,681		1,026		2,455		
Retirement obligation (net of OCI)	(314)	(344)	(344)	(344)		
Recognition of right-of-use										
assets and lease liabilities		11		87		-		84		
Lease income differential		-		7		-		-		
Others		54		13						
		2,815		5,965		2,148		5,385		
Deferred tax liabilities:										
Revaluation increment	P	1770	P	519	P	335	P	335		
Retirement asset (net of OCI)		141		54		-		-		
Capitalized interest		28		31		28		31		
Changes in fair values of										
financial assets at FVOCI	(1)	(7)	(5)	(9)		
Lease income differential	`	1	`	2	`	- ´	`	-		
Others		385		11						
		2,324	_	610		358		357		
Net deferred tax assets	<u>P</u>	491	<u>P</u>	5,355	P	1,790	<u>P</u>	5,028		

Movements in net deferred tax assets for the years ended December 31 follow:

		Statements of Income											
		BDO	nibank Group		Parent Bank								
		2023		2022	2021		2023		2022		2021		
Allowance for impairment	P	1,573	Р	1,407 P	2,289	P	1,429	Р	1,292	Р	2,111		
Retirement obligation (asset)		1,878		1,392 (405)		1,715		1,321	(412)		
Unamortized past service costs		1,565	(944)	317		1,724	(910)	`	451 [°]		
Recognition of right-of-use		-	`	,			•	`	ŕ				
assets and lease liabilities		76	(19) (45)		84	(37)	(26)		
Lease income differential		7	(8)	-		-		- 1		-		
Capitalized interest	(3)	Ì	2) (9)	(3)	(2)	(9)		
Others	<u>(</u>	<u>10</u>)	(<u>3</u>) `	<u>67</u>	_	<u> </u>	_		_	<u> </u>		
Deferred tax expense	P	5,086	P	<u>1,823</u> P	2,214	P	4,949	P	1,664	P	2,115		

_	Statements of Comprehensive Income										
_	BDC) Unibank	Group			Paren	t Bank				
	2023	2022		2021		2023	2022	2021			
Movements in actuarial losses (Movements in fair value	P 1,820)	(P	389) (P	1,004)	(P	1,715) (P	408)	(P 934)			
of financial assets at FVOCI Movements in revaluation	6	(21)	5		4 (22)	12			
increment			(<u>72</u>)				(
Deferred tax expense (income) (<u>P 1,814</u>)	(<u>P</u>	<u>410</u>) (<u>P</u>	<u>1,071</u>)	(<u>P</u>	1,711) (<u>P</u>	430)	(<u>P 994</u>)			

Net deferred tax liabilities amounting to P1,592 were recognized in the 2023 BDO Unibank Group's statement of financial position as a result of the acquisition of SMKL (see Note 30.4).

The BDO Unibank Group is subject to MCIT, which is computed at 2% starting July 1, 2023, as defined under tax regulations or RCIT, whichever is higher.

The breakdown of NOLCO and MCIT with the corresponding validity periods are as follows for the BDO Unibank Group (nil for the Parent Bank):

Year	N	OLCO		MCIT	Valid Until
2023	P	110	P	_	2026
2022		308		-	2025
2021		15		-	2026

The amounts of unrecognized deferred tax assets arising from NOLCO and other temporary differences as of December 31, 2023 and 2022 are as follows:

	BDO Unibank Group										
	2023					2022					
	Tax Base		Tax Base Tax Effect		Т	ax Base	Ta	x Effect			
Allowance for impairment NOLCO	P	85,971 433	P	21,493 108	P	71,760 359	P	17,940 90			
MCIT		-		-		6		6			
Others		1,224		306		834		208			
	<u>P</u>	87,628	<u>P</u>	21,907	<u>P</u>	72,959	<u>P</u>	18,244			
				Parent	Bar	ık					
		20	23		2022						
	<u>Ta</u>	ax Base	Ta	x Effect	<u>T</u>	ax Base	Ta	x Effect			
Allowance for impairment Others	P	85,449 1,022	P	21,362 256	Р	69,935 1,022	P	17,484 255			
Curcis	P	86,471	P	21,618	P	70,957	P	17,739			

The BDO Unibank Group and the Parent Bank continue claiming itemized deduction for income tax purposes.

31.2 Gross Receipts Tax

Gross Receipts Tax (GRT), pursuant to Sections 121 and 122 of the Tax Code, is imposed on banks, non-banks financial intermediaries and finance companies (per R.A. 9238).

GRT is levied on the BDO Unibank Group's lending income, which includes interest, commission and discounts arising from instruments with maturity of five years or less and other income. The tax is computed at the prescribed rates of either 7%, 5% or 1% of the related income (per R.A. 9337).

31.3 Documentary Stamp Tax

Documentary stamp tax (DST) (at varying rates) is imposed on the following:

- (a) Bank checks, drafts, or certificate of deposit not bearing interest, and other instruments;
- (b) Bonds, loan agreements, promissory notes, bills of exchange, drafts, instruments and securities issued by the Government or any of its instrumentalities, deposit substitute debt instruments, certificates of deposits bearing interest and other notes payable at sight or on demand;
- (c) Acceptance of bills of exchange and letters of credit; and,
- (d) Bills of lading or receipt.

31.4 Supplementary Information Required by the Bureau of Internal Revenue (BIR)

The BIR issued Revenue Regulations (RR) No. 15-2010 on November 25, 2010, which required certain tax information to be disclosed as part of the notes to the financial statements.

The supplementary information is, however, not a required part of the basic financial statements prepared in accordance with PFRS; it is neither a required disclosure under the Philippine SEC rules and regulations covering form and content of financial statements under the revised Securities Regulation Code Rule 68.

The Parent Bank presented this tax information required by the BIR as a supplementary schedule filed separately from the basic financial statements.

32. EARNINGS PER SHARE

Basic earnings per share attributable to shareholders of the BDO Unibank Group were computed as follows:

		2023	2022	2021
Net profit attributable to shareholders				
of the Parent Bank	P	73,411 P	57,054 P	42,791
Dividends on preferred shares	(407)(339) (340)
Net profit available to common shares	·	73,004	56,715	42,451
Divided by the weighted average number				
of outstanding common shares (in millions)		5,266	5,264	5,262
Basic earnings per share	<u>P</u>	13.86 P	10.77 <u>P</u>	8.07

Diluted earnings per share attributable to shareholders of the BDO Unibank Group were computed as follows:

		2023	2022		2021
Net profit attributable to shareholders of the Parent Bank Divided by the weighted average number	<u>P</u>	73,411	<u>P 57,054</u>	<u>P</u>	42,791
of outstanding common shares (in millions): Outstanding common shares Potential common shares from assumed		5,266	5,264		5,262
conversion of preferred shares		47	58		51
Potential common shares from stock option plan		*	*		*
Total weighted average number of common shares after assumed conversion of convertible preferred shares		5,313	5,322		5,313
Diluted earnings per share	<u>P</u>	13.82	<u>P 10.72</u>	<u>P</u>	8.05

^{*} Potential common shares from assumed conversion of stock option plan made through primary issuance do not significantly affect the computation of diluted earnings per share.

33. EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

33.1 Exercise of Rights in NLEX

On January 22, 2024, the BOD approved to exercise its right to acquire additional common shares in NLEX Corporation which will increase its shareholdings from 11.70% to 12.20%. BSP approved the transaction on February 1, 2024, however, the transaction is still subject to the approval of the Privatization Council and the execution of the sale documents.

33.2 Dividend

On January 27, 2024, the Parent Bank's BOD approved the declaration of annual cash dividends on preferred shares "Series A" at the rate of 6.50% per annum of the par value for a total dividend of P407. The dividends will be paid within 60 days from dividend declaration date.

33.3 Issuance of Association of Southeast Asian Nations (ASEAN) Sustainability Bonds

On January 29, 2024, the Parent Bank issued P63,300 Peso-denominated fixed rate ASEAN Sustainability Bonds under its P365 billion bond program. The bonds have a tenor of one and half years and a fixed rate of 6.025% per annum.

34. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

34.1 Litigations

BDO Unibank Group has pending claims and/or is a defendant in various legal actions arising from the ordinary course of business operations. As of December 31, 2023, management believes that no such legal proceedings are expected to have material adverse effect on BDO Unibank Group's financial position.

34.1.1 Applicability of RR No. 4-2011

In 2011, the Department of Finance (DOF) and BIR issued RR No. 4-2011 regarding the allocation of costs and expenses amongst income earnings of banks and other financial institutions for income tax reporting purposes. RR No. 4-2011 prescribed a special method of allocation of cost and expenses for banks such that when computing the amount allowable as deduction from regular banking unit (RBU) operations, all cost and expenses should first be allocated between the RBU and FCDU/expanded FCDU or offshore banking unit.

On April 6, 2015, banks and other financial institutions filed a Petition for Declaratory Relief with the Regional Trial Court (RTC) of Makati, seeking to annul RR No. 4-2011. BDO Unibank and BDO Private were among those who joined other banks in assailing the validity of RR No. 4-2011.

On May 25, 2018, the RTC issued an Order declaring RR No. 4-2011 null and void. DOF and BIR filed Petition for Review on Certiorari directly before the Supreme Court. Banks and other financial institutions filed Comment. In a Decision dated December 1, 2021, the Supreme Court denied the Petition filed by DOF and BIR. Supreme Court Decision became final and executory on June 7, 2022 and was recorded in the Book of Entries of Judgments.

34.1.2 First e-Bank

In 2002, First e-Bank ("FeB") experienced liquidity problems prompting PDIC to invite several banks to propose a solution for FeB's bailout. PDIC entered into contract with BDO Unibank where in consideration of the assumption by BDO Unibank of FeB's liabilities in the maximum amount of P10,000, PDIC will provide BDO Unibank P10,000 of Financial Assistance and PDIC will receive FeB's assets to recover said financial assistance.

About P5,000 of the financial assistance was released to BDO Unibank and the remaining P5,000 was deposited in escrow with BDO – TIG in accordance with the escrow agreement dated October 23, 2002 entered into by BDO Unibank, PDIC, and BDO – TIG.

In August 2016, PDIC authorized the release of a total amount of P4,650 from escrow inclusive of proportional interest. However, as of August 26, 2016, the amount of P1,224 remains in escrow, which includes: (i) P602, which covers assets BDO Unibank still considers capable of delivery worth P214 and the remaining assets PDIC classified as undeliverable; and (ii) all interest earnings thereon. Unable to agree on the release of the remaining amount in escrow, on September 20, 2016, the PDIC filed a Complaint for Specific Performance and Damages against BDO Unibank, which case was raffled to RTC Makati City Branch 60.

On October 14, 2016, BDO Unibank filed its Answer to the Complaint affirming that it has assumed P10,000 in liabilities of FeB and is thus entitled to release of the remaining escrow of P1,224.

In a judgment dated May 31, 2018, RTC Makati dismissed the complaint, granted BDO Unibank's counterclaim and ordered BDO – TIG to immediately release the remaining escrow amount, plus interests, to BDO Unibank. On June 18, 2018, the Parent Bank received an amount of P1,243 for the full termination of escrow. PDIC filed Notice of Appeal. In the Decision dated June 15, 2020, the Court of Appeals (CA) dismissed PDIC's appeal. PDIC filed Motion for Reconsideration but the same was denied by the CA in a Resolution dated January 25, 2021. PDIC filed Petition for Review with the Supreme Court. The BDO Unibank filed a comment. In a resolution dated July 5, 2023, the Supreme Court denied PDIC's petition for Review. PDIC filed Motion for Reconsideration.

As of December 31, 2023, the difference between the amount received and the balance of the amount in escrow amounts to P572. This is presented as part of Others under Other Liabilities account and is not yet recognized as income due to the pending Petition for Review filed by PDIC (see Note 21). The case is still pending before the Supreme Court as of December 31, 2023.

34.1.3 Others

BDO Unibank Group is also a defendant in various cases pending in courts for alleged claims against BDO Unibank Group, the outcomes of which are not fully determinable at present. As of December 31, 2023, management believes that liabilities or losses, if any, arising from these claims would not have a material effect on the financial position and results of operations of BDO Unibank Group and will be recognized if and when a final resolution by the courts is made on each claim.

34.2 Lease Commitments – as Lessor

The following are the significant lease commitments involving the BDO Unibank Group:

34.2.1 Finance Leases

BDO Unibank Group, as a lessor, enters into finance leases covering various equipment and vehicles with lease term ranging from one to more than four years. The BDO Unibank Group is subject to risk incidental to the operation of its leased properties, which include, among others, changes in market rental rates, inability to renew leases upon lease expiration, and inability to collect rent from lessees due to bankruptcy or insolvency of lessees. Majority of the BDO Unibank Group's revenue from rental properties are derived from various equipment and vehicles. If the expected growth, particularly from the lessees, does not meet management's expectations, the BDO Unibank Group may not be able to lease their properties in a timely manner or collect rent at profitable rates.

To manage its risks over these finance leases, the BDO Unibank Group retains its legal title over the underlying assets and uses these as securities over the finance lease receivables. Moreover, it requires lessees to pay security deposits, which are presented as Lease deposits under Other Liabilities in the BDO Unibank Group's statements of financial position (see Note 21).

Future minimum lease payments receivable (MLPR) under these finance leases together with the present value of net minimum lease payments receivable (NMLPR) follow:

	2023				2022			
	Future		PV of		Future			PV
	N	<u>MLPR</u>	NMLPR		MLPR		of NMLPR	
Within one year	P	1,897	P	1,887	P	1,301	P	1,297
After one year but not more than two years		1,388		1,337		1,148		1,091
After two years but not more than three years		1,141		980		694		603
After three years but not more than five years		969		524		612		329
Total MLPR		5,395		4,728		3,755		3,320
Unearned lease income	(<u>667</u>)			(435)		
Present value of MLPR	P	4,728	P	4,728	<u>P</u>	3,320	<u>P</u>	3,320

The net investment relating to these finance leases, presented as part of Loans and discounts under Loans and Other Receivables in the BDO Unibank Group's statements of financial position for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, amounted to P4,728 and P3,320, respectively, for the BDO Unibank Group and nil in both years for the Parent Bank (see Note 11). The change in the carrying amount of the net investment in finance leases during the year pertains to new lease arrangements entered, amortization of interest income and paydowns.

Interest income recognized on the net investment in finance leases is presented in the BDO Unibank Group's statements of income as follows:

	<u>Notes</u>		2023		2022		2021
Interest income Miscellaneous – net	23 25	P	314 2	P	183 2	P	93 1
		<u>P</u>	316	P	185	<u>P</u>	94

34.2.2 Operating Leases

The BDO Unibank Group and the Parent Bank entered into various operating leases covering land, offices and equipment with lease terms ranging from less than one year to 5.5 years. Operating lease income, presented under Rental account as part of Other Operating Income and Expenses in the BDO Unibank Group's statements of income for the years ended December 31, 2023, 2022 and 2021, amounted to P1,356, P1,301 and P1,269, respectively, for the BDO Unibank Group and P460, P492 and P482, respectively, for the Parent Bank (see Note 25).

Future minimum rental receivables as of December 31, 2023 under operating leases follow:

	B <u>Unibar</u>	Parent Bank			
Within one year	P	1,148	P	433	
More than one year to two years		832		286	
More than two years to three years		640		147	
More than three years to four years		368		67	
More than four years to five years		122		44	
More than five years		89		3	
	P	3,199	P	980	

35. SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION REQUIRED BY THE BSP

Presented below are the supplementary information required by the BSP under Section 174 (Appendix 55) of the BSP Manual of Regulations for Banks (MORB) to be disclosed as part of the notes to financial statements based on BSP Circular No. 1074, *Amendments to Regulations on Financial Audit of Banks*.

(a) Selected Financial Performance Indicators

The following are some indicators of the of BDO Unibank Group and Parent Bank's financial performance.

	BDO	<u>Unibank (</u>	Group	Parent Bank				
	2023	2022	2021	2023	2022	2021		
Return on common equity*	15.2%	13.0%	10.5%	13.9%	13.0%	10.5%		
Return on average equity*	15.0%	12.9%	10.4%	13.9%	12.9%	10.4%		
Return on average resources*	1.7%	1.5%	1.2%	1.6%	1.5%	1.3%		
Net interest margin*	4.6%	4.1%	4.0%	4.6%	4.1%	4.0%		

^{*} In 2023 and 2022, average asset, capital, and interest-earning assets are computed as the simple average of outstanding balance of assets, capital, and interest-earning assets at average of December 2022 and December 2023. (2 data points)

* In 2021, averages are computed as the simple average of outstanding balance at average of December 2020, March 2021, June 2021, September 2021 and December 2021. (5 data points)

(b) Capital Instruments Issued

As of December 31, 2023 and 2022, the BDO Unibank Group has only two classes of capital stock, which are common and preferred shares.

(c) Significant Credit Exposures for Loans

The BDO Unibank Group and Parent Bank's concentration of credit risk as to industry for its receivables from customer's gross of allowance for ECL below (amounts in millions) are disclosed in Note 4.3.3.

BDO Unibank Group		202	2		2022	
	_	Amount	Percentage		Amount	Percentage
A 2 22 C 2 A 1 1 11						
Activities of private household						
as employers and undifferentiated goods and services and producing						
	P	456 140	16.0%	Р	300 101	15.3%
	Г	456,149	10.076	Г	399,101	13.370
Electricity, gas, steam and		360 626	13.0%		291 036	10.7%
air-conditioning supply Real estate activities		369,626	12.8%		281,036	10.7%
Wholesale and retail trade		363,830 356,962	12.5%		324,074 299,896	12.476
Manufacturing		282,334	9.9%		232,488	8.9%
Financial and insurance activities		272,746	9.6%		402,156	15.4%
Information and communication		120,710	4.2%		90,342	3.5%
Transportation and storage		111,991	3.9%		87,256	3.3%
Construction		96,994	3.4%		90,712	3.5%
Education		74,033	2.6%		71,731	2.7%
Arts, entertainment and recreation		72,606	2.5%		83,076	3.2%
Water supply, sewerage, waste		72,000	2.370		05,070	3.270
management and remediation activities		46,112	1.6%		38,760	1.5%
Accommodation and food service activities		41,499	1.5%		36,529	1.4%
Human health and social service activities	3	34,431	1.2%		31,875	1.2%
Agriculture, forestry and fishing		33,163	1.2%		15,642	0.6%
Mining and quarrying		14,688	0.5%		10,578	0.4%
Administrative and support services		10,056	0.4%		9,581	0.4%
Professional, scientific, and technical		10,000	0,0		,,001	0.1,70
activities		8,223	0.3%		9,912	0.4%
Public administrative and defense;		-, -			,	
compulsory social security		1,159	0.0%		1,030	0.0%
Other service activities		84,054	2.9%		98,036	3.7%
		,		·		_
	<u>P</u>	2,851,366	100%	P	2,613,811	100%
D (D . 1						
Parent Bank		202	.3		2022	
		Amount	Percentage		Amount	Percentage
Activities of private household						_
as employers and undifferentiated						
goods and services and producing						
activities of households for own use	P	462,899	16.7%	P	391,623	15.4%
Electricity, gas, steam and						
air-conditioning supply		369,586	13.3%		280,969	11.1%
Real estate activities		365,008	13.2%		325,088	12.8%
Wholesale and retail trade		350,319	12.6%		294,838	11.6%
Manufacturing		280,839	10.1%		231,327	9.1%
Financial and insurance activities		272,566	9.8%		401,394	15.8%
Information and communication		120,497	4.3%		90,123	3.6%
Transportation and storage		112,117	4.0%		87,613	3.5%
Construction		95,384	3.4%		89,326	3.5%
Arts, entertainment and recreation		71,681	2.6%		82,107	3.3%
Water supply, sewerage, waste						
management and remediation activities		46,006	1.7%		38,714	1.5%
Accommodation and food service						
activities		41,373	1.5%		36,329	1.4%
Human health and social service activities		34,238	1.2%		31,616	1.2%
Agriculture, forestry and fishing		18,358	0.7%		14,876	0.6%
Mining and quarrying		14,549	0.5%		10,483	0.4%
D. J 1	D	0.655.400	05.607	ъ	2.407.427	04.007
Balance carried forward	P	2,655,420	95.6%	<u>P</u>	2,406,426	94.8%

Paren	+	R	1
Paren	L	Da	LTIK

 		202	3	2022				
		Amount	Percentage		Amount	Percentage		
Balance brought forward	<u>P</u>	2,655,420	95.6%	<u>P</u>	2,406,426	94.8%		
Administrative and support services		9,818	0.4%		9,375	0.4%		
Education		9,496	0.3%		10,151	0.4%		
Professional, scientific, and technical activities		8,150	0.3%		9,861	0.4%		
Public administrative and defense;								
compulsory social security		1,147	0.1%		1,030	0.0%		
Other service activities		91,449	3.3%		100,801	4.0%		
	P	2,775,480	100%	P	2,537,644	100%		

The BSP considers that loan concentration exists when the total loan exposure to a particular industry exceeds 30% of the total loan portfolio plus the outstanding interbank loans receivable or 10% of Tier 1 capital.

As of December 31, 2023, 10% of Tier 1 capital of the BDO Unibank Group and the Parent Bank amounted to P44,133 million and P40,737 million, respectively. As of December 31, 2022, 10% of Tier 1 capital of the BDO Unibank Group and the Parent Bank amounted to P40,110 million and P37,083 million, respectively. The table below shows the industry groups exceeding this level (amounts in millions).

	BDO Unibank Group				Parent Bank				
	2023	2022		2023			2022		
Activities of private household as employers and undifferentiated goods and services and producing activities of households for own use P	456,149	P	399,101	P	462,899	P	391,623		
Electricity, gas, steam and air-conditioning supply	369,626		281,036		369,586		280,969		
Real estate activities Wholesale and retail trade Manufacturing	363,830 356,962 282,334		324,074 299,896 232,488		365,008 350,319 280,839		325,088 294,838 231,327		
Financial and insurance activities Information and communication	272,746 120,710		402,156 90,342		272,566 120,497		401,394 90,123		
Transportation and storage Construction	111,991 96,994		87,256 90,712		112,117 95,384		87,613 89,326		
Education Arts, entertainment and recreation	74,033 72,606		71,731 83,076		9,496 71,681		10,151 82,107		
Water supply, sewerage, waste management and remediation activities	46,112		38,760		46,006		38,714		
Accommodation and food service activities Other service activities	41,499 84,054		36,529 98,036		41,373 91,449		36,329 100,801		

(d) Credit Status of Loans

The breakdown of receivable from customers as to status is shown below:

		2023			2022	
	D 4 .	Non-	Total Loan	D 6 :	Non-	Total Loan
	Performing	Performing	Portfolio	Performing	Performing	Portfolio
BDO Unibank Group						
Gross carrying amount: Corporate Consumer Allowance for ECL	P 2,177,894 618,452 (49,117)	P 20,159 34,861 (34,017)(_	653,313	P 2,005,115 554,461 (41,372)	P 19,823 34,412 (32,404)	P 2,024,938 588,873 (73,776)
Net carrying amount	P 2,747,229	<u>P 21,003</u>	P 2,768,232	<u>P 2,518,204</u>	<u>P 21,831</u>	P 2,540,035
Parent Bank						
Gross carrying amount: Corporate Consumer	P 2,170,092 553,765	P 20,157 31,466	P 2,190,249 585,231	P 1,998,357 487,990	P 19,821 31,476	P 2,018,178 519,466
Allowance for ECL	(48,415)	(32,387)(80,802)	(40,689)	(30,887)	(71,576)
Net carrying amount	P 2,675,442	P 19,236	P 2,694,678	P 2,445,658	P 20,410	P 2,466,068

Non-performing loans (NPL) included in the total loan portfolio of the BDO Unibank Group and the Parent Bank as of December 31, 2023 and 2022 are presented below as net of specific allowance for impairment in compliance with BSP Circular No. 941, *Amendments to Regulations on Past Due and Non-Performing Loans*.

	<u>E</u>	BDO Unib	ank	Group		Paren	t Ba	nk
		2023		2022		2023		2022
NPL Allowance for impairment	P (54,216 32,276)		53,314 31,766)		50,977 30,780)		50,543 30,395)
	P	21,940	P	21,548	P	20,197	Р	20,148

Per MORB, loans shall be considered non-performing, even without any missed contractual payments, when it is considered impaired under existing accounting standards, classified as doubtful or loss, in litigation, and/or there is evidence that full repayment of principal and interest is unlikely without foreclosure of collateral, if any. All other loans, even if not considered impaired, shall be considered non-performing if any principal and/or interest are unpaid for more than 90 days from contractual due date, or accrued interests for more than 90 days have been capitalized, refinanced, or delayed by agreement. Microfinance and other small loans with similar credit characteristics shall be considered non-performing after contractual due date or after it has become past due. Restructured loans shall be considered non-performing. However, if prior to restructuring, the loans were categorized as performing, such classification shall be retained.

As at December 31, 2023 and 2022, the NPLs not fully covered by allowance for credit losses follow:

	B	DO Uniban	k Group		Parent	Bank
		2023	2022		2023	2022
Gross NPLs NPLs fully covered by allowance	P	54,216 P	53,314	P	50,977	P 50,543
for impairment	(<u>16,441</u>) (17,217)	(<u>16,360</u>) (17,130)
	<u>P</u>	37,775 P	36,097	<u>P</u>	34,617	P 33,413

NPLs shall remain classified as such until (a) there is sufficient evidence to support that full collection of principal and interests is probable and payments of interest and/or principal are received for at least six months; or (b) written-off.

Restructured loans amount to P83,467 and P102,416 for BDO Unibank Group and P82,273 and P101,110 for Parent Bank as of December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively. The related allowance for credit loss of such loans amounted to P26,213 and P22,918 for BDO Unibank Group and P25,601 and P22,228 for Parent Bank as of December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

As of December 31, 2023, gross and net NPL ratios of the BDO Unibank Group and the Parent Bank as reported to BSP were 1.85% and 0.75%, and 1.79% and 0.71%, respectively. As of December 31, 2022, gross and net NPL ratios of the BDO Unibank Group and the Parent Bank were 1.95% and 0.79%, and 1.89% and 0.76%, respectively. Most of the NPLs are secured by real estate or chattel mortgages.

(e) Analysis of Loan Portfolio as to Type of Security

The breakdown of total loans (receivable from customers, net of unearned interests or discounts) as to secured and unsecured follows:

		BDO Unib	ank	Group		Paren	t Ba	ınk
		2023		2022		2023		2022
Secured:								
Real estate mortgage	P	359,974	P	342,468	P	353,672	P	335,612
Chattel mortgage		89,946		90,508		85,142		87,153
Other securities		63,448		86,575		61,794		84,574
		513,368		519,551		500,608		507,339
Unsecured		2,337,998		2,094,260		2,274,872		2,030,305
	<u>P</u>	2,851,366	<u>P</u>	2,613,811	P	2,775,480	P	2,537,644

(f) Information on Related Party Loans

In the ordinary course of business, the Parent Bank has loan transactions with subsidiaries, affiliates, and certain DOSRI. Under existing policies of the Parent Bank, these loans are made substantially on the same terms as loans to other individuals and businesses of comparable risks.

Under the current BSP regulations, the amount of individual loans to a DOSRI, 70% of which must be secured, should not exceed the amount of their unencumbered deposit and book value of their paid-in capital contribution in the Parent Bank and/or any of its lending and nonbank financial subsidiaries. In aggregate, loans to DOSRI generally should not exceed the total equity or 15% of the total loan portfolio of the BDO Unibank Group and the Parent Bank, whichever is lower. However, non-risk loans are excluded in both individual and aggregate ceiling computation.

The following table shows the information relating to the loans, other credit accommodations and guarantees granted to DOSRI as of December 31 in accordance with BSP reporting guidelines:

	<u>B</u>	DO Unib	ank	Group		Parent	t Ba	nk
		2023		2022		2023		2022
Total DOSRI loans	P	27,755	P	23,376	P	27,753	P	23,372
Unsecured DOSRI loans		2,239		2,123		2,239		2,123
Past due DOSRI loans		4		11		4		11
Non-performing DOSRI loans		17		16		17		16
% of DOSRI loans to total								
loan portfolio		0.97%		0.89%		1.00%		0.92%
% of unsecured DOSRI loans to	О							
total DOSRI loans		8.07%		9.08%		8.07%		9.08%
% of past due DOSRI loans to								
total DOSRI loans		0.02%		0.05%		0.02%		0.05%
% of non-performing DOSRI								
loans to total DOSRI loans		0.06%		0.07%		0.06%		0.07%

DOSRI loans of the BDO Unibank Group and the Parent Bank bear annual interest rates of 4.00% to 9.00% and 4.00% to 7.00%, respectively, in 2023 and 2022, and 1.98% to 9.00% and 1.98% and 7.00%, respectively, in 2021 (except for credit card receivables which bear a monthly interest rate of 0.00% to 3.00%, 0.00% to 2.00% and 0.00% to 3.64% in 2023, 2022, and 2021, respectively, both for BDO Unibank Group and the Parent Bank).

The following table shows the other information relating to the loans, other credit accommodations and guarantees granted to related parties (inclusive of DOSRI) as of December 31 as reported to the BSP:

	<u>B</u>	DO Uniba	<u>ank</u>	Group		Parent	Ba	nk
		2023		2022		2023		2022
Total Related Party loans	P	126,583	P	119,439	P	126,531	P	119,388
Unsecured Related Party		76,068		80,819		76,068		80,819
Past due Related Party		4		11		4		11
Non-performing Related Party		17		16		17		16
% of Related Party loans to total loan portfolio % of unsecured Related Party		4.44%		4.57%		4.56%		4.70%
loans to total Related Party loans % of past due Related Party		60.09%		67.67%		60.12%		67.69%
loans to total Related Party loans % of non-performing Related		0.00%		0.01%		0.00%		0.01%
Party loans to total Related Party loans		0.01%		0.01%		0.01%		0.01%

In accordance with existing BSP regulations, the reported DOSRI performing loans exclude loans extended to certain borrowers before these borrowers became DOSRI.

Under BSP regulations, total outstanding exposures to each of the Parent Bank's subsidiaries and affiliates shall not exceed 10.0% of the BDO Unibank Group's net worth, the unsecured portion of which shall not exceed 5.0% of such net worth. Further, the total outstanding exposures to subsidiaries and affiliates shall not exceed 20.0% of the net worth of the Parent Bank.

As of December 31, 2023 and 2022, the BDO Unibank Group and Parent Bank is in compliance with these regulatory requirements.

(g) Secured Liabilities and Assets Pledged as Security

The aggregate amount of resources pledged as security and secured liabilities in 2023 totaled to P18,142 and P15,080 for the BDO Unibank Group and P17,364 and P14,500 for the Parent Bank, respectively. In 2022, the aggregate amount of resources pledged as security and secured liabilities totaled to P22,573 and P15,179 for the BDO Unibank Group and P16,191 and P12,679 for the Parent Bank, respectively.

(h) Contingencies and Commitments arising from Off-Balance Sheet Items

In the normal course of BDO Unibank Group and the Parent Bank's operations, there are various outstanding commitments and contingent liabilities such as guarantees, commitments to extend credit, etc., which are not reflected in the BDO Unibank Group and the Parent Bank's financial statements. BDO Unibank Group and the Parent Bank recognizes in its books any losses and liabilities incurred in the course of its operations as soon as these become determinable and quantifiable. Management believes that, as of December 31, 2023 and 2022, no additional material losses or liabilities are required to be recognized in the financial statements of BDO Unibank Group and the Parent Bank as a result of the commitments and contingencies.

The summary of BDO Unibank Group and the Parent Bank's commitments and contingent accounts is shown below.

		BDO Unib	ank Group	Parent	t Bank
	Notes	2023	2022	2023	2022
Trust department accounts	28	P 1,990,505	P 1,825,019	P 1,397,170	P 1,255,751
Committed credit lines	4.3.2	517,560	445,683	517,560	445,683
Forward exchange sold	7.5.4	230,468	194,235	192,229	161,324
		•	•	•	
Forward exchange bought		202,389	164,713	164,430	133,773
Unused commercial					
letters of credit	4.3.2	95,526	94,851	95,526	94,851
Spot exchange sold		30,435	12,945	28,958	12,290
Bills for collection		14,442	14,889	14,442	14,889
Export letters of credit					
confirmed		13,578	14,757	13,578	14,757
Other contingent accounts		10,027	2,889	16,327	5,472
ROP warrants		8,475	8,475	8,475	8,475
Spot exchange bought		5,652	5,038	4,175	4,383
Interest rate swap receivable	2	3,027	4,66 0	3,027	4,11 0
Interest rate swap payable		3,027	4,66 0	3,027	4,11 0
Late deposits/payments					
received		2,342	1,417	2,307	1,399
Outstanding guarantees					
issued		1,682	2,270	1,682	2,270

Supplementary Management Discussion

The capital-to-risk assets ratio of BDO Unibank Group as presented in the Capital Adequacy Ratio (Basel III) reports as of December 31, 2023 and 2022 are shown in the table below.

Common Equity Tier 1 (CET1) Capital Additional Tier 1 (AT1) Capital Tier 1 Capital Tier 2 Capital Tier 2 Capital Gross Qualifying Capital Less: Regulatory adjustments/deductions Total Qualifying Capital Credit risk-weighted assets Marker risk-weighted assets	December 31, 2023 (in Millions) 490,815 6,180 496,995 30,251 527,246 55,664	31, 2023 ions) 490,437 6,180 6,180 496,617 29,030 525,647 89,251	(in Millions) 437,138 6,180 443,318 27,501 400,819	nrs) 437,314 6,180 443,494 26,540 470,034
Common Equity Tier 1 (CET1) Capital Additional Tier 1 (AT1) Capital Tier 1 Capital Tier 2 Capital Tier 2 Capital Gross Qualifying Capital Gross Qualifying Capital Less: Regulatory adjustments/deductions Total Qualifying Capital Credit risk-weighted assets Marker risk-weighted assets	(in MII) 490,815 6,180 496,995 30,251 527,246 55,664		(in Millio 437,138 6,180 443,318 27,501 470,819	
Common Equity Tier 1 (CET1) Capital Additional Tier 1 (AT1) Capital Tier 1 Capital Tier 2 Capital Tier 2 Capital Gross Qualifying Capital Less: Regulatory adjustments/deductions Total Qualifying Capital Credit risk-weighted assets Market risk-weighted assets	490,815 6,180 496,995 30,251 527,246 55,664	490,437 6,180 496,617 29,030 525,647 89,251	437,138 6,180 443,318 27,501 470,819	437,314 6,180 443,494 26,540 470,034
Additional Tier 1 (AT1) Capital Tier 1 Capital Tier 2 Capital Tier 2 Capital Gross Qualifying Capital Gross Qualifying Capital Less: Regulatory adjustments/deductions Total Qualifying Capital Credit risk-weighted assets Market risk-weighted assets	6,180 496,995 30,251 527,246 55,664	6,180 496,617 29,030 525,647 89,251	6,180 443,318 27,501 470,819	6,180 443,494 26,540 470,034
Tier 1 Capital Tier 2 Capital Gross Qualifying Capital Less: Regulatory adjustments/deductions Total Qualifying Capital Credit risk-weighted assets Market risk-weighted assets	496,995 30,251 527,246 55,664	496,617 29,030 525,647 89,251	443,318 27,501 470,819	443,494 26,540 470,034
Tier 2 Capital Gross Qualifying Capital Less: Regulatory adjustments/deductions Total Qualifying Capital Credit risk-weighted assets Market risk-weighted assets	30,251 527,246 55,664	29,030 525,647 89,251	27,501	26,540 470,034
Gross Qualifying Capital Less: Regulatory adjustments/deductions Total Qualifying Capital Credit risk-weighted assets Market risk-weighted assets	52,246	525,647 89,251	470,819	470,034
Less: Regulatory adjustments/deductions Total Qualifying Capital Credit risk-weighted assets Market risk-weighted assets	55,664	89,251	070	
Total Qualifying Capital Credit risk-weighted assets Market risk-weighted assets			42,219	72,666
Credit risk-weighted assets Market risk-weighted assets	785,179	436,396	428,600	397,368
Credit risk-weighted assets Market risk-weighted assets				
Market risk-weighted assets	2,936,992	2,814,755	2,663,057	2,566,617
	28,568	28,450	12,845	11,811
Operational risk-weighted assets	198,098	182,627	279,033	267,602
Risk Weighted Assets (RWA)	3,163,658	3,025,832	2,954,935	2,846,030
Total Canital Datio	/00 77	44.40/	700	4
lotal Capital Ratio	14.9%	14.4%	14.5%	14.0%
Tier 1 Capital Ratio	14.0%	13.5%	13.6%	13.0%
CET1 Capital Ratio	13.8%	13.3%	13.4%	12.8%
		i		
Capital conservation burner	/.8%	1.3%	7.4%	6.8%

Capital ratios involving components of regulatory capital are calculated as follows:

471,582 436,396 428,600 397,368 3,163,658 3,025,832 2,954,935 2,846,030	441,331 407,366 401,099 370,828 3,163,658 3,025,832 2,954,935 2,846,030	435,151 401,186 394,919 364,648 3,163,658 3,025,832 2,954,935 2,846,030
: <u>Total Qualifying Capital</u> Risk-Weighted Assets	: Tier 1 Capital (net of Regulatory Deductions) Risk-Weighted Assets	: CET1 Capital (net of Regulatory Deductions) Risk-Weighted Assets
Total Capital Ratio	Tier 1 Capital Ratio	CET1 Capital Ratio

deficiency in BSP-required 1% general provision), other comprehensive income (net unrealized gains or losses on Financial Assets at FVOCI; cumulative foreign currency translation and actuarial gain/(loss)}, and non-controlling interest (for consolidated basis only) less regulatory deductions such as unsecured credit accommodations to directors, officers, stockholders and their related interests (DOSRI), unsecured loans, other credit accommodations and guarantees granted to subsidiaries, deferred tax assets, goodwill, other intangible assets, and defined benefit pension fund assets. The other component of regulatory capital is Tier 2 capital, which includes appraisal increment reserve and general loan loss provision (including appropriated surplus free for deficiency in BSP-required 1% general provision). The regulatory qualifying capital consists of Tier 1 capital which comprises paid-up common and preferred stock, surplus including current year profit, surplus reserves (excluding appropriated surplus free for

	BDO Unibank	Parent Bank	Group	Parent Bank
	December 31, 2023	2023	December 31, 2022	1, 2022
	(in Millions)	s)	(in Millions)	ns)
Common Equity Tier 1 (CET1) Capital Paid-up common stock	52.684	52.684	52.641	52.641
Additional paid-in capital	232,653	232,653	231,690	231,690
Retained earnings	163,802	164,472	125,372	125,594
Undivided profits	71,750	71,991	26,900	56,972
Net unrealized gains or losses on Financial Assets at FVOCI	(10,321)	(10,321)	(17,966)	(17,965)
Cumulative foreign currency translation	54	29	38	34
Remeasurements of Net Defined Benefit Liability/(Asset)	(23,072)	(23,072)	(17,588)	(17,588)
Others	1,972	1,971	5,936	5,936
NOI-COINIOIIII GIILEI ESUIT SUOSIQIAI Y DAITINS WITIOTI ATE TESS THAIT WHOTY-OWNED.	1,233	- 490 437	115	- 137 314
Less: Pamilaton, adinistments/dadintions	0.000	0000	001,101	5.5
Leas, Negatatuly aujustinients/deaductions Common etock franciny charae	•	•	-	•
Common stock deasonly strates Total outstanding unsecured credit accommodations, both direct and indirect to directors, officers	-	-	-	-
stockholders and their related interests (DOSRI)	2,225	2,225	2,119	2,119
Total outstanding unsecured loans, other credit accommodations and guarantees granted to	•			•
subsidiaries	6	3,461	2	2,577
Deferred tax assets	4,889	4,682	5,360	5,080
Goodwill	3,021		3,011	•
Other intangible assets	8,285	8,068	2,039	6,782
Defined benefit pension fund assets (liabilities)	544		131	•
Investments in equity of unconsolidated subsidiary banks and quasi-banks, and other financial allied indertakings (excluding subsidiary sequities dealers/brokers and insurance companies)				
after deducting related goodwill, if any (for solo basis only and as applicable)		35,218		32,472
Investments in equity of unconsolidated subsidiary securities dealers/brokers and insurance companies				
after deducting related goodwill, if any (for both solo and consolidated bases and as applicable)	21,944	21,394	18,590	18,132
Other equity investments in non-financial allied undertakings and non-allied undertakings	14,746	14,202	5,966	5,503
Sub-total	55,664	89,251	42,219	72,666
Total Common Equity Tier 1 Capital	435,151	401,186	394,919	364,648
Additional Tier 1 Canital				
Perpetual preferred shares	6,180	6,180	6,180	6,180
Additional paid-in capital	. '	. 1	. '	1
Sub-total	6,180	6,180	6,180	6,180
Total Tier 1 Capital	441,331	407,366	401,099	370,828
The components of Tier 2 capital follow:) 		14111-000	
		Parent Bank	BDO Unibank Group	Parent Bank
	December 31, 2023	2023	9	1, 2022
Tier 2 Capital	(in Millions)	(S)	(in Millions)	ns)
Instruments issued by the bank that are eligible as Tier 2 capital	•	•	,	•
Appraisal increment reserve-bank premises, as authorized by the Monetary Board	846	846	846	846
certer a roan loss provision, illined to a maximum of 1% of credit risk-weighted assets (OrtwA), and any amount in excess thereof shall be deducted from the credit risk-weighted assets in				
computing the denominator of the risk-based capital ratio	29,405	28,184	26,655	25,694
Sub-total	20.051	29 030	27 504	26 540

Below is the full reconciliation of all regulatory capital elements back to the balance sheet in the audited financial statements for 2023 and 2022:

			Decemb	December 31, 2023		
		BDO Unibank Group			Parent Bank	
	Regulatory Capital	Adjustments	Per AFS	Regulatory Capital	Adjustments*	Per AFS
Qualifying Capital		(in Millions)			(in Millions)	
A.1. Common Equity Tier 1 (CET1) Capital	490,815	(1,231)	489,584	490,437	(4,890)	485,547
Paid-up common stock	52,684	. '	52,684	52,684	. '	52,684
Additional paid-in capital	232,653	(2,201)	230,452	232,653	(2,221)	230,432
Retained earnings	163,802	3,154	166,956	164,472	1,707	166,179
Undivided profits	71,750	1,661	73,411	71,991	(4,793)	67,198
Other comprehensive income	(31,367)	(3,845)	(35,212)	(31,363)	417	(30,946)
Net unrealized gains or losses on Financial Assets at FVOCI	(10,321)	(1,888)	(12,209)	(10,321)	1,850	(8,471)
Cumulative foreign currency translation	54		54	59	(54)	2
Remeasurements of Net Defined Benefit Liability/(Asset)	(23,072)		(23,072)	(23,072)		(23,072)
Others	1,972	(1,957)	15	1,971	(1,379)	592
Non-Cantrolling interest in subsidiary banks which are less than wholly-owned	1,293	•	1,293	•		•
A.2 Regulatory adjustments to CET1 capital	(55,664)	37,127	(18,537)	(89,251)	2,875	(86,376)
Common stock treasury shares	(1)		(1)	(1)	i	(1)
Total outstanding unsecured credit accommodations, both direct and indirect, to DOSRI	(2,225)		(2,225)	(2,225)		(2,225)
Total outstanding unsecured loans, other credit accommodations and guarantees granted to subsidiaries	(6)		(6)	(3,461)		(3,461)
Deferred tax assets	(4,889)	4,398	(491)	(4,682)	2,892	(1,790)
Goodwill	(3,021)		(3,021)			
Other intangible assets	(8,285)	(54)	(8,339)	(8)0(8)		(8)068)
Defined benefit pension fund assets (liabilities)	(544)	(28)	(572)			
Investment in equity of unconsolidated subsidiary banks and quasi-banks, and other financial allied						
undertakings (excluding subsidiary securities dealers/brokers and insurance companies), after deducting						
related goodwill, if any (for solo basis only and as applicable)	ı			(35,218)	(12)	(35,230)
Investments in equity of unconsolidated subsidiary securities dealers/brokers and insurance companies after						
deducting related goodwill, if any (for both solo and consolidated bases and as applicable)	(21,944)	21,944		(21,394)		(21,394)
Other equity investments in non-financial allied undertakings and non-allied undertakings	(14,746)	10,867	(3,879)	(14,202)	(2)	(14,207)
Total Common Equity Tier 1 Capital	435,151	35,896	471,047	401,186	(2,015)	399,171
Additional tier 1 capital	6,180		6,180	6,180	•	6,180
TOTAL TIER 1 CAPITAL	441,331	35,896	477,227	407,366	(2,015)	405,351
Tier 2 Capital	30,251	1,147	31,398	29,030	103	29,133
Instruments issued by the bank that are eligible as Tier 2 capital	ı					
Deposit for subscription of Tier 2 capital						
Appraisal increment reserve-bank premises, as authorized by the Monetary Board	846	164	1,010	846	160	1,006
deflucted from the CRWA in computing the denominator of the risk-based capital ratio	29,405	983	30,388	28,184	(57)	28,127
TOTAL QUALIFYING CAPITAL	471,582	37,043	508,625	436,396	(1,912)	434,484

^{*}Per summary of adjustments as of December 31, 2023 as submitted to the Bangko Sentral ng Pilipinas

			Decem	December 31, 2022	
		BDO Unibank Group			Pare
	Regulatory Capital	Adjustments	Per AFS	Regulatory Capital	Ad
(ualifying Capital		(in Millions)			ï.
A.1 Common Equity Tier 1 (CET1) Capital	437,138	(400)	436,738	437,314	
Paid-up common stock	52,641	. •	52,641	52,641	
Additional paid-in capital	231,690	(1,743)	229,947	231,690	
Retained earnings	125,372	2,721	128,093	125,594	
Undivided profits	26,900	154	57,054	56,972	
Other comprehensive income	(29,580)	(1,532)	(31,112)	(29,583)	
Net unrealized gains or losses on Financial Assets at FVOCI	(17,966)	(1,984)	(19,950)	(17,965)	
Cumulative foreign currency translation	38		38	34	
Remeasurements of Net Defined Benefit Liability/(Asset)	(17,588)	22	(17,566)	(17,588)	
Others	5,936	430	996'9	5,936	
Non-Controlling interest in subsidiary banks which are less than wholly-owned	115	ı	115	1	
A.2 Regulatory adjustments to CET1 capital	(42,219)	18,944	(23,275)	(72,666)	
Common stock treasury shares	(1)		(1)	(1)	
Total outstanding unsecured credit accommodations both direct and indirect, to DOSRI	(2,119)		(2,119)	(2,119)	
Total outstanding unsecured loans, other credit accommodations and guarantees granted to subsidiaries	(2)		(2)	(2,577)	
Deferred tax assets	(5,360)	5	(5,355)	(2,080)	
Goodwill	(3,011)	(10)	(3,021)	•	
Other intangible assets	(7,039)	(22)	(7,061)	(6,782)	
Defined benefit pension fund assets (liabilities)	(131)	(84)	(215)		
Investment in equity of unconsolidated subsidiary banks and quasi-banks, and other financial allied					
undertakings (excluding subsidiary securities dealers/brokers and insurance companies), after deducting					
related goodwill, if any (for solo basis only and as applicable)	•		•	(32,472)	
Investments in equity of unconsolidated subsidiary securities dealers/brokers and insurance companies after					
deducting related goodwill, if any (for both solo and consolidated bases and as applicable)	(18,590)	18,590	•	(18,132)	
Other equity investments in non-financial allied undertakings and non-allied undertakings	(2,966)	465	(5,501)	(5,503)	
Total Common Equity Tier 1 Capital	394,919	18,544	413,463	364,648	
Additional tier 1 capital	6,180		6,180	6,180	
TOTAL TIER 1 CAPITAL	401,099	18,544	419,643	370,828	
Tier 2 Capital	27,501	1,097	28,598	26,540	
Instruments issued by the bank that are eligible as Tier 2 capital	•	•	•	•	
Deposit for subscription of Tier 2 capital					
Appraisal increment reserve-bank premises, as authorized by the Monetary Board General Ioan loss anavision limited to a maximum of 1% of CRWA, and any amount in excess thereof shall be	846	164	1,010	846	
deducted from the CRWA in computing the denominator of the risk-based capital ratio	26,655	933	27,588	25,694	
TOTAL QUALIFYING CAPITAL	428,600	19,641	448,241	397,368	

(72,622)
(1)
(2,119)
(2,577)
(5,028)
(6,782)

(32,472)

(18,140) (5,503)

(8)

364,613 6,180

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1,006 25,778 397,577

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244 --160

437,235 52,641 229,927 126,828 56,993 (29,154)

(79)

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1,234

21

429

5,738

(58)

686

Per AFS

\djustments* rent Bank

(24) (16,902)

Qualifying Capital

^{*}Per summary of adjustments as of December 31, 2022 as submitted to the Bangko Sentral ng Pilipinas

Comparative risk-weighted assets by type of exposure as of December 31, 2023 and 2022 consist of the following:

	Credit Risk *	sk *	Market Risk **	isk **	Operational Risk****	Risk***
			December 31, 2023	- 31, 2023		
	Group	Parent	Group	Parent	Group	Parent
			(in Millions)	(suc		
On-Balance Sheet	2,873,019	2,755,780				
Off-Balance Sheet	57,865	57,865				
Counterparty (Banking/Trading Book)	989'6	4,804				
Credit-Linked Notes in the Banking Book						
Securitization Exposures						
Deductions ***	(3,578)	(3,694)				
Interest Rate Exposures			6,264	4,342		
Equity Exposures			-			
Foreign Exchange Exposures			22,303	24,108		
Options						
New Standardized Approach (NSA)****					198,098	182,627
Total	2,936,992	2,814,755	28,568	28,450	198,098	182,627
Capital Requirements	293,699	281,476	2,857	2,845	19,810	18,263

Standardized credit risk weights were used in the credit assessment of asset exposures. Third party credit assessments were based on ratings by Standard and Poor's, Moody's, Fitch and PhilRatings on exposures to Sovereigns, MDBs, LGUs, Government Corporations, and Corporates.
 Excludes interest rate risks in the banking book (IRRBB). For IRRBB, please refer to 2023 NFS Section 4.2.2. As a matter of policy, frequency of measurement

for IRRBB is monthly.

***General loan loss provision (in excess of the amount permitted to be included in Tier 2).
****The Monetary Board(MB), in its Resolution No. 941 dated 29 June 2022, approved the request of BDO Unibank, Inc. (BDO), for full implementation of the new SA for operational risk capital measurement under Basel III, for prudential reporting purposes effective 30 June 2022.

On-Balance Sheet Assets

				BDO Unibank Group	k Group				
	Principal Amount	Expositives After			Risk	Risk Weights			
Type of Exposures	(in millions)	CRM (in millions)	%0	20%	20%	75%	100%	150%	Total
Cash on Hand	103,240	103,240	103,240						103,240
Checks and Other Cash Items	12	12		12					12
Due from Bangko Sentral ng Pilipinas	335,076	335,076	335,076						335,076
Due from Other Central Banks and Banks	89,917	89,917	348	8,023	76,827		4,719		89,917
Debt Securities Designated at Fair Value through Profit or Loss	229	229		243	261		173		229
Other Financial Assets Mandatorily Measured at FVPL	1,226	1,226					1,226		1,226
Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income (FVOCI)	236,651	236,651	145,493	3,546	43,659		43,938	15	236,651
Debt Securities at Amortized Cost	573,775	563,049	370,740	6,625	124,558		61,113	13	563,049
Loans and Receivables	2,876,034	2,791,027		260,396	92,089	44,097	2,387,217	7,228	2,791,027
Loans and Receivables Arising from Repurchase Agreements	25,370	25,370	25,370				•		25,370
Sales Contract Receivable	1,252	1,252					972	280	1,252
Real and Other Properties Acquired	12,741	12,741						12,741	12,741
Other Assets	83,230	83,230					83,230	,	83,230
Total Exposures	4,339,201	4,243,468	980,267	278,845	337,394	44,097	2,582,588	20,277	4,243,468
Total Risk-weighted On-Balance Sheet Assets Not Covered by CRM			 . 	55,769	168,697	33.073	2,582,588	30,416	2,870,543
Total Risk-weighted On-Balance Sheet Assets Covered by CRM				4	. '		2,472	. '	2,476
Total Risk-weighted On-Balance Sheet Assets			 - -	55,773	168,697	33,073	2,585,060	30,416	2,873,019
Off-Balance Sheet Assets		I							
	toologius II tibes O			Risk Weights	ights				
Type of Exposures	(in millions)	%0	20%	20%	75%	100%	150%	Total	
Direct credit substitutes	37	•				37		37	

	The Contract of the Contract o							
Type of Exposures	Credit Equivalent							
	(815)	%0	20%	%09	75%	100%	150%	Total
Direct credit substitutes	37					37		37
Transaction-related contingencies	44,696		293			41,325	2,856	44,474
Trade-related contingencies arising from movement of goods and commitments								
with an original maturity of up to one (1) year	13,342					13,318	36	13,354
	58,075		293			54,680	2,892	52,865

On-Balance Sheet Assets

	tanomy logicalia	Exposition After			Risk	Risk Weights			
Type of Exposures	(in millions)	Chouses Arter							
	(SIGNINI)	CENT (III IIIII) III)	%0	20%	20%	75%	100%	150%	Total
Cash on Hand	100,597	100,597	100,597						100,597
Checks and Other Cash Items	12	12		12	1				12
Due from Bangko Sentral ng Pilipinas	332,428	332,428	332,428						332,428
Due from Other Central Banks and Banks	76,791	76,791	349	1,100	75,223		119		76,791
Debt Securities Designated at Fair Value through Profit or Loss	,								
Other Financial Assets Mandatorily Measured at FVPL	•								
Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income (FVOCI)	224,636	224,636	137,133	3,446	43,228		40,814	15	224,636
Debt Securities at Amortized Cost	554,901	544,175	357,544	000'9	121,663		58,955	13	544,175
Loans and Receivables	2,783,922	2,699,104		260,395	90,289	39,216	2,303,897	5,307	2,699,104
Loans and Receivables Arising from Repurchase Agreements	24,970	24,970	24,970						24,970
Sales Contract Receivable	1,221	1,221					943	278	1,221
Real and Other Properties Acquired	12,578	12,578						12,578	12,578
Other Assets	84,582	84,582	12,098				72,484		84,582
Total Exposures	4,196,638	4,101,094	965,119	270,953	330,403	39,216	2,477,212	18,191	4,101,094
Total Risk-weighted On-Balance Sheet Assets Not Covered by CRM				54,191	165,202	29,412	2,477,212	27,287	2,753,304
Total Risk-weighted On-Balance Sheet Assets Covered by CRM				4			2,472		2,476
Total Risk-weighted On-Balance Sheet Assets			-	54,195	165,202	29,412	2,479,684	27,287	2,755,780

Parent Bank

Off-Balance Sheet Assets

!	Credit Fornivalent			AISK WE	ignts			
Type of Exposures	(in millions)	%0	20%	20%	%52	100%	150%	Total
Direct credit substitutes	37					37		37
Transaction-related contingencies	44,696		293			41,325	2,856	44,474
Trade-related contingencies arising from movement of goods and commitments								
with an original maturity of up to one (1) year	13,342					13,318	36	13,354
	58 0 75		293			54 680	2 892	57 865

Risk-weighted on belance sheet assets covered by credit risk mitigants are mostly exposures covered by deposits or guarantees by the Philippine National Government. There are no securifization exposures covered by credit derivatives, and not obstanting investments in Structured Products. Moreover, the Bank has no outstanding accounting hedges, in case there are accounting hedges, the Bank performs both prospective nedge effectiveness tests to monitor the continuing reflectiveness are an antater of policy.

	Credit Risk *	isk *	Market Risk **	isk **	Operational Risk****	al Risk****
			December 31, 2022	2022		
	Group	Parent	Group	Parent	Group	Parent
			(in Millions)	(suc		
On-Balance Sheet	2,610,419	2,518,561				
Off-Balance Sheet	45,418	45,418				
unterparty (Banking/Trading Book)	2,000	5,414				
Credit-Linked Notes in the Banking Book						
curitization Exposures						
ductions ***	(2,457)	(2,776)				
Interest Rate Exposures			5,289	3,169		
uity Exposures			_			
Foreign Exchange Exposures			7,555	8,642		
tions						
New Standardized Approach (NSA)****					279,033	267,602
otal	2,663,057	2,566,617	12,845	11,811	279,033	267,602
anital Recurricements	266.306	256.662	1.285	1,181	27.903	26.760

Standardized credit risk weights were used in the credit assessment of asset exposures. Third party credit assessments were based on ratings by Standard and Poors, Novoys, Firch and PhiliRatings on exposures to Sovereigns, NDBs, LGUs, Government Corporations, and Corporates.
 Excludes interest rate risks in the banking book (IRRBB i) For IRRBB, please refer to 2022 NFS Section 4.2.2. As a matter of policy, frequency of measurement for IRRBB is monthly.
 "Caentral loan to sep rovision (in excess of the amount permitted to be included in Tier 2).
 "The Monetary Board(MB), in its Resolution No. 941 dated 29 June 2022, approved the request of BDO Unibank, Inc. (BDO), for full implementation of the new SA for operational risk capital measurement under Basel III, for prudential reporting purposes effective 30 June 2022.

On-Balance Sheet Assets

BDO Unibank Group

Type of Exposures Type	0% 93.497 385,779 42.801 312,182 26,305 	20% - 12 - 12 - 7,991 - 1,788 - 6,462 - 268,146 - 288,146 - 288,146 - 288,146 - 288,146 - 288,146 - 288,146 - 288,146	50% 50,554 50,554 19,083 173,894 19,083 173,894 190,687 190,687 1110,687	76%	100%		Total 93,497
12 386,779 386,779 386,779 386,779 386,779 386,779 386,779 386,880 386,880 386	885, 247, 26, 173, 184, 185, 185, 185, 185, 185, 185, 185, 185	53 53 68 7.7	7		123 123 1,005 36,810 60,885	3	93,497
Credit Equivalent Credit Equivalent	88 27 17 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18	53,68,7	1		123 1,005 36,810 60,895 7,33,333		93,497
1286 779 886 779 886 779 886 779 886 779 886 779 886 778 119,042 886 305 886 3	885 26 77 82	53,6	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		1,005 36,810 60,895		
Credit Equivalent Credit Equivalent	885	57, 7,5	1		123 1,005 36,810 60,895		7
Control	24 7 7 7 7 1 7 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	7,5	7 7 60		123 - 1,005 36,810 60,895	,	385,779
1.263	7 1 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7	53,6 6,4	7 7 60		1,005 36,810 60,895		58,668
1.263 aments ame	2, 1, 2, 2, 1, 2, 2, 1, 2, 2, 1, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2,	57, 6,4	7 7 60,		1,005 36,810 60,895 2,133,363		
rensive Income (FVOC) 509438 2,671,462 2,671,462 2,671,462 2,671,462 2,671,462 2,671,462 2,671,462 2,671,462 2,671,462 2,671,462 2,671,462 2,671,462 2,671,462 2,671,462 2,671,462 2,671,462 2,671,462 3,2861 3,2861 46,592 6,656 6,7666	26, 12, 26	551,5	7 760,		36,810 60,895 2,133,363		1,263
### 1209 438 1,462	75 26 75	57 6.4	7 260,		60,895	53	119,042
2 671 462 26305		53,688	760/		2 133 363	56	498,638
1,295	\$	23 63,6	7507		2, 133,303	16,542	2,575,697
1,295 14,714 82,389 82,389 800ds and commitments 6 Exposures 81,2864 13,864 13,864 146,582 146,582 146,582 17,286 18,774		53, 53, 53, 53, 53, 53, 53, 53, 53, 53,	750%				26,305
14.714		53,68,7	750		926	369	1,295
Exposures S2.389		23,68	750			14,714	14,714
3,963,864		23.68	750		82,389		82,389
by CRM		23, 53,	750/		2,315,511	31,704	3,857,299
Exposures Credit Equivalent Credit Equivalent Credit Equivalent Credit Equivalent 37 32.891 Credit Equivalent 13.664 Credit Equivalent 13.664 Credit Equivalent 13.664 Credit Equivalent Credit Equivalent 13.664 Credit Equivalent Credit Equivalent Credit Equivalent 13.664 Credit Equivalent Credit Equiva		23 23 27	750		2 245 544	47 556	2 607 383
Exposures		23,6	75%		1,0,0,0,	000,	2,007,
Exposures Credit Equivalent (in millions) 37 32.891		ŝ	75%		2318 540	47.556	2 610 419
Exposures Credit Equivalent (in millions) 37 32.891							0
Exposures Credit Equivalent (in millions) 37 32,891 384 46,592 47,286 47,226							
Exposures Credit Equivalent							
(unmillors) goods and commitments 13.664 46.592 46.592 (in millions) 91.226 12 382,210 51,055			75%				
900ds and commitments 32.891 13.664 46.562 46.562 (In millions) 91.226 12.67 10.565 10.565 10.565 10.565	293		0.07	100%	150%	Total	
900ds and commitments 13.664 46.592 46.592 Fincipal Amount (in millions) 91,226 12.665 10.1058 51,005 51,005 51,005	293			37 424		37 31 717	
13.684 15.684 1	293						
Exposures Principal Amount (in millors) 91,226 12 12 12 12 12 12 12	293			13,664		13,664	
Exposures Principal Amount (in millors) 91,226 12 12 12 12 12 12 12			 - 	45,125	, 	45,418	
Exposures Principal Amount (in millions) 91,226 12 12 382,210 51,055 51,055 51,055 1,055							
# Exposures Principal Amount (in millions) 91,226 12 12 12 12 12 12 12		Parent Bank	¥				
# Exposures (in millions) 91,226 91,226 12 382,210 92,210 91,055			Risk V	Risk Weights			
91,226 12 382,210 51,055	%0	20%	20%	75%	100%	150%	Total
12 382,210 51,055	91,226						91,226
382,210 51,055 -		12					12
51,055 (orLoss -	382,210						382,210
Debt Securities Designated at Fair Value through Profit or Loss		1,214	49,660		181		51,055
, 000		- 0				, (- 00
ougn Other Comprehensive Income (FVOCI)	36,253	1,684	36,162		35,473	53	109,625
Detrocatings art Amortized Cost 491,577 490,577 1 490,577 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	288,915	5,511	176,103		59,021	27	7 504 265
Arisim from Renurchasa Acreements	26.091	906,162	‡00,500 1		2,009,300	25.0	26.091
1,198					891	307	1.198
Acquired 14,584						14,584	14,584
83,459	14,937				68,522	. '	83,459
Total Exposures 3,744,402 3,744,402	850,632	260,329	369,979	1 - -	2,233,448	30,014	3,744,402
RM	 - 	52,066	184,990	[- 	2,233,448	45,021	2,515,525
Total Risk-weighted On-Balance Sheet Assets Covered by CRM		7			3,029		3,036
Total Risk-weighted On-Balance Sheet Assets		52,073	184,990	•	2,236,477	45,021	2,518,561

Off-Balance Sheet Assets

	L THE CO			Risk We	eights			
Type of Exposures	Credit Equivalent (in millions)	%0	20%	20%	75%	100%	150%	Total
Direct credit substitutes	37					37		37
Transaction-related contingencies	32,891		293			31,424		31,717
Trade-related contingencies arising from movement of goods and commitments								
with an original maturity of up to one (1) year	13,664					13,664		13,664
	46.592	! 	293			45.125		45.418

Risk-weighted on balance sheet assets covered by credit risk mitigants are mostly exposures covered by deposits or guarantees by the Philippine National Government. There are no securitization exposures covered by credit derivatives, and no outstanding investments in Structured Products. Moreover, the Bank has no outstanding hecges. In case there are accounting hedges, the Bank performs both prospective and retrospective hedge effectiveness tests to monitor the continuing effectiveness of accounting hedges as a matter of policy.

Basel III Leverage Ratios of BDO Unibank Group and Parent Bank as of December 31, 2023 and 2022 as submitted to the Bangko Sentral ng Pilipinas (BSP).

Basel III Leverage Ratio Common Disclosure Template

In Million Pesos; Ratios in Percent

	Item	2023		2022	
		BDO Unibank Group	Parent Bank	BDO Unibank Group	Parent Bank
	On-balance sheet exposures				
1	On-balance sheet items 1/	4,383,125.560	4,271,227.332	3,993,360.035	3,908,033.885
2		-55,664.089	-89,251.019	-42,219.122	-72,666.181
3	Total on-balance sheet exposures (excluding derivatives and SFTs) (sum of lines 1 and 2)	4,327,461.471	4,181,976.313	3,951,140.913	3,835,367.705
	Derivative exposures				
4	Replacement Cost associated with all derivatives transactions	5,259.194	2,054.133	7,732.152	3,336.262
2	Add-on amounts for Potential Future Exposure associated with all derivative transactions	6,108.730	3,858.093	5,423.263	3,264.453
9					
	operative accounting framework ²⁷				
7					
8	(Exempted CCP leg of client-cleared trade exposures) 2/				
6	Ė	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
10	(Adjusted effective offsets and add-on deductions for written credit derivatives)				
11	Total derivative exposures (sum of lines 4 to 10)	11,367.923	5,912.225	13,155.415	6,600.715
	Securities financing transaction exposures				
12	Gross SFT assets (with no rec	25,362.392	24,962.985	26,298.227	26,084.421
13	(Netted amounts of cash payables and cash receivables of gross SFT assets) ^{2/}				
14	CCR exposures for SFT assets				
15	Agent transaction exposures 3/				
16	Total securities financing transaction exposures (sum of lines 12 to 15)	25,362.392	24,962.985	26,298.227	26,084.421
	Other off-balance sheet exposures				
17	Off-balance sheet exposure at gross notional amount	695,524.623	694,259.014	596,393.634	595,635.903
18	(Adjustments for conversion to credit equivalent amounts)				
19	Off-balance sheet items	112,012.911	111,886.350	92,817.445	92,741.672
	Capital and total exposures				
20	Tier 1 capital	441,331.244	407,366.110	401,098.808	370,828.074
17	Total exposures (sum of lines 3, 11, 16 and 19)	4,476,204.698	4,324,737.873	4,083,412.001	3,960,794.512
	Leverage ratio				
22	22 Basel III leverage ratio	%98.6	9.45%	9.82%	9.36%

 $^{^{\}prime\prime}$ Gross of General Loan Loss Provision (GLLP) and excluding derivatives and SFTs

² Not included under the framework
³ When a bank/non-bank acting as an agent in an SFT provides an indemnity or guarantee to a customer or counterparty for any difference between the value of the security or cash the customer has lent and the value of the collateral the borrower has provided

Summary Comparison of Accounting Assets vs. Leverage Ratio Exposure In Million Pesos

=	III WIIIIOI P ESOS				
	moj	2023	3	2022	2
	Itelli	BDO Unibank Group	Parent Bank	BDO Unibank Group	Parent Bank
Ľ	. Total consolidated assets as per published financial statements 1/	4,398,819.368	4,283,830.619	4,013,797.175	3,924,462.613
	2 Adjustment for investments in banking, financial, insurance or commercial entities that are consolidated for				
	accounting purposes but outside the scope of regulatory consolidation 2/				
	3 Adjustment for fiduciary assets recognized on the balance sheet pursuant to the operative accounting				
	framework but excluded from the leverage ratio exposure measure ^{2/}				
_	4 Adjustments for derivative financial instruments	6,108.730	3,858.093	5,423.263	3,264.453
	5 Adjustments for securities financial transactions (i.e., repos and similar secured lending)	0000	00000	0000	0.000
	6 Adjustments for off-balance sheet items (i.e., conversion to credit equivalent amounts of off-balance sheet	112,012.911	111,886.350	92,817.445	92,741.672
	exposures)				
• •	7 Other adjustments	-40,736.311	-74,837.188	-28,625.883	-59,674.225
	8 Leverage ratio exposure ^{3/}	4,476,204.698	4,324,737.873	4,083,412.001	3,960,794.512

 $^{^{\}prime\prime}$ Refers to total on-balance sheet assets per quarterly published balance sheet

There is no significant difference between the banks' total balance sheet assets in its financial statements and the on-balance sheet exposures in the Leverage Ratio Report.

The Bank's Leverage Ratio remains well above the regulatory minimum requirement of 5%. The leverage ratio has increased year-on-year (Y-o-Y) by about 6 basis points (bps) and 4bps on Solo and Consolidated Basis, respectively. The improvement was mainly due to a Y-o-Y increase of about 10% in Tier 1 Capital.

 $^{^{2}}$ Not included under the framework

 $^{^{3}}$ Sum of Items 1 to 7. Should be consistent with item 21 of the Basel III Leverage Ratio Common Disclosure Template

LIQUIDITY COVE	RAGE RATIO DISCLOSURE (In Single Currency, Abso		IDATED	
		BDO Uniba	ank Group	
	20	23	20	22
NATURE OF ITEM	TOTAL UNWEIGHTED ¹ VALUE (AVERAGE)	TOTAL WEIGHTED ² VALUE (AVERAGE)	TOTAL UNWEIGHTED ¹ VALUE (AVERAGE)	TOTAL WEIGHTED ² VALUE (AVERAGE)
STOCK OF HIGH-QUALITY LIQUID ASSETS (HQLA)				
1. TOTAL STOCK OF HQLA		1,008,316,853,058.90		842,682,194,526.94
EXPECTED CASH OUTFLOWS				
2. Deposits, of which:	3,346,046,315,170.72	857,692,575,949.12	2,961,889,090,046.29	662,676,116,487.30
3. Retail funding	1,868,930,011,888.77	200,379,980,781.77	1,718,811,442,379.80	179,698,404,255.29
4. Wholesale Funding of which:	1,477,116,303,281.95	657,312,595,167.35	1,243,077,647,666.49	482,977,712,232.01
5. Operational deposits	884,885,328,412.59	265,465,598,523.78	884,586,218,033.48	265,375,865,410.04
6. Non-operational deposits (all counterparties)	592,230,974,869.36	391,846,996,643.57	358,491,429,633.01	217,601,846,821.97
7. Unsecured wholesale funding (all counterparties)	22,919,513,118.71	21,745,977,309.21	18,366,108,107.74	18,053,192,832.21
8. Secured Funding		0.00		125,405,128.38
9. Derivatives contracts, of which:	205,616,636,842.32	205,616,636,842.32	183,570,282,627.95	183,570,282,627.95
10. Outflows related to derivatives exposures (net)	205,616,636,842.32	205,616,636,842.32	183,570,282,627.95	183,570,282,627.95
11. Outflows related to collateral requirements	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
12. Structured financing instruments	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
13. Committed business facilities (all counterparties)	21,239,615,406.84	2,123,787,665.56	23,403,000,000.00	2,340,300,000.00
14. Other contractual obligations within a 30-day period	29,406,883,233.79	29,406,883,233.79	26,084,632,852.41	26,084,632,852.41
15. Other contingent funding obligations	2,987,612,882,073.67	89,628,386,462.21	2,928,275,407,017.22	87,848,262,210.52
16 TOTAL EXPECTED CASH OUTFLOWS		1,206,214,247,462.21		980,698,192,138.77
EXPECTED CASH INFLOWS				
17. Secured lending	20,346,159.44	1,577,636.20	267,974,509.48	53,131,417.41
18. Fully performing exposures (all counterparties)	360,369,126,429.36	232,798,274,513.12	309,437,214,064.17	197,663,450,461.83
19. Other cash inflows	220,510,237,075.60	220,510,237,075.60	195,112,147,723.46	195,112,147,723.46
20. TOTAL EXPECTED CASH INFLOWS	580,899,709,664.40	453,310,089,224.92	504,817,336,297.11	392,828,729,602.70
		Total Adjusted ³ Value		Total Adjusted ³ Value
21. TOTAL STOCK OF HQLA		1,008,316,853,058.90		842,682,194,526.94
22. TOTAL EXPECTED NET CASH OUTFLOWS		752,904,158,237.29		587,869,462,536.07
23. LIQUIDITY COVERAGE RATIO (%)		133.92%		143.35%

¹ Unweighted values must be calculated as outstanding balances maturing or callable within 30 days (for inflows and outflows).

Datapoints used were the simple average of the quarterly consolidated report as of March 31; June 30; September 30 and December 31, for both 2023 and 2022.

The LCR results have been stable and above the regulatory floor of 100% over the past 4 quarters in 2023. The LCR has declined year-on-year (Y-o-Y) by 9.42% as a result of higher loan growth and increased wholesale deposit funding. Majority of the Group's HQLA is comprised of Level 1 assets, primarily in the form of cash on hand, cash reserves with the BSP, overnight and term deposits with the BSP, and eligible securities representing claims on or guaranteed by the Philippine National Government.

One of the operating principles of the Group is to ensure that it has a diversified funding base, taking into account all available market opportunities. Sound liquidity management requires that the sources of funds available are diversified, particularly in terms of maturities and market share. The Group's primary funding source comes from regular customer deposits, which is composed largely of lower-cost funds. In addition to regular deposits, the Group also opportunistically raises funding through the issuance of Long Term Negotiable Certificate of Deposits (LTNCD), peso denominated bonds, and foreign currency senior debt instruments. The Group aims to finance current and future asset growth in the most cost-effective manner possible.

The Group's outstanding derivative contracts are comprised mainly of short-term foreign exchange (FX) forwards and swaps, and any potential collateral calls by counterparties are not significant to impact liquidity. There are also no significant currency mismatches in the LCR.

The Asset-Liability Committee (ALCO) has responsibility for ensuring that Group policy for liquidity management is adhered to on a continual basis, and that Treasury is responsible for executing liquidity directives and operating within the liquidity policy. Treasury ensures that the funding requirements of all the Business Units (BUs) are addressed, excess funds are deployed to maximize returns, and regulatory requirements on reserves are complied. As such, all the BUs closely interact and coordinate with Treasury. The Liquidity Management function is centralized under the Treasury Group for the Parent Bank, and similarly for each major subsidiary of the Group.

All material and significant inflows and outflows that are relevant to the Group's liquidity profile are captured in the LCR.

² Weighted values must be calculated after the application of respective haircuts (for HQLA) or inflow and outflow rates (for inflows and outflows)

³ Adjusted values must be calculated after the application of both: (i) haircuts (for Total HQLA) and inflow and outflow rates (for Total Net Cash Outflows); and (ii) applicable cap and ceiling (i.e., cap on Level 2 assets for HQLA and ceiling on inflows).

Corporate Information

COMPANY HEADQUARTERS

BDO Unibank, Inc.

BDO Corporate Center 7899 Makati Avenue Makati City 0726 Philippines

Trunkline: +63 (2) 8840-7000 Website: www.bdo.com.ph

BRANCHES AND ATMs

For the complete list of BDO branches and ATM locations, please refer to the Bank's official website.

STOCKHOLDER INQUIRIES

BDO Unibank, Inc.'s common stock is listed and traded in the Philippine Stock Exchange under the symbol "BDO".

Inquiries regarding dividend payments, account status, address change, stock certificates, and other pertinent matters should be addressed to the company's transfer agent:

Stock Transfer Service, Inc.

34/F Unit D Rufino Pacific Tower 6784 Ayala Avenue Makati City 1200 Philippines

Telephone: +63 (2) 8403-2410 to 12 Facsimile: +63 (2) 8403-2414

Email: stsi.bdo@stocktransfer.com.ph

The Bank will provide, without charge, a copy of the 2023 Annual Report and Financial Statements to its stockholders upon receipt of a written request addressed to the Corporate Secretary.

BDO Corporate Secretary

21/F BDO Towers Valero 8741 Paseo de Roxas Salcedo Village Makati City 1226 Philippines

Telephone: +63 (2) 8840-7610

Email: corporate_secretary@bdo.com.ph

INVESTOR INQUIRIES

BDO Unibank, Inc. welcomes inquiries from analysts, investors, and the financial community. Please visit www.bdo.com.ph or contact BDO Investor Relations & Corporate Planning.

BDO Investor Relations & Corporate Planning

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The 2023 Annual Report and Financial Supplements and the 2023 Sustainability Report can be viewed and downloaded on the BDO website.

BDO Unibank is regulated by the Bangko Sentral ng Pilipinas. https://www.bsp.gov.ph

For concerns, please visit any BDO branch nearest you, or contact us thru our 24x7 hotline +63 (2) 8631-8000 or email us via callcenter@bdo.com.ph.

